GERMANATTACKSONGERARDREFUTEDBYKAISER'SOWNHAND

Official Gazette Denies Truth of Former Ambassador's Publication in The Oregonian of the Now Famous Message Sent by Emperor William to President Wilson.

BY JAMES W. GERARD. merican Ambassador at the German Im-perial Court, July 28, 1912, to February 4, 1917. Author of "My Four Years in Ger-many." (Copyright, 1917, by Public Ledge.

FTER the appearance, in August, 1917, in The Oregonian and other newspapers in America and the Telegraph, in England, of the message of the Kaiser to President Wilson, the official North German Gazette, eviunaware of the fact that the original message of the Kniser in his own hand was in my possession, pub-

lished the following: "The London Daily Telegraph publishes from the memoirs of former Am-bassador Gerard a telegram that his Majesty the Kaiser is alleged to have

Majesty the Kaiser is alleged to have sent to President Wilson on August 10, 1914, and in which the events before the participation of England in the present war are set forth.

"We are, in these circumstances, in the position to give the assurance that a telegram of the Kaiser of this nature does not exist.

"It is correct that an audience was granted to Ambassador Gerard on August 10, 1914, in order to give the opportunity to spread before his Majesty the peace-mediation offer of President Wilson.

The personal message of President NVIIson to the Kaiser runs as follows: 'As official head of one of the powers which signed The Hagus Convention, I feel, according to Article III of this Convention, it is my right and my duty to declare to you in the spirit of the truest friendship that I would welcome every opportunity to not in the interest of the peace of Europe, whether now or at another more fitting time.'

War Already Begun. This proposition came at a time when the opposing armies had already crossed the frontiers and when it seemed out of the question to halt the

seemed out of the question to halt the march of events.

"His Majesty could, therefore, only transmit to the President his thanks for the mediation offered and to add thereto that it was too early for the mediation of a neutral power, but that Later the friendly proposition of President Wilson could be taken up again.

"His Majesty the Emperor then talked for some time with the American Ambassador and set forth to him separately the events which led to the outbreak of the war. Particularly did the

INDEX PERSONALITY AND WRITTEN AND SIGNIES BY EXPERIENCE BY EXPERIENC

but of the positively glorious in tency of the government officials who document in the Kaiser's own hand which the most elementary inquiries in their own circle would have disclosed not only was in existence but in my

redoubtable Reventlow, writing

in the Conservative Tages Zeitung, commented as follows: "Kaiser William had possibly for his masser william and possibly for his masser william down notes and given them to Gerard, but these were only helps for Gerard's memory and it was not a question of a direct communica-tion of the German Kalser to the President. In accordance with the Gerard reports, it now seems that nevertheless the Ambassador telegraphed the Im-perial notes immediately and literally to Washington. Mr. Gerard has, therefore, again in this respect lied, which

is not surprising."
Heventlow, of course, had not then seen the facsimile of the Kaiser's telegram, which is headed in his own hand, To the President, personally."

Reventlow's Dental Confirmation. Later the other German newspapers ok the Foreign Office to task for making such a weak denial of an in-controvertible fact. And note the charming parliamentary language of dear old Reventlow.

ticar old Reventlow.

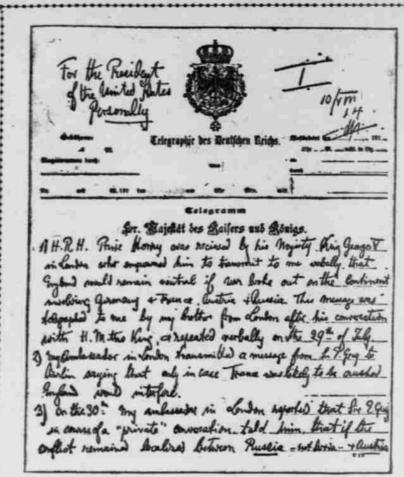
The article, by Reventlow, commenting on my publication of the Kaiser's onal message to President Wilson of August 16, 1314, which appeared in the Tages Zeitung of August 14, last, is interesting because Reventlow is without doubt the oracle and mouthpiece of the Prussian Conservatives. He continued to attack me in this ar-ticle, but much of the attack is in reality praise, and, as we say in ex-

pressive alang, "every knock is a boost." The article continues: "It is very desirable to know if the former Chancellor was present at the audience; it is regrettably not inconceivable, but it is a new proof of the incompetence of the Chancellor that he did not, according to his duty, inform his Imperial Lord of the political personality and character of a man like

in the U-boat crisis Mr. Gerard had been able to play a quite decisive part. He was, like Mr. von Bethmann-Holi-weg, entirely of the view that the German empire must give in to the demands of the United States and constantly showed himself wonderfully informed about what stee each inner formed about what step each in circle would for the moment take.

The influence of Mr. Gerard is all the more a shameful and heavy re-proach for the official leadership of Mr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, since this

triguer, was not a personality. But when Gerard said anything, wished anything or threatened anything, that imparted always a fear-





FIRST AND LAST PAGES OF THE KAISER'S PERSONAL MESSAGE TO PRESIDENT WILSON AUGUST 16, 1914, ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT AND SIGNED BY EMPEROR WILLIAM.

lication of their memoirs. Sir Edward
Goschen (former British Ambassador to Germany and Austria) or Jules
Cambon (former French Ambassador to Germany, the United States and Spain) probably could excel Mr. Gerard
in revelations of entertaining diplomatic history and gossip. Count von Bernstorff, former Ambassador to the United States, too, I imagine might startle us with a diary of his Washington experiences.

"In Europe, however, it was seen titled to know what is going on. This German diplomacy may be all right in a monarchy of the most limited type, but it will not go at all in a modern democracy.

"As to the ethics of publishing my memoirs now, I pass over the obvious repartee that to hear a German speak of ethics borders on the ludicrous, and especially the man who openly in the Reichstag announced that necessity knows no law and that the German troops were at that moment deliber-

ton experiences.

"In Europe, however, it was seen that publication of such matters were best postponed by common consent to a later period when judgments were both calm and more mature. Mr. Gerard, however, may hold the special license, conferred by shirt-sleeve diplomacy, as you-call it, and I shall not dispute his prerogatives. But he must not give his imagination the free rein."

Gerard Replies to Dector Hollweg.

And this was my answer published without the feerman was with the Chancelor's approval, wiolated the usage of all nations and

And this was my answer published

in the New York Times for September 2, 1917:

"Doctor Hollweg apparently did not have the exact copy of my articles, for if he had read them he would have seen clearly that I said the peace terms

swabs "swamps."

bandage it shricks until it gets an-other. Its squeak is so brain-racking that we usually hand him out another

Sometimes, when I am in town, I see a boy stand at attention and salute me and it generally turns out to be one of

my grateful young patients.
I, of course, feel quite bucked up.
But a sad thing happened yesterday.
I went to an entertainment in aid of

the hospital and one of my most regu-

been and could hear us talking

Mainly at the zoo.

The only unwelcome food I have seen

lately was a weird meal of oatmeal porridge and bismuth, which a poor unfortunate patient had to swallow be-

fore he was examined by the X-rays for

ought to have them for munitions.

They tell me that in London you can

violated the usage of all nations and times and kept me as a hostage after I had demanded my passports. I think to talk of ethics comes with a bad grace from the German side."

Ex-Chancellor Talks of Ethics.

Understand that Rathyrann Hollwar.

Understand that Bethmann-Holiweg s not a bad man, but for one who described were the German peace terms and not the opinions of the Chancellor.

Dector Hellweg said he himself was subject to the rule of the military party of Germany and could not follow his own desires.

"In the second place, Doctor Hollweg admits that the German Government intended to exact guarantees from Belgium, and makes the admission himself after the interview in which he so sharply criticises me.

gium, and makes the admission after the interview in which he so sharply criticises me.

"Thirdly, I ask if those terms as cited are not the German peace terms, then what are the German peace terms?

"Doctor Hollweg gives nothing different from these and so it might be assumed they are the German terms, after all. I consider it a matter of great regret that the German Government put Doctor Hollweg out of office, and I feel that personally he is bitterly opposed to the ruthless submarine warfar of the German government and that he only refrained from resigning this office out of deference to the wishes of Emperor Wilhelm.

"I presume he was put out because his ideals were too liberal for the German, because it was understood that these conversations should not be the proposed of the mann." I presume he was put out because his ideals were too liberal for the German, because it was understood that these conversations should not be the proposed.

And as time goes on more and more as time goes on more and more and more and more and more and as time goes on more and more and as time goes and the assument as the poor and more and as time goes on more and as time goes as the assument as the poor and the assument

the conversation. If I see many more

tering army of syringees, has recently adopted us and the whole out patient department. We call him our orderly I shall feel inclined to put up a notice in the window:
"American understood here and he begs to be allowed to wash our Two days aso I am sure I heard an windows or dust for us.

He is a dear little chap and calls the swabs "swamps." Not a bad name, as overthe house. aeroplane with an American accent go

speech of Lord Denbigh's he we use wet ones. Greatly to the envy of the children who are only patients, he is always turning the bandage roller when he has nothing else to do. He Gott on our side but you have the Gott on our side but you have the when he has nothing else to do. He turns it at a high rate of speed, full or empty, and when it has eaten up one bandage it shright will it.

I have heard again from the Oregon boys in France and have sent them off a parcel of books and magazines with the compliments of Portland.

bandage to wind in self-defense.

He considers himself a great expert at powdering rubber gloves. Sometimes, if our orderly scrubs his hands in due time. No doubt they will write their thanks One of them, a corporal, writes:

"The Germans sure make a mistake
when they think the old United States
won't be ready for fighting before this very, very clean, we let him cut up "swamps." That is the height of bliss.

As he speaks Belgian, he gets on very well.

The mother of my friend, the ser-geant-gunner, has received a letter from the King. She let me copy it out

lar patients was sitting three rows behind me, he in "the pit," I in the stalls, and I never saw him.

He almost wept with regret this morning as he told me:

"I were right back o' they three soland it runs thus: diers, nurse, and you very nearly looked right at me once." I expressed my keen disappointment His Majesty trusts that their public at missing him like that, "and you swanking to the theater in a nice, clean head bandage that I put on you myself in the morning," as I said to him.

KALAMA WORKER NOTABLE

Anyway, we were able to compare notes on the merits of the entertain-ment and that made us feel decidedly superior to other people who had not Mrs. Carrie Carson Turns Out Much . Sewing for Soldiers. Both society people, we are. More-ver, he once spent a day in London, ecause he told me so.

KALAMA, Wash., April 6,-(Special.) -Mrs. Carrie Carson, of Kalama, has made an enviable and unusual record in Red Cross work. Last Fall, when word came from headquarters to rush quilts along as fast as possible, Mrs. Carson completed seven quilts for the Red Cross in a little over four weeks' time. She made the quilts entirely without some Internal trouble.

He was not at all anxious for more than his ration.

Generally we are all quite grateful more. The quitts were pieced according to the complete three more. The quitts were pieced according to the complete three more. The quitts were pieced according to the complete three more. quilting. Later she completed three more. The quilts were pieced accord-ing to elaborate, old-fashioned designs that have been in Mrs. Carson's posses-

Generally we are all quite gratering for anything in the food line which comes our way.

A friend told me that she counted 300 plum stones in a pound pot of plum she bought. We have some of the same sort and I call it "tinker, tailor, soldier, sailor jam."

Stones are not very nourishing. They carried to have them for munitions.

Albany Banker Resigns.

They tell me that in London you can get "buckwheat cakes and mulberry syrup," American style.

I remarked that they were usually served with maple syrup, but I suppose they thought anything that began with an "m" would do in war time.

Likes and dislikes are certainly out of season.

ALBANY, Or., April 6.—(Special.)—Neil M. Bain, a young man widely known in banking circles in this particular than any mine with anything that began with an anistant cashier of the First National Bank of Harrisburg to accept a position with the Hammond Lumber Company, at Astoria. Mr. Bain, who re-ALBANY, Or., April 6 .- (Special.)-

of season.

Company, at Astoria Mr. Bain, who relif we want to express the idea of sided in Albany for several years begreat value we say a thing is "worth fore going to Harrisburg, was formerly
its weight in butter." - The latest fash- cashler of the Albany State Bank.

Censership System Exposed.

Does not the Tageblatt article give a pline of its duty as a Prussian government and disput of the positively giorious incompeliomacy, but it is so thoroughly discussively of the government officials who then existence of an original discussion with the existence of an original matches to the townsfolk of Hamelin. Revention's charge of lying was made and the best traditions in the line of his duty as a Prussian government and disput of the positively giorious incompeliomacy, but it is so thoroughly discussions with the Ambussador on this proved and the authenticity of the government officials who there to acquire Liege, which Mr. Gerard thought possible of achievement. It carelessly forgot the matches to go with the cigarettes, but remembered intended to provoke a reply from me. If the cigarettes, but remembered and ears syringed. They simply hate them next day.

Matches Scarce in Hospitals.

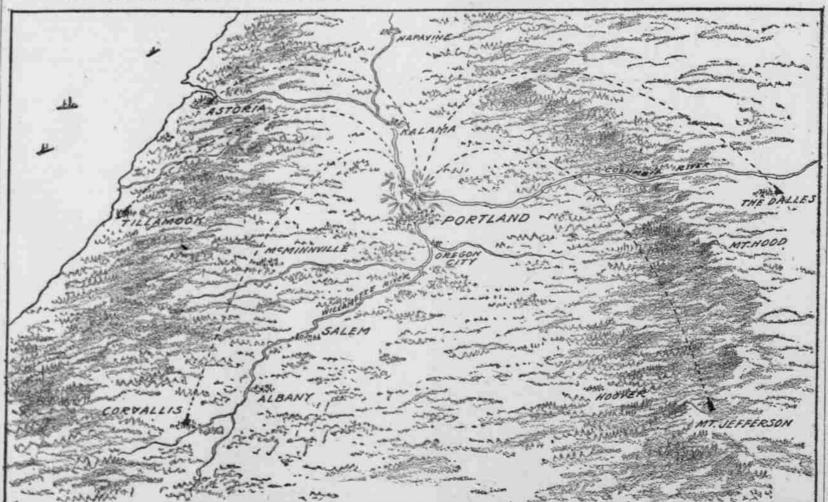
Matches are getting so uncommonly done. Their only joy lies in the fact and wall early and the proved and the authenticity of the subject I referred to my public uttersance. In which I emphasized it.

Revention's charge of lying was made of achievement. It carelessly forgot the matches to go with the cigarettes, but remembered and ears syringed. They simply hate them next day.

Matches Scarce in Hospitals.

Matches are getting so uncommonly that they are half an hour or so late that they are half an hour or so late that they are half an hour or so late the cigarettes. The cigarettes in the cigarettes, but remembered and ears syringed. They simply hate the cigarettes, but remembered and ears syringed. They simply hate the cigarettes, but remembered and ears syringed. Supplying the matches to go with the cigarettes, but remembered and ears syringed. They simply hate the cigarettes, but remembered and ears syringed. They simply hate the cigarettes, but remembered and ears syringed. They simply hate the cigarettes, but remembered and ears syringed. They simply hate the cigarettes, but remembered and

HOW PORTLAND MIGHT BE BOMBARDED BY THE BIG GUN OF THE HUNS, IF OREGON WERE FRANCE.



For Purposes of Comparison the Above Map, Drawn by a Staff Artist of The Oregoning, Shows Distant Points in Oregon From Which Portland Might Be Bombarded by Such Artillery as Is Now Trained on Paris. All Points Indicated by the Dotted Lines of Suppositious Shellfire Are Within a 75-Mile Radius, the Estimated Range of the German Gun.

The influence of Mr. Gerard is all the more a shameful and heavy reproach for the official leadership of the folicial leadership of the folicial leadership of the folicial leadership of the same this American Ambassador, while an intriguer, was not a personality.

"But when Gerard said anything or threatned anything or threatned anything or threatned always a fear-thing, that imparted always a fear-thing, that imparted always a fear-thing that imparted always a fear-thing to seize and use this hale to the limit. That a man like Gerard has been able through all these years to the limit, That a man like Gerard has been able through all these years and such as influence over German affairs is without example."

Estimated Range of the German Gus.

Some conception of the giant range of Germany's latest war device, the mysterious cannon which is bombarding Paris from an estimated distance of 75 mile range of the distance of 75 mile range of reson was to be translated "somewhere in France," the city by the wild of the Seine and Oregon was to be translated "somewhere in France," the city by the wild of the Seine of Torm and Oregon was to be translated "somewhere in France," the city by the wild of the Seine of Torm and Oregon was to be translated "somewhere in France," the city by the Willamette—let us say, the Seine—would afford an excellent target from the snows of Mount Jefferson for such a monster of modern quillery as the Huns have trained on the France," the city by the Willamette—let us say, the Seine—would afford an excellent target from the snows of Mount Jefferson for such a monster of modern quillery as the Huns have trained on the France," the city of an image and oregon was to be translated "somewhere in France," the city of some very let of the will american and Oregon was to be translated "somewhere in France," the city of some very let of the Willamette—let us say, the Seine—would afford an excellent target from the snows of Mount Jefferson for such a snows the Huns have trained on the France."

The lim