

PENALTIES TO FIT OFFENSES ORDERED

Mere Dismissal Not Enough for Army Doctors Convicted of Cruelty.

SUFFERING MEN ABUSED

Extreme Cases of Mistreatment Cited in Statement Issued by War Department—Baker Asks for the Names of All Offenders.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—A heavier punishment than mere dismissal from the service was recommended by the War Department tonight for two Army medical officers recently convicted by court-martial of mistreating sick soldiers. After reviewing the records of the trials, Secretary Baker returned them to the trial courts with the suggestion that sentences of dismissal be reconsidered and that more severe penalties be imposed. One case was that of First Lieutenant John C. Dwyer, Medical Corps, on hospital duty at Camp Funston. Evidence brought out at his trial showed that a soldier in the advanced stages of pneumonia who reported for treatment was reprimanded for failure to salute and sent back to duty. In fact, it was shown that the doctor urged that the sick man, who died a few days later, be given double duty. The other case was that of First Lieutenant Charles W. Cole, Camp Beauregard, in charge of the base hospital. An ambulance loaded with sick men came to the hospital from the regimental infirmary. It was shown at the trial, and the officer kept the men waiting nearly an hour outside in the cold rain before he went out to look at them. When he did go out, it was brought out, he ordered them taken to camp, as he had no room for them. The ambulance driver told the doctor that one man in his car was delirious and might hurt himself or others. The officer instructed him to tie the patient up and later hit back. Two of the patients later died. It was shown also that while the base hospital was crowded, the nine patients could have been treated in the city.



—Photo Copyright by Underwood.

During the fighting in the outskirts of the village of Mamieres British Tommies stopped to help remove the old and feeble and the youngsters from the range of fire. In this British official photograph an old blind lady is being led down the steps from her home with tender care. The British forces have just advanced to this village and the people who remained in their homes were open to the fire of the enemy, so part of the advancing army stopped to aid in getting those who could not care for themselves out of range. Before leaving, the Germans ransacked the house and all the household linen and furniture are strewn in the street.

MOONEY PLEA WINS

Mediation Commission Favors New Trial.

WILSON TO BE INFORMED

Recommendation Will Be Made to President That He Intercede in California for Man Convicted of Bomb Murders.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Recommendation that President Wilson use his good offices to induce California authorities to bring about a new trial of Thomas J. Mooney, in case the California Supreme Court sustains his conviction for complicity in the San Francisco bomb outrages, was made today by the President's mediation commission. In a report to the President, the commission, which has conducted an exhaustive investigation of the trials of Mooney, Warren K. Billings, Mrs. Rena Mooney and Israel Weinberg, declared that this could be done by postponing the execution of the death sentence imposed on Mooney awaiting the outcome of a new trial based upon prosecution under one of the untried indictments against him.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 26.—"If I am entitled to a new trial, so is Warren K. Billings. We stand or fall together," was the statement made here today in the County Jail by Thomas J. Mooney, sentenced to hang on a murder charge in connection with the preparations for a parade bomb explosion which killed 10 persons and injured 40 other men, women and children here July 22, 1916, and for whom a new trial was recommended by the President's mediation commission.

Speedy Acquittal Expected. "I will be acquitted at the new trial as quickly as Israel Weinberg was acquitted," Mooney continued. "Weinberg was acquitted in 20 minutes, recently, of one murder charge in connection with the blast. I believe that the workers of new Russia are responsible for the first justice that has come to the so-called bomb plot defendants, of which I am one, and through their intervention, the President made cognizant of the frame-up directed at my wife, Weinberg, Billings, Edward Nolan and myself. District Attorney Charles M. Fickert, whose office prosecuted the four murder cases growing out of the explosion, expressed confidence that if Mooney is given a new trial, he would be convicted again."

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 26.—No action was being considered today by Governor William D. Stephens in connection with the case of Thomas J. Mooney, sentenced to hang on a charge of murder growing out of the preparedness parade bomb explosion in San Francisco, July 22, 1916. Stephens awaits notification. Governor Stephens said he had not been advised officially of the recommendation to President Wilson by the President's mediation commission, and that he had no comment to make in regard to the case.

"SUICIDE CLUB" NERVY LOT

Stretcher-Bearers in Constant Danger, Says Canadian Officer.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Jan. 26.—(Special.)—Stretcher-bearers are called "the suicide club" behind the lines in France, says Corporal G. A. White, of the Canadian cavalry, who is here after having been twice gassed and once wounded at Ypres. The stretcher-bearers, he says, are in constant danger. They follow closely the infantry in an advance and dress the wounds of the injured in the first line trenches. One of the interesting sights he witnessed at the front was a battle between a German and a French airplane, in which the latter was the victor. "The Boche was almost directly over our trench and most of the men had gone down into dugouts," said Cor-

WOOD SHIPS NEEDED

Senator McNary Writes to Shipping Chairman Hurley.

ALASKA TRADE IMPORTANT

Not Only Ordinary Commerce, but Supplies Must Be Shipped to Anchorage for Construction of Government Railroad.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 26.—In a letter to Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board, Senator McNary calls attention to the immediate need for wooden ships, during the coming season, to handle the trade of Alaska, not only the ordinary commerce, but supplies which the Government must ship to Anchorage for the construction of the Government railroad. He suggests that the development and provision of the development of building wood ships on the Pacific Coast and if not ships, then barges suitable to the particular trade. The Senator's letter follows:

"My dear Mr. Hurley: Close in association with the Government's ship-building programme in the Pacific Northwest is the vital problem of carrying for the transportation needs of Alaska. Without adequate facilities for conveying the necessary railroad equipment and provisions the development of Alaska must falter; without adequate facilities for the removal and conveyance of its products Alaska will fail to perform its proper function in this conflict. The Alaskan railroad, now approaching completion between Anchorage and the coal fields of Matanuska, a distance of 75 miles, will require cartage facilities by water for approximately 25,000 tons of rails, ties, lumber, powder and miscellaneous articles, while the cities of Anchorage and Seward will require for consumption 15,000 tons of imported foodstuffs and articles of manufacture, 8000 tons of materials will be needed for the construction of the railroad between Matanuska Junction and Fairbanks and at least 12,000 tons of merchandise will be required by the citizens of this municipality. These figures represent the demands for 1918 and are only a part of the necessary tonnage that should reach this empire and involve largely Governmental enterprise. Coal Available for Shipment. In all probability 5000 tons of blacksmith coal will be mined and made available for shipment from Anchorage to Pacific Coast ports in 1918 and I am informed this grade of coal now sells at Portland, Astoria and Seattle for \$20 to \$25 per ton. Under present conditions this coal can be mined, sacked and transported to these cities at a cost of \$12 to \$15 per ton, whereas under pre-war conditions or under Governmental construction and operation of craft coal can be delivered to North Pacific Coast points at about \$7.50 per ton or less. Aside from the movement of coal is the necessity of supplying adequate transportation units for the shipment of fish, furs and mineral products, etc. confronted by these conditions and with an acknowledged poverty of shipping facilities, may we not find a remedy in the further utilization of ship and barge construction that lies accessible in the state of Oregon, where a greater output awaits Governmental patronage and stimulation. Very sincerely yours, "CHARLES L. McNARY."

WASHINGTON MAN HONORED

Professor of Whitman College Elected Secretary of Institute.

WHITMAN COLLEGE, Walla Walla, Wash., Jan. 26.—(Special.)—Professor L. F. Anderson, who attended various conferences during a trip to New York and other cities of the Atlantic Coast, was elected secretary for the Archaeological Institute of America for the territory west of the Rocky Mountains. While Professor Anderson was in Philadelphia he was present at sessions of conventions at the University of Pennsylvania. He attended not only the meetings of the Archaeological Institute, but also those of the National Philological, economical, historical and Biblical associations. He also gave illustrated lectures at Hunter College, New York, and at Vassar College.

OREGON PIONEER OF 1852 DIES AT YAMHILL AT AGE OF 75



Henry Franklin Bedwell, YAMHILL, Or., Jan. 26.—(Special.)—Henry Franklin Bedwell, who died at his home here January 26, was a native of Jackson County, Missouri, having been born January 21, 1842. He crossed the plains to Oregon with his grandparents in 1852 and then lived with his father on a farm near Yamhill. In 1864 he married Elizabeth Perkins, who survives him. Having no children of their own, Mr. and Mrs. Bedwell reared from childhood Maude Bunn, A. E. McKern, Elva Adams, Frank Sladden, Mary Baldersee and Tom Ellis.

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LAND DECISION ANNOUNCED

Excess Indian Leases to Hold During Period of Contract.

PENDELTON, Or., Jan. 26.—(Special.)—Farmers on the Umatilla reservation who are holding more than 800 acres of Indian land under lease will be permitted to farm their holdings until the expiration of their present leases, according to a decision of the Indian Bureau announced by Superintendent Swartzlander here today. Until they

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Many a Man

travels life's rough road with a handicap, which, if removed, would spell for him success and comfort.

A Man comes to us wearing an improperly adjusted truss, or maybe with a hernia and no truss. Every waking moment of his life is divided between his task and a sense of discomfort, if not actual pain, aside from the risk he runs of death.



The Fitting of a Truss is not a tyro's task—it calls for care, skill and training. All these we offer. Our fitters, men and women, give exclusive attention to this very important part of our calling—our warranty of satisfaction and real service attends every sale.

Our Stock—Our Comfortable Fitting-Rooms, with every convenience, accompany a reasonable charge and a certainty of customer satisfaction.

Self-Measurement Blanks by Mail Residence Calls if Desired

Woodard, Clarke & Co.

The Day of Better Dentistry And Lower Prices Is Here



DR. E. G. AUSPLUND, D.M.D.

Thanks to Honest Advertising!

Here Is Glorious News to All Good People Interested in Dentistry!

My practice is limited to high-class Dentistry only—at Prices Everyone Can Afford.

BE SURE TO READ THIS: From the Atlantic to the Pacific Ethical Dental Societies and Ethical Magazines and Journals containing high prices, admitting continuing high prices, admitting their code of ethics is sadly out of date—unfair and un-American, and needs modernizing. They even admit now that the Advertising Dentist is human—perhaps their equal—and that Advertising of itself is NOT WRONG.

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DR. H. C. SEXTON, SHELBYVILLE, IND., in a recent issue of the DENTAL SUMMARY, says to his Ethical Brethren: "We know that bad teeth mean sickness, disease and death. We know that 80 per cent of school children have Caries teeth. We point out these terrible truths—we create a demand for Dentistry and what have we done to supply this demand? I'll tell you what we've done—we HAVE INCREASED OUR FEES—we have done scarcely anything else. We have introduced many new appliances into practice and almost invariably the strongest plea that is made for them is that we can get more money from our patient."

AND LISTEN TO THIS: "Is it not useless cruelty to educate (the public) to the need of Dental Work and then deny it to them on account of expense? WE RIDICULE THE SO-CALLED 'QUACKS' FOR EXTRACTING TEETH FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS AND FOR MAKING A RUBBER PLATE FOR \$5; BUT I WILL TELL YOU MANY A POOR MAN, AND MANY A POOR MAN'S FAMILY, HAS HAD CAUSE TO BLESS THE SO-CALLED QUACK OFFICE. It has enabled him to have Dental work done—it has made his children comfortable and healthy. YET LEFT HIM HIS SELF-RESPECT, BECAUSE HE HAS NOT BEEN AN OBJECT OF CHARITY.

"In the long list of Dental operations—the one that is doing the most good for suffering humanity and making the most money for Dentists today IS THE ONE-DOLLAR AMALGAM FILLING. It is a blessing to mankind, and a greater blessing to childhood." Dr. Sexton concludes his long and able article by saying: "I have heard many papers read suggesting how we could raise our fees—I have not heard one read suggesting means to reach the suffering poor—and help them. We meet chiefly to talk about raising our fees—to tell what we get for operations and complain because we do not get more. When a profession puts all its endeavors to squeezing the most money it can get out of its patients in the least possible time it becomes unworthy of the name of profession and puts itself on a par with—pawbrokers." (I personally apologize to the pawbrokers.) One Dentist mentioned by Dr. Sexton stated he made \$25 per working hour. If he worked ten hours a day—that is \$250 a day—\$7500 a month, \$90,000 a year. Do you think he EARNED IT? Do you wonder the Profession that puts the dollar sign ahead of the golden rule objects to the Advertising Dentist's giving the public low prices? REMEMBER, anyone can cut prices, but it takes BRAINS to turn out better work.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Items include Electro Whalebone Plates, Flesh Colored Plates, Ordinary Rubber, Porcelain Crowns, Gold Fillings, 22-K Gold Crowns, 22-K Gold Bridge. Prices range from \$10.00 to \$50.00. Includes 'All Work Guaranteed 15 Years!' and 'Open Nights'.

Electro Painless Dentists

IN THE TWO-STORY BUILDING Corner Sixth and Washington Sts., Portland, Or.