

GERMAN AIR BASES BOMBED BY BRITISH

Lafayette Corps Makes 14 Patrol Flights and Brings Down Enemy Machines.

TRENCH RAIDS SUCCEED

Hurried Withdrawal of Teutons on Greenland Hill Is Reported. Foe's Artillery in Lombardzycze Sector Active.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

FRENCH FRONT IN FRANCE, July 21.—The Lafayette flying squadron made 14 patrol flights along the enemy's lines during the week ending July 14. Sixty-seven airplanes took part in these flights.

The airman fought 15 air duels of which Corporal Willis was a participant in five. Lieutenant De E. Malson Rouge in four, Adjutant LaBarry and Edwin Parsons in two each and Lieutenant Thaw and Sergeant Haviland in one each.

Several German machines were seriously damaged in these battles and it is believed one machine was destroyed.

LONDON, July 21.—The official report from British headquarters in France tonight reads:

Enemy Artillery Active. "The enemy's artillery has shown great activity during the day in the Lombardzycze sector."

Four German aeroplanes were successfully bombed yesterday by our airplanes. Bombs also were dropped on an important railway junction, causing a large explosion. There was much fighting in the evening. Three hostile machines were brought down; others were driven down out of control. Four of our airplanes are missing. "We raided the enemy's trenches last night at Greenland Hill, north of Roux. The hostile garrison hurriedly withdrew."

Raids Reported Successful. "Successful raids were made by us south of Lombardzycze and south of Armentieres. German positions were entered on a wide front, a number of the enemy were killed and his dug-outs were bombed. Hostile machine parties were repulsed north of Harincourt wood and south of Armentieres."

PARIS, July 21.—In the course of violent fighting last night on the Alsine front, southeast of the German line, two penetrated French trenches and were driven out by counter-attacks. The War Office announced. Several other attacks at different parts of the front were repulsed by the French, who inflicted heavy losses on the Germans.

The official communication issued tonight says:

Five Germans Brought Down. "In the period of July 11-20 five German aeroplanes were brought down and 11 enemy machines fell in a damaged condition within their own lines. "Belgian communication: 'During the course of the night the enemy artillery violently bombed our defensive organizations in the region of Het Sas and in the morning carried out fires of dispersion along the whole front. In the afternoon the enemy artillery likewise continued its shelling with moderate intensity in the neighborhood of Hampeville and Puyssieux and of Dixmude. We counter shelled the enemy batteries."

Eastern theater, July 20.—British aviators continued their successful series of bombardments which caused fires in enemy stores and depots at Perna and Darnley and succeeded in encounters and artillery activity in the region of the Vardar. Near Staravina the enemy, after a lively bombardment, delivered an attack and succeeded in penetrating momentarily some of the Serbian trench elements, but an immediate counter-attack drove them out completely."

HOOVER LIKELY TO QUIT

(Continued from First Page.)

of Congress in such form as seemed to him unworkable. The Senate, in its final cast of the food bill this afternoon, put in pretty much everything Mr. Hoover did not want and amended pretty much everything he asked for, which would seem to indicate that it was Mr. Hoover's move.

It does not follow that the President will accept either resignation. In the Goethals case he is likely to give the Panama Canal builder the authority he spoke of unless the authority he spoke of comes under the operation of the ships Goethals builds. What will happen is that the President will have the two together at the White House, where he will tell them of his dilemma, because of his respect for the ability of both men and will appeal to their patriotism to lay aside their personalities for the good of the country.

FOOD BILL PASSES, 81 TO 6

Measure Practically Rewritten From the House Draft.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The Administration food control bill, virtually rewritten after five weeks' bitter contest, was passed today by the Senate, 81 to 6. Conference from House and Senate will begin work early next week, and leaders are hopeful the measure may be in the President's hands in 10 days.

As revamped, the bill gives the President broad authority over foods, feeds and fuels, the latter including kerosene and gasoline; provides for administration by a food board of three members instead of an individual; authorizes Federal fixing of coal prices; regulation and operation of mines, and authorizes a minimum guaranteed price of not less than \$2 per bushel for wheat at primary markets.

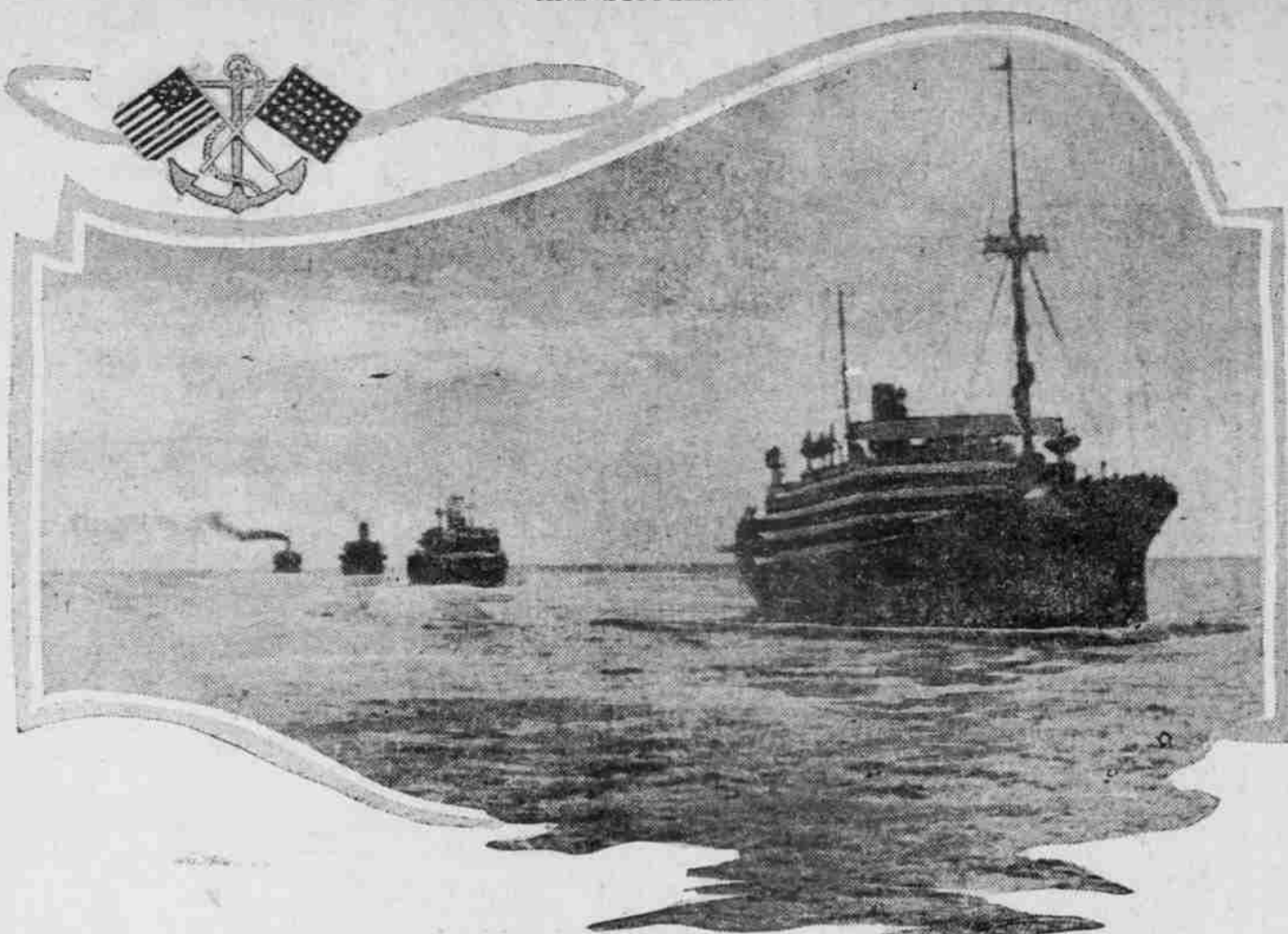
The Senate prohibition sections, prohibiting manufacture of distilled beverages during the war, and directing the President to buy all distilled spirits in bond, was substituted for the House "home-brewing" provision and one subject of difficulty in conference.

Many Changes Made.

Scores of amendments were disposed of today, but the principal features were the incorporation of the amendment authorizing the minimum wheat price and another by Senator Pomerene greatly broadening the Government power to handle the coal situation. The Government guarantee for wheat would be payable at all principal interior primary markets until July 1, 1919. The Senate rejected, 46 to 32, an amendment by Senator Norris to have the food board, instead of Congress, fix the minimum price.

Six Vote Against Bill. Those voting against the bill were: France, Fulkerson, Sherman, Sutherland,

FIRST PHOTOGRAPH OF CONVOY OF U. S. SHIPS EN ROUTE TO FOREIGN WATERS WITH TROOPS AND SUPPLIES.



The United States censor will not permit much to be printed about this photograph. All that can be said, however, is that it is authentic, was made in mid-ocean and has just arrived here. It is absolutely new and unpublished.

Republicans—L. Hardwick and Reed, Democrats—Total, 6.

The bill limits Government control virtually to the original subjects of the House measure—food, feeds and fuels.

Licensing Is Limited.

In lieu of the House bill's broad provisions for licensing food dealers, the Senate bill limits Federal licensing to the following agencies, and these only which have products in interstate or foreign commerce: Wheat elevators, cold-storage and packing-houses, farm implement factories, coal producers and dealers and wholesalers of designated necessities. The House bill's provisions for Federal regulation of necessities is limited by the Senate redraft to food, feeds and fuels and other supplies for military purposes only.

Government Purchase Limited.

Government purchase and sale of foodstuffs to maintain reasonable prices also is limited by the Senate bill to fuel, wheat, flour, meal, beans and potatoes.

The House provision for authority to regulate factories generally was curtailed by the Senate to factories, packing-houses, mines and other plants connected with the common defense.

A Senate amendment regarding Government war supplies purchased through the Defense Council's advisory commissions would prevent members from soliciting Federal contracts in which they are peculiarly interested. Among amendments to the House bill struck out was that establishing a general Government control of all "necessaries." Neither House nor Senate draft contains the original Administration proposals for Government control of clothing and maximum price fixing.

La Follette Hugs Hoover.

The charge that the bill is the work of special interests that have usurped the power of the Senate agriculture committee, was made by Senator La Follette in his first speech since the measure was introduced in the Senate. He asserted that the interests represented the manufacturers of New England, the aluminum, copper and the steel interests and had revamped the bill to remove from it the burden it had placed upon their shoulders and transfer it to the farmers to be regulated by a board, Herbert Hoover, he said, had testified before the Senate agriculture committee that wheat down to 75 cents a bushel.

The anti-hoarding clause and that authorizing the President to close grain elevators necessary to stop trading in futures, written into the first food-production bill, were accepted as amendment to the pending measure.

Wheat Minimum Continued.

An amendment by Senator Gore, providing that in selling fuel, wheat, flour and other foods such sales shall be for cash only, was adopted without a record vote.

Senator Hitchcock's amendment extending the payment of the minimum price for wheat to July 1, 1919, instead of January 1, 1919, was accepted without a vote.

Senator Hitchcock's amendment providing that the minimum price of \$2 a bushel for wheat, as provided for in the Chamberlain amendment, should be in effect at the principal interior primary markets instead of at only one interior market, was accepted by a vote of 49 to 32.

The amendment of Senator Pomerene

authorizing the President, through the Federal Trade Commission, to fix prices of coal and coke during the war, to take over at a reasonable price and operate coal mines and to regulate wholesale and retail distribution and wages of coal miners was adopted, 72 to 12.

Those voting against the Pomerene amendment were Chamberlain, Democrat, and Brandegee, Colt, France, Knox, Lodge, McLean, Penrose, Sutherland, Wadsworth, Warren and Weeks, Republicans.

An amendment by Senator Owen creating a joint Congressional committee on expenditures of war to supervise appropriations, was accepted, 53 to 31, many Democrats joining with a solid Republican vote for it. The committee will be composed of three Democrats and two Republicans.

An amendment by Senator Tillman appropriating \$10,000,000 for Government purchase of nitrate of soda for fertilizer and its sale at cost, was adopted, 50 to 29.

In a final vote, the Senate rejected, 60 to 23, Senator Shafroth's amendment proposing a single food administrator, instead of the board of three members provided in the bill.

PORTLAND PRIMARY MARKET

Price of \$2 for Wheat to Be Paid for Delivery Here.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, July 21.—The Senate amendment to the food bill adopted by the Senate today fixed a minimum price of wheat at \$2 a bushel, and is interpreted by Western Senators to mean that this price will apply to Portland and Seattle, which are primary markets for the Northwest. The wheat growers of the Inland Empire are not guaranteed \$2 by this provision, but \$2, less the freight rate from the point of production to either Portland or Seattle.

TWO GOLD BARS STOLEN

California Miner Held Up by Highwayman Near Auburn.

AUBURN, Cal., July 21.—Two bars of gold, weighing 125 ounces and valued at \$2500, were taken from James Black, of the Placer & Eldorado Dredge Company, by a highwayman near here today. According to Black's story he was carrying the gold from the Placer work to the railroad. He was alone riding a horse. He told the county officers that a lone robber, armed with a rifle, took his gold, made him dismount, and sent him one way and his horse another. The Sheriff has all roads guarded and is prosecuting a search for the robber.

WOODBURN CHURCH CAMP TO CLOSE

WOODBURN, Or., July 21.—(Special.)—The Church of God annual campmeeting in this city will close tomorrow night. There are 50 campers and a number of prominent ministers from all over the Northwest.

WOODBURN CALLS IMPROVEMENT BIDS

WOODBURN, Or., July 21.—(Special.)—At the meeting of the City Council bids were opened for the construction of sewers and the paving of portions of several streets.

RUSSIANS AGAIN QUIT

Further Retreat Is Admitted in East Galicia.

COMMANDS NOT OBEYED

Germans Advance on Front of 40 Kilometers and Find Villages Burning; Roumanians Drive Teuton Army Back.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—Military experts here, who have been watching the retreat of the Russian army in Galicia, assert the Russians have been so hampered by torrential rains and unfordable rivers that it was impossible to follow up their recent rapid advance, and retreat in certain places was inevitable.

PETROGRAD, July 21.—A further retreat has been made by the Russians in Eastern Galicia, the War Office announces, because the troops did not get the necessary stability and at points did not fulfill commands.

The Russians paused on the line of Platki-Popropnyva-Vybnod.

Fighting was begun yesterday on the Roumanian front. Austro-German troops made an attack which was met by a Roumanian counter attack.

The Roumanians drove back the enemy and restored the situation.

BERLIN, via London, July 21.—German troops in Eastern Galicia have crossed the Ziochhoff-Tarnopol road on a front of 40 kilometers, army headquarters announced today. They found burning villages and great destruction in their path.

The German advance was effected on both sides of the town of Jezerna. Jezerna lies 25 miles northwest of Tarnopol and 35 miles southeast of Ziochhoff.

SPRUCE TO BE MARKETED

Development of Large Tract Promised by H. E. Noble, of Portland.

Salem, Or., July 21.—(Special.)—A request for a crossing over a logging road in Clatsop County, made by H. E. Noble, of Portland, discloses the fact that he contemplates developing a large tract of spruce in that county to obtain lumber for construction of aeroplanes. The request was made to the Public Service Commission today.

Mr. Noble states in his letter that under the plans now being perfected he expects to keep from 80 to 100 men steadily employed the year around and turn out great quantities of lumber for the purposes mentioned.

Advertisement for 'The Store That Undersells Because It Sells For Cash' featuring 'Laces and Embroideries'. It lists various items like 'More Than 4000 Yards To Select From at 35c Yard' and 'New Imported Embroideries at 10c Yard'. It also includes 'High Grade Laces At 59c-at 75c-at 98c Yard' and 'Three Special Offerings in Wash Goods'.

Advertisement for 'Middy Coat Blouses at \$1.19 and \$1.45' and 'Charming Voile Waists at \$1.19'. It also features 'Great Mid-Summer Sale of Muslim Gowns and Combination Suits at 50c Garment' and 'Women's Fiber Silk Sweater Coats, \$4.98 to \$9.95'. The ad includes the 'Roberts Bros. THIRD & MORRISON' logo and store hours.

Advertisement for 'FOOD SUPPLY AMPLE' and 'Economy Saves Day for England, Says Controller'. It discusses the potato crop and food supply issues. It also includes a testimonial for 'Dr. B. E. Wright' regarding dental care.

Advertisement for 'CATARRH' and 'Laue-Davis Drug Co.' It describes the symptoms and treatment of catarrh and provides contact information for the drug company in Portland, Oregon.

REMARKABLE PHOTOGRAPH SHOWING BRITISH ARTILLERY PREPARING THE WAY FOR INFANTRY ON THE WESTERN FRONT.



BRITISH OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN ON THE WESTERN FRONT IN FRANCE. The photo intimately depicts just what the British artillery is doing to push the Germans back. The big rifles are pouring out shell after shell and hurling them into the German trenches and defenses. Quantities of supplies are heaped on the ground beside the guns, covered with baggage. When the artillery has smashed the German defenses the infantry are rushed forward to occupy the German positions.