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SIX SECTIONS

The Sunday Oregonian.

Section One
Pages 1 to 20

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HUGHES WOMEN WIN THRONGS BY VISIT

Meeting Halls Are Jammed; Converts Many.

TOUR IS SPLENDID SUCCESS

Women With Votes Are Asked to Help Those Without.

DISTURBERS ARE FOILED

Factory Workers, Teachers, Newly-Arrived and General Public Hear Addresses and Accord Ovations to Visitors.

Portland gave a rousing reception yesterday to the campaigners of the women's special train for Hughes. One of the most fruitful days of their tour had its climax in the afternoon at a great meeting at the Eleventh-Street Theater, where five of the women spoke.

The theater was packed to its utmost capacity and many were turned away by the police because not even standing room was left. Though many men were present, by far the greater part of the audience was made up of women.

Cheers Punctuate Talks.

The speakers were Mrs. Maud Howe Elliott, daughter of the famous Julia Ward Howe, who wrote the "Battle Hymn of the Republic"; Mrs. Raymond Robins, Mrs. Rheta Childe Dorr, Dr. Katherine P. Edson and Dr. Katherine Bement Davis.

For two hours these noted women, every one of whom is widely known for her achievements in some phase of social or industrial welfare work, spoke their message to the big audience and the only interruptions were cheers and applause.

Women Asked to Help.

The meeting began at 3 o'clock and it lasted until shortly after 5, when the women were whisked away to take their train, which left the Union Depot for California, with several stops scheduled en route, at 5:30 o'clock.

And the message? Perhaps it was best summed up, in the fewest words, by Mrs. Rheta Childe Dorr, school editor of the New York Evening Mail, when she said in the course of her interesting address:

"We didn't come out here to tell you how to vote. We have come, we women, to ask you women who already have the ballot to help us remove the discrimination against women that exists in so many states of the Union, and which we can remove only by getting the vote for women of the whole United States.

Hughes' Record Is Open, She Says.

"Help us to do this by voting for Charles Evans Hughes. And I am for Mr. Hughes not alone because he has pledged himself to work for a National woman suffrage amendment to the Federal constitution, but because he has always been a friend of women. He is tried and true. We know him by what he has done.

"When he was Governor of New York, Mr. Hughes not only did much for industrial women through remedial legislation, but he treated all women as human beings and not as members of the ladies' aid societies!"

Hearty Welcome Is Given.

This afternoon's meeting at the theator was one of seven meetings that filled a busy day. At them all the interest in the women of the campaign train and their work was evidenced in many ways.

A throng of enthusiastic people gave

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REPUBLICANS LEAD 2-1 IN REGISTRATION

MULTNOMAH COUNTY HAS 64,795 G. O. P. VOTERS.

Grand Total Is 2189 Less Than in 1914--Of Names Listed There Are 12,087 More Men Than Women.

Is this a Republican year, or is it not?

Republicans lead the field by more than two to one in the total registration figures completed yesterday, the only party in Multnomah County to show a gain over 1914.

In the November election there are 94,257 men and women who may vote, according to the official registration, a total of 2189 less than at the close of the books in 1914, when 96,446 were registered. The final announcement, which may need revision if duplications are discovered, is remarkably close to the figure estimated by The Oregonian the night the registration books closed. The estimate was 94,633, only 376 more than the actual figure.

The Republican registration this year is 64,795. The Democratic is 22,479. The Republican gain since 1914 is 4707 votes, the Democratic loss 133 votes.

Independent registrations are third in line, with a total of 3444. Prohibitionists come fourth, with 1701; Socialists fifth, with 1108, and Progressives last, with 730. The Progressives dropped from 3898 in 1914.

Of the total registration, the men lead the women this year by only 12,087. Proportionately, the women Democrats are more in evidence than the Republican. There are 11,803 men registered Democratic, and 10,676 women. There are 37,776 men registered Republican, and 27,019 women. The women Republicans, though not proportionately as strong, are more than double the women Democrats, it is seen.

In 1914 the men who registered outnumbered the women by more than 20,000.

In 1912, before women had the ballot, the registration total was 51,967. The registration since women could vote has increased by 42,200 names.

Complete registration by parties this year, compared with totals for 1914 and 1912, is as follows:

	1916 Men	1916 W'men	1916 Reg.	1914 Reg.	1912 Reg.
Dem. ..	11,803	10,676	22,479	22,612	8,450
Ind. ...	2,004	1,440	3,444	4,491	1,464
Prog. .	375	355	730	3,898	419
Prohib.	542	1,159	1,701	3,738	574
Repub.	37,776	27,019	64,795	60,088	39,892
Soc. ...	672	436	1,108	1,599	1,168
	53,172	41,085	94,257	96,446	51,967

WIFE HELD FOR SHOOTING

Sandy Woman, Seeking Divorce, Fires at Husband, Is Charge.

OREGON CITY, Or., Oct. 14.—(Special.)—Catherine Fisher, whose suit for divorce from William Fisher was set for hearing next week, was arrested tonight and charged with firing two shots at her husband at his home at Sandy tonight.

Mrs. Fisher apparently had been brooding over the pending separation from her husband. She was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Peaton at Sandy and brought to Oregon City. In her complaint for divorce she alleged cruelty.

BURGLAR GIVES UP $25,000

$100,000 Stolen in Two Years by Chloroforming Victims.

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—Adam Prochowski, chloroform burglar, whose operations under the guise of a physician are believed to have netted him $100,000 in the last two years, today led the police to a safety deposit box in a West Side bank and returned jewels valued at $25,000.

Prochowski carried a physician's grip when he entered a house and administered chloroform to its inmates so he could work without interruption.

Wheat Shortage Is Marked.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 14.—The wheat crop of Canada for the present year will be only 159,123,000 bushels, as compared with 376,303,600 bushels in 1915. An official estimate issued today contained these figures.

BEVERIDGE SCORES WILSON SURRENDER

Passage of Adamson Act Condemned.

FOREIGN POLICIES WEAK

Country Must Prepare for Post-War Crisis.

TARIFF ONLY SALVATION

Great Need of Protection Emphasized by Speaker, Who Makes Masterful Address—Federal Regulation Is Urged.

"Were I inclined to vote for President Wilson on other issues, I certainly should be forced to vote against him for his miserable surrender of American rights when he forced Congress to pass the Adamson high-wage bill."

This was the emphatic declaration at the Armory last night of Albert J. Beveridge, ex-United States Senator from Indiana, one of the pioneer Progressives of the country, and chairman of the Progressive National Convention that nominated Theodore Roosevelt for President four years ago.

"If it were a question of hours or of wages," he continued, "there would be no question of my position, and there should be no question of the position of all right-thinking Americans.

"No man working for wages gets too much money, and most of them do not get enough.

Eight-Hour Principle Right.

"The eight-hour day is right and just; it is inevitable and will be a boon and a benefit for employes and employers alike.

"But the issue in the Adamson bill is not one of hours or wages. It is the question whether any element within this Government is more powerful than the Government.

"Our Government, if it is to exist, cannot be the whining slave of any faction, or the pliant tool of any cabal."

His was one of the most powerful addresses heard in Portland in the present or in any other campaign.

Address Is Masterful.

For three hours he held the close attention of his audience, which filled the capacity of the great hall. His address was a masterful effort. It was a serious discussion of the campaign issues, clear, concise and couched in simple, but effective language.

He insisted that he is out of politics himself and that had President Wilson's official behavior justified it he would readily have supported him in this campaign.

"I have no party strings tied to me," he asserted, and explained that his support of the Republican nominee is inspired purely by what he believes to be the best interests of the country.

He took occasion, too to commend Representative C N. McArthur for his record in Congress and appealed to his constituents to re-elect him.

"He has the nerve and the patriotism," he declared, as he stepped back onto the platform, pounding Mr. McArthur vigorously on the knee, "to vote his convictions. He is a good Congressman, and you ought to keep him in office."

Mr. McArthur Presides.

Representative McArthur presided over the meeting and introduced the speaker. Senator Beveridge was conducted to the hall from the Portland Hotel by the white-uniformed Multnomah Club, led by a brass band. A big

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INDEX OF TODAY'S NEWS

The Weather.

YESTERDAY'S—Maximum temperature, 58 degrees; minimum, 48 degrees.

TODAY'S—Fair; northerly winds.

Hughes Special.

Visit of Hughes' special to Portland is big success. Section 1, page 1.

Mrs. Dorr says Hughes for women, while Wilson shows lack of esteem. Section 1, page 12.

Women answer fling about "Golden Special." Section 1, page 12.

Women's appeal found convincing. Section 1, page 12.

Wilson forces try to break up street meeting. Section 1, page 13.

Mary Antin talks in own tongue to other immigrants. Section 1, page 13.

Many Democrats desert Wilson when mob disturbs speakers. Section 1, page 14.

Protest by Wilson supporters against Hughes special train noisy. Section 1, page 4.

Politics.

Interest in California election is split three ways. Section 1, page 2.

President Wilson says America is ready to fight for things American. Section 1. Page 2.

Mr. Hughes takes stand for peace. Section 1, page 3.

Carranza is Wilson's master, says Roosevelt. Section 1, page 5.

Roosevelt cites instance of strike arbitration. Section 1, page 5.

Wilson's errors exposed by ex-Senator Beveridge. Section 1, page 1.

War.

Anglo-French losses on Somme placed at 1,000,000. Section 1, page 6.

Foreign.

Japan and Russia contest China's concessions to American railway builders. Section 1, page 5.

National.

Omnibus public building bill is full of Democratic pork. Section 1, page 6.

President says emergency still exists on started. Section 1, page 7.

British reiterate right of searching mails. Section 1, page 1.

Mexico.

Oregon and Washington cavalrymen equal regulars at drill. Section 1, page 18.

Domestic.

Episcopal Church rejects plan to change laws relative to remarriage of divorced persons. Section 1, page 1.

Probe of alleged vice ring in Chicago is started. Section 1, page 4.

Bear abandoned to elements. Section 1, page 1.

Henry Miller, cattle king, dies. Section 1, page 3.

Sports.

Stanford prepares for hard rugby game with Santa Clara. Section 2, page 2.

Nebraska eleven to play Oregon Aggies here next Saturday. Section 2, page 2.

Coach Bezdek putting men through stiff practice for California. Section 2, page 2.

Ban Johnson urges lower prices for seats at world series games. Section 2, page 4.

Pacific Coast League results—Portland 1, Salt Lake 10; Los Angeles 5-3, Oakland 1-1; San Francisco 2-8, Vernon 1-3.

Oregon trounces Multnomah Club, 28 to 0. Section 2, page 1.

Fulder Jones, manager of St. Louis Browns, returns to Portland. Section 2, page 3.

Resta wins automobile racing classic at Chicago. Section 2, page 5.

Oregon Aggies defeat Pullman, 13 to 10. Section 2, page 1.

Harvard stages great comeback, defeating North Carolina, 21 to 0. Section 2, page 3.

Pacific Northwest.

Herman J. Rossi, of Wallace, acquitted of murder on first ballot. Section 1, page 9.

Mrs. Kent reaches Eugene on campaign tour. Section 1, page 9.

Albany Round-up ends. Section 1, page 7.

Parent Congress drops Portland parental school proposal. Section 1, page 7.

Judge Lowell scores Democrats in Salem speech. Section 1, page 5.

Washington Republicans face predicament. Section 1, page 8.

Idaho declared safe for Hughes. Section 1, page 8.

Merging of Pacific University and Albany College urged by Oregon Congregational conference. Page 9.

Commercial and Marine.

Chicago wheat market lower, owing to fear of submarine activity. Section 2, page 15.

Broader demand for international bonds. Section 2, page 15.

Early gains in stock market are not maintained. Section 2, page 15.

Davit, invented by local man, passes Government tests. Section 2, page 16.

Portland and Vicinity.

Portland tax levy may be same as for 1916. Section 1, page 13.

Campaign to raise funds for Christie Orphanage is started. Section 1, page 16.

Business men to assist farmers in solving problems. Section 1, page 17.

Republican have 2-to-1 lead in Multnomah registration. Section 1, page 1.

First cut in city budget to be $275,000. Section 1, page 18.

Florist's messenger who leads race at 60 miles on streets is jailed. Section 1, page 18.

Boy Scouts hold rally at ball park. Section 1, page 18.

Homeopathic physicians hold sessions in Portland. Section 1, page 11.

Excursionists return from Coos Bay much better informed. Section 2, page 16.

Weather report, data and forecast. Section 2, page 7.

French Take New Lines.

PARIS, Oct. 14.—South of the Somme the French captured a first German line on a two-kilometer front east of Belloy-En-Santerre today, and also the hamlet of Genermont and the sugar refinery near Ablaincourt, according to the official communication issued tonight.

BRITISH REITERATE RIGHT OF SEARCH

Correction of Abuses Promised in Reply.

NOTE CITES PLOTS IN MAILS

America Assured of Speed in Censorship.

MONEY ORDERS BARRED

Lincoln's Proclamation and Atlanta Case Are Cited as Precedents for Inspection of Matter That May Assist Enemy.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—In their latest reply to American protests against interference with neutral mails, made public tonight by the State Department, the allied governments reiterate the'r right to intercept and search all genuine mail found on neutral vessels on the high seas or in allied ports, but they promise to remedy "any faults, abuses or serious mistakes" in censorship that may be brought to their attention.

They declare unjustified by facts the American charge that illegal jurisdiction has been gained by diversion of neutral ships from the high seas into the territorial waters of the allies.

The next move of the American Government has not been determined.

Encroachments Declared Unintended.

The note, transmitted jointly by the British and French governments, was delivered to the State Department by the embassies last Thursday, but was not made public until tonight. It makes reply to Secretary Lansing's memorandum of May 24, in which the United States declared the allies had been guilty of "lawless practices" in their mail censorship methods and that "only a radical change, restoring to the United States its full rights as a central power, will satisfy this Government."

It is maintained by the allies that they are "sincerely endeavoring to avoid any encroachment on the legitimate exercises of the rights of inoffensive neutral commerce."

Delays Found Unavoidable.

Delays and annoyances are unavoidable, it is pointed out, in the exercise of full belligerent rights, and a long list of precedents are cited to support the validity of the allied censorship methods. It is suggested that The Hague convention quoted in the American memorandum is not binding because it has not been ratified by several belligerents.

In an informal memorandum submitted some time ago Great Britain pointed out at length the changes made in censorship methods to expedite mail examination. These changes are only referred to briefly in the present communication.

Time to Be Reduced.

The note is nearly 5000 words in length. It argues that the United States and the allies agree that the postal union convention does not apply and that postal packages may be examined to see if they contain contraband. That being so, the note contends, it is necessary to open postal bags, and examination cannot take place at sea without delay and inconvenience. Arrangements now have been made to carry on the examination with the least possible delay.

Although The Hague convention of 1907 has not been accepted by some of the belligerents, the note says the allies are prepared to accept the principle in the preamble as to "guarantees due to

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SALVORS ABANDON BEAR TO ELEMENTS

BATTERED HULK OF STEAMER IS LEFT TO WAVES' MERCY.

$100,000 Spent in Vain Effort to Remove Coaster From Rocks. Hole Opened in Side.

EUREKA, Cal., Oct. 14.—The battered hulk of the Portland & San Francisco Steamship Company's coaster Bear was abandoned today in the rocky cradle on the Humboldt County coast north of Cape Mendocino where she was wrecked on June 14 with a loss of five lives.

After having expended more than $100,000 in vain endeavors to remove the stranded vessel from Sugar Loaf Reef, the wrecking steamer Salvor left the scene of the wreck today for Vancouver, and Captain H. H. Logan, who superintended the work for the British Columbia Salvaging Company, also reached Eureka on his way north.

According to Captain Logan, the entire starboard side of the Bear has been torn open by the action of the waves, while constant pounding on the rocks has worn a large hole in the stern and a 50-foot opening in the bottom of the hull.

Shifting sand proved an impassable barrier to the salvage operations, Captain Logan said. Once during the work, he said, more than 26,000 tons of sand, which had been pumped away from the vessel's sides after seven days of strenuous work, slid back in a few hours as the result of an unfavorable tide.

The Bear is 380 feet long and 47 feet wide and had accommodations for 273 first and 300 second-class passengers. Her gross tonnage was 4507. She was built at Newport News in 1909 and was valued at $1,000,000.

NEUTRALITY TO BE PLEA

U. S. Attorney Who Prosecuted Conspirators to Take Stump.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 14.—John W. Preston, United States District Attorney for Northern California, announced today he would take the stump for President Wilson, devoting much of his time to discussing the neutrality of the United States.

Preston brought about indictments by the Federal grand jury here against Franz Bopp, German Consul-General here, and others charged with conspiracies to blow up railroads, steamships and munition plants here and in Canada.

WEATHER RECORD MAY GO

Fall Spell of 36 Fine Days Only Six Days Behind 1895 Score.

If it doesn't rain by next Friday the record for Fall drought in Oregon will be tied and if it holds off until next Saturday a new record will be established.

Anything less than .05 inch of rain isn't counted by the Weather Bureau as constituting a break in a dry spell.

In 1895 the dry spell ran for 42 days. In 1873 there was a stretch of 40 rainless days in the early Fall.

The achievement this season is 36 dry days to date.

UNITED STEEL CO. SOLD

Bankers Pay $16,000,000 and Will Put $4,000,000 in Improvements.

CANTON, O., Oct. 14.—The United Steel Company here was sold to Hornblower & Weeks, New York bankers, today for $16,000,000. The buyers will spend $4,000,000 on improvements.

The change, which was approved at a stockholders' meeting here today, will take effect at once, but there will be no immediate change in management.

Colorado 23, New Mexico 0.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Oct. 14.—The Colorado School of Mines won its first big football game of the season today, defeating the University of New Mexico, 23 to 0. Fumbles at critical moments ruined the chances of New Mexico to score.

MARRIAGE LAW NOT CHANGED BY CHURCH

Proposal Rejected by Episcopalians.

LAYMEN OUTVOTE CLERGYMEN

Bar on Remarriage of Divorced Persons Not Absolute.

DEBATE LASTS SIX HOURS

House of Deputies Turns Down Amendment, Which Now Goes to Bishops, but Only for Expression of Opinion.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 14.—The house of deputies of the general convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church here today rejected the proposal to embody in its canons a provision forbidding its clergymen to solemnize marriages for a person divorced from living spouses.

The six hours' debate which preceded the action indicated wide difference of opinion among members of the church. The recommendation was contained in the report of a joint committee composed of five bishops, five clergymen and five laymen appointed three years ago to study matters relating to matrimony. By its action today the lower house of the convention placed in abeyance for at least three years further consideration of any such amendments. The present canon provides that a clergyman of the church may remarry the "innocent party" to a divorce granted on statutory grounds.

Bishops to Vote Tuesday.

The proposal, however, is pending in the house of bishops, the upper house, and will be brought to vote next Tuesday. Such action will be merely for the purpose of indicating the attitude of the bishops, for no change in the canons can be made without concurrence of both houses.

Balloting on the amendment was by dioceses and the line between the clerical and lay delegates was clear-cut, the clergy voting to adopt the proposal and the lay delegates rejecting it.

While the fight on the floor for the proposed innovation was led by Rev. Leighton Parks, of New York, and opposition headed by the Rev. Dr. E. H. McKim, of Washington, perhaps the most spirited objections were voiced by the Rev. John Howard Melish, of Brooklyn.

Defiance Is Expected.

"If you pass this law, there are men in the church who will defy it and take the consequences," he said. "I should favor this resolution if it were merely a question of legislating for the rich."

Dr. Melish said there are many instances, of some women with children, abandoned by their husbands, who would be driven to extremities for a livelihood unless they could remarry.

Dr. Parks urged that the passage of the resolution was necessary to protect the children. "In this corrupt and adulterous generation let us go on record as setting the standards of our church in accord with the ideals of Jesus Christ," he said.

Ritual Is Quoted.

Richard H. Dana, of Cambridge, Mass., opposed the proposal on ritualistic grounds, quoting from the Episcopal marriage service, "Forsaking all others and cleaving unto thee only until death do us part." He described this phrase as a contract, and said that if any part of the contract is broken it renders the whole void, and that if either the man or woman does not "forsake all others"

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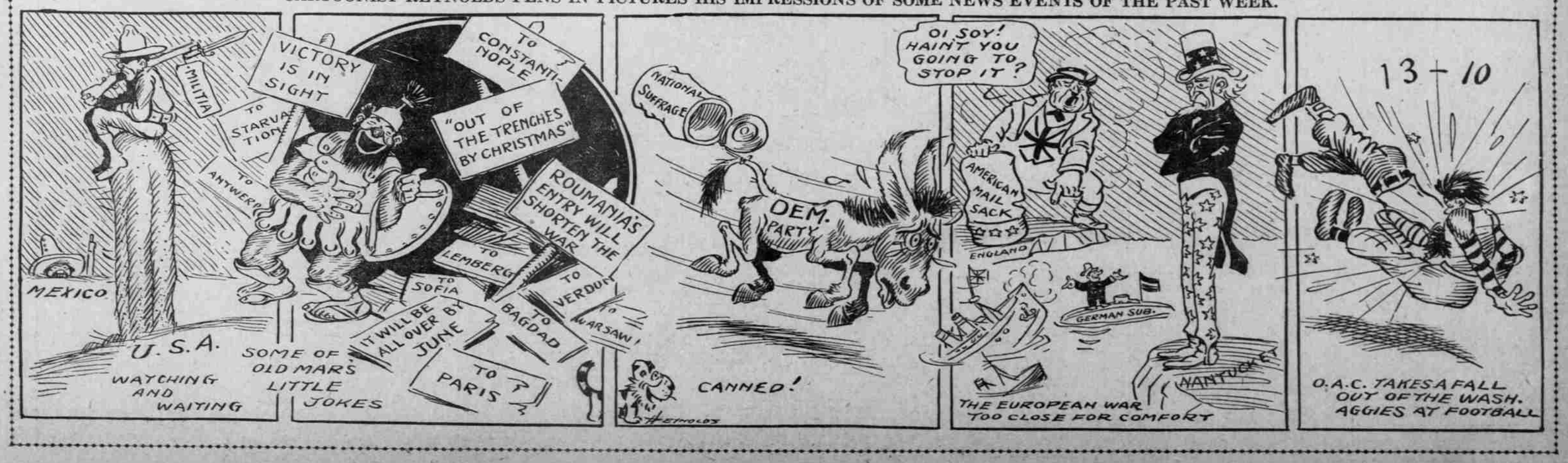
CARTOONIST REYNOLDS PENS IN PICTURES HIS IMPRESSIONS OF SOME NEWS EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK.