

STRUGGLE IN WEST WANES IN FEROCITY

Both French and British Report Minor Gains in Day's Official Reports.

AIR SQUADRONS ACTIVE

Sixty-five French Aeroplanes Drop Bombs on Railway Station and Aviation Grounds; Early Resumption Is Expected.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—Gains by the French troops at one point—the heights of La Felle, in the Artois region—are reported in the French official report today. At the same time, Field Marshal Sir John French reports that on Friday night the British troops "achieved their objective" by a counter-attack near Fosse, France. This objective was two trenches which the Germans had recaptured previously in a counter-attack, after having lost them.

London military experts deduce from the reports that the general attack has abated somewhat in intensity, having for the present lost its character as a great "drive," while the allies are busy consolidating their positions already won.

Early Resumption Expected.

It is fully expected that the drive will be resumed, but no one will predict when or at what point. It is reported from Paris that French war authorities expected to lose one-third of the men engaged in the recent advance and that they have found their losses to have been only 1 per cent.

Air Squadrons Active.

The airmen have been unusually active. The German lines of communication are frequently attacked. Sixty-five French aeroplanes today bombarded the railway station at Vouziers and the aviation grounds near Challerange, according to the report issued tonight by the French War Office.

Important Salient Captured.

In the Champagne district the German lines near St. Lezrange. To the east of the Navarin farm our troops captured an important section of the positions of the enemy, which constituted a salient of the actual line to the north of Messin.

French Attacks Southwest of Arras.

French attacks southwest of Arras, east of Souchez and also north of Neuville were repulsed.

Prisoners Number Nearly 10,000.

The total number of prisoners and booty taken in the fighting in the Artois and in the Champagne was increased to 211 officers, 10,731 men and 32 machine guns.

French Attacks North of Le Messin.

French attacks north of Le Messin, northwest of Vimur-Tourbe, were repulsed. In repulse to attacks in the last few days northeast of Le Messin, the Twenty-ninth reserve regiment especially distinguished itself.

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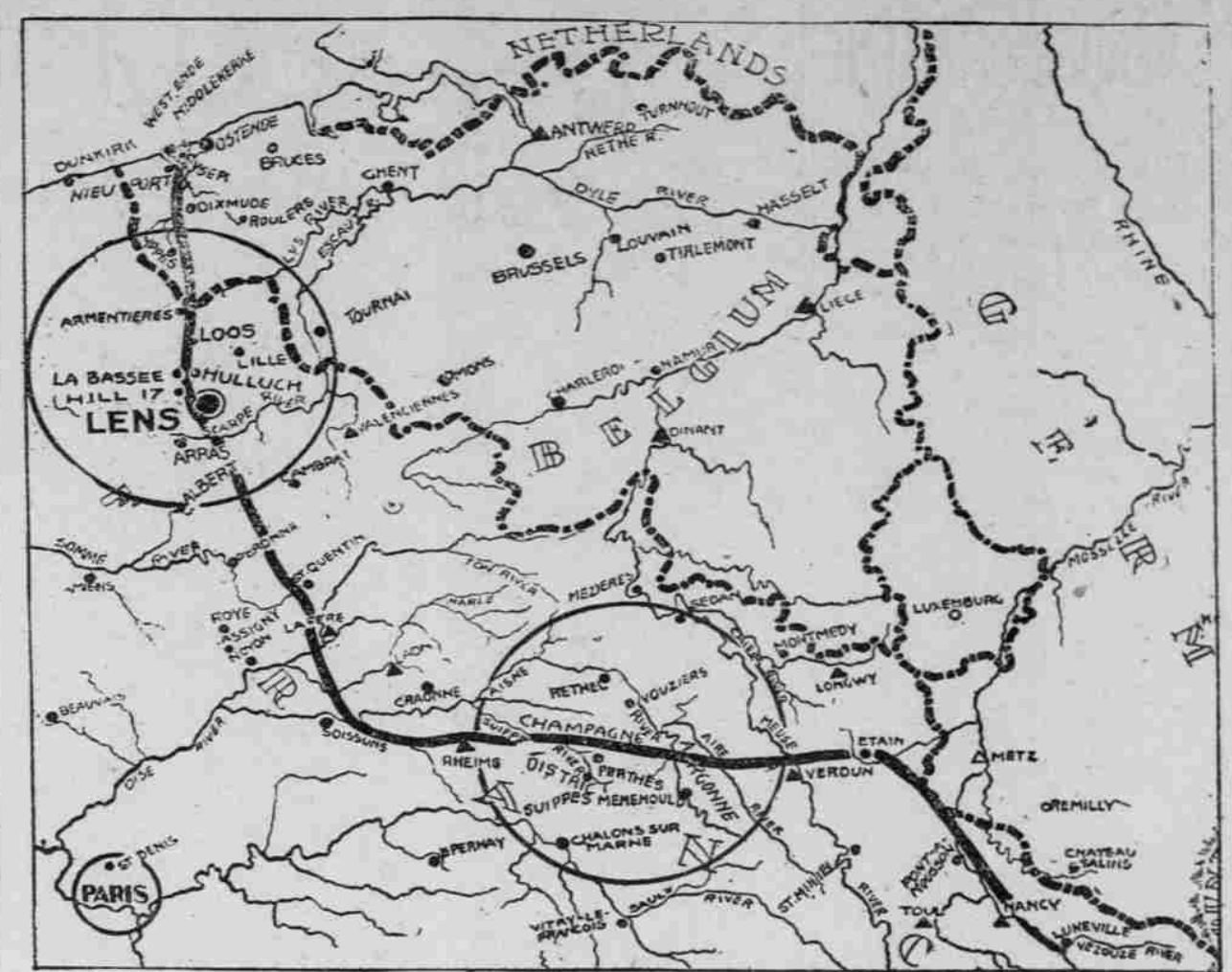
HOT LAKE IS RENDEZVOUS

Portland Physicians Among Those to Speak at Convention.

LA GRANDE, Oct. 2.—(Special.)—Next Tuesday physicians and surgeons from Ontario to Hood River will convene at Hot Lake for the annual convention of that association. Dr. Tape, manager of Hot Lake Sanatorium, is president of the association, and has been assured that the attendance will be liberal.

Boston, Mass., has a chapel built in 1763. The building was damaged by fire and the interior was gutted. It is now being restored.

MAP SHOWING DISTRICTS IN WHICH GREAT ANGLLO-FRENCH DRIVES AGAINST GERMANS ARE UNDER WAY.



The uppermost circle indicates the Arras district, scene of the British operations. The lower circle shows the Champagne district, where the chief French advances were made. The heavy black line running in a northwesterly direction is the general line of battle through France and into Belgium at the north as it has remained for many months. The new movement has not developed sufficiently to make clear the exact alterations in this line. At the top on the left is shown the Belgian coast line where the British fleet has shelled the country from Newport to Ostend.

DEFENSE IS TOPIC

Navy Second to None and Merchant Marine Need.

WEAK SPOTS POINTED OUT

Chairman of Senate Committee on Military Affairs Says Ability to Take Care of Itself Is Country's Only Assurance.

(Continued From First Page.)

Great Britain was equally a violator of the rights for which we contend.

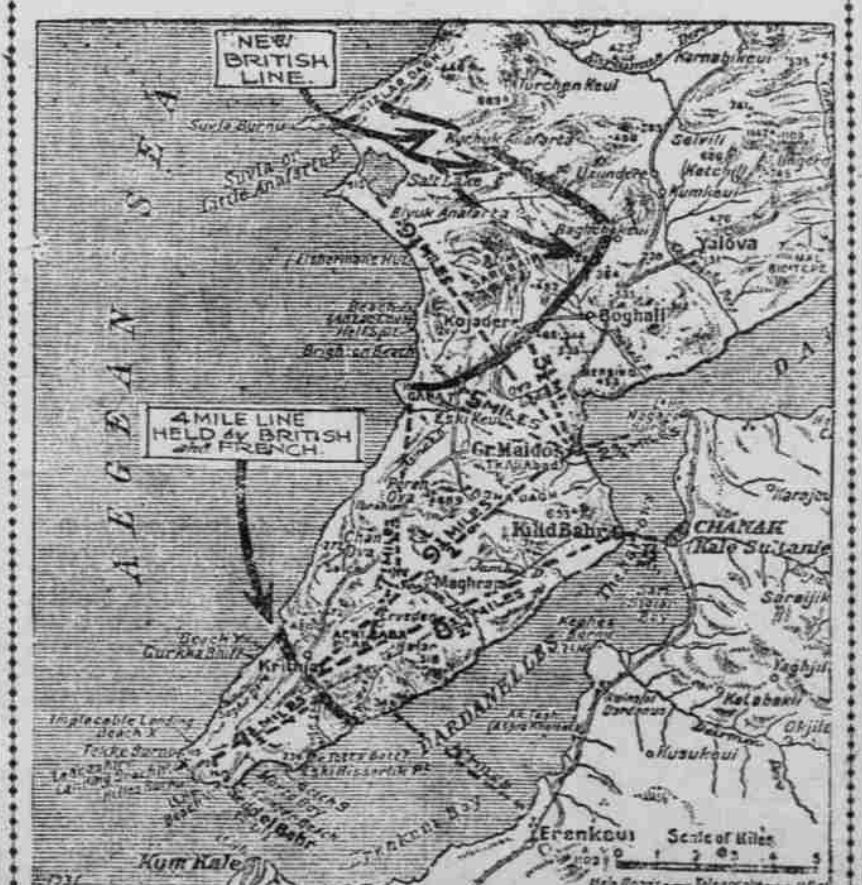
International Law Held Broken.

The underlying principle that the international rules of civilized nations shall be observed by belligerents has been violated by nearly all of the belligerent nations and with them the neutral nations must deal.

Danger of Conquest Cited.

"Do you realize that if a force could be landed in the United States to take New York, Pennsylvania, and Massachusetts—which is absolutely a military possibility—they would then have possession of all but one of the factories in this country which are capable of producing munitions of war, and we would be absolutely at their mercy."

BATTLE LINES OF THE ALLIES ADVANCING ON CONSTANTINOPLE.



POSITIONS OCCUPIED INDICATE SLOW PROGRESS ALONG GALLIPOLI PENINSULA.

attacked Germany, Japan, bound by her treaty, immediately seized all the German possessions in the Orient.

"Could we expect that in case we became involved in trouble with Great Britain that we would be treated any better by Japan than was Germany in the present war?"

Senator Chamberlain pointed to the inadequacy of our merchant marine at the present time to furnish supplies to the Navy and coast defenses in case of war.

British Bottoms Used.

"When Roosevelt sent our Navy around the world to impress the nations with our strength, it was necessary to carry the supplies and coal and munitions for the warships in British bottoms."

"As to our coast defenses at the present time, we have harbor defenses but we have no coast-line defenses. Harbor defenses, so called, unless they are covered by adequate coastline defenses, are a liability rather than an asset in case of war, for it becomes necessary for the land troops to be brought up to defend them from attack from the sea side and a large portion of the field armies is thus rendered practically immobile."

Navy Held Prime Need.

"And we must have a navy equal to the best navy in the world, for we must look especially to it for the defense of our coast line."

"I differ most radically from those who say that military training will make a dangerously militaristic spirit in our citizens. Switzerland is not a militaristic nation, and yet within 48 hours she was able to mobilize 300,000 trained soldiers taken from the ordinary walks of life. These men had begun their training in the schools as boys, and when they reached maturity they were already so proficient that the time necessary for them to devote to further training was insignificant."

"The agricultural colleges of the United States have military training, and yet I do not know of any of the young men in the regiment that graduated from the Oregon Agricultural College, say last year, who sought to go into the Army. They went into the peaceful occupations of life, but in their course in college they had received that training which will make them effective and efficient soldiers for the country in case need arises."

"If I had my way, every school and college in the land which receives state

or Federal aid would install military training.

"We may agree not to become involved in war and to arbitrate our difficulties, but we cannot by this means eliminate aggression and greed from the earth. When the time comes for great nations do not pay any too much attention to treaties."

All the arbitration in the world cannot keep the United States out of a footing of peace unless she is adequately prepared to resist aggression.

SELF-HELP IS ADVISED

EX-GOV. HERRICK TELLS FARMER TO CO-OPERATE FOR CREDIT.

Counsel Given Against Invoking Aid of Federal Treasury—Danger of Movement Pointed Out.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 2.—Myron T. Lovick, ex-Governor of Ohio and recently ambassador to France, today gathered a group of business men at a Chamber of Commerce smoker tonight at the National Treasury, and the aid of the National Treasury was the subject of the discussion.

The farmers, he said, should form organizations like that of the newspapers that make up the Associated Press—uncapitalized, non-profit-making associations, managed by the members themselves and free from political influences. Proper enabling and regulatory laws, he declared, were an immediate necessity.

White Temple Bible Class Elects.

The Alert Bible class of the White Temple met on Friday night, October 1, for their semi-annual business meeting and election of officers. Those elected for the ensuing six months are: President, Arthur Baugh; vice-president, W. V. Gridler; secretary, D. G. Anderson; treasurer, C. E. Milligan; sergeant-at-arms, Harold Holland; press correspondent and historian, W. L. Bishop; and C. A. Lewis was re-elected teacher.

Traveled to Germany With a Bottle of Peruna

Everybody Who Is Troubled With Catarrh Should Take Peruna

Mr. August Haase, St. Anthony, DuBola Co., Indiana, writes: "I was troubled much with catarrh for several years. I was advised to take Peruna and used two bottles of it, which did me much good. I decided

BREAK OVER ARABIC AGAIN IS AVERTED

Bernstorff Gives Assurances in Note Handed in Person to Mr. Lansing.

AMBASSADOR IS PLEASED

Germany Believed to Have Admitted Her Submarine Commander Erred in Assuming Liner's Intentions Were Hostile.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Danger of an immediate break between the United States over the torpedoing of the Arabic, with the loss of two American lives, has been averted by the assurance contained in a note received personally here today by Secretary Lansing from Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador. Neither the Secretary of State nor the German Ambassador would make any statement.

The Ambassador was with Mr. Lansing only a few minutes, during which the latter did not express any view on the note, assuring Count von Bernstorff he would notify him of the time for the next conference after he had studied the communication carefully.

Error Believed Admitted.

There was nothing to indicate that the new German note met entirely the viewpoint of the United States, but, inasmuch as the American Government made it clear to Count von Bernstorff informally that disavowal of the sinking of the Arabic was absolutely necessary before there could be any further negotiation of arbitrations of the amount of indemnity, the general impression was that the Berlin Foreign Office had taken the view that the German submarine commander must have erred in assuming that the Arabic was intent on a hostile act.

It was pointed out as significant in German quarters that when the German government sent its first note on the Arabic offering to arbitrate the questions of fact in the case, the evidence collected by the American Government was not before it. Since that time the matter has been carefully studied by the United States and held by the Washington Government to be absolutely conclusive that the Arabic was not attempting to ram the German submarine have been placed before the Berlin Foreign Office.

Von Bernstorff Appears Pleased.

The prevailing view tonight was that Germany had admitted the error of her submarine commander, but wished to arbitrate the extent to which Germany was liable under the circumstances for a mistake. Whether this would be satisfactory has never been indicated by Washington officials, though it has been said that the subject of the arbitration would not be made the subject of discussion in an arbitral tribunal.

Count von Bernstorff at his hotel appeared much pleased with the contents of the new note, which probably will be published in a day or two. He announced that he expected to return to Washington with his embassy staff at the end of the present month.

It was learned authoritatively that the subject of Captain von Papen was not mentioned. Secretary Lansing has not yet had an opportunity to examine the documents carried by James P. McKeon, which were letters from Captain von Papen.

MAZAMAS TO ELECT CHIEF

Fight Waxing Warm With Two in Race for President.

A warm political fight for the office of president is promised tomorrow when the Mazamas, Portland's well-known mountaineering organization, will hold its annual election. William H. Hardesty and Frank E. Riley are candidates for the honor, and a keen contest has developed.

The nominating committee of the club placed both the names of Mr. Hardesty and Mr. Riley on the ballot for president. This was unusual, as ordinarily only one name for president has been listed.

Friends of both sides are actively at work, and it is expected nearly all the 500 members of the society are expected to cast their votes at tomorrow's election.

MOTHER, DAUGHTER MARRY

Salem Woman of 56 and Swain of 34 Wed at Vancouver.

VANCOUVER, Wash., Oct. 2.—(Special.)—Two women, who looked enough alike to be sisters, were married today, but one was mother of the other.

Johnnie D. Mackison, 24 years old, accompanied by Miss Gladys C. Stutsman, 20 years old, found their way to the office of Judge R. H. Back, of the Superior Court. They were accompanied

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SPECIAL 35c CHICKEN DINNER TODAY

Including Lemonade, Ice Cream and Cake.

Requisition Papers Already Signed for Return to Montana.

MINING PROMOTER IS HELD

George B. Allison, about 60 years of age, wanted at Livingston, Mont., on a charge of obtaining money by false pretenses in connection with a large mining transaction, was arrested yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Phillips and Beckman, who recognized him on the street from the description.

Belgian Baroness Sentenced.

AMSTERDAM, via London, Oct. 2.—Baroness Descombrugge, a prominent Belgian woman, and her son have been sentenced to a month's imprisonment for singing "Brabantonne," the Belgian national anthem, within doors, according to the Ghent, Belgium, correspondent of the Echo.

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