WOOL SEASON ENDS

Oregon Clip Valued at $3,250,000 This Year.

MARKET FIRM THROUGHOUT

Total Production for Season Is 15,500,000 Pounds—Medium Grade Sells at Record Prices—Values Highest at Close.

OREGON WOOL CLIP OF 1915.

District—	Pounds.
Baker County	1,500,000
Harney and Malheur counties	2,000,000
Huntington	500,000
Pilot Rock	750,000
Joseph-Enterprise	750,000
Jordan Valley	750,000
Pendleton	250,000
Echo	750,000
Heppner	1,750,000
Arlington-Condon	1,250,000
Shaniko	1,500,000
Madras-Bend-Metolius	1,000,000
Lakeview	1,250,000
Willamette Valley-So. Or	1,500,000
Total	15,500,000

The 1915 wool season in Oregon, now drawing to a close, has been one of the most successful the growers have ever known. Prices ruled very high, and even if the market did not ascend to the point that some of the sheep men anticipated, they have little reason to complain of the returns received.

It was a "war market" from first to last and values were influenced by the world-wide conditions brought about by the conflict in Europe. The pace for American prices was set by the strong markets of London and Australia, while the stoppage of needed importations added strength to the domestic situation. There was a reversal of former conditions by the turning of the urgent demand from fine to coarse wools, and as a consequence, the latter grade during the entire season commanded a premium.

The average price of medium Oregon wools has been a little better than 25 cents, while fine wools averaged at the various public and private sales between 18½ and 19 cents. Willamette Valley grades sold quickly at 28 to 30 cents.

Coarse wools never before sold so high in Oregon, but fine wools have done as well or better at times in the past. About 15 years ago, under the protective tariff, the bulk of the fine wool clip in this state was contracted for at 20 cents.

The first of the scheduled auction sales were not a success, as the bids did not come up to the high-keyed expectations of the sheep men, but at the later sealed-bids sales there was a general disposition on the part of the growers to meet buyers' views.

"It has been a very good year for the sheep men, with wool strong and lambs selling high," said Isidor Koshland, a leading local woolbuyer.

"At the opening of the season, selling was slow. The growers had been led to expect anywhere from 35 to 50 cents, and it was quite a shock to owners of fine wool clips to realize they would have to take even less than 20 cents. It is always the case, when prices are high, that growers are hard sellers.

"Buyers' ideas on fine wool at the opening were from 16 to 18 cents, but they worked up until 20 cents was paid for the best fine clips and several million pounds were moved at that figure.

"The quality of the Oregon wool as a whole was not up to the usual standard. This was the one unfortunate condition of the season. Had the wool been in choice condition, not a pound would have sold under 20 cents. The sheep showed the effect of the long, dry Winter and Spring, the wool on the whole being shorter in staple and poorer in color than in recent years."

Although the active buying season is over, the state's clip has not entirely cleaned up. There are still obtainable in Oregon, including what is held in Portland, about 3,000,000 pounds. Growers who were dissatisfied with the prices offered by buyers, shipped their wool to this city on consignment and about 2,500,000 pounds of such wool is held here for later sale. The remainder of the clip is scattered throughout the country in small lots. Buyers would take it up readily, but the growers think prices later in the season may be better.

VALUE OF OREGON WOOL CLIPS.

Year.	Pounds.	Value.
1915	15,500,000	$3,250,000
1914	15,625,000	2,700,000
1913	16,200,000	2,980,000
1912	18,700,000	3,000,000
1911	18,900,000	2,500,000
1910	19,450,000	2,820,000
1909	20,450,000	4,000,000
1908	18,500,000	2,500,000
1907	20,000,000	3,850,000
1906	18,000,000	3,240,000

LINN WHEAT YIELD UP TO FORECAST

Crop Averages 24 Bushes to Acre, and 30-Bushel Yields Are Reported.

ALBANY, Or., Aug. 7.—(Special.)—Preseason predictions that the 1915 wheat crop in Linn County would be better than for several years are being verified. Wheat is running from 20 to 30 bushels to the acre, and the average yield of the county will be about 24 bushels an acre. Practically no field thus far threshed ran less than 20 bushels to the acre.

Little oats has been threshed, as most in this county was planted this Spring, but indications point to a good yield. The cutting of Spring grain, both wheat and oats, will be completed in about 10 days. Threshing outfits have made good progress in handling the Fall grain, and it is possible some outfits will have to suspend work for a few days until more Spring grain is cut.

The yield of vetch is excellent, and clover, which was a failure last year, is returning a fair yield. Every grain and cereal crop is good.

TALL OATS TO BE EXHIBITED

Santiam Product Seven and a Half Feet High to Be Sent to Fair.

ALBANY, Or., Aug. 7.—(Special.)—Oats seven and one-half feet high and coming from a field where it stands so thick that it produced nearly 100 bushes to the acre soon will be on exhibition at the San Francisco exposition, as a part of the Willamette Valley exhibit.

This oats was grown by F. M. Sherman on Santiam River bottom land, just above Lebanon.

Besides this oats, samples of wheat, barley, rye, Soudan grass and various vegetables will be sent. The new exhibits will be shipped between August 10 and 12.

Roseburg Peach Crop Large.

ROSEBURG, Or., Aug. 7.—(Special.)—That the yield of peaches this season will equal or exceed that of former years is the prediction of fruitgrowers residing in various sections of Douglas County. Crawford peaches are being marketed here, while other varieties of the product will be ready for shipment within the next two weeks. In most instances the early varieties of peaches have already been contracted for by Portland, Seattle and San Francisco merchants at satisfactory prices.

Blackleg Kills Cattle at Asotin.

POMEROY, Wash., Aug. 7.—(Special.)—Forest Ranger Bottcher reports that a number of cattle in the mountains are dying of blackleg. Clem Halsey, of Asotin, has lost 14 head. Folmsbe & Greene have suffered losses, as also have Kidwells. Sheriff Schneckloth eliminated the disease when it broke out on his ranch by the use of vaccine.

PORTLAND MARKET QUOTATIONS

Grain, Flour, Feed, Etc.

Merchants' Exchange, noon session.

Prompt delivery.

Wheat—	Bid.	Ask.
Bluestem	$ 1.07	$1.10
Fortyfold	1.03	1.04
Club	1.01	1.02
Red Fife	.99	1.01
Red Russian	.94	1.01
Oats, No. 1 white feed	26.00	.....
Barley, No. 1 feed	23.00	.....
Bran	24.25	25.50
Shorts	24.25	25.50
Futures—		
September Bluestem	.99	1.07
September fortyfold	1.02	1.03
September club	.99	1.01
September Fife	.97	1.00
September Russian	.99	1.00
September oats	25.50	27.00
September barley	24.50	.....
September bran	23.75	25.50
September shorts	23.75	25.50

FLOUR—Patents, $5.70 a barrel; straights, $5; whole wheat, $5.50; graham, $5.25.

MILLFEED—Spot prices: Bran, $27 per ton; shorts, $28; rolled barley, $28.50@29.50.

CORN—Whole, $38 per ton; cracked, $39 per ton.

HAY—Eastern Oregon timothy, $16@17; Valley timothy, $15; alfalfa, $12.50@13.50; cheat, $11@11.50; oat and vetch, $12@12.50.

Fruits and Vegetables.

Local jobbing quotations:

TROPICAL FRUITS—Oranges, Valencias, $4.50@4.75 per box; lemons, $3.50@4.50 per box; bananas, 5c per pound; grapefruit, California, $3.50; pineapples, 5@7c per pound.

VEGETABLES—Cucumbers, Oregon, 15@20c; artichokes, 90c per dozen; tomatoes, 25@50c box; cabbage, 1½@1¾c per pound; head lettuce, $1 per crate; beans, 2½@4c; California, $3.50; pineapples, 5@7c per pound; corn, 15@20c per dozen; garlic, 10@12½c per pound; peppers, 6@7c per pound; eggplant, 6@7c per pound; pumpkins, 1½c per pound.

GREEN FRUITS—Cantaloupes, $1@2.25 per crate; peaches, 25@60c per box; watermelons, 1½@1¾c per pound; plums, 50@$1.25 per box; new apples, astrachans, 75c@$1; gravenstein, $1.25@1.50 per box; pears, $1@1.50 per box; grapes, $1.25@1.75 per crate; huckleberries, 8c per pound.

POTATOES—New, 75@85c per sack.

ONIONS—75c per sack.

Dairy and Country Produce.

Local jobbing quotations:

EGGS—Oregon ranch, buying prices: No. 1, 24c; No. 2, 19c; No. 3, 15c per dozen. Jobbing price: No. 1, 26c per dozen.

POULTRY—Hens, 13@13½c; Springs, 16@17c; turkeys, 18@19c; ducks, 10@15c; geese, 8@10c.

BUTTER—City creamery cubes, extras, 27c; first, 25c; seconds, 24c; prints and cartons, extra; butterfat, No. 1, 28c; second grade, 2c less; country creamery cubes, 20@25c.

CHEESE—Oregon triplets, jobbers' buying price, 13½c per pound f. o. b. dock, Portland; Young Americas, 14½c per pound.

VEAL—Fancy, 11@11½c per pound.

PORK—Block, 9@9½c per pound.

Staple Groceries.

Local jobbing quotations:

SALMON—Columbia River 1-pound talls, $2.30 per dozen; ½-pound flats, $1.90; 1-pound flats, $2.30; Alaska pink, 1-pound talls, $1.05.

HONEY—Choice, $3.25 per case.

NUTS—Walnuts, 15@24c per pound; Brazil nuts, 15c; filberts, 14@24c; almonds, 19@22c; peanuts, 6½c; cocoanuts, $1 per dozen; pecans, 19@20c; chestnuts, 10c.

BEANS—Small white, 5.70c; large white, 5½c; Lima, 5½c; bayou, 5.50c; pinks, 4.65c.

COFFEE—Roasted, in drums, 18@28½c.

SUGAR — Fruit and berry, $6.45; beet, $6.25; extra C, $5.95; powdered in barrels, $6.70; cubes, barrels, $6.85.

SALT—Granulated, $15.50 per ton; half-grounds, 100s, $10.55 per ton; 50s, $11.30 per ton; dairy, $14 per ton.

RICE—Southern head, 6½@6¾c; broken, 4c per pound; Japan style, 5@5½c.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, 8c per pound; apricots, 13@15c; peaches, 8c; prunes, Italians, 8½@9c; raisins, loose Muscatels, 8c; unbleached Sultanas, 7½c; seeded, 9c; dates, Persian, 10c per pound; fard, $1.65 per box; currants, 8¾@12c.

Hops, Wool, Hides, Etc.

HOPS—1915 contracts, 13@14c; 1914 crop, 14c; olds, 12@12c.

HIDES—Salted hides, 15½c; salted kip, 16c; salted calf, 18c; green hides, 14c; green kip, 16c; green calf, 18c; dry hides, 25c; dry calf, 27c.

WOOL — Eastern Oregon, medium, 25@28c; Eastern Oregon, fine, 18@21½c; Valley, 26@30c.

MOHAIR—New clip, 30@31c per pound.

CASCARA BARK—Old and new, 4c per pound.

PELTS—Dry long-wooled pelts, 15½c; dry, short-wooled pelts, 11½c; dry shearlings, each, 10@15c; salted shearlings, each, 15@25c; dry goat, long hair, each, 17c; dry goat, shearlings, each, 10@20c; salted long-wooled pelts, May, $1@2 each.

GRAIN BAGS—In car lots, 7½@8c.

Provisions.

HAMS—All sizes, choice, 20c; standard, 19½c; skinned, 19@18c; picnics, 12c; cottage roll, 16½c; boiled, 17@28c.

BACON—Fancy, 28@30c; standard, 22@23c; choice, 17½@22c.

DRY SALT—Short, clear backs, 12½@15c; exports, 12½@13½c; plates, 11@12½c.

LARD—Tierce basis, kettle rendered, 17c; standard, 15c; compound, 8½c.

BARREL GOODS—Mess beef, $24; plate beef, $25; brisket pork, $28.50; tripe, $10.50@11.50; tongues, $30.

Oils.

KEROSENE—Water white, drums, barrels or tank wagons, 10c; special drums or barrels, 13½c; cases, 17½@20½c.

GASOLINE—Bulk, 12c; cases, 19c; engine distillate, drums, 7½c; cases, 7½c; naphtha, drums, 11c; cases, 15c.

LINSEED OIL—Raw, barrels, 72c; raw, cases, 77c; boiled, barrels, 74c; boiled, cases, 79c.

TURPENTINE — In tanks, 61c; in cases, 68c; 10-case lots, 1c less.

BRAZILIAN LOAN TO AID COFFEE.

Big Issue Is Approved by Chamber of Deputies of Southern Republic.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—The market for coffee futures opened at a decline of 1 to 2 points under scattering liquidation, but firmed up during the morning on reports from Brazil that the Chamber of Deputies had approved a project authorizing the issue of 300,000 contos in paper, and other financial measures to aid coffee, rubber and other national products. According to reports current here last month, half this issue, or about 150,000,000, was to be used in connection with coffee.

The market closed at a net advance of 6 to 8 points. Sales, 10,750. August and September, 6.62c; October, November and December, 6.61c; January, 6.65c; February, 6.69c; March, 6.73c; April, 6.78c; May, 6.83c; June, 6.88c; July, 6.93c.

Spot quiet. Rio 7s, 7½c; Santos 4s, 9¾c.

No fresh cost and freight offers were reported. The official cables reported a decline of 150 reis in the Rio market, while Santos and the rate of Rio exchange on London was unchanged.

SAN FRANCISCO PRODUCE MARKETS

Prices Current in the Bay City on Fruits, Vegetables, Etc.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 7.—Butter—Fresh extras, 27c; prime firsts, 25½c.

Eggs—Fresh extras, 30c; pullets, 23½c.

Cheese—New, 8@14c; Young Americas, 11½@12½c; Oregons, 13½@14½c.

Vegetables — Summer squash, 35@50c; string and wax beans, 1@2c; limas, 2@3c; tomatoes, 50c@$1; cucumbers, 20@50c.

Onions—Red, 25@35c; yellow, 40@55c.

Fruit—Lemons, $2@3.25 off grades, 75c@1.50; grapefruit, $2.75@3.50; oranges, $3@4; bananas, Hawaiian, 75c@$1.50; pineapples, Hawaiian, $1@2.50; apples, Alexanders, 50@85c; Gravenstein, 65c@$1.10.

Potatoes—Delta, 65@90c; sweets, 2@3½c.

Receipts—Flour, 2476 quarters; barley, 14,915, centals; potatoes, 7145 sacks; hay, 761 tons.

Naval Stores.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Aug. 7.—Turpentine firm, 39@39½c. Sales, 375; receipts, 381; shipments, 87; stocks, 425,484.

Rosin, firm; sales, 937; receipts, 1676; shipments, 285; stocks, 62,545. Quote: AB $7.60; CD, $7.95; E, $8.05; F, $8.10; G, $8.20; H, $8.20@8.25; I, $8.20@8.25; K, $8.45; M, $4.05@4.60; N, $4.00; WG, $5.60; WW, $5.80.

Metal Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Copper, dull. Electrolytic, 18@18.50c.

Iron, No. 1 foundry Northern, $15.25@15.75; No. 2, $15@15.50; No. 1 Southern, $14.75@15.25; No. 2, $14.50@15.

Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Spot cotton, quiet. Mid-uplands, 9.45c. No sales.

Duluth Linseed Market.

DULUTH, Aug. 7.—Linseed, cash $1.63; September, $1.65½; December, $1.51.

Elgin Butter Market.

ELGIN, Ill., Aug. 7.—Butter—Higher; 230 tubs sold at 25c.

Chicago Dairy Produce.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Butter—Unchanged. Eggs—Receipts 7441 cases, unchanged.

FOUR CENT ADVANCE

Wheat Gets Decided Lift in Local Market.

SALES AT $1.02 AND $1.03

Full Prices Are Also Paid in Country for Grain for Early Delivery. Buying Is Above Export Basis.

There was a decided advance in the local wheat market yesterday over the bid prices of the preceding day. As a consequence of the higher offers, four sales, aggregating 25,000 bushels, were posted at the Merchants Exchange. The transactions were as follows:

Bushels.
5,000 prompt forty-fold $1.02
5,000 September forty-fold 1.02
5,000 September forty-fold 1.02
10,000 prompt club 1.02

The four sales above noted were in each case at advances of 4 cents over Friday's bid price. The September forty-fold brought 2 cents more than the same delivery sold for on Thursday. For prompt bluestem $1.07 was paid, a gain of 5 cents over the price that has been current in the open market for several days, and 8½ cents better than was offered on the board the preceding day. Red wheat bids were also raised 1 to 3 cents.

There was much comment after the session as to the high prices paid and various explanations were offered. The quotations were much above export values as based on foreign markets and freights, and it was equally certain the destination of the purchases is not California. It was figured, therefore, by the process of elimination, that the buying was for milling account.

There was a stronger demand for wheat in the country in the past day or two, and higher prices were offered all along the line. The demand has come before farmers are ready to sell, and the advance is the natural result.

Total sales on the exchange in the past week were 50,000 bushels of wheat, 500 tons of oats and 100 tons of barley of an aggregate value of $45,800. The volume of business was the largest of any week since early in May.

New wheat is still coming in slowly. Local receipts in the past week were only 122,600 bushels, as against 423,000 bushels received in the corresponding week last year. For the season to date arrivals have been 750,100 bushels, compared with 1,019,200 bushels in the same period last year.

Shipments of wheat from Argentina and India for the week were:

	This Wk.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Argentina	504,000	176,000	456,000
India	1,004,000	1,344,000	696,000

War's ravages apparently have not turned the European wheat fields to battlefields as extensively as generally was supposed, according to figures gathered by the Department of Agriculture. No figures are available from Germany or Russia, but in Germany the acreage probably has been increased, and Russia's acreage probably is still the world's largest. But in the countries of the Northern Hemisphere, where wheat ordinarily approximates 240,000,000 acres, eight show estimated plantings of 152,825,000 acres, against 143,652,000 acres last year. The conclusion is that despite the apparent billion-bushel crop in the United States the farmers of other countries have been spurred into efforts to increase their own production.

Russia's area during the last few years averaged 80,000,000 acres. The United States now comes second with 59,417,000 acres, an increase of 11 per cent over last year. British India has 22,148,000 acres, against 28,464,000 last year; France, 14,142,000 acres, not including wheat area in the region occupied by Germany, which in 1914 amounted to 880,170 acres, against 16,049,000 last year; Canada's acreage increased from 10,292,000 acres to 12,896,000; Italy has 12,528,000, an increase of 6.3 per cent; Spain, 9,734,000, an increase of 1.1 per cent; Hungary (proper) has 8,105,000, against 8,622,000 last year; Roumania, 4,895,000, against 5,218,000 last year; Denmark shows a slight decrease; Great Britain, 10 per cent increase; Luxemburg, 7 per cent increase; Switzerland, 16.1 per cent increase; Japan, 1 per cent decrease.

Terminal receipts in cars were reported by the Merchants Exchange as follows:

	Wheat	Barley	Flour	Oats	Hay
Portland, Sat.	26	1	2	2	5
Year ago	66	2	5	1	3
Total this week	102	19	12	11	78
Year ago	250	75	52	9	22
Season to date	577	52	94	41	214
Year ago	754	155	227	97	147
Tacoma, Fri.	6	...	...	...	6
Year ago	24	...	...	1	20
Season to date	524	26	...	20	146
Year ago	541	56	...	40	227
Seattle, Fri.	8	2	5	1	10
Year ago	5	2	9	1	12
Season to date	282	34	259	100	450
Year ago	275	83	268	48	322

DECLINE IN LOCAL CHEESE MARKET

With Flush Season On, Prices Are Quarter Cent Lower.

There was a decline of a quarter of a cent in local cheese prices yesterday. F. o. b. quotations on triplets are now 13½ cents and on Young Americas 14½ cents. The flush season is on and the large make has resulted in an easier market.

The butter market is steady, and there was no talk by city creamery men of any change in the coming week. Receipts of country creamery have been large for several days past, but supplies in the interior are believed to have worked off well, and there may be some improvement in this line in the near future.

The egg market closed steady. Receipts of all grades are decreasing. Buying prices, so far as could be learned, will not be changed in the coming week.

Country produce cleaned up well at unchanged prices. Dealers look forward to a better week.

OREGON PEACHES MORE PLENTIFUL

California Shipping Season Now Nearly Ended—Tomatoes Are Abundant.

Peaches, cantaloupes and tomatoes were leading features of the week on the street. California Crawfords are finished for this season and Southern Elbertas will soon be done. The coming week will see Oregon Crawfords in full swing. A few shipments of local cantaloupes have arrived, but California cants will have the run for some time yet.

Orange prices are firmer as Southern advices say the supply of Valencias is very small.

Tomatoes arrived freely from The Dalles and other Oregon points, and supplies from near-by ranches will be plentiful in a few days. Walla Walla onions are steady with prospects of an advance soon. Local potatoes continue weak. Sweet potatoes are moving more freely.

HOP CONTRACTING IN CALIFORNIA.

Twelve and Thirteen Cents Is Paid for New Crop.

Pending the outcome of the fight that hop growers are waging against the aphis attack, no business is being transacted in the Oregon market.

In California there is a moderate amount of activity in future and spot hops. Thirteen cents was paid on contract for Sonomas, according to a wire received yesterday, and more were wanted at the same price, but sellers were scarce. Sacramento contracts were made at 12 cents.

The Leeman lot of 270 bales of 1914 Yolos was bought by Donovan at 13 cents, and there were more orders at that figure. A lot of 160 bales of Californias was bought by McNeff Bros.

English letters confirm cables previously received on the poor condition of the growing crop.

A letter from a Saaz firm stated that the hop acreage plowed up in Austria-Hungary amounted to 12 per cent, in Bavaria 15 to 20 per cent, in Baden 8 per cent, in East and West Prussia 15 per cent, in Wurtemburg 10 per cent, and in Alsace-Lorraine 15 to 20 per cent, and added that but few hops would be grown in Belgium and in Galicia.

SUGAR CONSUMPTION IS INCREASING

Optimistic View Is Taken by Some Traders in Eastern Market.

While the sugar market continues weak at all points, it is interesting to note that all members of the trade do not take a pessimistic view of the situation. A leading New York authority writes:

"A factor of depressing influence has been the recent poor demand experienced in refined sugar for this season of the year. That this abstention from the market by the trade was due more to the wide disparity between the prices of raw and refined than to any oversupply seems clearly demonstrated by the published figures of meltings since January 1 at the Atlantic ports and New Orleans. This year's total of 1,800,000 tons to July 28 is only 8000 tons in excess of that for the corresponding period last year, while exports from Atlantic ports to foreign countries during the same time were 129,288 tons, compared with only 7987 tons a year ago."

Another prominent Eastern firm also believes consumption will increase. Its trade circular says:

"We believe United States consumption this year will reach at least 3,900,000, or 150,000 tons more than last year. It is generally assumed that refiners' meltings during the balance of 1915 will be larger than they were for the same period last year, as we were then suffering from extreme depression and business paralyzation as the result of the outbreak of the European war and resulting uncertainty in monetary circles, and prices for sugar were on a considerably higher basis than now ruling, which also served to curtail consumption. As consumption to July 1, according to Willett & Gray, was 20,000 tons less than for the same period last year, this means that United States consumption for the second half of 1915 will increase in round figures 175,000 tons over the same period last year. We therefore believe refiners' meltings will show an increase of at least 75,000 tons, conceding the balance of the increase, or 100,000 tons, to the freer distribution of domestic beet and Louisiana sugar."

Bank Clearings.

Bank clearings of the Northwestern cities yesterday were as follows:

	Clearings.	Balances.
Portland	$1,523,101	$212,751
Seattle	1,697,821	230,167
Tacoma	238,006	26,812
Spokane	511,641	59,502

Clearings of Portland, Seattle and Tacoma in former years were:

	Portland.	Seattle.	Tacoma.
1915	$ 9,266,869	$10,971,834	$1,683,134
1914	8,568,174	11,118,507	1,994,606
1913	10,724,862	11,789,262	2,403,026

BEEF DEMAND IS LIGHT

GOOD TRADE IN HOGS AT NORTH PORTLAND YARDS.

Steady Inquiry During Past Week for Choice Mutton Animals at Good Prices.

The week's trade at the stockyards was practically ended Friday, only a few sales being put through yesterday. The day's receipts were 27 cattle, 1 calf, 8 hogs and 181 sheep.

The shippers were: W. H. McMahon, Halsey, 1 car cattle, and S. S. Stoddard, Amity, 1 car sheep. Nine head of hogs and calves were driven in. The sales in detail were:

	Wt.	Price.		Wt.	Price.
2 hogs	375	$8.10	3 cows	700	$3.00
3 hogs	226	7.10	1 cow	880	3.25
1 hog	310	6.10	2 cows	610	2.50
1 cow	920	3.75			

Reviewing local market conditions, the Livestock Reporter says:

"The arrivals in the cattle division for the mid-week period have been light. Valley dairy predominating as usual. There have been several lots of light stuff that was not strictly fat, but was of beef type and would make good feeder cattle. This stuff has brought around $5.75. Many rejected dairy animals are coming to market which must be sold at some price, and the packers have to take them at whatever they are willing to pay. This class of stuff is more than supplying the demand for junky cattle, and buyers are inquiring only for choice killer stuff. A light run of choice lightweight cattle would probably find ready sale at steady prices, but the present consumption of beef does not justify heavy buying of any kind of cattle.

"Trading in the swine division has been active this week, and several buyers report that they require supplies. Choice hogs have been bringing $7.10 and a nickel more might have been obtainable for extra well-finished hogs. Lightweights have not been so common as usual and heavy stuff is seldom seen. The few poorly fattened hogs which have been offered have sold at proportionate reductions, and strictly slop-fed stuff brings about 25 cents under the top. Several buyers are inquiring for choice hogs, but there is no disposition to advance prices.

"There is inquiry from several buyers for choice mutton animals, and everything that comes in is sure of ready sale if it is in killer condition. Most of the mutton offerings contain cull animals which must be sorted and repeeled or bought at heavy reductions if the purchase price of the lot is not made low enough to make up for the poor quality of the few animals. Mutton sheep always find ready sale at these prices, and lambs are particularly wanted. Lambs brought $6 and buyers express willingness to pay $6.25 for strictly choice stuff. To get best prices for sheep they should be carefully sorted and all poor stuff left in the country, as packers are not taking on any more feeders now than they are forced to take. This is particularly true of lambs."

Current prices at the local stockyards of the various classes of livestock are as follows:

Cattle—	
Best steers	$6.50@7.00
Good steers	6.25@6.50
Medium steers	6.00@6.25
Choice cows	5.35@5.50
Heifers	4.75@5.50
Bulls	3.50@5.00
Stags	5.00@6.25
Hogs—	
Light	7.00@7.10
Heavy	5.50@6.10
Sheep—	
Wethers	4.75@5.10
Ewes	3.00@4.25
Lambs	5.00@6.00

Omaha Livestock Market.

OMAHA, Aug. 7.—Hogs—Receipts, 4600; higher. Heavy, $5.90@6.55; light, $6.65@7.30; pigs, $5.75@6.60; bulk of sales, $6.10@6.60.

Cattle—Receipts, 100; steady. Native steers, $7.35@9.35; cows and heifers, $5.80@7.50; Western steers, $6.50@8.50; Texas steers, $6@7.40; cows and heifers, $5.50@7; calves, $7@10.

Sheep—Receipts, 1200; steady. Yearlings, $8@7; wethers, $5.80@6.60; lambs, $8.40@9.

Chicago Livestock Market.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Hogs—Receipts, 10,000; light grades strong, others steady at yesterday's average. Light, $6.80@7.65; mixed, $6.10@7.85; heavy, $5.95@6.80; rough, $5.95@6.10; pigs, $6.50@7.50.

Cattle—Receipts, 200; steady. Native beef cattle, $6.25@10.25; Western steers, $6.95@8.25; cows and heifers, $3.10@9.25; calves, $7.50@11.25.

Sheep—Receipts, 6000; strong. Sheep $6.10@7; lambs, $7@9.40.

MOLALLA CROPS ARE GOOD

Threshing Well Under Way and Acreage Estimated as Double.

MOLLALLA, Or., Aug. 7.—(Special.)—Threshing has been in progress about 10 days in this section. It is estimated that the acreage is about double the usual amount and the yields have averaged nearly 100 per cent larger than the ordinary season.

From north of Mollalla, near Liberal, Latourette and Macksburg the output is reported good. Little oats have been threshed yet, but the yield has been satisfactory. In the Mollalla River and Canby districts the yields run from 40 to 60 bushels to the acre.

RAILWAY LIST SAGS

Entire Market Carried Down on Light Dealings.

PRESSURE IS EFFECTIVE

Demand for All Classes of Stocks Lessened and War Issues Prove Most Vulnerable—No Evidence of Urgent Selling.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Strength ebbed away from the stock market today, and there was a general decline on comparatively light dealings. The demand for all classes of stocks lessened, and there was increased sensitiveness to pressure, with none of the confident buying of the earlier part of the week.

In the first hour weakness developed in spots, but otherwise the market held up fairly well until heaviness appeared among the railroads. Then the whole list gave way, forcing prices below yesterday's close. Last quotations showed frequent losses of 1 to 3 points. Total sales, 350,000 shares.

War stocks were most vulnerable to pressure. The decline was orderly, however, with no evidence of urgent or excited selling.

Notwithstanding the general trend, efforts to mark up quotations of the war shares met with temporary success in a few instances. Crucible Steel was the leader in this movement. It rose four points, to a new high record at 92¾. Record prices were made also by General Motors, which advanced 11⅝ to 207, and Willys-Overland, which rose 7⅛ to 148¾.

Bethlehem Steel was quieter than heretofore, making only a small gain. These stocks fell back with the general decline. The widest break was in Bethlehem Steel, which lost 10¼ on the day.

Heaviness of railroad shares was one of the most discouraging aspects of the situation to traders on the long side, who counted on the increasing earnings of the carriers as a constructive influence.

The bound market was easy. Total sales, par value, $1,430,000. United States 4s coupon declined ¼ on call on the week.

CLOSING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing bid.
Alaska Gold	1,600	32¾	32½	32¾
Am Beet Sugar	3,000	55½	54¼	55
American Can	7,600	59¾	58⅛	59
Am Sm & Refg	2,600	81¼	80¼	80¾
do pfd	.....	.....	.....	107
Am Sugar Refg	200	110½	109	109
Am Tel & Tel	.....	.....	.....	122¼
Am Tobacco	.....	.....	.....	225½
Anaconda Min	3,200	69⅝	68⅝	69
Atchison	1,200	101⅞	101¾	101⅞
Balt & Ohio	1,400	81	80½	80½
Br Rap Transit	900	85¾	85¼	85½
Calif Petroleum	600	16	15	15¼
Canad Pacific	4,200	149¾	148	148¾
Cent Leather	2,900	44⅜	43¾	43¾
Ches & Ohio	200	42	42	41½
Chi Gt West	.....	.....	.....	11¾
Chi Mil & St P	900	83¼	82½	82½
Chi & N W	200	124	124	123½
Chino Copper	600	45¾	44¾	45⅝
Colo F & Iron	3,600	42½	41	41
Colo & South	.....	.....	.....	25
D & R G	.....	.....	.....	5
do pfd	.....	.....	.....	7¾
Dist Securities	4,700	28¾	27¾	28½
Erie	2,200	27⅝	26⅝	26⅞
Gen Electric	700	171	171⅛	171
Gr North pfd	300	111¼	111	111½
Gr Nor Ore ctfs	5,400	42¾	41	41
Guggenheim Ex	1,900	64¼	63⅞	63⅞
Illinois Central	400	103⅝	103⅝	103
Inspiration Cop	2,000	33⅝	32⅝	32
Int Harvester	200	107½	107½	107½
K C Southern	400	24½	24¼	24¼
Lehigh Valley	1,200	146¼	145	145
Louis & Nash	.....	.....	.....	109
Mex Petroleum	2,200	79	78	77¾
Miami Copper	700	26½	26½	26½
M K & T	2,300	8⅜	8	8⅜
Mo Pacific	1,400	3	2½	2½
Nat'l Biscuit	.....	.....	.....	120
New Haven	2,200	65¾	65⅜	65
Nevada Copper	400	15	14¾	14¾
N Y Central	1,500	89⅝	89¾	89⅞
N Y, N H & H	200	63	63	62¼
Nor & Western	.....	.....	.....	106
North Pacific	600	108¼	107¼	107½
Pacific Mail	200	33	33	33
Pac Tel & Tel	.....	.....	.....	30
Pennsylvania	1,300	109	108¾	108¾
Pull Pal Car	.....	.....	.....	159
Ray Cons Cop	600	22½	22½	22½
Reading	8,000	151⅞	149⅞	150⅜
Rep Ir & Steel	3,900	44⅛	43	43¾
Rock Isl Co	.....	.....	.....	8
do pfd	.....	.....	.....	⅞
StL&SF 2d pfd	.....	.....	.....	6¼
South Pacific	4,000	88⅞	88	88¾
South Ry	1,500	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
Tennessee Cop	6,600	43⅞	43¾	43¾
Texas Co	1,200	141¼	139⅞	140
Union Pacific	1,500	131⅝	130	130⅝
U S Steel	53,900	73¼	71⅞	72⅞
do pfd	200	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝
Utah Copper	4,500	66¾	66¼	66½
Wabash pfd	400	¼	¼	¼
West Union	500	70¼	70¼	70¼
West Electric	14,000	113¾	111¾	112¾
Montana Power	.....	.....	.....	67
Crucible Steel	48,600	92¾	85½	88¼
Allis Chalmers	5,700	34⅝	32⅝	32½

Total sales for the day, 529,000 shares.

BONDS.

U S ref 2s, reg	97½	Pac Tel & Tel 5s	97¾
do coupon	97	Penn con 4s	102¾
U S 3s, reg	100¼	So Pac ref 4s	89
do coupon	100¼	Union Pac 4s	93½
U S 4s, reg	104	Union Pac cv 4s	89½
do coupon	114	U S Steel 5s	102¼
Nor Pac 4s	90¼	So Pac cv 5s	99
Nor Pac 3s	62¾		

Mining Stocks.

BOSTON, Aug. 7.—Closing quotations:

Allouez	5¾	Nipissing Mines	5
Am Zinc, L & S, ctfs	25¾	North Butte	29¾
Arizona Comb	7¾	Old Dominion	51
Calumet & Ariz	63¼