

MODES TO UNDERGO COMPLETE CHANGE

French Dressmakers Agree on General Contour, Leaving Details to Individuals.

MINCING GAIT IS DOOMED

Woman Now Presumed to Be Walking With Soldier Sweetheart, So Provision Is Made for Plenty of Cloth in Skirts.

BY RUBY PLINT HUGHES. PARIS, May 1.—Early in February of this year the real French dressmaking establishments united in a decision to create an absolute change in fashions. They were equally united in their decision as to contour. The line to be followed will be the same in all the establishments, but each artist will give his own special individuality in the details. The world had long enough been victimized by vulgarity, artificiality and affectation.

The bust falling over the high waist line, the back rounded and rounded, all the weight of the body on one foot and the other trailing negligently, the walk adopted, slow, languid, full of reminiscences of the tango, had deteriorated the divine form of woman into that of a mincing simpaton.

False Vogue to Be Avoided. There always are at the first of every season second-rate houses that launch all sorts of eccentricities that are too quickly adopted and spread abroad. These houses present their new models in a veritable spectacle, they parade their manikins to music, the better to seduce their clients. It is an invasion of the false chic, that has grown not only in Paris, but throughout the United States, until the most absurd and vulgar no longer shock, but still disgust.

I am sorry to say that this is the vogue that most Americans adopt, especially the young American girl who sets herself up like a Montmartre coquette. How often I have felt inclined to spank them and send them home to learn to cook and to be sane. Discreet grace and the finest charm. How many women lack it!

One of the greatest French dressmakers said to me: "It is the false chic that makes the American woman so ridiculous. In many of the establishments that are not serious the entrance of an American woman means to find something eccentric—for the American, seldom seeing the real French woman, who always dresses in sober colors and discreet styles, judges in the division of her dress in the restaurants, cafes and such places.

Riches Do Not Atone. "The American woman usually is rich, but we cannot dress her as one dresses a French woman." Then those who know Paris well know that there is a first style launched intended for foreign buyers and the provinces. Then in May, towards June, when the French woman buys her summer clothes, there is another mode launched. It resembles in large lines the first, but is discreet, modified, perfected.

Woman dresses to attract, and usually to attract the opposite sex. In her narrow, light-colored skirt of last year she would find it hard, with those mincing steps, to keep pace with the leader boy. Today, when in the barracks is laugh, the skirt is long and wide. Winter over and the knitting of woollen things finished, he is coming home for a few days in the Bois de Boulogne. One must walk in a skirt that is long, that is to say, that is able to walk. Then, presto, the birth of the wide skirt which is the vogue of the moment. The skirt, the American shirtwaist, the sailor hat and gloves and shoes. The military girl resembling her cousin, the Gibson girl, is ready for an emergency.

Belt Skirt Great Favorite. Callot, Paquin, Worth, Doucet, Redfern, Martens, Armand, Jenny and Bernard are all making belts. The skirt for street wear, theater, dance or dinner. But wide skirts do not mean hoops or hoops in hoops. These skirts, though often four and one-half and five yards around the bottom, fall in the graceful folds of simple tissue. The skirt, the cheviot, English suiting, Scotch tweed, covert cloth, gabardine or whipcord, the materials used for tailored suits, the skirts fit closely about the hips by means of yokes or are laid in flat pleats about a belt that is at life natural waist line, or perhaps lifted ever so little above it. The skirt, then, in two pieces is a great favorite and is smart when worn with a man-tailored jacket in three-quarter length, that flares in creases over the hips.

I saw a charming girl in the Bois the other morning in a suit of this cut. It was of white serge gabardine and absolutely plain, the buttons even were of the same tone. Her gloves, shoes and hat were white. Her companion was wearing a skirt, wide and pleated, that was in the vogue. The pleats were on the hips and the skirt was plain, though fullness in the back and in the front. Two pockets, lengthwise were arranged in the pleats; they were lined with red and trimmed around with black silk braid; the skirt was lined with red, showing just a tinge of that color as she walked.

The jacket was Zouave, trimmed in silk braid and tiny brass buttons just as the Zouave French soldiers of North Africa wear. Her hat was navy blue, untrimmed save for two large jet pins; her gloves were long, made of navy blue, and her high laced boots were of patent leather.

Checks Much in Evidence. In the great shops and in the street one sees many models of black and white check. The check is of all sizes, from tiny pin-head to those as large as a checkerboard. The skirts are ample, simple bell shape, if worn with the three-quarter flaring jacket and pleated if worn with the Norfolk jacket.

Then another black and white check is bound all around—the hemless skirt included—with a narrow black silk braid. These are the styles that are the most common looking. The nicest black and white model that I have seen was of a checked serge, the bell skirt fitted into a yoke, a jacket medium length, cut in a three-piece back and holding the fullness over the hips. The skirt was lined with steel ball buttons. The collar and cuffs were as we see on a man's coat. With this was worn a white hat and shoes and gloves. The girl had a big bunch of purple violets tucked in at the waist.

There are these three forms of jacket, Norfolk, zouave and plain cut on the lines more or less of a fitted riding habit jacket, that are changed in detail, but it is in the coloring of the tailored suit jacket. The coloring of the cloth used in tailored gowns is most always dark, navy blue by far being the preference, black, brown, mixed brown and tan. There is the Joffe blue, the color a cadet of the new French military uniform, and a cadet blue and a Belgian blue that has the faintest suggestion of green. White

BROADWAY'S \$500,000 HEIRESS WHO REGRETS TANGO ESCAPADES ON NEW YORK'S GREAT WHITE WAY AND GOES HOME WITH MOTHER.



MISS EUGENIA KELLY.

Serge is the only light color worn. Though one of the big houses told me that white would be greatly worn later and that a black and white Summer was predicted.

Taffeta Frocks Numberless. The taffeta frock: Numberless as the flowers of the garden are they in color, form and design, and like the flowers, they are unlike one to another. Changeable taffeta, taffeta checked and striped and spotted with bouquets and plain taffeta. All the colors of the rainbow and then some French colors added. The skirts of these dresses are all full. At the waist line they are shirred or smocked or pleated or gathered and at the bottom, cut in points, square, round or pointed or finished with a simple hem. These wide skirts are trimmed with narrow little pleating, or ruffles or corded puffs.

Still these taffeta frocks have the air of being simple because they are mostly self-trimmed and that does not give the idea of elaboration. The taffeta itself is smart and can be made on simple lines. Nothing could be less complicated than the waists of these dresses. They have mostly elbow sleeves and collars of white muslin or organdy and sometimes tulle pleated in a ruch that stands out about the neck. Somewhere placed upon these frocks is a delightful bouquet of artificial flowers. It is the cut of the line that gives them their chicness. The little basques and others are just buttoned straight up the front.

SEPARATE PEACE TRIED

RUSSIAN SAYS IT IS TRUE OVER-TURES WERE MADE.

Italy's Compensation to Be Acquisition of Commercial Influence in Balkans, Avers Sazanoff.

MILAN, Italy, via Paris, May 29.—Sergius Sazanoff, Russian Foreign Minister, interviewed by a correspondent of the Secolo, is quoted as saying it was true Austria and Germany attempted to conclude a separate peace with Russia, but that such a thing was impossible. "All the allies are entirely in accord," M. Sazanoff continued. "Consequently the war will continue until it is possible to conclude a really lasting peace. It will be a long, hard war, as the enemy is still strong. Knowledge of his strength must make us stronger and more persevering in our efforts to reach a definite result."

M. Sazanoff expressed the opinion that Italy, in terminating her alliance with Austria and Germany, had acted wisely. He asserted Italy's principal compensation for her present trouble would be the acquisition of the commercial influence in the Balkans previously possessed by Austria and Germany.

M. Sazanoff urged that Italy cultivate good relations with the Slavs. Otherwise, he said, the Dalmatian Coast, which had been assigned to Italy, would be a wall instead of a bridge in her relations with the Balkans.

WAR INVOLVES MORE THAN HALF OF THE WORLD'S POPULATION.

More than half of the entire population of the world is at war since Italy has joined in the great European conflict, according to the figures compiled by expert statisticians. These show the entire population of the world as 1,721,426,000 and the population of the countries engaged in hostilities as 974,296,000. The composite strength of the allies is given as 817,216,000, and that of the combined Teutons is placed at 159,980,000. How the various belligerent countries are giving their manhood to the war is shown in the following table:

Table showing population of belligerent countries. Allies: British Empire (422,800,000), France and colonies (244,000,000), Russian Empire (171,000,000), Italy and colonies (36,800,000), Belgium and Congo (23,000,000), Japan (67,000,000), Serbia (2,900,000), Montenegro (216,000). Total Allies: 817,216,000. Teutons: German Empire (78,000,000), Austria-Hungary (45,000,000), Turkey (31,980,000). Total Teutons: 154,980,000.

GIRL IS RECONCILED

Sister of Frank Gould's Former Wife Is Sorry.

MISDEEDS CAUSE REGRET

Eugenia Kelly, Broadway's "\$500,000 Heiress," No More to Tangle on Great White Way Because Judge Advises Her.

NEW YORK, May 25.—With tears streaming down her cheeks, Mrs. Helen Kelly and her 19-year-old daughter, Eugenia, known in Broadway tango circles as "the \$500,000 heiress," reconciled their differences in the Yorkville Police Court today, and the charges of incorrigibility pending against the girl dismissed and went away to their home together.

Magistrate House in dismissing the case took occasion to offer some advice to the principals. He told Miss Kelly that she had "acted foolishly," but said that he believed she had been badly advised. He intimated a regret that Mrs. Kelly had "resorted to the courts," but reminded the girl that her mother was her best friend and expressed the wish that she would remember it in any possible future disagreements.

Two hours before the opening of court the young heiress had not only charge, sadly, but with a satisfied smile, against her, but in a statement in the newspapers had announced her intention to "fight the case to a finish." It is understood that the reconciliation was due to the efforts of George J. Gillespie, attorney for Mrs. Ralph Thomas, sister of the accused girl, who succeeded Frank L. Crocker as her counsel.

Magistrate House called Mrs. Kelly to the stand, saying he wanted to hear her story. Mrs. Kelly said that she was "willing to take her daughter back" when she was overcome. Sobbing aloud, she bowed her head on the magistrate's desk and was unable to go on. With Mrs. Kelly on the stand, Magistrate House motioned to the daughter, who was dabbling at her eyes with her handkerchief, and asked her to stand up.

MASONIC TIES SEVERED

German Grand Lodge Ceases Relations With Italians and French.

BERLIN, via London, May 29.—The German grand lodge of Freemasons today adopted the following declaration: "In view of the attitude of the Italian Freemasons, who, inspired by French sympathy, took part in the political struggle leading to the war and thereby violated the cardinal principle of Freemasonry expressly forbidding such methods, the German grand lodge hereby severs all former relations with Italian and French Freemasonry."

"Toward Freemasons in other hostile lands the grand lodge reaffirms the decision adopted at an earlier date that all relations of various grand lodges be suspended from the outbreak of hostilities." Because of present rates of foreign exchange a dollar in American gold is worth about 10.2 cents in England, 11.5 cents in Germany and 10.5 cents in France.

SPIES POINT WAY

Austro-German Espionage in Italy Is Widespread.

MANY SIGNALS ARE GIVEN

Advertising Signs Along Railway Lines Give Directions to Aircraft, Factory Smoke Aids Fleet in Bombardment.

ITALIAN FRONTIER, May 29.—The spy mania which has developed along the Italo-Austrian frontier apparently is justified by the reported discovery of a secret code. Buysa anchored off the coast are believed to have been designed to serve as range finders for naval artillery.

It is asserted that it was one of these planes which enabled Austrian warship at Senigallia (16 miles northwest of Ancona) to fire with such accuracy as to strike a revolving railway bridge. Transport was passing when the shell struck and eight soldiers were killed, while several others were wounded.

Factory Smoke Used as Signal. Residents of Rimini maintain the Austrian squadron was signalled by dense columns of black smoke which rose from the chimneys of a factory in which Austrians were employed. Signals are reported to have been given at Ancona by means of rockets from one of the first families in this city. Your grandfather was one of the highest types of men that this city has known.

"I am young, and I wish to tell you that your best friend is your mother. Whatever may be your disagreements hereafter, remember that your mother is the best friend you have."

At a meeting at Ancona between General Asinari, the Mayor of the city, Deputy Pacetti, Deputy Bocconi, and the archbishop, with revolutionary leaders who last June attempted to proclaim a republic, the revolutionists pledged themselves to give their property and their lives as necessary in the struggle to crush Austria.

HIGH SCHOOL DEDICATED

Mr. Alderman Talks at Exercises in The Dalles \$150,000 Building.

THE DALLES, Or., May 29.—(Special.)—Seven hundred and fifty persons crowded into the auditorium of The Dalles High School last night to witness the formal dedication of the new \$150,000 structure.

L. A. Alderman, superintendent of the Portland public schools, was the principal speaker. He urged the need of a broader scope of education and advocated the use of the high school, not only by the pupils during the daytime, but by the whole people at other times.

DR. LOVELAND RETURNS

Pastor, Home From Son's Wedding, Will Occupy Pulpit Today.

Dr. Frank L. Loveland, pastor of the First Methodist Church, returned last night from Topeka, Kan., where he officiated Wednesday at the wedding of his son, Dr. Forrest L. Loveland, and he will preach as usual in the pulpit of the First Church here today. The evening service will be a memorial observance and members of the Grand Army especially are invited to attend.

HEIGHTS DEARLY WON

ALLIES CAPTURE OF LE PRETRE FOREST IS DESCRIBED.

Offensive Never Permitted to Relax, Though Severe Checks Were Suffered and Advance Was Slow.

PARIS, May 29.—The official "eye witness" of the French Army gives a supplementary report containing details of the capture of the forest of Le Pretre which for the past seven months, has been the scene of continual fighting. The account says: "Our offensive never relaxed in this region, although many times we suffered severe checks, so our advance necessarily was slow. The heights were heavily fortified by checkerboard trenches, subterranean tunnels between huge trenches and trees which served as breastworks."

DR. B. E. WRIGHT



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THE MAN WHO SAVES TEETH—WON'T HURT YOU AND WON'T ROB YOU. North-west Building—Entrance on Washington Street. Office Hours: 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Consultation Free.

Advertisement for Ben Selling shoes. "One flag, one land, one heart, one hand, One Nation evermore!" This store will be closed all day on Monday in observance of Memorial Day.

Advertisement for Rosenthal's shoes. "Quality Wins" in the race for business many firms buy shoes which "LOOK LIKE" high-grade shoes, copying the lasts, styles, etc., so that to the average citizen they LOOK LIKE good shoes.

Advertisement for Rosenthal's shoes. Portland's Best Shoe Store. 129 10th St., bet. Washington and Alder.

Advertisement for "HUMANITY FIRST". What a Vote for No. 110 on the Ballot Means. This measure, if adopted by the voters, will enable the Council in its discretion to enter into a contract upon such terms as may be satisfactory to the Council with the Humane Society for the maintenance and operation of the dog pound.

Advertisement for Dr. B. E. Wright's dental work. "ECONOMY IS THE WATCHWORD WE SAVE YOU MONEY ON YOUR Dental Work". We Save Your Nerves, We Save You Pain, We Save You Time, We Save You From Fakers. This Is TRUE ECONOMY.