

RUSSIANS CONTINUE WITH FRESH ARMIES

Reinforcements Pour in Unending Stream Against Enemy in Carpathians.

FLANK ATTACK PLANNED

Budapest Admits Invaders Are Meeting Success, but Says Losses Are Enormous—Advance Made in Snow Seven Feet Deep.

LONDON, April 11.—Telegraphic advices received last night (Saturday) from Budapest say that, notwithstanding their recent losses in the Carpathians, the Russians are continuing their attacks with undiminished vigor.

A heavy artillery engagement above Barfok is reported. After this battle the Russians attempted to storm the Austrian positions. The Russians are now exerting all their strength to force a passage through the Austro lines in the western part of the Saros region in order to make a flank attack on the Austrian position in the Malkowice Valley.

GERMANS POSITIONS STORMED

The Russian official statement issued at Petrograd yesterday (Saturday) says: "To the west of the Nieman River at dawn on Friday we attacked the German positions near Kalwaja and Ludwinow and after a stubborn bayonet fight captured two lines of trenches. We took 600 prisoners, among whom were several officers and eight mitrailleuses.

In the Carpathians, in the direction of Mesolaborce, we took the offensive from positions near Cabolce and dislodged the enemy from Wirawa. At Vojanichova we captured height 909, which means that the enemy has been driven back along the extent of the principal chain of the Carpathians in the region of our offensive.

In the direction of Rostoki, the enemy received considerable reinforcements Thursday and made violent counter-attacks.

THOUSAND PRISONERS TAKEN

We repulsed them and captured a thousand prisoners, including 90 officers. Our offensive from the line Nijunia-Destuzica-Volost-Bukowicz toward the south continued, notwithstanding the excessive difficult local conditions.

Forcing their way through snow more than seven feet deep, our troops at several points approached the German positions in the Uskok Valley. Near Rosochacz and Rozanka the enemy made two attacks which were blocked.

There is no important change in other sections of our front. A semi-official statement issued at Petrograd, says a Reuter dispatch announces that several German officers of high rank were killed and several others injured when a train carrying the staff of an army corps was derailed in the section of Poland occupied by the Germans.

GERMANS TAKE CONTENTED HEIGHT

According to a dispatch from Vienna, the Austrian War Department gave out the following official statement: "In the wooded mountains to the east of Uskok Pass seven fighting companies of the 1st and 2nd regiments captured a height to the north of Tuscholka which since April 5 had been hotly contested and stubbornly defended by the Russians. One colonel and more than 1000 men were captured and 15 machine guns were taken.

Strong attacks against the German and our positions in Opor Valley in the district of Stryj failed, with severe Russian losses. Yesterday we captured 2150 prisoners.

A dispatch to the Secolo, at Milan, from Petrograd, just repeated to London says that the insistent reports heard in the Russian capital of negotiations for a separate peace with Austria are based upon the supposition that Galicia and probably some other territory would be exchanged with Russia for guarantees of preservation of Austrian integrity in the Transylvanian provinces. Sentiment

FRANCE INVITES AMERICANS

Nation Will Appreciate Visits by Tourists as Usual.

PARIS, April 10.—Many Americans, whose habit it has been to motor on the Continent in Summer, have written to Abel Bailif, president of the Touring Club of France, which has a membership of 130,000, asking whether it is possible and proper for Americans to tour in France during the war.

M. Bailif has answered these inquiries in part as follows: "Not only is it possible, but it would be agreeable and appreciated by the French people to have Americans visit France as usual. The roads generally are in excellent condition, and all accommodations are ready for the opening of the season. The Touring Club of France will give its assistance in attending to all formalities made necessary by martial law."

M. Bailif says the railroad service is virtually re-established in France.

HUERTA PROTEST SHAPING

Villa-Zapata Agency Preparing Accusations of Conspiracy.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The Villa-Zapata agency here gave out a statement today saying that it would "in due course address itself to the Government of the United States, indicating its view of the presence of General Huerta on American territory.

It was declared to be the purpose of General Huerta and the Cientifico element, according to information in the possession of the provisional government, to initiate a hostile movement along the frontier, for the purpose of attempting to procure their restoration to power in Mexico.

Officially it was stated that the Villa agency would protest against the admission of Huerta.

LADY PAGET STREET NAME

Uskub to Recognize Woman's Services With Red Cross in Serbia.

NISH, Serbia, via London, April 10.—In recognition of the devotion of Lady Ralph Paget, the municipal council of Uskub has decided to rename the finest street in that city after her.

Lady Paget, wife of Sir Ralph Spencer Paget, a member of the British diplomatic service, is a granddaughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Paron Stevens, of New York. She has been in Serbia working with the Red Cross for some time, and became ill but is now convalescent. An erroneous report saying she was dead was at one time sent out.

The death roll of Serbian doctors from typhus fever is heavy. During the last two months 107 doctors out of 452 have lost their lives.

REVERSES DENIED BY BERLIN

Germans Say French Losses Cause Abatement of Attacks.

BERLIN, via London, April 10.—The official war office statement of today follows: "The booty taken at Drel Grachten (in Belgium) was increased to five officers, 122 men and five machine guns.

In Champagne, north of Beaunejour, our troops evacuated trenches taken yesterday by French heavy artillery. French attacks in this district were repulsed. "Battles between the Austro and German lines, with the same fierceness, near the villages of Fromesey and Gussainville, east of Verdun, which the French reported had been taken by the French soldiers who have been buried to the present. These villages are situated far in front of our positions.

"Between the Orne and the heights of the Meuse the French suffered a heavy defeat yesterday. All their attacks broke down under our fire. In the Combres hill they obtained a temporary foothold in certain sections of our outer line trenches but were partly driven back again by a night attack. These battles continued.

"Attacks against our positions north of St. Mihiel also were entirely without success. Minor advances on the front at Alilly and Apremont were repulsed. Engagements at Filray were of a less lively character, probably on account of the heavy losses suffered by the enemy on April 8. Two machine guns were captured by us.

"On the front at Remenuville and in the forest of Le Pretre all French attacks were repulsed. On the western border of Le Pretre forest the enemy finally lost that part of the positions

FIGHTING IN WEST GROWS IN VIOLENCE

French Say They Not Only Hold Ground, but Gain Between Meuse and Moselle.

GERMAN LOSS IS HEAVY

Cost to Enemy at Les Eparges in Last Two Months Estimated by Paris at 30,000 Men—Position of Greatest Importance.

PARIS, via London, April 10.—The following official statement regarding the progress of the campaign was issued by the French war office tonight: "Between the Meuse and the Moselle we have retained all the ground gained and have made fresh progress. Between the Orne and the Meuse there have been no engagements.

"At Les Eparges the enemy has undertaken no action other with infantry or artillery, and the day passed quietly. The whole position is in our power and statements of prisoners emphasize the importance of our success.

"Division Exhausted in March. "The Germans since the end of February had in this part of the front the entire 23rd division of reserves. Then, toward the end of March, when that division was exhausted, the tenth active division of the fifth army corps, composed of the best troops of their army, was brought up. It is this division which has just lost the veritable fortress constructed on the spur of Les Eparges.

"The troops had frequently been ordered to hold on at all costs; they were told that the position was of the greatest importance, and their general said that in order to keep it he would sacrifice the division. The army corps of 100,000 men, if necessary.

German Losses 30,000. "The losses suffered by the Germans at Les Eparges during the last two months amount to 30,000 men.

"In the forest of Montmare we have carried another line of trenches and repulsed a counter attack. To the north of Regneville we have consolidated and slightly extended our position.

"In Lorraine half a company which last night had rushed forward as far as the village of Bezange la Grande, situated between our lines and the German lines, was surrounded by superior forces and captured.

ADDED LOSSES RECORDED

British Continue to Publish Lists of Neuve Chapelle Casualties.

LONDON, April 10.—The fourth British casualty list issued by the War Office this week, showing 1223 additional losses, was given out today. Of the total, 403 were killed and the others wounded.

These losses were due largely to the fighting last month, which resulted in the capture by the British of the French town of Neuve Chapelle. Today's list brings up the total of casualties announced this week to 5223, of which 1734 men were killed.

WILSON REFUSES TELEPHONE SPEECH

WASHINGTON, April 10.—President Wilson declined today to make a speech over the telephone to members of the St. Paul Traffic Club because he could not "make a good long-distance speech." He had promised to address the club in case he went to San Francisco this month, and today governor Hammond, of Minnesota, called to suggest the telephone talk.

ABSENT VOTERS BILL PASSED IN IOWA

DES MOINES, April 10.—The Iowa Senate today passed the Klinker bill, which provides that absent voters may send their ballots to their home precincts by mail. It was designed primarily for the benefit of traveling men. The bill now goes to the Governor, having already been passed in the House.

ACCUSED SPY HELD

Lady's Attorneys to Defend Invisible Ink Suspect.

GERMAN BIRTH ADMITTED

Anton Kuepferle, However, Says He Became American Citizen in 1912 and United States Is Asked to Guard Interests.

LONDON, April 10.—Anton Kuepferle, who was recently arrested by the British authorities and is being held for trial on the charge of espionage, says he was born in Germany in 1884, and that he became a naturalized American citizen in Brooklyn in 1912. He also says that when in America he was a salesman.

Kuepferle being indignant, the crown has designated the attorneys for the American Consul-General to defend him. These attorneys are the ones who defended Carl Hans Lody, the German lieutenant who had lived in New York and Omaha and who was executed in the Tower of London, after having been found guilty by a court-martial on charges of having communicated with the enemy.

Kuepferle is charged with having written and signed his own name to many letters to persons on the Continent conveying information concerning the movements of British troops. The information is alleged to have been written with invisible ink between the lines.

NEW YORK, April 10.—Anton Kuepferle, awaiting trial in London on a charge of espionage, may be the man known by the name of "Red" who started the five months ago for London, after telling his acquaintances and friends that he was going into business in London.

August Schlosser, a relative of the Anton Kuepferle known in Brooklyn, said the latter was about 30, a bachelor and well to do. He was born in Baden, Germany, and became naturalized about four years ago. He was in the woolen business in this city until he left for London about five months ago.

Schlosser said the United States Government would be asked to look after his relative's interests.

JITNEY OWNERS IN RUSH

EFFORT MADE AT LAST MINUTE TO COMPLY WITH NEW LAWS.

SPOKANE, Wash., April 10.—(Special)—An eleventh-hour rush on the part of jitney bus and taxicab drivers, eager at the last moment to comply with the new state law and city ordinances effecting their line of work, started at the City Hall this morning. A large number of drivers have informed the Department of Public Safety that they are negotiating for the \$2500 bond required of auto buses under the new state law and for the state license, costing \$20 a year.

Up to 10 o'clock this morning a total of 45 drivers, most of them in charge of taxicabs, whose employers are seeking to enjoin the authorities from enforcing the bonding provision and the new state law, had procured their permits to drive.

As rapidly as possible the jitney bus men and taxicab outfits are being warned by the department that, as the new law, which will become effective tonight at 12 o'clock, makes it a gross misdemeanor to operate an auto bus in any kind after the time without a bond and license, arrests may be expected in the next week for violations.

DOCKERS' STRIKE BROKEN

Threats of Leaders Have Desired Effect at Birkenhead.

LONDON, April 10.—Formation of a dockers' battalion, coupled with the threat of the department that it would suspend the strikers, had the anticipated effect at Birkenhead today and the week-end strike of the dockers collapsed.

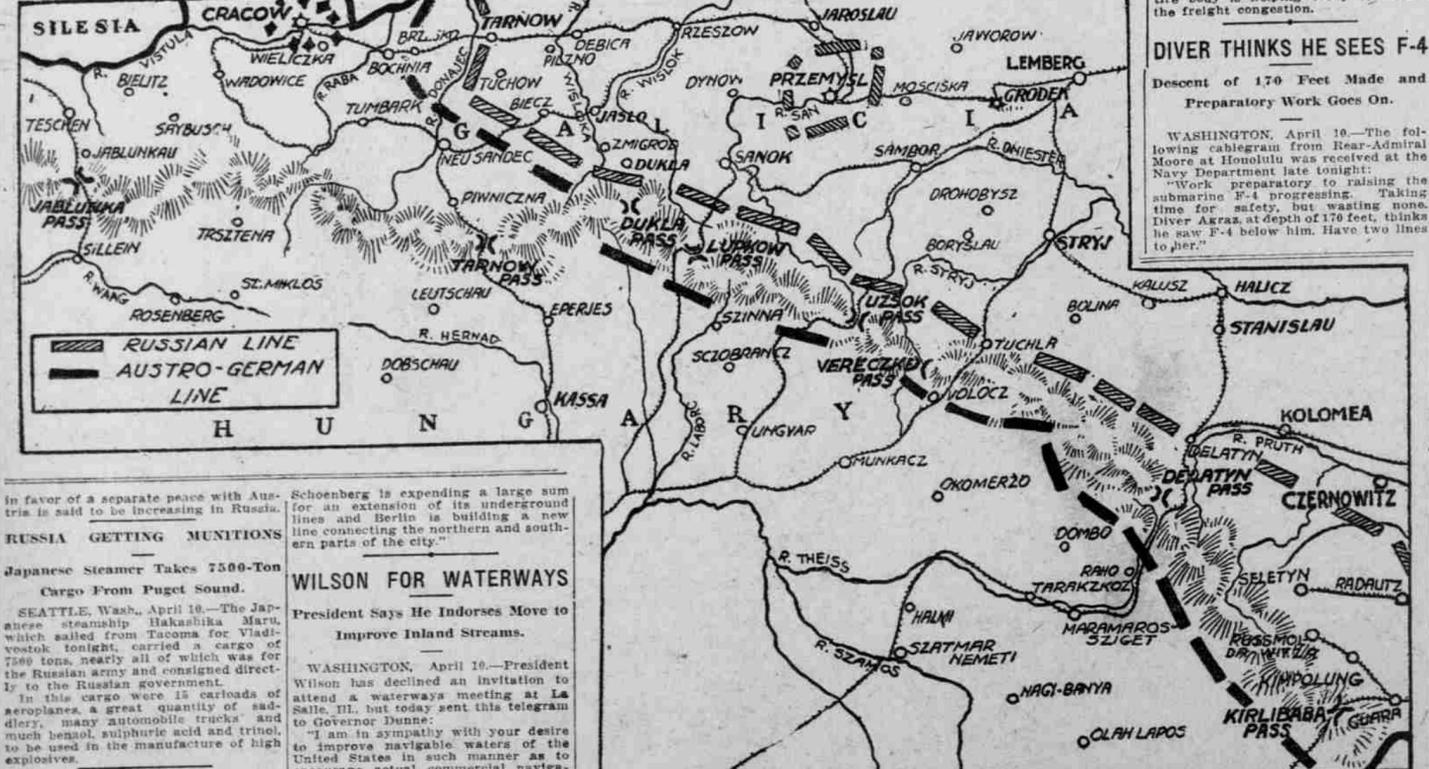
After refusing for six weeks to work overtime or on Saturdays, the men have given in and practically the entire body is helping today to relieve the freight congestion.

DIVER THINKS HE SEES F-4

Descent of 170 Feet Made and Preparatory Work Goes On.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The following cablegram from Rear-Admiral Moore at Honolulu was received at the Navy Department last tonight: "Work preparatory to raising the submarine F-4 progressing. Taking time for safety, but waiting none. Diver Akras at depth of 170 feet, thinks he saw F-4 below him. Have two lines to her."

PASSES OF CARPATHIANS, WHERE AUSTRIA AND RUSSIA FACE EACH OTHER.



RUSSIA GETTING MUNITIONS

Japanese Steamer Takes 7500-Ton Cargo From Puget Sound.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 10.—The Japanese steamship Hakasika Maru, which sailed from Tacoma, Wash., yesterday, carried a cargo of 7500 tons, nearly all of which was for the Russian army and consigned directly to the Russian government.

In this cargo were 15 carloads of aeroplanes, a great quantity of saddlery, many automobile trucks and much benzol, sulphuric acid and trinitrotoluene to be used in the manufacture of high explosives.

WILSON FOR WATERWAYS

President Says He Indorses Move to Improve Inland Streams.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—President Wilson has declined an invitation to attend a waterways meeting at La Salle, Ill., but today sent this telegram to Governor Dunne: "I am in sympathy with your desire to improve navigable waters of the United States in such manner as to encourage actual commercial navigation on a permanent basis. A through water route from the Great Lakes to the Mississippi and down the Mississippi to New Orleans, where connections with sea-going vessels can be made, should afford a valuable opportunity for the development of such commerce."

Russia Assaults in the Carpathians Have Recently Forced the Withdrawal of Austrian Forces From the Beskid Region. That Section of the Carpathians Lying Between Dukla and Uskok Passes, the Russian Success Being Admitted in a Vienna Official Bulletin. According to a Berlin Dispatch the Austrians Have Checked Russian Onslaughts in Dukla Pass.

A Million Dollars For Labor. If the Good Roads Bond Proposition Carries. Let's all exercise a little common sense and pull together for this, the biggest factor in bringing prosperous conditions; let's quit knocking just because it isn't our game and begin boosting any proposition that means public good. Try it and see how much better you will feel. Get rid of your grouch; begin, and keep on, smiling. And when you begin trading at this, the ideal store for men and women, it will have a tendency to keep you in a cheerful mood, because we supply you with right-style, good-quality clothes at reasonable prices. Our Chesterfield Clothes are the best made. Priced \$20.00 and up. Let us be your clothier and also supply the Furnishings and Hats to wear with the clothes. Just Come and See Us R. M. GRAY Washington and West Park

Business Is Good! There's a Reason. Excellent quality, liberal quantity, large variety. Low prices, quick service, clean. Cozy Dairy Lunch 323 Washington Street, Near Sixth. Day and Night. Fresh Pastry Morning and Night. SPECIAL 35c CHICKEN DINNER TODAY

The Nortonia. Offers to the transient as well as the residential guest the advantages of 200 rooms, with baths and shower baths—the tea-room, with dancing floor—the spacious lobbies and parlors—the "different" American plan dining-rooms, with excellent table d'hote service. Ladies visiting the city alone will be delighted with the surroundings. Luncheon, dinner or tea parties arranged for under the personal supervision of the management. Washington and Eleventh Streets, Portland, Oregon

SHOES. For Men and Women; \$5 and \$6 styles. Our buying in huge quantities for 47 stores and low rent Saves You From \$1 to \$2 On Every Purchase. Gentlemen's Dress Boots Patent and Fine Black Russian. Values \$5.00... \$2.90. \$6 and \$7 Shoes. Fine Gray or Tan Cloth Top. The New Foot Millinery for Her Ladyship. The American Lady. Boston Sample Shoe Store 129 4th St. bet. Washington & Alder.