

RUSSIANS DEFEATED BY QUIET STRATEGY

German Move to Reinforce Austrians Made to Veil Advance in East Prussia.

MUCH BOOTY IS TAKEN

Military Critic Believes Plans of Grand Duke Nicholas Have Been Wholly Shattered—Talent for Organization Is Shown.

BERLIN, via London, Feb. 13.—The success of the Germans in East Prussia emphasizes, according to the view held here, the quiet strategy of Field Marshal Hindenburg, which is designed to strike an enemy when and where the blow is least expected.

After the Russian strength on the Warsaw front proved too great, and a flanking movement became necessary, Field Marshal von Hindenburg decided to choose the left wing, owing to the better equipment of East Prussia with railways and because the colder weather offered better prospects for successful operations, the snow being no hindrance.

Plan Velled From Russians. Von Hindenburg veiled his plans by reinforcing the Austrians in the Carpathians in order to make the strong diversion and misled the Russians into thinking that the real flanking movement was to be carried out there. Meanwhile he assembled a strong army above the Masurian Lakes, composed for the most part of fresh recruits.

Major Morath, the military critic of the Tageblatt, says that the Russian defeat must have an unfavorable effect on the general Russian plans, for this, he adds, was "a defeat in the fullest sense of the word," as evidenced by the immense booty and the hasty evacuation of the position mentioned in the official bulletin.

Effect May Soon Be Seen. Major Morath believes that one of the first effects of this success will be eastward of Thorn, where the Russians some time ago moved their headquarters across the Rawka River.

"This movement," continues the writer, "evidently was designed by Grand Duke Nicholas to put the pressure on the Warsaw front. He miscalculated, however, the strength of the possible German advance from West Prussia, which here, too, is ready shattering the Russian general plan of campaign, as shown in the operations to the north and west of Sierpoc, where the Germans captured hundreds of prisoners in two days' fighting, ending with the occupation of Sierpoc."

"These successes in the eastern arena prove the superiority of the German talent for organization, which causes painful astonishment for the Russians. This talent is not confined to any one man, so far as it is now understood; it is not the work of any individual and prominent leader like Napoleon a century ago, but the result of experience constantly utilized.

"The great German achievements in creating new armies will perhaps be attributed later to a genius of a great organizer. At any rate our capacity for creating armies and putting them on the right spot proves that the German general staff is utilizing the experiences gained in the Franco-Prussian war.

"But what a different aspect is presented by the present war, which is one of organization. Prepared by incessant intellectual and creative work, executed with profound self-confidence and grounded upon a whole people's spirit of self-sacrifice in peace and war, a movement has resulted which must succeed.

"Whoever had imagined a few months ago that German armies would be operating on the Roumanian frontier and in the Carpathians would have regarded as a fantastic dream. Whoever had tried to estimate in figures the numbers of German troops now actually rolling toward the frontiers by railway would have been believed, even by the most ardent of the active army officers. The dangers of the situation with enemies on all sides have given the German people the power of a new advance from one victory to another."

Victory Regarded as Decisive. The military expert of the Mittag Zeitung, Major von Schreiberhagen, writes: "The victory must have a decisive effect upon the general operations. The Germans seized the initiative and have achieved results which will have lasting effects and bring Germany and Austria a long step toward a final decision. Their operations have developed in an extraordinarily favorable manner and the foundations have been laid for further successes. The latest victories in East Prussia, the Carpathians and Bukovina are the first steps towards further blows for crushing the enemy."

The municipalities composing greater Berlin have virtually decided, owing to the vast expenditures caused by the war, to raise the municipal income tax 20 per cent.

ARTILLERY BUSY ON VISTULA

Petrograd Says German Moving Columns Were Bombarded.

PETROGRAD, Feb. 13.—The following statement from the general staff of the Russian commander-in-chief was issued tonight: "On the Niemen-Vistula front fighting has taken place to the west of Lyck, in the region of Lyck, near Kaysie, and to the east of Perpet. In the region of Lyck we successfully repulsed the German attacks and inflicted on the enemy heavy losses.

"On the left bank of the Vistula our artillery successfully bombarded the enemy's columns, moving in various directions.

"In the Carpathians our troops occupied the fortified heights in the region of Swidnik and also those between the Lupkow pass and the Upper San, where we captured about 1,000 prisoners. On the front between the Ulok and Tuchla passes, we forced the Germans to fall back a little from the Kosziulka heights. The enemy is entrenched about 40 feet from our trenches. At Wyszakow we repulsed a stubborn attack by the enemy."

AUSTRIANS CLAIM VICTORIES

Number of Russian Prisoners in Recent Battles Given as 29,000.

VIENNA, via London, Feb. 13.—The following Austrian official statement was given out here tonight: "In Russian Poland and West Galicia nothing noteworthy has occurred. The situation along the Carpathian

SNOWSTORM CHECKS ARTILLERY ACTION

French Say Effective Support Is Impossible Because of Weather.

MINE SURPRISES SPRUNG

Allies' Heavy Guns Reach Railway Station at Noyon—German Counter Attack in Woods Near Souvain Successful.

BATTLE FOUGHT IN AIR

BRITON TRYING FOR BRUSSELS REPORTED BROUGHT DOWN.

Renewed Activity by Both German and French Aviators in Upper Alsace. Noted From Sandgau.

BERLIN, Feb. 13.—(By wireless to London.)—Repeated attempts have been made recently by British and French airmen to reach Brussels. On Thursday of this week an English aeroplane approached the Belgian capital, presumably to bombard the German camp there.

A German aeroplane ascended and a fierce fight ensued, ending in victory for the Germans. The British machine suddenly crashed to the ground and its occupants were picked up dead.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—Great activity of French and German air craft is reported from the Sandgau region of Upper Alsace, according to a dispatch from Basel, Switzerland, to the Paris Temps. The machines are flying at a great height and generally avoid coming down.

A Zeppelin dirigible balloon, coming from the direction of the Black Forest, flew over Muehlhausen towards the French fortress of Belfort and entered into an engagement with the French airmen, but with what result, the message says, is not known.

SHIPS CLOSELY GUARDED

LANE OF BRITISH WAR VESSELS PROTECTS SHIPPING.

Voyager Says Destroyers, Moving at Great Speed, Were Seen Everywhere Leaving England.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Passengers arriving here today on the British steamer Megantic from Liverpool said that extra precautions apparently were being taken to protect shipping in and out of English ports from torpedo or submarine attack.

Charles A. Nelson, of Utica, N. Y., said the Megantic, leaving Liverpool February 3, was closely guarded by destroyers until she was well clear of the channel.

It appeared as if we were going through a lane of war vessels, said Mr. Nelson. "The destroyers were moving back and forth at a rapid speed."

The Nizam of Hyderabad, one of the native rulers of India, has equipped and sent to England a force of 50,000 men, according to Father Amatuz, a Belgian Catholic priest, for the last 13 years a missionary in India, and one of the Megantic's passengers.

"India is loyal to the mother country," said Father Amatuz. "Territorial troops have been moving to Emland from the beginning of the war. The men are eager to get into the trenches."

STRIKING PHOTOGRAPH FROM REAR OF BATTLEFIELD.



Photo Copyright by Underwood & Underwood. Two French Infantrymen Bringing in Wounded Comrade.

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BERLIN, Feb. 13.—The French War Office reports today that snow storms have hampered the fighting by making it difficult for the artillery to give efficient support. Nevertheless, there have been some bombardment and surprise moves, such as the blowing up of trenches with mines.

The official report issued tonight said: "In Belgium there have been artillery actions. At La Boisselle we blew up the railway station of Noyon. In the Champagne district, in the region of Souain, one of our battalions, which had been successful in taking possession of the trench in front of our trenches, was not able to maintain its position before a counter attack by superior forces.

"A violent snowstorm has prevented the artillery from rendering efficient support."

The earlier official report said: "From the sea, between the Oise and the Aisne, as well as in Champagne, there was yesterday great activity on the part of the artillery of both sides. Some 10 aviators have flown over the region of Verdun. The bombs thrown by them did no damage. During the night of February 11-12 there were two German attacks on our positions in the Forest of Caures, north of Verdun, which were repulsed.

"In Lorraine, the German attack on our positions at Arracourt, mentioned in our report of last night, was led by one company, while at the same time another German company endeavored with no greater success to occupy our positions at Kenzey.

"In Alsace the enemy has bombarded the positions we took February 12 near Mount Sudekopf. Because of the thorough organization of our trenches, the effects of this bombardment were insignificant."

AMERICAN AMMUNITION FOUND

German Report Discovery on Western Battle Front.

BERLIN, Feb. 13 (by wireless to London).—The official statement issued today by the German army headquarters says: "In the western theater of war, enemy aviators yesterday again dropped bombs on the coast, as they also did the day before (Thursday). The bombs caused regrettable damage to the civil population, while from the military point of view we suffered only slight losses.

"On the extreme western front artillery ammunition was found which

NATIONAL DEFENSE TOPIC

Harvard, Yale and Princeton to Debate Subject Vital to Country.

PRINCETON, N. J., Feb. 13.—The subject chosen for the annual triangular debate between Harvard, Yale and Princeton, it was announced here, will be:

"Resolved, That the best interests of the United States demand a prompt and substantial increase in our Army and Navy."

The debate will be held in March. The innovation that was made last year by Princeton of having only undergraduates eligible to participate in the debate has been adopted by Harvard and Yale.

FRENCH LOAN IS DECREED

Billion Francs, at 5 Per Cent, Issued at 90 1-2 Francs.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—President Poincare today signed a decree, authorizing the issue of 1,000,000,000 francs national defense bonds, bearing 5 per cent interest, at the emission price of 96 francs 50 centimes, and payable at par in 1925. The government reserves the privilege of redeeming the bonds after 1920.

The bonds are exempt from income and other taxes. They are to be admitted to the official Bourse quotations and are to be issued on February 25 in sums of from 100 francs (\$20) up.

CONUL'S MAIL REFUSED

GERMANS RETURN LETTER TO AGENT IN LUXEMBURG.

Sealed Envelope Addressed to State Department at Washington Returned Without Being Opened.

LUXEMBURG, Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, Feb. 13.—The German military authorities here have refused to transmit a package containing the American Consular Agent's accounts because it was sealed in an envelope addressed to the State Department at Washington. The package, under instructions from the commandant, was returned to the agent unopened.

SPANISH GOVERNMENT

Washington Not Yet Notified, but Admits Situation Is Growing Worse.

SPECULATION IS REFUSED

Carranza Justifies Expulsion of Minister on Ground He Conspired With Villa and Gave Asylum to Murderer.

TURKS ENTER PROTEST

SINKING OF SHIP UNDER AMERICAN FLAG TAKEN UP.

Use of Colors Authorized by Consul at Smyrna Because of American Interests Involved.

BERLIN, Feb. 13.—(By wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—Advices received here today from Constantinople say that the Turkish government will protest against the sinking by the Russians of the steamship Washington, while sailing under the American flag. The vessel is reported to have been sunk on February 8 while engaged in carrying Red Cross supplies between Constantinople and Trebizond.

The Washington was owned by the Archipelago-American Steamship Company, which controls a fleet of boats named after the American states and plying between Mediterranean ports. The steamship Texas, which struck a mine and sank in the Gulf of Smyrna in May, 1913, in the Turkish-Italian war, belonged to this company.

The Archipelago-American Steamship Company is owned in large part by naturalized American Greeks, and is chartered under Mexican laws, though the American registry has been granted to its vessels. At the time of the anti-Greek boycott directed against the ships of this company, some years ago, however, the line was authorized to fly the American flag by the American Consul at Smyrna, because the company was largely controlled by American interests.

BLIND SOLDIERS TAUGHT

Typewriting and Farming Among Subjects in New British School.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—Otto H. Kahn, the American banker, has planned the disposal of a committee appointed to care for and educate soldiers and sailors who have been made blind in the war. In London residence, St. Dunstan's Lodge, Regent's Park, which has 14 acres of ground.

The committee, which is under the chairmanship of C. Arthur Pearson, honorary treasurer of the National Institute for the Blind, who himself is blind, has raised a fund. The men are being taught to read and write and are being instructed in typewriting, farming and other useful occupations, besides learning sports and games.

SOLDIER KEEPS PAROLE

Frenchman Released by Kaiser Returns After Mother Dies.

BERLIN, Feb. 13, via London.—Raoul Davidot, a French prisoner of war, returned to Germany today from a visit to his home in France, where he was permitted to go by order of Emperor William to see his dying mother.

The Frenchman wrote direct to the Emperor his request to be allowed to visit his mother, pledging his word of honor to return by March 1. The Emperor immediately granted the request and Davidot made the trip to France by way of Switzerland. After

RECIPE FOR BALD HEADS

Well-Known Politician Nearly Bald Now Has New Growth of Hair.

Tells How He Did It.

A Western politician, well known on account of his baldness and his ready wit, surprised his friends by appearing with a new growth of hair. Many of his friends did not know him, and others thought he had a wig. On being asked how he did it, he made the following statement: "I attribute the growth of my hair to the following simple recipe, which any lady or gentleman can mix at home: To a half pint of water add 1 oz. of bay rum, a small box of Barbo Compound and 1/2 oz. of glycerine. Apply to the scalp twice a day. It not only promotes the growth of the hair, but removes dandruff, scalp humors and prevents the hair from falling out. It darkens streaked, faded, gray hair and makes the hair soft and glossy. These ingredients can be purchased at any drug store at very little cost and mixed at home."—Advt.

WOOL TRADE IS RESUMED

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Advices to the State Department today from Brit-

First Showing of Spring Clothes---

A notable display of new fabrics and models for men of every age.

Your especial attention is called to the fine showing of American fabrics in plaids, small checks and tartans.

\$20 to \$35

Ben Selling

Morrison at Fourth



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DAIDRUFF MAKES HAIR FALL OUT

25-Cent Bottle of "Danderine" Keeps Hair Thick, Strong, Beautiful.

Girls! Try This! Double Beauty of Your Hair in Few Moments.



Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just a modest, a clear, healthy and carefully drawn through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and abundant; and have an appearance of softness and luxuriance.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that all you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Remedy

will afford you the same benefit it has given many sufferers for more than 37 years. It is nature's provision for mankind against kidney disease and its oftentimes terrible effects. It is pleasant to take.

50c and \$1.00 sizes at all druggists. Sample and booklet free if you write.

Sole Remedies Co., Rochester, N. Y.

MANY IN PORTLAND USE FAMGUS COMPOUND

The famous mixture of buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., known as Adher-lin, is much used here in Portland. This is the most complete bowel cleanser ever sold, being even used successfully in appendicitis. Just ONE SPOONFUL relieves almost ANY CASE of constipation, sour or gassy stomach, ONE MINUTE after Adher-lin is taken the cramps rattle and pass out—the INSTANT action is surprising. The Huntley Drug Company, Fourth and Washington—Advt.