

GARRISON OF ANTWERP SAFE

City Falls, With Exception of Few Forts.

MOST OF BRITISH ESCAPE

Two Brigades Reach Ostend, but 2000 Men, Cut Off, Are Interned in Holland.

BIG BATTERIES BLOWN UP

Stronghold Six Miles Northeast Still Intact and Artillery Duel Goes On.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Antwerp has fallen into the hands of the Germans with the exception of a few outlying forts, which cannot affect the outstanding facts, but its capture, important and stirring as it has been, was robbed of much of its intrinsic value, it is contended here, by the escape of the garrison.

The defenders, it appears, held on long enough to enable them to take full stock of the situation and evacuate the citadel when it became evident that the doom of the town was sealed. Toward the close of the defense only a sufficient garrison to work the remaining available guns was left to hold Antwerp.

British Brigades Are Safe.

The first official admission that the British participated in the defense of Antwerp is contained in an Admiralty announcement that three naval brigades, with heavy guns, had been sent there during the last week of the German attack. The announcement adds that in the retreat from Antwerp two of the British brigades reached Ostend safely. The other, however, was cut off to the north of Lokeren, a town in East Flanders, 12 miles northeast of Ghent, and 2000 of the men were interned in Holland.

British Loss Less Than 500.

The losses of the British naval brigades probably will be less than 500 out of a total of 8000 men.

At midday Friday the advance force of the Germans reached Antwerp and the full surrender of the city evidently occurred at 2:30 in the afternoon. Beaten back from their last defenses, the Belgians blew up their heavy batteries and withdrew to rejoin their comrades, who previously had evacuated their positions.

The forts around Contich, six miles southeast of Antwerp, are said to be intact and the duel between them and the German artillery is reported as

(Concluded on Page 2.)

BULLETINS

ROME, Oct. 10, via London.—Dispatches from Berlin emphatically deny the charge of the Belgian government that the populace of Brussels has been reduced to a state of famine by the Germans, who have commandeered all the food supplies.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—A dispatch from Rome to the Exchange Telegraph Company says fugitives from Sarajevo declare that the city is suffering from famine. The Montenegrins hold not only the railroad, but also the roads over which it is possible to transport supplies.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Ostend says that the Germans have blown up all the bridges between Ghent and Ingelmunster and have destroyed the railroad station at Vive Steede. Ingelmunster and Vive Steede are on the railway line between Ghent and Courtrai.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Henry W. Diederich, American Consul-General at Antwerp, called the State Department from Ghent today confirming reports of his flight from the besieged Belgian capital last Thursday. He said the last thing he saw as he fled from Antwerp was a group of American petroleum tanks in full blaze.

VIENNA, Oct. 10, via Berlin.—The Reichspost declares that recent English diplomatic attempts at Constantinople have resulted in a failure, and that England is now too weak to fight the Turks.

BERLIN, Oct. 10, via wireless to Sayville, L. I.—The German war loan, which amounts already to 2,420,000,000 marks (\$805,000,000), has been paid up in cash to the amount of 638,000,000 marks (\$150,000,000).

BERLIN, Oct. 10, by wireless to Sayville, L. I.—The German war loan, which amounts already to 2,420,000,000 marks (\$805,000,000), has been paid up in cash to the amount of 638,000,000 marks (\$150,000,000).

LONDON, Oct. 10. In a dispatch from Amsterdam the correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company says that the Bureau Weizsacker, a semi-official news agency, asserts that a declaration of war on Germany by Portugal is expected in Berlin at any moment.

ROME, Oct. 10, via London.—German advances are being rushed to the Russian frontier, not only by train, but by sea, from Stavitz, Stranburg, Danzig and all other available Baltic ports.

BASEL, Switzerland, via Paris, Oct. 10.—According to information here, constant changes are taking place among the German Generals, with the exception of those in the most important commands on both frontiers. At the same time minor officers are sure of prompt promotion after any successful action in which they have shown intelligence and bravery.

GENEVA, Switzerland, Oct. 10.—(Via Paris.)—A dispatch received here from Basel says the German Crown Prince, Frederick Wilhelm, met his wife at Luxembourg and endeavored to persuade her to return to Germany. The Crown Princess had come from Berlin, bringing with her several iron crosses with which she personally was to decorate the officers of her regiment for bravery.

LONDON, Oct. 11.—The first official admission that the British participated in the defense of Antwerp is contained in an Admiralty announcement that three naval brigades, with heavy guns, had been sent there during the last week of the German attack.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The German Embassy today received the following wireless from Berlin: "American hospital Red Cross has arrived at Rotterdam. The delegation was welcomed there by the German and Austrian consuls and is proceeding to Benthelm, where a reception is arranged for them by the people of the town. Then they will proceed to Berlin."

Insulters of Prisoners Arrested.

GENEVA, Oct. 10, via Paris.—According to information reaching this city from Munich, several English and French prisoners were being marched through the Munich streets recently when a group of civilians called out insults at them. The officer in command reprimanded the crowd and when the insults continued he had several arrested.

ARMIES NEAR LILLE FIGHT HAND-TO-HAND

Great Forces of Horsemen Are Engaged.

SABRE AND LANCE IN PLAY

Infantry Come to Bayonets in Vicinity of Arras.

CORPSES SHIELD SOLDIERS

Allies Continue Efforts to Dislodge Germans Beyond Roye, Possession of Which Means Control of Railroad.

FROM THE BATTLE FRONT (via Paris), Oct. 10.—Saber and lance came into play many times today. The French, British and German Hussars, lancers, dragons and cuirassiers in enormous numbers came into contact near Lille.

There were no brilliant charges by long lines of horsemen to record, but the British squadron in khaki and the French in their light and dark blue uniforms often crossed swords with the blue-gray clad Germans.

Town of Albert in Ruins.

There is not an inch of ground hereabouts which does not show traces of the awful character of the battle. The town of Albert is a mass of ruins, only a church steeple remaining standing. Roye has disappeared under constant bombardment. It was the center of the German effort to break through the allied lines. The German artillery men had taken advantage of many quarries in the vicinity, where they placed guns which were beyond the reach of the French artillery.

Reconnoitering parties, seeking to discover the strength of the opponents, frequently came in conflict. In these engagements the soldiers would take shelter behind the many bodies on the field or occasionally make smart dashes across the open with their arms glittering in the sunlight. Nothing occurred, which could be called a general battle.

Infantry Come to Bayonets.

The vicinity of Arras, however, was the scene of vigorous encounters between infantrymen who engaged in close fighting with the bayonet after the artillery duel ceased. At some points along the line numbers of Germans approached the trenches of the allies without their rifles and offered to surrender if food were given them, saying that the railroads at that part of the German position had run out.

Beyond Roye, where the fighting has been exceptionally severe for 15 days, as possession of the place means control of the railroad lines and also the road to Amiens, the allies continued their efforts to dislodge the Germans, who held on with wonderful tenacity. It was necessary for the allies to conduct regular siege operations to get at them.

French Advance in Alsace.

Farther east the French made a considerable advance in Alsace and captured some territory on the heights of the Meuse, where the Germans attacked them repeatedly, but always were beaten back. Night attacks appear to have ceased for the present except in a few isolated instances.

General Sibille, a French Infantry Commander, Has Been Killed by a Fragment of a Shrapnel Shell.

PARIS, Oct. 10.—The official communication issued by the French War Department tonight said: "The information received tonight

(Concluded on Page 4.)

INDEX OF TODAY'S NEWS

The Weather. YESTERDAY'S—Maximum temperature, 61 degrees; minimum, 31 degrees. TODAY'S—Occasional rains; southeasterly winds.

War. Battle along front in France becomes artillery duel. Section 1, page 1. Dr. Charles W. Elliot says Germany's military policy is wrong. Section 1, page 6. King Charles of Roumania, friend of Germany, dies. Section 1, page 2. Russians say new conditions in Galicia make secrecy necessary. Section 1, page 2. E. Alexander Powell pictures Antwerp just before capitulation. Section 1, page 1. Austrians assert they are making great gains in Galicia. Section 1, page 2. Antwerp capitulates but most of garrison escapes. Section 1, page 1.

National. Representatives Mann and Nefflin have till in House. Section 1, page 7.

Domestic. Colonel's cause destroys last prestige of popularity among Republicans. Section 1, page 7.

Sports. Coast League results; Venice 4-2, Portland 6-1; Missions 3, San Francisco 1; Los Angeles 6, Oakland 5. Section 2, page 1. University of Oregon outplays High Whitman team, winning by 55-3 score. Section 2, page 2. James' twice greatest game in world's series history, which Boston takes, 1 to 0. Section 1, page 1. Agates defeat Salmon, 10 to 6, in first Portland game of season. Section 2, page 2. DeLore's throw is responsible for Braves' victory. Section 2, page 1. Harvard forced to fight hard to defeat Washington and Jefferson. Section 2, page 2. Coffarth arranges lightweight elimination series. Section 2, page 1. Portland Academy and Lincoln High, old rivals, to meet Wednesday. Section 2, page 1.

Ty Cobb-American League champion batsman for eight consecutive years, his ability to become world-famous. Section 2, page 4. Pacific Northwest. Washington Republicans hope for victory. Senator Jones and entire party delegation to Congress. Section 1, page 5. Vancouver soldiers to drill for Red Cross benefit. Section 1, page 8. Enrollment at Oregon Agricultural College greater than year ago. Section 1, page 10. Roseburg votes bonds to build railroad after 50 years of waiting. Section 1, page 8. Prohibit amendment and eight-hour law measures awaken Spokane voters. Section 1, page 8. State of Washington owns 1,951,705 acres of land received from Federal Government. Section 1, page 8. Eugene's first affidavits showing terms of Governor's laudatory mention of Booth in speech. Section 1, page 10. Oregon Agricultural College co-eds rule themselves. Section 2, page 15.

Commercial and Marine. Fifteen thousand bales of hops bought in Oregon in past week. Section 2, page 13. Chicago wheat advance on increased foreign buying. Section 2, page 13. Domestic money conditions are distinctly improving. Section 2, page 13. New carrier added to line making East Coast route. Section 2, page 6.

Real Estate and Building. Old Westminster Church property sold. Factory to cost \$225,000 among projected city improvements. Section 4, page 8.

Portland and Vicinity. Apple Day plans being arranged on comprehensive scale. Section 1, page 12. City auditor goes ahead with plans for recall election. Section 1, page 12. Weather report, data and forecast. Section 2, page 16. Recall is debated by candidates and others before Oregon Civic League. Section 1, page 16. Large mileage added to good roads of Oregon in 1914. Section 1, page 10. Night schools to open tomorrow with approximately constant of 5000. Section 1, page 12. A. C. Dixon refutes attacks on Booth-Kelly attitude to employ. Section 1, page 11. Adulterant-General Finer thinks war will last year at least. Section 1, page 14. Work rushed on North Bank terminals at Flavel. Section 2, page 4. Republican chairman makes fun of Dr. Smith's clamor for debate. Section 1, page 11. Transportation men to celebrate at Land Products Show, November 3. Section 1, page 12.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 10.—In a pitchers' battle with a dramatic climax usually reserved for baseball fiction, the Boston Nationals defeated the Philadelphia Athletics here today in the second game of the world's series by a score of 1 to 0.

As a result of the victory the Braves left for Boston tonight with a two-game lead over the Athletics and the added advantage of playing the next two contests on their home grounds when the series is resumed on Monday. Although the American League representatives were forced to bow for the second time in two days to the superior play of their National League rivals, they offered a far more determined opposition than was the case on Friday. For eight innings the two clubs battled behind the pitching of James and Plank without the semblance of an advantage. Then came the break in the game and once again the Mackmen saw another world's series contest slip from their clutches to the credit of the "Stalling" clan.

Deal Hero of Game. James had been pitching unhittable ball, and Plank, while not quite as effective, had, with the aid of his remarkable infield, held Boston scoreless. The Athletics' veteran twirler was working as smoothly as at the beginning of the game when Maravalle faced him at the opening of the ninth inning. The phantom-like shortstop went out, Barry to McInnis, and Deal, substitute third baseman, in place of Red Smith, stepped to the plate.

The Athletics' followers were already figuring on what chance their players had to win out in the ninth. Deal and James appeared to be easy outs. The Boston's third sacker who had hit into three double plays on Friday and forced three teammates in today's game, was not considered a batting factor.

It was Deal, however, who upset Plank's expectations and the Athletics' chances. He drove a long double over Strunk's head, and a moment later stole third when Schang threw low to Barry to catch Deal off the base. Barry turned to throw to third, but held the ball and Deal was safe. Whether Baker was not close enough to the bag, or Barry believed it was too late to head off the runner is not known. James fanned, but Mann lifted a low puzzling Texas leaguer over Eddie Collins' head and although the latter made a great try for the ball, he just touched it with his finger tips and sprawled in the turf. Deal dashing across the plate with the solitary run of the game.

Athletics See James Toller. The Athletics replied with a great rally in their half of the ninth and James, who had carried the game on his shoulders alone up to this point, began to totter. The thousands of rooters for the home club were stamping, cheering and clapping in unison and

(Concluded on Page 7.)

BRAVES WIN 1-0 IN PITCHERS' DUEL

James and Plank Twirl Remarkable Game.

BOSTON NOW HAS 2-GAME LEAD

Athletics' Break Comes in Fatal Ninth.

DEAL UPSETS MACKMEN

Substitute Third Sacker for Stallings Pounds Plank Offering for Long Two-Base Hit and Then Seals Third.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 10.—In a pitchers' battle with a dramatic climax usually reserved for baseball fiction, the Boston Nationals defeated the Philadelphia Athletics here today in the second game of the world's series by a score of 1 to 0.

As a result of the victory the Braves left for Boston tonight with a two-game lead over the Athletics and the added advantage of playing the next two contests on their home grounds when the series is resumed on Monday. Although the American League representatives were forced to bow for the second time in two days to the superior play of their National League rivals, they offered a far more determined opposition than was the case on Friday. For eight innings the two clubs battled behind the pitching of James and Plank without the semblance of an advantage. Then came the break in the game and once again the Mackmen saw another world's series contest slip from their clutches to the credit of the "Stalling" clan.

Deal Hero of Game. James had been pitching unhittable ball, and Plank, while not quite as effective, had, with the aid of his remarkable infield, held Boston scoreless. The Athletics' veteran twirler was working as smoothly as at the beginning of the game when Maravalle faced him at the opening of the ninth inning. The phantom-like shortstop went out, Barry to McInnis, and Deal, substitute third baseman, in place of Red Smith, stepped to the plate.

The Athletics' followers were already figuring on what chance their players had to win out in the ninth. Deal and James appeared to be easy outs. The Boston's third sacker who had hit into three double plays on Friday and forced three teammates in today's game, was not considered a batting factor.

It was Deal, however, who upset Plank's expectations and the Athletics' chances. He drove a long double over Strunk's head, and a moment later stole third when Schang threw low to Barry to catch Deal off the base. Barry turned to throw to third, but held the ball and Deal was safe. Whether Baker was not close enough to the bag, or Barry believed it was too late to head off the runner is not known. James fanned, but Mann lifted a low puzzling Texas leaguer over Eddie Collins' head and although the latter made a great try for the ball, he just touched it with his finger tips and sprawled in the turf. Deal dashing across the plate with the solitary run of the game.

Athletics See James Toller. The Athletics replied with a great rally in their half of the ninth and James, who had carried the game on his shoulders alone up to this point, began to totter. The thousands of rooters for the home club were stamping, cheering and clapping in unison and

(Concluded on Page 7.)

Saturday's War Moves

ANTWERP and the forts surrounding the city are now in complete possession of the Germans, but the greater part of the Belgian army has escaped. It took the Germans just 11 days to capture the strongest fortress in the world.

The fall of Antwerp is evidence that even the most powerful forts are no match for the colossal howitzers which the invaders have successfully employed against every fortified place that stood in their way. These huge guns open gaps through which the besiegers find an entrance for their field artillery and infantry.

The death roll resulting from the attack on and defense of Antwerp has not been compiled and probably the full details never will be known, but all accounts describe it as being terribly heavy. The Germans, although they had the allies well outnumbered, had to sacrifice many lives in crossing the rivers and canals and in driving out the defenders who held the entrenchments until the last.

The stubbornness of the Belgians and of those who went to their assistance cost them dearly also, so that the Germans will have long casualty lists. There is no estimate as to the loss of life in the city and the damage there.

A question which is now arising is as to the effect upon the general campaign of the German occupation of Antwerp. The Belgian garrison, or the greater part of it, escaped and is reported to be engaged with the Germans.

The strategic importance of Antwerp consisted in its menace to the German lines running through Belgium. Now matters have been reversed and the allies will have to take their turn in keeping forces before the city to prevent the Germans from Antwerp from attacking their flank or rear, should they be able to advance. The Germans propose, according to the Berlin reports, to use the city as a base for operations against England.

So long as the British command the sea no great part of the German navy can use the port, even should Germany overrule Holland's objection to the use of the Scheldt by the belligerent ships. Germany, it is thought, may contend that being in possession of the city she acquires Belgium's right to use the river on equal terms with the Dutch and will proceed to build destroyers and submarines there to menace the British fleet.

If Holland should allow these vessels to pass through the Scheldt Great Britain, it is declared, would certainly proclaim it a breach of neutrality. In any case, Holland's position becomes more and more uncomfortable.

In France, according to the French communication, the allies have maintained their positions in spite of violent attacks at several points. The cavalry still is engaged along the Belgian frontier and news from each side trying to work around the other's wing. This movement has compelled the Germans to withdraw some troops from their parts of the line and the allies are seizing the opportunity to make headway.

The communication reports that to the north of the Oise the French troops have attained a real advantage in several parts of their zone of action, while in the St. Mihiel region, where they are trying to drive the Germans back across the Meuse, appreciable progress has been made.

The German and Russian forces on the East Prussian frontier are still fighting stubbornly. The Russians apparently continue to make progress slowly and the Germans, evidently fearing another invasion of East Prussia, according to news from Berlin, are sending reinforcements to their army, both by railway and through the Baltic ports.

An unofficial dispatch received from Petrograd says the Russians have occupied Margrabowa, which is eight miles over the frontier in East Prussia, almost due west of Suwalki. This would indicate that the Russians have overcome in this region the German resistance, which has been of longer duration than at any other section after the Germans were driven back from their attempt to cross the Niemen River. Lyck, which also has been occupied by the Russians, is 15 miles south of Margrabowa.

The death of King Charles of (Concluded on Page 2.)

BESIEGED CITY KEPT IN TERROR

River Scheldt Is Scene of Indescribable Confusion.

ESCAPE BY LAND IS CUT OFF

Every Craft That Can Float Leaves Antwerp Crowded to Gunwale With Refugees.

MASSES FACE STARVATION

Whole Region Is Stripped of Food and People Are Streaming Into Holland.

BY E. ALEXANDER POWELL. (Special correspondent of the New York World. Copyright, 1914, by the Press Publishing Company. Published by arrangement with the New York World.)

HULST, Oct. 9.—(By courier to Dutch frontier.)—Antwerp has passed a second night of terror. The bombardment recommenced at 19 and lasted until daybreak. A part of the city is immune from shells, which destroyed buildings in Place Demier, the Boulevard Leopold, near the National Bank, near the Cathedral and near the Custom-House and caused enormous damage in the suburbs of Berchem and Vieux Dieu.

Three shells struck the Church of St. George. Civilian Casualties Not Large. It is impossible to obtain the number of casualties among civilians, but it is not so large as might be expected. Consul-General Diederich and Vice-Consul Sherman left Wednesday night. James Hare, Arthur Rust and Edwin Wulle escaped by boat today.

The Germans have pierced the second line of forts at several points and already are in the suburbs. The Belgians blew up the pontoon bridge across the Scheldt this morning. No river has ever witnessed such a scene as the Scheldt for 30 miles below Antwerp presents today.

Escape by Land Cut Off.

Every line of escape by land being cut off, 30,000 people have fled by river, either by boats or along the towing path. Every craft that can float is loaded to the gunwales with refugees. Cargo steamers, ferryboats, lighters, dredges, yachts, launches, fishing smacks and rowboats, their decks jammed with refugees, are making down stream at full speed. Fully a quarter of a million people spent last night in open boats without food or shelter.

Suffering, particularly among the women and children and wounded soldiers, is terrible. Unless relief measures are taken instantly these noncombatants are faced with starvation, as is the whole region has been

(Concluded on Page 3.)

OUTSTANDING EVENTS IN THE WEEK'S NEWS ARE INTERPRETED PICTORIALLY BY CARTOONIST REYNOLDS THUS:

