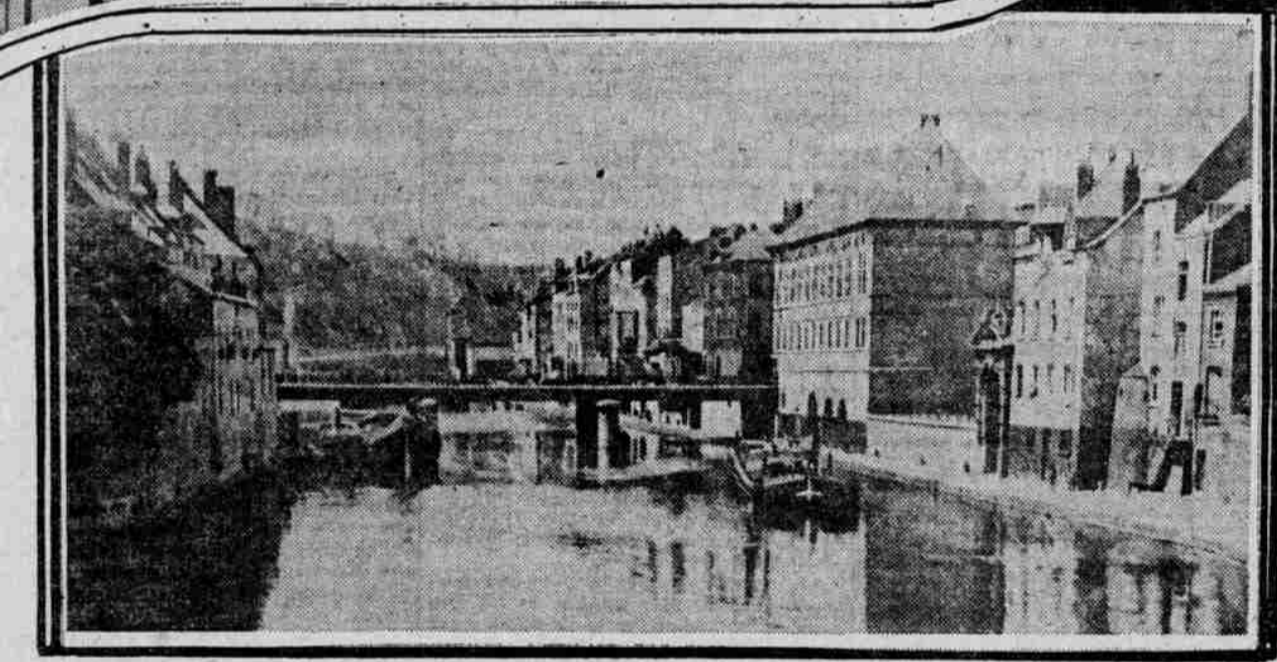


BELGIAN CITIES REPORTED OCCUPIED BY GERMANS



ABOVE, MAIN STREET OF GHEENT, IN TOWN AT LEFT IS BELL WHICH FOR CENTURIES PAST HAS CALLED BELGIANS TO WAR. BELOW, NAMUR AND THE SAMBRE. MAP SHOWS BELGIAN TOWNS OCCUPIED OR ASSAILED BY GERMANS.

GERMANS SWEEP ON

Belgium Declared Overcome by Sheer Force of Numbers.

ADVANCE IS MADE RAPIDLY

Front of German Fighting Line Believed by Some to Be Executing Great Circling Movement to Break into France.

(Continued From First Page.)

man intentions until we learned of the attack on Tirlemont, when it became clear they meant to come to Brussels.

Now Brussels Must Pay.

Meanwhile the Germans are in Brussels, and Brussels will have to pay not only a war contribution but for the broken windows of German traders, for incidents during the spy raid, for all the disconcerting things that have happened to the Germans since they entered the country.

Dispatches reaching London today indicated that the German army was sweeping over Belgium. Cavalry patrols are said to have entered Ghent, Bruges and Ostend. There was no resistance at Ghent. Formal occupation of Bruges is said to be set for tomorrow. The occupation of Ostend was not fully confirmed, but passengers arriving from there tonight at Folkestone said that when they left on Friday the Germans were in the outskirts.

The rapidity of the German movements in Belgium was in a measure due to the failure of the retreating Belgians to destroy railroads and bridges behind them. These facts must be faced, the correspondent continues. Northern Belgium is now a German Province, at least temporarily, since the battle has yet to be fought.

Retiring Army Leaves Way Open.

At Ostend, it is said, every preparation is being made to render the town open. The civic guards will be disbanded and 4000 volunteers are being removed from the port.

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With the Germans bombarding the forts of Namur and large bodies of their troops continuing to move westward, a contact must soon be joined

with the main allied forces. The German army will then for the first time find itself facing its chief opponents and a great battle, which must have an enormous effect on the future of the war, will probably ebb and flow for several days before a decision is reached.

The front of the German fighting line may extend far to the westward if the suggestion is well founded that the right wing of the Emperor's battalions is carrying out a great circling movement with a view of breaking into France. Further to the south, according to official reports, victories gained by the French troops have opened the way to Colmar, capital of Upper Alsace.

Commander at Liege Is Prisoner.

Official sources confirm the report that General Leman, the Belgian commander of the forts at Liege, is a prisoner of the Germans and en route for Cologne.

It is said that in addition to the war tribute of \$10,000,000 levied on the province and city, the German army has seized \$2,000,000 in private banks.

All citizens have been ordered to hand over their arms, and at the same time the peasants have been invited to return to the country and begin harvesting.

The lives of foreigners in Liege are in danger. There are a great many Dutchmen in Liege and the Dutch government is taking measures for their protection.

Uhlans Near Dutch Frontier.

In a dispatch from Amsterdam the correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "I have received a telephone message from Rosendaal, on the Dutch-Belgian frontier, declaring that German Uhlans were seen Friday afternoon three miles from the Dutch frontier near Eschen, which is 18 miles north of Antwerp."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—An official German dispatch reports a "magnificent victory" of the German forces between Metz and the Vosges Mountains. No additional details are given.

The German Embassy here received a report on the dispatch from German officials in New York, through whom it had come, and who would not make known any details.

This indicated extensive German operations south of Belgium in the region along the Franco-German frontier, between Metz and the Vosges Mountains, one of the notable scenes of conflict of the Franco-Prussian war.

LITTLE NOTICE GIVEN

English Are Ordered Out of Ostend in Hurry.

WORD TO GO IS RELIEF

Representatives of Consulate Carry III Tidings and Many British Are Without Money — Refugee Ship Warns Other Craft.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—A newspaper correspondent, who arrived here tonight from Ostend, said it seemed like an ill-timed joke to be told at the Belgian watering place yesterday that the Germans would be there in an hour or two and that all Englishmen must leave.

Children were still playing in the sands and there were many bathers on the beach. One could look along the esplanade and see the open Kursaal in the distance and waving Belgian flags.

"We boarded the steamer Rapids," this correspondent said tonight. "A prosperous-looking Englishman sat next to me. I can hardly lose less than 700 pounds sterling," he said to me. "But all I think of is the intense relief from the appalling tension of the last 10 days. The British Consul sent me less than two hours ago a message in which he said: 'In the King's name I tell you to leave here by afternoon; they are coming.'"

"Representatives of the British Consulate rushed around Ostend summoning the British to leave. Many of the refugees had no baggage at all and some of them were without money. The Consul himself remained behind to bring out more refugees if he could find time.

"Out by the lightship we passed a small steamer flying the Belgian flag. We drew alongside and our skipper megaphoned a warning that the Germans might be in Ostend before the other ship got in, and if he carried

materials of war, he had better be careful of surprise.

"Apprehension marked the reply of the Belgian captain and as we passed on across the channel the Belgian steamer was still where we had left her, apparently undecided whether to proceed."

Other craft.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—(Special.)—Following a hearing given by the Public Service Commission to all persons desiring to protest against the rates prescribed in the tentative Roslyn coal case, it is predicted that the Commission will immediately issue a final order putting into effect the entire schedule of rates.

The new tariffs reduce freight rates on coal from Roslyn to all parts of the state to Seattle and Tacoma the reduction is from \$1.34 to \$1.15 per ton, Spokane from \$2.50 to \$2.15 and to Walla Walla from \$2.50 to \$1.90.

\$55,000 SUIT WITHDRAWN

Chicago Bank Drops Note Case When Signers Pay.

The Fort Dearborn National Bank of Chicago yesterday filed a voluntary non-suit in its \$55,000 suit against G. K. Kentworth, president of the Portland Lumber Company.

According to Platt & Platt, attorneys for Mr. Westworth, the suit was over the collection of a \$55,000 note, payment of which, it is alleged, was guaranteed by Mr. Westworth, although he was not the actual signer. The attorneys said the obligations of the signers have been met.

Hand Mangled in Pump.

JUNCTION CITY, Or., Aug. 22.—(Special.)—Orman Miller, son of J. R. Miller, proprietor of the Junction City Waterworks, was injured Friday afternoon. His right hand was caught in the cogs of a pump in the water plant, and physicians found it necessary to amputate the hand at the wrist. Mr. Miller was wiping grease from the oil cups just above the cogs when his hand was caught.

Scotland now has 124 agricultural co-operative trading societies.

European Wars Cannot Hurt American Prosperity

The Finances and Banking interests of this country were never in as good shape as at present. Periods of prosperity and depression follow one another like the swinging of a pendulum. For two years we have seen the downward swing. The upward trend is now due and conditions are ripe for it. Record-breaking crops of wheat, corn and cotton, the intrinsic producing causes of this country's real wealth, are now being harvested, and a practically inexhaustible supply of money is available to move them. So far as the clothing trade is concerned, prices of piece goods, in common with all other necessities, have risen sharply since the beginning of the present conflict. We ourselves bought liberally of foreign fabrics; in fact we intended to specialize on them on account of the advantageous tariff. Fortunately all these goods were long ago received by our manufacturers, and are already made up into Fall and Winter models in many fetching and exclusive styles. We consider ourselves fortunate in having this most splendid assortment available in Suits, Overcoats and Raincoats, made by Schloss Bros. & Co., of Baltimore, and Sophomore "Perfect Clothes," of Chicago, in stock for the coming season. It behooves every business man and young man to take advantage of this opportunity to examine one of the most comprehensive showings of Men's Wear ever brought together by one concern in the City of Portland. We wish it distinctly understood that, notwithstanding present tendency of all necessities to soar, we guarantee prices for first-class merchandise will be as low, and in many instances lower, than ever before.

Phegley & Cavender

Corner Fourth and Alder Streets

FRANCE AVOWS IT WILL FREE BELGIUM

Obligation Only More Solemn and Co-operation Greater, Says Statement.

OFFICIAL NOTE GIVEN OUT

Occupation by Foe Is Referred To as Sad Happening, but Pointed To as Ordinary Maneuver Not Showing Belgian Strength.

PARIS, Aug. 22.—The following official communication was made public today:

"Despite the entry of the Germans into Brussels, France is resolved to free the territory of its ally, and she will not consider the task accomplished until every German soldier has been driven from Belgian soil.

"The news of the occupation of Brussels is sad to French even as it is to Belgians. Our obligations have become only the more solemn and our co-operation will become the greater.

Belgian Worth Not Questioned.

"The retreat of the Belgian army was a maneuver to be expected; it affects neither the worth nor the uncontestable strength of the Belgian fighting force."

Official information made public today is that the concentration of Belgian troops before Antwerp has been completed in good order. The morale of the troops has not been impaired.

A dispatch received from Corralles, France, relates that as an unnamed German General, with 800 German soldiers, all prisoners of war (among the troops being many Alsations), were on their way to a detention camp, the captives fell into an animated discussion of the war situation. Blows followed words and soon there was a general scrimmage. Several of the prisoners were injured before they could be separated.

Caillaux Made Lieutenant.

Max Barthou, 18-year-old son of ex-Premier Barthou, is among the enlisted men mustered in. Joseph Caillaux, former Minister of Finance, has been promoted to be a Second Lieutenant and named as the General Paymaster of the army.

Lieutenant Andre Meunier, son of the Director of the Paris Hospital Asylums Board, has been arrested on a charge of leaving his post. Meunier, an officer of the reserves, was present at the action at Dinant, August 15. His health having suffered through great exertions on that occasion, he was sent to a hospital at the army's base for rest and treatment.

Taking advantage of the leave granted, he came to Paris to visit his parents. His family say he was about to return to the front when he was arrested and that he was guilty only of an irregularity.

WOUNDS GIVE NO PAIN

FRENCH SOLDIERS IN PARIS HOSPITALS TELL EXPERIENCES.

Many Do Not Know They Were Injured Until After Battles—Delay in Returning to Front Deplorable.

PARIS, Aug. 22.—Large numbers of French wounded are being cared for in Paris hospitals.

It is frequently remarked among the men that their bullet wounds were not painful. In a large number of cases men who had been hit were not aware of the fact until after the engagement was over. One man declares that he did not know that he had been hurt until the following morning. He then discovered that a ball had gone through his arm. The only outward signs were two dark spots on the skin, such as might be made by a lead pencil, one on each side of the arm.

The men in the hospital pass the time gaily and spend many hours listening to accounts of the progress of the war read aloud by one of their number. They make no complaint, except to deplore the delay in getting back to the front. At one hospital visited today a private with some bullet

OREGON SENDS DELEGATE

Mrs. Bertha Voorhorst to Attend Exposition Meeting in Chicago.

Oregon will not be found lacking when the delegates of the various state commissions of the Panama-Pacific Exposition meet at Chicago, September 3, at the Congress Hotel and Annex. Mrs. Bertha Taylor Voorhorst, for the last year office secretary of the Oregon Commission, will represent the state at the convention. The purpose of the meeting is a sort of "experience meeting," at which the delegates will tell each other what they are doing in their respective states and ask for help and suggestions from each other.

Mrs. Voorhorst was instrumental in having the furniture for the Oregon building at the exposition made by school children, and has taken an active part in behalf of the representation of women and children at the exposition.

After the Chicago meeting she will go to St. Louis and Kansas City and will come to San Francisco on her return. She tendered her resignation as secretary of the Oregon Commission to take place immediately after her report of the Chicago convention.

SCOUT SHIP SEES LEISIG

Grand Trunk Liner Locates German, Then Speeds With News.

SEATTLE, Aug. 22.—The fast Grand Trunk liner Prince George, which can run 27 knots an hour in time of need, and which is being used by the British navy as a scout ship, went south as far as Cape Mendocino on the Northern California Coast in the course of the present week.

Returning she sighted the German cruiser Leisig, but her speed enabled her to escape from the German. The Prince George carries no guns.

The Canadian Pacific liner Empress of India left Vancouver for Japan today and passed out of the straits without escort.

Cancellation of Patents Urged.

ROSEBURG, Or., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—Acting on the initiative of H. C. Darby, a local druggist, United States Senator Chamberlain has promised to determine whether the United States Congress has the right to annul patents on certain drugs and chemicals held by European concerns. The recent rise in prices caused Mr. Darby to suggest this action, as he says the chemicals and drugs can be manufactured in the United States and placed on the market at a lower price than prevailed before war was declared.

Ashland Has Censorship.

ASHLAND, Or., Aug. 21.—(Special.)—After much discussion and delay, the City Council has passed two ordinances prohibiting the sale of tobacco to minors and for the censorship of moving pictures and vaudeville. Mayor Johnson, Chief of Police Porter and Superintendent of Schools Briscoe constitute this board. Two playhouses in town will be affected by the censorship regulations.

Nehalem Highway Cases Up.

ST. HELENS, Or., Aug. 22.—(Special.)—The County Court in conducting the hearing for damages in the condemnation proceedings this morning took up the claims on the Nehalem highway. It seems that the opposite for the mountain are in town with their attorneys to obtain reimbursements for the road right-of-way.

FOR LEASE

500 ACRE FARM, Fully Equipped Buildings, Stock, Feed and Implements—10 horses, 35 cows, 40 hogs, 1000 chickens, 35 goats, 2000 bushels grain, 150 tons hay, fruit, berries, etc.

Will lease for period of years to competent, responsible party. This is an exceptional opportunity. This property should net a competent operator \$5000 annually.

Party leasing this property will be required to furnish satisfactory financial rating and references.

ADDRESS N 197, OREGONIAN

LINCOLN, NEBRASKA, August 4, 1913

Old Line Bankers Insurance Company, Lincoln, Nebraska.

Dear Sirs: This letter is to acknowledge receipt of your check for \$415.40, the full cash value on my Twenty Payment Life Policy which matured today. This settlement gives me all of my money and \$147.00 profit, besides my family has been protected for the full twenty years for \$5909.00 and a return of all my premiums. I knew very little about life insurance when I took this policy, but took it in preference to one of the big Eastern companies because the annual premium was \$16.50 less. I am much gratified to find that besides saving the \$336.00 on my twenty premiums that I am getting back over \$1109.00 more than the man that bought the policy in the big Eastern company. I wrote to one of the leading Life Insurance Journals and secured the opinions that are being offered to the policyholder of the other company. This splendid settlement is more than gratifying to me as I have induced a good many of my best friends to buy policies with your company and I have twelve more policies on my own life to mature in the future. Very truly yours, WILLIAM G. GOODEN.

Ask the man who owns one of our policies. We have a good agency for you. Write us. Assets \$7,500,000.

GRAIN EXPORTS CUT

Germany's Trade Amounts to About 100,000,000 Bushels.

WAR HINDRANCE TO TRADE

If Allies Obtain Naval Supremacy In Mediterranean Russia May Be Drawn On for Supplies by Way of Baltic Sea.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—(Special.)—The trade does not seem to grasp the fact that in the European war the allies' control of the sea removes Germany as a wheat buyer, says H. E. Ryecraft. "She has been a direct buyer of from 30,000,000 to 40,000,000 bushels each year, but in addition she has been the final market for a large part of the takings of Belgium and Holland.

"These two countries import an average of about 125,000,000 bushels a year and have a crop of about 20,000,000 bushels, making a supply of 145,000,000 bushels. Their own consumption, with a population of 11,000,000, is only 60,000,000 bushels, so that over 85,000,000 of their imports are destined for Germany. This trade is also cut off, so that the total European demand is reduced nearly 100,000,000 bushels on account of Germany's isolation.

"Should the allies obtain naval supremacy in the Mediterranean it will make it possible to again draw Russian supplies from the Black Sea, and as she is not a wheat-eating country her wheat will come out in exchange for the credit she needs in prosecuting her arms. Instead of the war stimulating the demand for wheat in Europe it seems that the opposite for the present is more likely, and export business must be more or less restricted."

\$10,855.30 Allowed for Death.

SALEM, Or., Aug. 22.—(Special.)—The second death claim allowed by the Industrial Accident Commission totals \$10,855.30. The man, who was killed August 4, is survived by a widow and two children. Burial expenses were \$75.50 and the payments to the widow and children will aggregate \$10,779.80. A reserve of \$2816.22 has been set aside at 4 per cent interest to make the payments.

Twenty Payment Life Policy

Matured in the Old Line Bankers Life Insurance Company of Lincoln, Nebraska.

Name of Insured, Wm. G. Gooden

Residence, Lincoln, Nebr.

Amount of Policy, \$5,909.00

Total Premiums Paid to Company, \$2,694.60

SETTLEMENT—Total Cash Paid Mr. Gooden, \$4,165.40

And 20 Years Insurance for Nothing.