UNIVERSAL 3-CENT POSTAGE IN SIGHT

Postal Union Conference Due to Change Rates to All Foreign Countries.

2-CENT MOVE MUST WAIT

British Attitude Will Defeat Radical Proposal Now. Is Belief-International Trade Stimulus Foreseen in Cut.

From January 1, 1915, onward, the postage on letters between the United States and foreign countries, other than those such as Canada, Great Britain and Germany, where special lower agreements are in force, will probably be fixed at 3 cents for the first cunce instead of 5 cents, which is the rate now in force.

now in force.

Official action will not be taken until next September, following the meeting of the Postal Union, but the postal authorities of the world have already practically decided upon this step, according to advices received in Portland, and their delegates to the Postal Union conference, which is composed of representatives from every government in the world, and meets every three years, will be so instructed. Decisions of the conference upon international postal affairs are final and its decrees or recommendations are

ternational postal attains are that and its decrees or recommendations are never upset by individual governments. The 3-cent postage, will, in fact, be a universal 3-cent postage and will be in force between all nations and coun-tries, saving only those where special agreements are in force for trade or other reasons.

Two-cent Postage Doomed.

Postal authorities of the world have been considering universal 2-cent post-age, believing that the gross revenue would be so enormously increased that the decreased revenue per letter would

France, Australia, Canada and Germany.

Long before each tri-annual Postal
Union conference the various governments communicate the one with the other, and decide what they intend to recommend. Those formal communications, to a great extent, have already taken place and universal 3-cent postage will be recommended by a majority

whence domestic rates apply as regards first-class matter. Great Britain, Ireland and New Foundland, whence the rate is 2 cents per ounce on first-class matter, although on other classes of matter the Postal Union dules prevail.

Germany, whence first-class matter may be transmitted by direct German liners at the 2-cent rate. Should the faster routes via Cherbourg, Southampton or Fishguard be desired the Postal

Union rates prevail.

Advocates of the reduced postage plan declare that it will be an immediate stimulus to international trade and good fellowship. Indications along this line have been furnished since 1898, when the British government put into force "imperial penny post" in the British dominions; the much increased use of cables since the cable letter, deof the night and day letter by wire, is

offered as further proof that reduced rates attract a much heavier business. Should universal 3-cent postage be the success prophesied unquestionably the Postal Union conference meeting three years hence will adopt a universal 2-cent postage rate.

RECRUITING IS LIVELY

Encampment at Gearbart in July Cause of Membership Increase.

The attractive programme arranged for the encampment of the National Guard of Oregon and Idaho and the Twenty-first Infantry of regulars stationed at Vancouver Barracks at Gearhart from July 13 to 23 has started lively recruiting at the Armory, where special arrangements have been made for taking men into the service. A number of recruits joined yesterday and other applications were received, indicating that dozens of men will join before time for departure for join before time for departure for

the camp, of whom 2000 will be Guards-men and 500 regulars. The Idaho mi-litia has joined the Oregon camp at the request of officers of the Idaho troops, who saw an exceptionally good

troops, who saw an exceptionally good time on the Oregon beach, where the Oregon camp and the camp of the regulars has been arranged.

Adjutant-General Finser, of the Oregon National Guard, said yesterday that a number of recruits are needed to fill up the ranks. Besides being provided with transportation, clothing and all equipment the men will be heald while in camp. Privates will repaid while in camp. Privates will re-ceive from \$1.25 to \$2.50 a day.

The annual union picule of the East Side Baptist, Centenary Methodist and Third Presbyterian Church Sunday schools was held yesterday afternoon at Gladstone Park on the Oregon City line. Field day events were on the programma.



the decreased revenue per letter would be offset.

English officials have, however, scouted this belief, despite the efforts of Sir Honiker Heaton, one of the British delegates to the conference and the leader in England in the universal "penny post" (2 cents) campaign.

A measure will be presented at the conference advocating universal 3-cent postage, but it is defeated already, owing to the British attitude, which has influenced a number of other countries. The 2-cent pian will be advocated in all probability by the United States, France, Australia, Canada and Germany.

Long before each tri-annual Postal

Kiernan, S-Eleanor Ryan, 18-Florence Donnelly, 11-Margaret Corbett, 12-Anna Miller, 13-Grace Sweency, 14-Edna Kindred, 15-Margaret La Speance, 16-Marie Chapman, 17-Anna Niblen, 18-Helen Engberg, 19-Muriel O'Connor, 29-Louise Manning, 21-Florence Sullivan, 22-Hida Hendrickson, 23-Novena Bisaillon, 24-Cora Haley, 25-Ora Richardson, 26-Adelaide O'Hanlon, 27-Winifred Smith, 28-Adele Rice, 29-Catherine Ennis, 28-Ethel Clark, 31-Julia McCarthy, 32-Agnes Hughes.

other, and decide what they intend to recommend. These formal communications, to a great extent, have already taken place and universal 3-cent postage undoubtedly will switch to the banner of the 3-cent advocates to make the mountained somewhere up the Columbia River, near the Cascades. It is in the beginning of 1915.

But for the stubborn opposition of the British government it is considered certain that universal 3-cent postage of the Recreation League is believe that the business would be conducted at a loss.

Indemnity Offer Turned Down.

Learning of this attitude, a London financial magnate offered to deposit a bond with the British government from the British government for the substance of the Servation League is the substance of the Servation League of the Representation League is the substance of the Representation of the Servation League of the Representation League is the substance of the Postal Union as to its international postal rates, with the following cannot be competed for the same of the substance of the Representation League is the camp. The substance of the Representation League is the camp of the substance of the substance

STORY OF NOVEL TOLD IN SHORT TIME BY PICTURES

Growth of Movie Industry and Reason for Its Development Evidenced by Popularity of Such Films as "The Spoilers."



KATHRYN WILLIAMS, WILLIAM FARNUM AND WHEELER OAKMAN IN "THE SPOILERS" AT HEILIG, JULY 5-11.

NLY a few years ago motion pic-tures were considered a curiosity; those who attended exhibitions alres.

Thus, Mr. Selig ventured the task of tures were considered a curiosity; those who attended exhibitions did so purely because they were curious. The great American amusement loving public has now signified its willingness to become lovers of the silent drama. The industry has, therefore, passed from an experimental and curious stage to one of permanency.

It ranks fifth in the industries of the world, primarily because the public demanded this class of amusement. Secondly because such men as W. N. Selig, who pioneered this business, was far-sighted enough to see that the public wanted a pastime that would furnish an evening's entertainment and selected the property of the red-blooded, venturesome American. He supplied a cast of wonderful film performers to complete a perfect world, primarily because the public demanded this class of amusement. Secondly because such men as W. N. Selig, who pioneered this business, was far-sighted enough to see that the public wanted a pastime that would furnish an evening's entertainment and

work in which the student may be weak, to take advance work in prep-aration for the Fall course so that the

aration for the Fall course so that the work may be easier at that time, or to take advance work for credit to become regular in registration.

"This work as outlined." says W. T. Fletcher, principal of the Vacation High School. "is, of course, for the regular public High School pupils.

"Of particular interest to them this Summer is the offering of English and special. This course will be given very much as outlined in the new English syllabus for the High Schools. It is open to those who have taken and are weak or have failed in English 4, 5, 6 or 7. "In addition to the regular public High School students many others come to the Summer High; those who wish

"In High

to make up work for private secondary schools; those who wish to make up Latin or mathematics deficiencies in college; those employed in the city who need special help.

"Last year a helpful course in chem istry was offered for drug clerks. This year the same course will be offered. In connection with the Latin, a course will be provided for students of med-

icine and pharmacy."

Members of the Vacation High School faculty are: Principal, W. T. Fletcher; mathematics, Omar Bittner, I. N. Garman, A. F. Bittner; English, Homer Jamison, Miss Gleason, I. A. Melendy; history, W. A. Fenstermacher, Miss Cul-ver, George Koehn; Latin, W. A. Fenstermacher, I. A. Melendy; German, Miss Mason; chemistry, W. V. Green physics, L. D. Roberts; commercial, H

The registration last year was 485. Registration estimated for this year is

Grants Pass to Have Big Time.

GRANTS PASS, Or., June 27 .- (Spe cial.) — Big preparations are being made for a celebration here the Fourth of July. The firemen have been busy of July. The firemen have been busy making a tour of the county during the past week in order to advertise the celebration. Automobile races and bleycle races will be held during the early part of the afternoon and horse racing at 4 o'clock. A grand ball will be given on the evening of the 2d.

Aged Woodland Woman Dies.

I CAN WIPE OUT THE ETHICAL DENTAL TRUST

If the People of Oregon Who Pay the Dentists' Bills Will Help Me.



The Ethical Dental Trust of Oregon, a combination in restrain of trade, has undertaken to put me out of business in Portland because I advertise my business, which is contrary to the rules of this

The State Board of Dental Examiners, to satisfy this dental trust, refuses to give me a license to practice my profession on the flimsy pretext that I am not a competent dentist. I have documents to prove that I am a graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College, the second oldest dental college in America, and have been qualified to practice dentistry in California, New York, Pennsylvania, Maine, Illinois and Canada, and have practiced for nearly a quarter of a

century. Why am I not competent in the state of Oregon?

I have the largest and best-equipped dental office in the Pacific Northwest on the second floor of the Marchants Trust building at the corner of Sixth and Washington streets, Portland. It has sixteen chairs and is open every week day from 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M., and I shall keep it open to my patients despite the Ethical Dental Trust of Oregon. Every one of the dentists associated with me in this office is a graduated dentist of experience and licensed to practice under the laws of this state. I am doing the largest dental business in this city and I defy the Ethical Dental Trust to stop me.

I propose to show how this trust is plundering the people of Oregon. Instead of the dental laws of this state being a protection to the public, as intended, this noxious combine has subverted these laws and by control of the State Board of Dental Examiners the people suffer under a government by a dental trust for the benefit of a dental trust.

What would you think if the railroads of Oregon made up a list of names and handed it to the Government from which to appoint the members of the State Railroad Commission? Such a procedure would not be tolerated. Yet that is how the dental trust sets its friends on the dental board, and as proof of this it is a fact that no dentist who advertises his business has ever been allowed to remain on the

State Board of Dental Examiners. I am going to help the people of Oregon break the power of this Ethical Dental Trust. I know how and I am not afraid to do it. The dental combines in other states have been after me for years and I have built up the largest dental business in the world with offices in many large cities. I am not afraid to leave this to the people of Oregon who believe in fair play and who pay the dentists' bills. If you want to stop this pilfering of your pocketbooks by the Ethical Dental Trust I will show you how it can be done.

I shall present to the people four amendments to the dental laws of Oregon,

1—That it shall be unlawful for any dentist to use cocaine or arsenic, or any solution containing either or both of these poisons, in the practice of dentistry in this state.

This law will stop the Ethical Dental Trust from poisoning the people, and leaving in many patients a craving for cocaine.

-That a competent dental narse shall be present as attendant at all times in every operating room during each operation. This law will be a protection to every woman patient. No woman will be compelled to be alone in a room with a dentist during operations, as is often the case at

present because the Ethical Dental Trust will not pay a living wage to nurses.

3—That within six months after the passage of this law every person practicing dentistry in the state shall be compelled to pass an examination in theory and practice before a special state board of dental examiners composed of advertising as well as nonadvertising dentists; and further, that any dentist in the state of Oregon who is a member of any society, association or organization which has a scale of fees or price list of charges shall be denied the right to take this examination, and any dentist thereafter who holds membership in any such society, association or organization shall be forever barred from practicing dentistry in the state of Oregon.

This law will weed out a lot of incompetent dentists who have been given licenses to practice by state boards under the control of the Ethical Dental Trust in years past, and also prevent the trust from maintaining its combine in restraint of trade.

4—That the State Board of Dental Examiners shall be compelled to admit to practice in this state any dentist who holds a legal certificate to practice dentistry in any other state of the Union, providing that said state will likewise accept the certificates issued by the state of Oregon. This law will leave the state dental board free to enforce the law without fear or

favor for the public good and take it out of the control of any clique or combine. It is the principle of reciprocity in dentistry, giving the public full protection and every dentist an even break before the law.

I am opposed to all trusts and especially a dental trust. I believe that when the people of this state understand what is being done by this Ethical Dental Trust under the cover of laws intended for the public good, they will demand a new deal and a square deal

I am the equal in skill, training and experience of any member of the Ethical Dental Trust, and I don't propose to be branded a "quack" simply because I will not join this trust in plundering the public when it is suffering with the toothache. The Painless Parker organization of dental specialists do all operations without pain and do them more rapidly and better than can dentists using old-school methods. We shall continue to make consultations and examinations free of charge to all who come to us in open disregard of the rules and regulations of the Ethical Dental Trust of Oregon.

I am in favor of laws protecting the public against incompetent and dishonest dentists, and I believe the people of Oregon are opposed to laws being made in the interest of a dental trust.

Yours for a fair field and no favors.

PAINLESS PARKER, Dentist.

San Francisco Los Angeles Oakland San Diego Bakersfield Brooklyn, N. Y.

CITY PLANS TO LESSEN TRAF-FIC CONGESTION.

Elimination of Turns of Cars So Fa on Possible in Business Section Now Is Outlined Proposal.

To lessen traffic congestion on the principal business district corners, the city bureau of highways and bridges under H. W. Holmes, is preparing a proposed new routing for streetcara, changing the routing and providing for cars on only one side of the street.

While the plan has not been worked out in detail as yet the proposal is to eliminate as many of the turns of cars as possible on Firth and Washington, Fifth and Morrison, Broadway and Morrison and Broadway and Washington streets. These intersections now form the principal intersections for the looping of cars from many parts of the city's plan is to prevent the turning of cars with trailers at these

The city's plan is to prevent the turning of cars with trailers at these corners, providing for the routing of two-car trains in other directions. It is proposed also to have the cars use only the right-hand tracks on these intersections and on Fifth street from Morrison to Washington, Washington from Fifth to Broadway; Broadway; Broadway; from Washington to Morrison and Morrison from Fifth to Broadway; Broadway; the Gardiner company began buying from Washington to Morrison and Morrison from Roudway; Broadway; Broadway;

tion is great at these intersections and on these streets most of the day and particularly in the afternoons. By preventing the turning of cars much traffic delay will be lessened. By having the streets and intersections room will be available for traffic to move on to the left-hand side of stopping street-cars. With the cars on both tracks at present, traffic has to stop while passengers are getting on and off the cars. The same applies to cars turning corners. The two-car trains cause traffic to stop while the cars are swinging across the street, thus adding greatly to congestion.

Mr. Holmes mays he expects to work the plan out in all detail before taking it up with the streetar company. The plan will be open then for revision, the schedule of the city being only tentative.

Tract of 4500 Acres in Douglas County Forfelted by Decree.

The Gardiner Milling Company was yesterday dispossessed as claimant to 4500 acres of timber land near Gardi-ner, Douglas County, by a decision of Judgo Bean in United States District

Rupture

MILLING FIRM LOSES CASE Seeley's Spermatic Shield Truss