

GOOD ROADS TALKS MADE BY EXPERTS

Convincing Arguments Favoring \$850,000 County Bond Issue Heard at Meetings.

GOVERNOR WEST PRESIDES

Seattle Farmer, Booster for Improvements in Oregon, Makes Address at Salem—Benefits Are Pointed Out.

SALEM, Or., May 2.—(Special.)—Men experienced in road building and informed as to the benefits of good roads made convincing arguments at two meetings today in favor of the proposed \$850,000 bond issue to be voted on May 15 for providing permanent thoroughfares in this county.

Frank Terris, a truck gardener and dairyman living near Seattle, who for years suffered all the ills that poor roads may bring, and for several years has enjoyed the benefits of permanent thoroughfares, in a heart-to-heart talk to the farmers, declared that good roads, built with money derived from the sale of bonds, if necessary, provided the best investment a county could make.

He cited instances of land near Seattle that could not be given away before the building of thoroughfares which is now worth \$1000 an acre. He said land adjoining his farm was renting for \$60 an acre as the result of the building of a main road to Seattle.

At the conclusion of his address Mr. Terris was presented a gold watch from admirers in Oregon who appreciate the work he is doing in the interest of good roads.

"The road issue is the greatest of them all," said Mr. Terris, "but you bear in mind that everything we eat, drink and wear must be hauled over rough roads, you will realize the significance of this statement.

"Never was this question more fully impressed upon my mind than when a few years ago I made a trip abroad. This it was that I realized that while our country was the greatest in all other respects, it was the weakest in good roads, returning to my home determined to do everything I could to aid in building roads and I have seen them built in the community where I live."

Mr. Terris cited numerous instances of farmers having abundance of produce, but because of bad roads were unable to haul it to the markets where good prices are offered.

Mr. Terris said that King County, Washington, had issued about \$5,000,000 road bonds and in that county now realized that it was the best investment they had ever made.

LATEST PORTRAIT OF MEXICO'S FIGHTING CHIEF, WHO IS BIG FACTOR TO BE RECKONED WITH IN MEDIATION PLANS.



PANCHO VILLA. —Photo by Underwood & Underwood.

HOSTILE MOVE MADE

Scattering Shots Fired as Federals Beat Retreat.

VERA CRUZ HAS NO FEAR

Serious Attack Not Expected, but Food Situation Begins to Cause Apprehension—No Orders to Advance Given.

ASPIRANTS LAUD SUFFRAGE

all over the Nation, may be termed independence day, said Dr. Pohl-Lovejoy. "Men have had their independence day for 148 years, and we women have celebrated the Fourth of July with the same spirit that they had their independence, even though we did not. We have sung 'The Star-Spangled Banner,' we have been patriotic, but we want a further reason for our rejoicing, the independence of woman."

When Colonel Van Vliet and Colonel Lejeune, with their supports, arrived at the waterworks station, Major Russell and his men were not at all hard pressed. The Mexicans had contented themselves with a scattering fire, consisting of not more than four or five shots, at a range of about 1500 yards. From Major Russell's lines only one shot was fired.

Outpost Most Advanced of All. The waterworks station at El Tejar forms the most advanced post in the American lines and was placed so far out of the city only because the authorities regarded it as essential to protect the city's water supply. General orders had been given for the American troops not to assume the offensive and not to fire at all unless attacked.

It is not regarded here as at all probable that General Gustavo Maas, former federal commander at Vera Cruz, has any idea of attempting to retake the city, but he is tightening his long, irregular lines about the city, apparently in an effort to prevent the entrance from the country districts of supplies. In this he has been partially successful.

It is generally assumed that the Mexican threat today to take El Tejar was little more than a bluff, and it is thought that the Mexicans perhaps hoped the American outpost at that place, which was only little more than half their number, might surrender or that they might defeat the Americans before reinforcements could arrive.

SESSION DRAWN OUT

Members of Congress Fear Intrusion on Campaign.

BIG ISSUES INCOMPLETED

Canal Tolls and Trust Bills Likely to Consume Six Weeks Each and Appropriation Bills Are Now Behind Schedule.

AMNESTY DECREE PUBLISHED

Huerta Believed Trying to Coax Former Foes to Support. CALEXICO, Cal., May 2.—In a decree which is purported to have been issued April 21 and which reached Mexico today, the Huerta government offers complete amnesty, "without any exception, simple and general, amnesty for the crimes of sedition and rebellion and those connected with them."

It is interpreted by officers of the regular station here to mean that Huerta is attempting to coax back ill-disaffected Mexicans of the several factions. It is estimated that no fewer than 300 copies of the decree have been circulated in Calexico, Tia Juana, Tecate and other border towns where the Mexicans have garrisons on the opposite side of the line. About 200 constitutionalists in Imperial Valley who have been afraid to cross the line have been approached at various times with offers of amnesty.

Brenlio Enriquez, a prominent member of Carranza's party, who resides in Calexico, said that he had received from Colonel Lajera, the military commander of Mexico, an offer of an escort of soldiers across the border if he would accept proffered amnesty. He declined both the escort and the amnesty.

TYPIST SUES MARRIED MAN

Missouri Girl Asks \$25,000 for Alleged Breach of Promise.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., April 29.—Miss Geneva Hudson, of Nevada, filed a petition in the Circuit Court here asking for \$25,000 damages from J. W. Hankins for breach of promise.

The plaintiff was a stenographer for a business firm in Nevada until last October. The defendant is secretary and treasurer of the Hankins Dental & Surgical Company of this city. He was married to a young woman of this city last July.

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DIPLOMATS TINK FLAG WILL STAY UP

Borah's Prediction as to Outcome in Mexico Credited in Informed Circles.

NICARAGUA IS EXAMPLE

United States Still Maintaining Government in Office in Little Republic That 80 Per Cent of People Disapprove.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, May 2.—That the United States intends, sooner or later to acquire title to all territory between the Texas border and the Panama Canal is the belief of foreign diplomats representing at Washington. This view also prevails among many of the leading diplomats of Europe.

Notwithstanding the assertions of President Wilson and other prominent leaders in the Government that the United States has no desire to take possession of Mexico, the belief as outlined appears to be firmly fixed, and it is due not altogether to the Mexican invasion. It dates back two years to the time when the United States assumed charge of the custom-houses of Nicaragua, landed forces in that little republic and virtually assumed responsibility for the government that has been maintained there for the past 24 months.

Nicaragua Affairs Points Way. Among diplomats it is pointed out that when the United States dipped into Nicaraguan affairs and assumed temporarily to collect revenues and to discharge other governmental functions, assurance was given to the world that the United States would complete its mission and withdraw in three months. The United States, however, is as firmly established in Nicaragua today as it was 20 months ago, and there has been no indication of a serious purpose to withdraw and leave Nicaragua to Nicaraguans.

The invasion of Vera Cruz, following the occupation and domination of Nicaragua, has served to strengthen the belief of foreign diplomats that the United States is thirsting for more territory, and intends to attempt its dictation over Mexico, once that country fall completely under American domination. To most diplomats the encroachment of the United States upon Central American territory is regarded with disfavor; it is privately described by diplomats as a violation of the Monroe doctrine, and a violation of treaty agreements between the United States and the little republics to the south.

Borah's Prediction Believed. Senator Borah, of Idaho, has been criticized in some newspapers for his assertion that the United States flag, once raised over Mexico, would never be hauled down. Among diplomats it is quite generally believed that the Idaho Senator painted a true picture of conditions as they are and are likely to develop. "It is said that the United States today is the most unpopular member of the family of nations," said Senator Borah, in a recent speech in the Senate, "and it is attempted to be said that it is so by reason of the fact that we disregard our treaty obligations. This is not the reason. The reason is that we have an incapacity to attend to our own business and to leave the internal concerns of other governments to the people within those governments."

"Do the people of the United States understand that the only government today in Nicaragua is the government which the United States prooves? Do the people understand that if marines were withdrawn from the White House and sent to Nicaragua, which exists there would dissolve like mist before the sun? Do the people understand that we are sustaining there by force a government which is in contravention of the wishes of 80 per cent of the people of Nicaragua?"

Unpopularity Is Explained. "The reason why we are unpopular and suspected is because, while protesting friendliness for these small nations, we are in subtle and devious ways constantly encroaching upon and irritating ourselves into their affairs, with the ultimate object, as the world believes, of taking possession of them and controlling their sovereignty."

"If we go to war against the United States in Mexico," added Senator Borah, "we will be in contention with them for the habit of coming out. Crowding behind our army of intervention will go the American citizen and American capitalist, and conditions will arise that will make it all but impossible to come out."

Senator Borah added that he did not approve a policy which would lead to American control of Mexico; and the assuming of such jurisdiction by the United States he said he would regard as a National disgrace—a National crime.

MEXICAN VETERAN DIES

Soldier of First War Is Last of His Company Raised at Vandalla.

VANDALLA, Ill., April 20.—The Rev. James O. Henry, probably the oldest Mason in Illinois, and the last of the 106 Mexican War veterans who went



TIME TO WEAR STRAWS

Off with the old—on with the new. Spring's here, Mr. Man—and with it straw hat weather. From now until September 1st he who wears a derby is a marked man. Never have the styles been so varied as the season of 1914 presents. In the main the crowns are high, brims narrow. You'll find a hat to your liking here, whether it be a Milan, Sennit, Manila or Baltimore braid. Perhaps you'll fancy one of the "Fedoras," an Italian importation. And the price—\$2 to \$5—with satisfaction and styles that are right. Panamas, \$5 to \$8. Come in tomorrow.

Phegley & Cavender CORNER FOURTH AND ALDER STS.

from Shelby County, Ill., is dead in this city, aged 87. He was a minister of the Christian Church for more than 60 years. During that time he preached 800 funeral sermons and performed 800 marriages.

Every Home Needs This Great Remedy

No Home Can Afford to Be Without a Mild, Reliable Laxative- tonic.

No well-regulated home should be without a laxative, for there is scarcely a day in a family of several persons that someone doesn't complain of a headache, of sleeplessness, or show the first signs of a cold. A laxative then becomes a necessity and as a general household emergency at the beginning may run into a serious cold or fever. No harsh remedy is needed, but simply a mild laxative- tonic that will make the liver active and stir up the bowels. People who have tried a great many things, and are themselves heads of families, who have seen the little pills run to big ones, will tell you that there is nothing better than Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which you can obtain at any drug store for 50 cents or one dollar a bottle, the latter being the family size. Among the great believers in Syrup Pepsin for constipation in old or young and as a general household emergency remedy, is Mrs. M. F. Smith, 710 N. Cherry St., San Antonio, Tex. To use her own words, she says she will bless Dr. Caldwell to her dying day for she believes that through his remedy, Syrup Pepsin, she found the way to permanent good health. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is scientifically compounded and its purity is vouched for. Mothers give it to tiny babies, and grown people, taking a little



larger amount, find it equally effective. It is mild and gentle, pleasant-tasting and free from gripping. It does not hide behind a high sounding name and is absolutely free from any prohibited ingredient. Families who once use Syrup Pepsin forever after avoid cathartics, salts, pills and other harsh medicines, for these only do temporary good, are nauseous and a shock to any delicate system. Such things should never be given to children. Families wishing to try a free sample bottle can obtain it postpaid by addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 415 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. A postal card with your name and address on it will do.

"HEART SONGS" COUPON PRESENTED BY THIS PAPER TO YOU

WHEN RUN DOWN Hood's Sarsaparilla, the Reliable Tonic-Medicine, Builds Up. HOW TO GET IT ALMOST FREE. Clip out and present six coupons like the above, bearing consecutive dates, together with our special price of 98c. The books are on display at THE OREGONIAN MAY 3 6 COUPONS AND 98c Secure the \$2.50 Volume