Our All-Weather tread, double-thick and tough, as flat as a smooth tread, yet presenting to wet roads the deepest, sherpest, most re-

These features have made No-Rim-Cut tires the most popular tires in the world. They have won, we judge, at least 400,000 users.

Factory Tests Most Severe on Remodeled Cars.

POWER FIRST ESSENTIAL

Buyers Get More for Money in Machine Overhauled Than in New Cheap Cars at Any Price, Says Sales Manager.

BY H. R. ROBERTS. The keen buyers of used cars today te not the men who demand some-ning for nothing, but the men who mand more for their money in buying high-grade, rebuilt car, than they can get in a new, small-powered cheap

Car.
The sale of over 700 used cars by our company in the past three years has proven not only that the used car-buyer demands his money's worth, but that he demands a quality car, rebuilt and refinished in the latest style, a serviceable car backed up by a written guarantee, and not a worn-out car at a

cheap price.

Every traded-in car we receive is sent to the rebuilding department, where it passes through the process of dissembling, inspection, reassembling with new parts where necessary, and refinishing.

It requires from four to six weeks to produce a car in such shape as will come up to the Winton Company's No part of the machine is overlooked in the inspection, overhauling and re-

The process of rebuilding traded-in cars is interesting, and includes more careful detailed work than the general public suspects. This article is meant to be a conscious statement of the facts for the benefit of prospective buyers of a rebuilt automobile. a rebuilt automobile.

a rebuilt automobile.

A traded-in car is first tested by the superintendent, who makes a detailed report of the condition of the motor, chassis and all mechanical parts. This report is kept as a matter of record, and is referred to four times before the car is ready to be sold; a check is made on this report each one of these four times, so that at the completion of the work it is almost impossible that any defects will go unnoticed. Superintendent Inspects Car.

With the superintendent's report attached the car goes to the machine shop. It is placed in the hands of expert mechanics, There is no feature of the machine that they do not thoroughly understand. These mechanics dissemble the car. Every nut, bolt and screw is taken out of the engine, and each gearing, casing and connection is ach gearing, casing and connection i

eaned by compressed air and washed gasoline. The parts are then inspected with the utmost care. Parts that require minute inspection are gauged with scientific instruments, and wherever a worn or cracked one is discovered it is thrown out and replaced by new material from e stockroom. The engine having been repaired, the

work of reassembling begins. The en-tire power plant is put together again and replaced in the chassis. The second motor test is now made.

The carburetor is adjusted to the proper mixture of gas, and the revolutions of the engine are noted. If it passes as to quietness and quick response to the to quietness and quick response to accelerator, it is taken out for the road and hill test. Grades that are, in a great many cases, more steep than most hills on which the car will ever be used after its purchase are selected for power tests. The clutch is tested, gear changes are made rapidly to ascertain that they are in the proper condition, and the transmission and differentials and the transmission and differentials. The wheels and brakes also

Rudge-Whitworth, \$500, and 580; Truffault-Hartford, \$600, and 580; Truffa

mechanical condition, and finds its way to the wood shop and trim shop. The body attached to the chassis. It is remodeled and brought back up-to-date. Fore doors are put on and attention is paid to any defects in the weodwork

tory. After the usual sales inspection of the finished car it is placed on the sales floor. The entire car from radia-tor to tail lights must be perfect be-fore it is allowed to go to the sales floor. If it is not it is reported and the car again has to be tested and the trouble remedied.

## Blame It on the Tire

Blame it on the Tire
He didn't pump it full enough—though all
the air is free.
He left it soft and spongy like, and scooted

on with glee,

in skidded and he gridded and whooped
through dust and mire.

And when it burst
He cursed and cursed—
And blamed it on the tire. He drove it on the streetcar tracks with

confidence superb; scraped it on the lampposts and he scraped it on the curb; lammed it and he jammed it any way he might desire; And when it popped Right out he hopped— And blamed it on the tire.

He cut it on some broken glass, but said
that didn't hurt;
He kept right on through sand and mud
and filled the cut with dirt.
It spotted there and rotted there, and soon
he howled in ire;
When up it blew
He blew up, too—
And blamed it on the tire.

He put on chains that ground and chewed and gouged into the tread.

He knew his wheels were out of line. "But what of that?" he said.

He whizzed along and sizzed along, he picked up nulls and wire And when it banged

His fist he whanged—

And blamed it on the tire.

Who is this man? Go ask the boys who meet bim every day.
Go ask the boys who have to hear the things he has to say.
He bores in and he roars in with words of angry fire.

Though he's to blame.

It's all the same—

He blames it on the tire.

—Pittsburg Gazette-Times.

Autos in Philippines Increasing.

American motor cars are winning their way in the Philippines, the statistics showing that the number of cars ehipped there increased from 38, valued at \$46,277, in December, 1912, to 54, valued at \$53,785, in December last. During the calendar year the number increased from 475, valued at \$516,761, in 1912, to 679, valued at \$43,958 in 1913. Shipments of parts likewise increased in value from \$1877 in December, 1912, to \$9229 in December last, and from \$52,970 in 1912 to \$74,660 in 1913. \$74,660 in 1913.

## 400,000 Users Found Goodyear The Greatest Tire Yet 16 Makes Now Sell at Higher Prices

sistless grips.

We Dropped 28%

In 1913, No-Rim-Cut tire prices dropped 28 per cent. No other tire dropped that much. Our mammoth output and new equipment gave us great advantage. And we pared our average profit last year down to 6½ per cent.

Now 16 makes sell at higher prices. Some up to one-half higher. You can get four Goodyears for the price of three of several rival

Yet All Lack These

Yet all those higherpriced tires lack these four exclusive features: Our No-Rim-Cut feature, which has ended rim-cutting en-

Our "On-Air" cure, which extra process costsus\$1,500 daily. It is done to save the countless blow-outs due to wrinkled fabric.

Our rubber rivets, hundreds of which we create in each tire before we vulcanize. They are formed at the point where tread separation occurs, and they lessen this danger by 60 per cent.





Men are right in a tire, whatever the utmost costs. Tires underprice are the costliest tires in the ong run.

But the evidence is that No-Rim-Cut tires are the best tires built today. And no reasonable reason can be given for a higher

Any dealer will supply you Goodyears if you say that you pre-

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY, AKRON, OHIO

Any Dealer can supply you Goodyear Tires. If the wanted size is not in stock he will telephone our Local Branch.

Indianapolis Speed Carnival to Be Classiest in History.

24 CARS NOW ENTERED

go down in the elimination trials, which will probably he held this year.

The total field to date embraces 24 cars and drivers as follows: Burman (2), Burman and one other; Stutz (2), Oldfield, Cooper and Anderson: Gray Fox, Wilcox; Beaver Bullet, Keene; Feugeot (2), Goux, Boillot and Duray; Sunbeam (2), Grant and Chassagne; Delage (2), Guyot and Thomas; Excelsior, Christiaens; King, Klein; Mercet (2), De Palma and Mulford; Mercer (3), Wishart Pullen and Brage;

cer (3), Wishart, Pullen and Bragg; Marmon, Dawson; Stafford, Callahan, and Metropol, Horan. Speed Weeding-Out Process Factor. In addition there are expected three Maxwells, three Masons, a couple of Isottas, a Keeton, another Marmon, handled by Wilbur De Alene, of Los Angeles; two Case cars, a privately entered Pope-Bullet and a couple of

	AND	EUC	GENE	
9.0	Portland	9.8	0:35	8:20 A. M
	Rigard			
	Rex			9:40 A. M
	Newberg			9:57 A. M
25.8	*******	5.2	0:10	10:00 A. M
31.0	Dayton	21.4	1:10	10:10 A. M
52.4	Salem			11:20 A. M
0.0	Salem	18.0	1:00	11:20 A. M
	Jefferson.			12:20 P. M
25.8	Albany		*****	12:45 P. M
9.0	Albany	8.0	0:20	2:00 P. M
8.0	Tangent	6.4	0:20	2:20 P. M
14.4	Shedds	4.9	0:15	2:40 P. M
19.2	Halsey	10.2	0:35	2:55 P. M
29.4	Harrisb'rg	6.2		J:30 P. M
29.6	Will'te f'ry	4.7	0:25	P. M
34.3	Jetn. City.	12.7	0:50	3:55 P. M
47.0	Eugene			4:43 P. M

others not classified for lack of a name. The reduction of the field to the required quota of thirty will take place, after three-car teams have been cut to two, through the medium of time trials, the fastest cars surviving. In order to be in at the trial finish a couple of three-car outfits have already split themselves, the third machine being entered by a private owner. In this manner it is thought speed will be the sole determining factor of the weeding-out process. It will certainly assure the classiest field in motor history.

Thousands Offered Winners.

Accessory prizes galore are being hung up, the chief contributors to date being Wheeler-Schebler, \$1800; Rayfield, \$1500; Bosch, \$1000; Remy, \$1000; Rugge-Whitworth, \$575; Grossman, \$550; Truffault-Hartford, \$500, and Janney-Steinmetz \$150.

Alterdate by the classiest speed talent of two continents, which makes it alto-for two continents, which the winning car two continents.

Speedway racing has witnessed a remarkable development within the iast two years. The first 500-mile race at Indianapolis was regarded as a dangerous undertaking until it was accomplished. And because of its danger-ous flavor, many motor concerns took advantage of the alluring possibilities of two

to the wood shop and trim shop. The body attached to the chassis. It is remodeled and brought back up-to-date. Fore doors are put on and attention is paid to any defects in the woodwork of the body.

Careful Tests Are Made.

The trimmers fit it out with sent covers and repair the top. If necessary. Side curtains are made and the entire automobile is then reassembled from drip pan to top and curtains, and it goes out for the final test before going to the paint shop. This test is mainly to eliminate any squeaks from the body of fenders.

From nine to 15 coats of paint and varnish are applied, and then the refinished car bears every semblance to the new machine as it comes from the factory. After the usual sales inspection of the finished car it is paiced on the content of the finished car

contests. No engineer knows the in-dianapolis motor speedway better than the Indianapolis man, and no race driv-er better understands the element of danger that lurks in the path of the darting pilot who tries to take its deceptive turns at too high speed. Stutz says the average tester who knows how to "take" these turns will defeat the best driver in the world who is unac-customed to driving into them. There is a knack about it that comes only after weeks and weeks of careful training.

Machinery Proves Efficient.

Great strides have been made during the last year or two in machine tool efficiency in American automobile fac-At the Studebaker plants are a considerable number of machines

## FORD CAR'S WHEEL BASE EXTENSIVELY LENGTHENED BY LOCAL FIRM



THIRTY INCHES LONGER THAN REGULAR FORD.

One of the large buildings devoted exclusively to high-grade machine work for automobiles is the Factory Motor Car Repair Company, at 690-2-4-6 Kearney street, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets.

The shop was opened March 1 and covers an area of 100 by 100 feet. In addition to ordinary machinery, the shop is fitted with milling and gear-cutting machines, a universal grinder, an overhead traveling erane.

ctc.

Charles and V. C. Unden, formerly of the firm of Helser & Unden Machine Works, and E. J. Blaser, who has been in the business from his cradle, and was with Fred Dundee for the last eight years, are the men at the head of operations.

One of the first jobs they undertook was the lengthening of a Ford wheelbase from 99 to 129 inches for the Hirsch-Weise Manufacturing Company.

# Get the Personal Touch

When we ask a man to step into the Mitchell Car and feel its mechanical pulse through the steering wheel, we are ten times closer to a sale than we can possibly be through talk and advertising. Confidence is a plant of slow growth. In the sale of automobiles, there's only one way to win it, and that's the "personal touch" way.

Because we have followed such a plan this Spring, the Mitchell Car is better known today than it ever has been. All over America prospective purchasers have sat in the driver's seat and tested the car to their entire and ultimate satisfaction. So that when they became buyers, they knew almost as much about the car as we know. They bought with the distinct, personal knowledge that the car was even better than its advertising said it was.

And the invitation is open to you. If you don't know the Mitchell car, this is the way to get acquainted with it. If you have ever felt the slightest doubt that it is the best car at the price made in this country, why don't you go to your nearest Mitchell dealer and ask him to let you drive the car yourself? If the car doesn't prove its worthiness on this personal test, then all that we might say on the subject would be words and time thrown away.

After you have driven the car yourself and have gotten the personal touch—after you have found out how smoothly and silently it runs-after you have witnessed and felt its splendid action on all speeds and tested the resiliency of springs, we will give you the details of its manufacture if you want them. But we want you entirely satisfied with the appearance and action of the car and its mechanism before we tell you a solitary fact.

If the Mitchell doesn't behave well under your guidance, you don't want any details. But if its action pleases you and imparts the paysical charm that we know it possesses, than you want to know more about it. We know ourselves just how it looks, just how it acts and just how it feels. But we have driven it. And that's what we want you to do, so you will know whether it is safe to invest your money in that particular car.

When the sale of a Mitchell is completed, there is nothing else to talk about. element of chance or speculation enters into the transaction. You go away knowing just precisely what you have to expect, and amply guarded against uncertainties. You go away knowing that our friendship doesn't end with the payment of the price. You go away convinced of the splendid merits of the car and the service and honor behind it. It is an ideal business agreement, and there's never any disagreeable "come-back."

The "personal touch" brings about such ideal business conditions. Confidence begins at the beginning, and we want to say to you that your confidence in this concern and the car it makes can never be misplaced. We have served the American public faithfully and honorably for eighty years, and the Mitchell-Lewis Motor Company will go on for eighty years more, in just the same way.

Eighty years of faithful service to the American Public

Here is the Equipment for all the Mitchell Models Which is Included in the List Prices: Electric self-starter and generator—electric lights—electric horn—electric magnetic exploring lamp—mohair top and dust cover—Tungsten valves—Jiffy quick-action side curtains—quick-action two-piece rain vision wind-shield—demountable rims with one extra—speedometer—double extra tire carrier—Bair bow holders—license plate bracket—pump, jack and complete set of first class tools.



Manufacturers of Modern Four and Six-Cylinder Cars

## **OUT-OF-TOWN PEOPLE**

Mail in this coupon for free copy of Mitchell Catalogue on Evidence of Mitchell Efficiency.



Portland, Or. (E. Morrison). Send me Catalogue as per offer.

which have scored long records of 100 o'clock. Miss H. E. Marshall, author per cent—perfect efficiency—for every of "Our Island Story," "Child's English Central Library.

Interest in Mexico has brought to the lear round.

Literature" and a number of other new book shelves all books relating to

MAY DAY STORY HOUR SET

Miss H. E. Marshall to Entertain

Children at Library.

The May day story hour for the children will be held in library hall, Central Library, Friday afternoon at 4

Literature" and a number of other books for children, will tell the story and a may pole dance will be given under the direction of Miss Ryan, of the Fernwood School.

The Portland Story-Tellers' League will meet on Tuesday, April 28, at 4 o'clock in room A. Mrs. L. Altman will give a talk on legends and stories will be told by the members.

A number of new paintings have been added to Professor Sweetser's wild flower calendar, which is on exhibiting in port.

Interest in Mexico has brought to the new book shelves all books relating to that country. A list of books on rose growing has been posted in the circulation room and a list of popular books on science on the bulletin board in the lower lobby.

In order to study in a Baltimore bospital Dr. Albert Miller, of a German college, is been added to Professor Sweetser's wild have been added to Professor Sweetser's wild flower calendar, which is on exhibiting in port.