

ACTION DEAL BLOW TO SUFFRAGETTES

Mrs. Pankhurst's Exclusion Coincides With Birth of New Woman's Movement.

CHURCH PROMISES HELP

With Leaders Deserting, or Ill or in Jail, Militancy Finds Difficulty in Rallying to Support of Traveler.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—The order for the deportation of Mrs. Emmaline Pankhurst, coming on top of the publicly announced defection of Mr. and Mrs. Pethick Lawrence from all forms of militancy, has caused consternation among the militant suffragettes here.

The famous war cabinet of the militant organization has been scattered by illness and the prison bars. "General" Mrs. Flora Drummond is seriously ill.

Protest Is Expected.

Miss Amy Maud Hicks, who has served several terms of imprisonment for window-breaking and "obstruction," said:

"I am greatly surprised that the American immigration authorities should take action which would tend to make the United States equally with England the laughing stock of the civilized world as regards the treatment of militant suffragettes, but I confidently expect that the American suffragettes will make such a protest as will lead to the rescinding of the deportation order."

"Mrs. Pankhurst had no intention of trying to persuade the American suffragettes to adopt militant methods, for Americans generally are so much more reasonable than the Englishmen on the question that there seems to be no need of militancy there."

New Campaigns Advocated.

At a meeting tonight presided over by the Bishop of Kensington and attended by leaders of all shades of opinion, except adherents of the Women's Social and Political Union, Mr. and Mrs. Pethick Lawrence spoke, advocating the calling off of old scores in an effort to organize all branches of suffragettes. The new campaign will be an entire new line, without a hint of the violent methods which were formerly favored.

British Government Accused.

Miss Scott-Troy, of San Francisco, said: "I know positively that the British government sent intimations to Washington that it desired Mrs. Pankhurst kept out. To be imprisoned in England does not necessarily involve disgrace or prove moral turpitude. Parnell was imprisoned here, but afterwards was properly and warmly welcomed in America."

"To deport Mrs. Pankhurst would be illogical and absurd. I am not a militant, but believe that Mrs. Pankhurst is entitled to and should receive a free hearing in the United States."

CHICAGO WOMEN PROTEST

Hope Is Mrs. Pankhurst May Absorb Spirit of Peace.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—Suffragists of all factions forgot their differences today and at a hurriedly-called meeting united in the loudest protest against denying Mrs. Emmaline Pankhurst admission to the United States.

Some of them spoke in terms as they expressed their disapproval of the action of the immigration authorities, and after strong speeches had been made a resolution of protest was adopted and telegraphed to President Wilson.

A message of sympathy was sent to Mrs. Pankhurst at Ellis Island. It was announced that a temporary bureau would be established to keep moving to Washington the objections to the treatment of the English suffragist leader. Support was pledged to Mrs. Pankhurst in the following telegram:

"We, the women of Chicago, regret your detention and wish to assure you of our consideration, respect and earnest effort."

"Mrs. Pankhurst should have an adequate and dignified hearing in this country," asserted Miss Jane Addams, chairman of the meeting. "She should be permitted to enter without interference. But without any such hearing and judgment on her, one seems to feel that militancy is a wrong method of procedure."

"I am convinced that the admission of Mrs. Pankhurst cannot involve the suffrage movement," said Mrs. Ella Flag Young, superintendent of schools. "I cannot conceive of any legitimate reason for denying her entrance to the United States."

Plans have been under way for several large meetings here at which Mrs. Pankhurst might tell the reason for the attitude of the English suffragists. It has been the hope of Illinois suffragists that she might catch here a new spirit, less violent, no less vigilant, and one which has brought results in this state.

MEN OF MARS ARE SOUGHT

Missouri Astronomer Will Try to See if Planet Is Inhabited.

MONTGOMERY CITY, Mo., Oct. 18.—Professor Thomas Jefferson Jackson See, mathematician and astronomer of wide repute, will try to prove that Mars is inhabited by beings corresponding to man.

Professor See, now employed by the Government at Mare Island, Cal., has bought a farm near his boyhood home in this vicinity and will retire to it to conduct his study of Mars.

BRITISH SUFFRAGETE LEADER BARRED FROM UNITED STATES



MRS. EMMALINE PANKHURST.

MILITANT IS HELD

Mrs. Pankhurst's Deportation Ordered by Board.

HUNGER STRIKE FOREGONE

Suffragette, When She Hears Appeal Will Be Heard, Consumes Chicken Sandwich and Pot of Tea With Relish.

(Continued From First Page.)

particularly to arouse her indignation. One was that she was accused of "moral turpitude," another that the proceedings were in secret and that she had "political opponents" in England had, in her belief, furnished much of the material used by the special board questions put to her. Her examiners were courteous, "more or less," she admitted.

"The climax came," she said, "when they said I was guilty of moral turpitude. Then," she said, "your ancestors were guilty of moral turpitude when they threw the tea into Boston harbor. I reminded them that Charles Stewart Parnell, Michael Davitt and John Redmond, Irish political leaders, who were actually convicted under the same act of Parliament under which I was convicted, were received here with open arms, although they destroyed property and were guilty of acts of a political nature and convicted by Parliament for them."

Taking of Life Never Advised. Mrs. Pankhurst, according to the stenographic report of her examination, admitted that she had made incendiary speeches in England, but denied she had ever advocated taking life.

"I have made speeches urging riot and rebellion and the destruction of property when necessary," the minutes quote her as saying. "I have always urged that care be taken against the destruction of human life."

After the questioning was over and the newspapermen were permitted to talk with her, Mrs. Pankhurst was quick to register her objection to "star chamber proceedings." They had "no moral effect," she contended. As to the decision of the Board, she said: "Who is responsible for the action taken by the special Board in ordering me deported? I am of the opinion that it was done by our political opponents on the other side. I think the minds of the members of the Board were made up before I arrived here."

Board Accused of Prejudice. "My experience before the board was very painful to me. At the beginning I asked to have a lawyer present to look after my rights, but this was refused bluntly. The board refused to let me make explanations. They interrupted me on almost every word, excepting that which I said about the grounds of moral turpitude. I told them they were certainly prejudiced. The board had a copy of the act of Parliament under which I was convicted and most of the questions seemed to be prepared or stereotyped. The members of the board did not seem to be able to define 'moral turpitude.' I did it for them."

"I was severely cross-examined in a manner that I believe was intended to make me fall into a trap. My deportation was ordered specifically by my conviction on an indictment found against me in England as the person who placed a bomb in Lloyd George's home."

Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch and other suffragists went to Ellis Island to talk to Mrs. Pankhurst. Samuel Untermyer had volunteered to plead Mrs. Pankhurst's case if they took.

Suffragists Not Sympathetic. Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, who, it has been understood, was ready to supply a bond for the English militant should she be allowed, did not appear actively in the case today. Among other suffrage leaders the note of sympathy, while sometimes sounded, was frequently lacking.

Mrs. Mary G. Hay, president of the Women's Suffrage party in this city, said the organization was not interested in Mrs. Pankhurst's visit.

"We are in no sense militants and not in sympathy with Mrs. Pankhurst's ideas," she said. "She, more over, came to this country entirely on her own initiative and without any aid from the Woman's Suffrage party in America. We deplore the action of the United States Government in sending her here, but we do not give Mrs. Pankhurst a lot of undue notoriety."

APPEAL WILL BE EXPEDITED

Protests Pour In on Immigration Bureau and White House.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Commissioner-General of Immigration Caminetti tonight received the papers in the record of the hearing today of Mrs. Emmaline Pankhurst by the board of special inquiry at Ellis Island. County and were guilty of acts of a political nature and convicted by Parliament for them."

The Commissioner and Acting Secretary of Labor Post will take up the record for consideration tomorrow, but the Commissioner said tonight that he had no intention of holding a formal hearing of the cases on Sunday. It appears scarcely likely that final decision of the case will be announced before Monday. Then it will be determined by Commissioner Caminetti and Acting Secretary Post whether Mrs. Pankhurst should be permitted to land in the United States or, as the Ellis Island board decreed, shall be deported to France, whence she came.

Protests and appeals on both sides of the case caused in terms ranging from legal to extravagant sentimentality, continued to pour in on the immigration bureau and began to reach the White House. Those addressed to President Wilson were referred to immigration officials pointed out the section of the law which vests the Secretary of Labor with final authority in deportation cases.

Suffragists at headquarters of the National Association for Woman Suffrage, aroused by Mrs. Pankhurst's detention, engaged two attorneys to act with those coming from New York to plead for the British leader. One of the local lawyers is Miss Emma C. Gillette, a suffragist and dean of a local law college.

Commissioner Caminetti, while taking pains to make clear that Mrs. Pankhurst's case was being treated exactly as that of any other immigrant, pointed out that she was in ill-health and that considerations due to a woman in such condition would be accorded her.

If the deportation order of the Ellis Island board is sustained, Mrs. Pankhurst must be crated aboard the first ship sailing for France to the port from which she sailed. Such an order might be stayed by habeas corpus proceedings in the Federal court. A writ of habeas corpus, the case of General Cipriano Castro, the Venezuelan exile, and which resulted in his liberation.

MANY IMMIGRANTS COMING

Roseburg Traveler in Europe Tells of Expected Influx Next Year.

ROSEBURG, Ore., Oct. 18.—(Special.)—T. J. Ryan, wife and two children, of Portland, arrived here today after a four months' tour of Europe. Mr. Ryan owned considerable land in Douglas County which he will inspect prior to leaving for Portland.

Mr. Ryan says he was disappointed with the old country and is glad to get back to Oregon. He predicts a heavy immigration to the United States during the next few years. Mr. Ryan's company, he says, are at present selling tickets to the United States on the installment plan, many of which will become effective next year.

CAMPAIGN BILL IS DRASTIC IN EFFECT

Measure Passed by Senate Puts Limit on Activities of Associations.

SUFFRAGE AND LABOR HIT

Sending of Funds From One State to Another for Use in Electing National Officers Specifically Prohibited.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The first direct results of the Congressional campaign bill, which the Senate passed today, will be the prohibition of the carrying or sending of funds from one state to another to be used in the election of President, Vice-President, Presidential electors or members of Congress.

The Senate passed the bill today without debate. In previous discussions it was made clear that its purpose was to prevent the financing of campaigns in a secret manner by organizations and individuals who did not come directly under the campaign publicity laws.

The proposed new law would not prohibit the present work of National political committees, so long as they make public reports of their carrying or sending of funds. Practically all the National committees send contributions to the state committees of their parties during the election. It is believed the measure would curtail soliciting of campaign funds in money centers and greatly curb general campaign activities on the part of persons or organizations that might be directly interested in the outcome of elections.

A further amendment of campaign publicity laws was proposed today by Senator Sterling in a bill to prevent all corporations from contributing to campaigns for nominations as they are prohibited from contributing to election campaigns.

SISKIYOU GOLDS FOUND

SURVEYORS UNCOVER LEDGE ON HIGHWAY NEAR MEDFORD.

First Yellow Metal Ore Ever Discovered in Range Causes Crew to Suspend Work.

MEDFORD, Ore., Oct. 18.—(Special.)—While working on the new survey for the permanent highway over the Siskiyou today the gang of men under Assistant State Highway Engineer Kirtledge struck a three-foot gold ledge, which caused so much excitement that work was suspended the rest of the day.

D. Walters, a member of the gang, returned to Medford tonight with a basket of ore, which local mining men declare of a high grade, and if this opinion is verified at the local assay office a miniature rush to the engineering camp on the crest of the Siskiyou may be expected as the camp is accessible and is only a few miles distant from the Southern Pacific right of way.

The Siskiyou range has heretofore been considered barren as far as gold is concerned, all the ledges being found west of the valley and in the foothills of the west range.

According to Walters, the ledge is composed of quartz and is of the type of the country is concerned was of great extent. Engineer Kirtledge declared tonight that if the hauler's work was found to be correct he would be forced to employ a new gang of men or turn the survey to a less richly mineralized district.

Pasco Officers Engage in Wild Goose Chase

Search Warrant Issued for Honker Because Driver's Dinner Is Spilled, Damage Suit Threatened.

PASCO, Wash., Oct. 18.—(Special.)—One wild goose is causing all kinds of trouble in Pasco and the honker, although dead, has already been the subject of two search warrants, and now threatens to play the leading role in a \$10,000 damage suit. Dr. J. P. Driscoll, who expected to eat the goose, but didn't, is now threatened with a suit because he sent officers with a search warrant to the home of a prominent Pasco citizen in a hunt for the goose.

The trouble all started when Fred Souhanneman, a Pasco automobile man, shot the goose. Dr. Driscoll heard of the hunter's luck and arranged to buy the goose for \$1. Souhanneman left word for Dr. Driscoll to send \$1 to the Pasco Club and get the goose. But Dr. Driscoll, instead of giving the directions, and some local business men, intending a practical joke, dispatched a messenger to the club with \$1 and the messenger took away the goose.

Dr. Driscoll, however, failed to see the joke when he found he was not to have wild goose for dinner, and, calling the hunter's name, Dr. Driscoll and Leonard in consultation, he had sworn out a search warrant.

Loss of Appetite

Is loss of vitality, vigor or tone, and is often a forerunner of prostrating disease.

It is serious and especially so to people that must keep up and doing or get behindhand.

The best medicine to take for it is the great constitutional remedy, Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system.

"Since I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, my appetite has greatly increased. I also sleep better. I recommend this medicine to all who are suffering from indigestion, nervousness or impure blood." John Bell, Jr., 523 Lafayette ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

There is no real substitute for Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Get it today in usual liquid form or in the tablets called Sarsatabs.—Adv.

writ of replevin and a search warrant.

The search warrant called for a search of the home of J. R. McKeand, manager of the Franklin County Abstract company. Mr. McKeand refused admittance to the officers with the warrant, and they thereupon forced an entrance and made a thorough search, but found no trace of a goose nor of goose feathers.

Now Mr. McKeand's lawyers have found a cause for action against Dr. Driscoll for the part he played in the drama, and it is said that Mr. McKeand has employed a local attorney to bring a suit for \$10,000 damages to his good name and law-abiding qualities as a citizen of Pasco. The complaint has not been filed, but it is expected at an early date.

A rumor that the goose is safely locked in the vault of the Pasco Hotel is said to have caused the issuance of a second search warrant, and an officer is now standing by the door of the hotel waiting the return of the manager, who alone can unlock the place.

JAMES ELKINS FETED

PIONEER THOUGHT ONLY LIVING OFFICIAL OF 51 YEARS AGO.

Prineville Friends Honor Man Identified With Early Political History of Oregon.

PRINEVILLE, Ore., Oct. 18.—(Special.)—In 1870 he was a candidate for Secretary of State on the Republican ticket, with General Joel Palmer for Governor. His opponent, Judge Stephen A. Chadwick, a very popular Democrat, was elected, the entire Republican ticket being defeated by about 350 votes. He was County Treasurer of Linn County from 1908 to 1910, since which time he has spent a larger part of his time with his sons.

Mr. Elkins came to Oregon in 1852 from Belmont County, Ohio, driving an ox team across the plains. He taught the first school south of Crook County in the Saniam precinct. He held various public offices.

In 1860 he cast his first ballot for President. In 1870 he was a candidate for Secretary of State on the Republican ticket, with General Joel Palmer for Governor. His opponent, Judge Stephen A. Chadwick, a very popular Democrat, was elected, the entire Republican ticket being defeated by about 350 votes. He was County Treasurer of Linn County from 1908 to 1910, since which time he has spent a larger part of his time with his sons.

Mr. Elkins, although 83 years of age, is still strong and vigorous in both mind and body and is ever ready to tell of the many experiences during the early settlement of Linn County and on the "roundups" in Crook County, which time he has spent a larger part of his time with his sons.

One of the prized tokens presented to Mr. Elkins at the reception Sunday was a stick obtained by J. N. Williams, when a member of Congress, from the solid Southern pine hills of the Shenandoah, in Richmond, Va., at the time when that noted structure was being placed upon the cement foundation by the Ladies of the Confederacy, upon which it now stands. This stick was placed after the old custom of "Keep the stick and we'll be friends."

Prisoner Brought From Nevada

ROSEBURG, Ore., Oct. 18.—(Special.)—Sheriff Quinn returned here late tonight from Winnemucca, Nev., with Charles Grider, wanted in Roseburg on a charge of non-support. Although Grider made an effort to avoid extradition, he was surrendered by the Nevada officials on a showing made by the state agent who went after him.

Glidden Auto Kills Boy. CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 18.—An automobile occupied by Mrs. Franklin J. Glidden, wife of the founder of the Golden cup automobile tours, knocked down and fatally injured 7-year-old William Boyle in Calbridge tonight. The boy died at the relief hospital.

Suit For Ten Cents Won

FORT SMITH, Ark., Oct. 18.—A verdict of ten cents was rendered in favor of Bertley Neal, a well-known Van Buren lawyer, by Judge Perrott today against Julius Reeder, a farmer of Short, Okla. Neal claimed the dime as a balance on a livery bill. Costs in the case amounted to \$11.10.

Liberia, in 1912, received 255,096,498 pounds of coffee imports.

Smart Clothes for the Young Fellow

The Younger Men will find in our Chesterfield Clothes a certain type of style which shows that we are specialists in smart clothes for the young fellows. English and semi-English models with trousers worn a little shorter than in previous seasons.

Great Coats in three-quarter lengths with belted backs and shawl collars. The fabrics are very pleasing—featuring chinchillas, fancy tweeds and chevots.

Prices \$20 to \$35

Imported Tweed Hats just received—very nifty—\$2.50

R. M. GRAY

The Young Men's Shop

Broadway and Morrison

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The Doctor's Advice

by Dr. Lewis Baker

The questions answered below are general in character. The symptoms or diseases are given and the answers should apply to any case of similar nature.

Those wishing further advice, free, may address Dr. Lewis Baker, Columbia, O., enclosing self-addressed, stamped envelope and a recent photograph. Answers must be given, but only initials or fictitious name will be used in this column. Mix and take teaspoonful at meal time and at bedtime.

all who are anemic, thin, wasting, nervous and debilitated. I tried it and found it the best cough-syrup. I continued regularly until your system is able to assimilate the fatty elements in your food; then you will grow plump and have plenty of red blood, with color in your complexion, bright and sparkling eyes of health.

"Mason" writes: "For years I have been taking medicine to cure constipation, liver trouble and the usual diseases that come from that source. Headaches, sallow skin, kidney trouble, dark spots before the eyes, dizzy spells and rheumatism are getting worse."

Answer: Take three grain sulphur pills (not sulphur). They are packed in sealed tubes with directions and are convenient, effective and highly curative. Mix and take teaspoonful at meal time and at bedtime.

"Mrs. A. D." writes: "Incontinence of urine may be controlled by using the following: Tincture cubens 1 dram; tincture of opium 2 drams; comp. fluid salmwort 1 oz. Give from 10 to 15 drops in water one hour before meals."

"OMA W." writes: "I have suffered with catarrh of the head for many years. This has become so bad that I have had to stop work. My stomach and bowels to a very great extent. I shall appreciate an immediate answer as I suffer greatly."

Answer: I would advise you to purchase a 2 oz. package of the powder, take one-half teaspoonful of the powder and add to this a pint of warm water, sniff the water from the palms of the hand through the nostrils several times a day. Make a catarrh bath by mixing one teaspoonful of powder with one ounce of vaseline or lard will do, and apply as far up the nostrils as possible. For the stomach ailments, take Hood's Syrup sarsaparilla comp. 4 oz.; comp. fluid salmwort 1 oz.; and 1 oz. of fluid extract of sassafras. Mix by shaking well in a bottle and take one teaspoonful after each meal and at bed time.

"Gloria" writes: "I would like you to prescribe a good hair and scalp treatment. I am bothered with itching scalp and dandruff. My hair is faded and thin and some of the remedies I have tried have done any permanent good."

Answer: Go to your druggist and obtain a 4 oz. jar of plain yellow Minylol. Apply as per directions. This treatment differs from all I have actually seen. The astonishing transformations which result from its use. The dandruff and itching are conquered with two or three applications, while it makes the hair glossy, wavy and full of intense natural color.

"Myrtle" writes: "Owing to my extreme thinness I am frequently embarrassed by slighting remarks of young people. Can you prescribe a safe remedy to increase my weight?"

Answer: I have so many gratifying reports from the users of three-grain Hypo-Nutrient Tablets that I feel it best to come to regard these valuable little tablets as a specific and prescribe them to

"Mrs. M. C." writes: "I am recovering from long illness, but am very weak, nervous, sleepless and have little tonic restorative treatment."

Answer: Have the following prescription filled and take a teaspoonful before meals: Syrup of hypophosphites comp. 5 oz.; tincture caduome comp. 1 oz.; comp. fluid salmwort 1 oz. Mix and shake well before using. This is a fine nerve tonic and system tonic for old and young.

"John R. Mc." asks: "Don't you think it is wise to take medicine to reduce my weight? I weigh about 65 pounds too much."

Answer: I do think so; and a very convenient and effective flesh-reducer medicine is sold in sealed tubes with full directions for home use. It is called Brain Arborene tablets, and any well-stocked pharmacy can supply them. They are essentially good.—Adv.