

JUDGE FINDS LOCAL OFFICERS TO BLAME

Anderson Says if Cleveland Had Done Duty, Crimes Would Not Have Occurred.

RIOTS ARE INQUIRED INTO

Witness for Defense in Dynamite Cases Denies He Caused Explosions, but Admits He Was Implicated in Several.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 14.—Riots and assaults in labor disputes in Cleveland, out of which, the Government charges, grew explosions against employers of nonunion men, were inquired into at the dynamite conspiracy trial today.

In hearing the testimony of Peter J. Smith, former president and business agent of a local iron workers' union in Cleveland, Federal Judge Anderson said in reference to local assaults in labor disputes: "Had the local authorities done their duty there wouldn't have been any need of a trial here."

"Reign of Terror" Alleged. District Attorney Miller had said that there were 15 explosions in and near Cleveland and that these explosions, for which no one had been prosecuted, were the basis of the present prosecution by the Government for illegal transportation of explosives. The District Attorney said a "reign of terror" had existed in Cleveland, "second only to that in Los Angeles."

Smith denied he had caused many explosions, but he admitted he was implicated in several "when called upon to defend himself."

As typical of the assaults the Government attorney said that one union workman had had his teeth knocked out by another man's heel.

"Some" Are Prosecuted. "With fights going on there in Cleveland week after week and no one arrested for causing explosions, I would like to ask what kind of a government have you in Cleveland?" asked Miller.

"We have as good a government as anywhere in the country," replied Smith.

"But they never prosecute anyone, do they?"

"Yes, some." Smith was charged with complicity in causing explosions in North Randall and Akron, O., near Cleveland.

Knowledge of Explosion Denied. "Sixteen witnesses have appeared against you," said Miller. "Among them were two little girls, who said they saw you and George Anderson carrying a box near North Randall the night of the explosion. Do you say all those witnesses did not tell the truth?"

"Some of them told the truth, but I did not know anything about the explosion until the next day."

Another witness testified Smith was at the union hall the night of the explosion in Akron. Smith admitted that when he returned to Cleveland for a visit a month after the trial began he gave a newspaper interview in which he said, in reference to the defendants: "You never would think they were there on serious business. To see them you would think they were attending a ball game."

SEISMIC SHOCKS KILL FISH

Millions of Tarpon and Mullet Cast Up at Tampico, Mexico.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Millions of dead fish have been cast up from the Gulf of Mexico at Tampico, Mex., and vicinity in the past ten days, according to a report received today from United States Vice-Consul Bevan by Surgeon-General Blue, of the public health service.

Consul Bevan said it was supposed a submarine volcanic disturbance had killed the fish, which range from six-foot tarpons to 18-inch mullet. An offensive odor from the fish has caused great discomfort and much uneasiness among the natives for fear of an epidemic of yellow fever. The yellow fever epidemic of 1902 was preceded by similar conditions.

PEACE TERMS OUTLINED

(Continued From First Page.)

amnesty to the Mussulman population in the territories they annex for any acts of hostility during the war; the return of all prisoners; the recognition of the spiritual sovereignty of the Sultan over Ottomans becoming subjects of the Balkan States, and the free administration by the Mussulmans of their pious funds in the Balkans.

Servia Expects Port. The Serbian ex-premier, Stojin Novakovich, head of the Serbian plenipotentiaries, informed the Associated Press that he was satisfied an agreement would be reached on the question of an Adriatic port on which Servia and Austria are at swords' points.

Reichid Pasha, the most distinguished Ottoman delegate, who has resided so long abroad that he is in type of the intelligent cosmopolitan, expressed the hope that the assistance of the Powers on the one side and moderation on the part of the Allies on the other would result in a solution, which, if not satisfactory to Turkey, at least would safeguard her dignity. He feared the apparent harmony of the allies would last only while the common enemy was before them, but that the moment they were left to their selves they would be plunged into anarchy over the division of the spoils, rendering intervention by the Powers inevitable.

Question Raised as to Greece. He said he would have to raise the question in the first meeting of the failure of Greece to join the armistice. "Is it possible," he asked to treat for peace while war is in progress? Some understanding would be reached which might be annulled by the progress of the military operations. What would be the use of a discussion about Janina if while the discussion was going on it would be forced to capitulate? Or about Saloniki, if it were recaptured by the Turks?

The conditions put forward by the Greeks to adhere to the armistice were absurd, as among other things they asked for the surrender of Janina and the continuation of the blockade. If the other states followed the same idea we would have been asked to sur-

render Adrianople and Scutari also and admitting that we were such idiots as to accept terms of this kind. There would be no need of a meeting here to discuss the conditions of peace, nor would it be possible for us to continue the war.

Mussulman Lion Aroused. "If they make it impossible for us to conclude an honorable peace, they will soon find that the old Mussulman lion, although wounded, has not lost its strength."

The Greek delegation, interrogated on the question of the armistice, answered that peace between Italy and Turkey went through several months of negotiations and was finally concluded without any previous armistice. To this Reichid Pasha retorted that the armistice with respect to Italy was quite different, but the negotiations were unofficial and the continuation of the war could never affect the position of the two belligerents, as it may in the case of Turkey and Greece.

In diplomatic circles it is believed that after some skirmishing on this question, a middle course may be found.

"OPPORTUNITY TO ADVERTISE OREGON"

"Thousands of loyal Oregonians use The New Year's Oregonian every year to advertise their state among relatives and friends living east of the Rocky Mountains," says C. C. Chapman, secretary of the Oregon Development League. "Every Oregonian takes pride in the year's record of progress and prosperity as told in pictures, figures and words in The New Year's Oregonian."

"The New Year's Oregonian is an institution. It is looked forward to each year as affording each subscriber an opportunity to advertise Oregon and the Pacific Northwest."

"The year 1912 is the biggest in our history and its annals will be in The New Year's Oregonian."

Wednesday, January 1, 1913, is the date of publication of this big special edition.

on the lines that Greece, although not referring to the armistice, will practice the same war operations during the reference and that Turkey shall do the same.

The outlook with respect to the conference of Ambassadors tonight is that the chances of an agreement on autonomy for Albania are regarded as favorable, the expression used being: "Albania must not become the Schleswig-Holstein of the Balkans, but the Belgium of the Balkans."

Turkish Destroyer Driven Back.

ATHENS, Dec. 14.—A Turkish destroyer attempted to pass into the Aegean Sea from the Dardanelles today, but was driven back by Greek destroyers patrolling the Straits. The Turkish fleet on either side of the waterway repelled to the Greek guns, but without effect.

France Prepares for Emergency.

PARIS, Dec. 14.—Large quantities of five franc banknotes for use in a possible war emergency are now being printed by the Bank of France. Should the emergency arise, the only thing necessary will be to number them and issue them at once to the public.

MEXICO PROPOSES LOAN

RAILROAD SUBSIDY BOND ISSUE ALSO PASSED.

More Than 100,000,000 Pesos Thus Far Asked for by Madero on Account of War.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 14.—With a record of few more than a dozen measures enacted and about 180 still pending, the first Congress elected under the Madero administration, which was expected to carry out many revolutionary promises, closed its three months' session tonight.

The more important bills passed include authorization for a 20,000,000 peso (\$10,000,000) loan as yet unfilled and authorization for a 40,000,000 peso bond issue. The budget also was approved providing for an increase of 13,000,000 pesos.

The 40,000,000 peso bond issue is for the purpose of railroad subsidies and other public works and for the payment of indemnities in connection with the revolution of 1910. Congress also made several appropriations for war expenses. One of the deputies declared in the chamber that, including 8,000,000 pesos voted to the Diaz administration, which was still in the treasury when the Madero administration came into power, the present executive had asked for 117,500,000 pesos, which sum, with the exception of 5,000,000 pesos, was on account of war.

One of the early measures enacted provided for an increase in the salaries of the deputies to double the amount they now receive.

The salaries of Supreme Court Justices were also increased by 10 per cent. A special taxation bill affecting textile mills was adopted while the other measures related to pensions and contracts.

GOVERNOR STOPS CONVICT

Man Released in Nebraska Fails to Evade Utah Charge.

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 14.—"You can't serve that Utah warrant on me in Nebraska," shouted C. D. Romero, released today from the Nebraska penitentiary, when Sheriff Judd, of Provo, Utah, sought to take him into custody to answer a charge of forgery.

Romero stepped away from the Sheriff and started for the door, where his progress was barred by Governor Aldrich, who had honored the requisition papers of the Utah Sheriff. Romero went West with Sheriff Judd.

DIAZ' DOWNFALL PLOTTED

(Continued From First Page.)

In New York on his way to Mexico City from Paris, he obtained evidence of such strong financial backing of Madero that he advised his chief it was useless to continue the struggle to retain power. In accordance with this advice, Diaz left the country.

The connection between the Maderistas and the interests in the United States were so close that they communicated with each other in cipher. An order would be sent for a certain number of kegs of nails. There were code words also for rifles and other implements of warfare.

BRUCE WAS PRAISE FOR CONSTITUTION

British Ambassador Pays Remarkable Tribute to Historic Document.

FRAMERS ARE EULOGIZED

On Eve of Retirement From Post in Washington Distinguished Diplomat Speaks to Pennsylvania Society at Dinner.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—On the eve of his retirement from the post of British Ambassador in Washington, which he has occupied with distinction for six years, James Bryce tonight paid an extraordinary tribute to the Constitution of the United States.

The occasion was the annual dinner of the Pennsylvania Society of New York, and he spoke from the topic "The Commemoration of the 125th Anniversary of the Framing of the Constitution of the United States."

The Ambassador said in part: "The Constitution was the work of an extraordinary group of men such as has seldom been seen living at the same time in any country and such as had never been brought together in any other country to undertake the immensely difficult task of framing a fundamental instrument of government for a Nation. The Nation was then a small one, and it is one of the most striking tributes to the genius and foresight of the men that the frame of Government which they designed for 3,000,000 people should have proved fitting to serve the needs of 93,000,000."

Historic Service Reviewed. "What I have to say of the Constitution must refer chiefly to the past, because its provisions seem to be now not so far removed from the field of political controversy as they have been since 1787. Fortunately there is plenty to be said without trespassing on that controversial field from which my official position debar me."

"The whole of your history since 1789 is a record of the services which the Constitution has rendered to you. It formed anew, or at least strengthened and developed, for the sentiment was fortunately brought by your ancestors from England, the habit of deference to the law and respect for its form, with a sense of the value of directing everything by strictly legal methods, which is one of the finest attributes of a free people."

"It taught you to recognize that a free government must be founded upon the sense of right upon the respect of every man and every community for the rights of every other man and community to the exclusion of all violence. It impressed upon every citizen the sense that the will of the whole people, duly ascertained and acting through the prescribed forms, must prevail."

Popular Rule Discussed. "The doctrine of popular sovereignty is a fine and wholesome principle when it is exercised in the duly prescribed and duly observed manner. The doctrine may be the source of turmoil and injury to a people which rush heedlessly to carry out its arbitrary will at the impulse of sudden passion."

"Both the Federal Constitution and all those state constitutions, which have been enacted upon similar lines, have had the effect of steadying the machinery of government, of slowing down impulses, of securing respect for the rights of every man and every section of the people. Such services would seem to you much more wonderful if it were not that you are so familiar with them."

"Look at other popular governments and see how much they have had to suffer from the want of similar safeguards. If you wish fully to realize what your constitution, Federal and state, have done for you."

Constitution Held in Respect.

"With you, where class counts for so much less than it does in Europe, and where traditions have not had so much power, there have been many moments when things would have gone badly had it not been for the respect you have all formed for the Constitution."

"In particular, you have shown the world how it is possible to reconcile National unity with the existence of local self-government in larger and smaller communities over the immense spaces of a continent, a problem which a century and a half ago every one would have held to be insoluble. This has the Constitution of the United States become, by the example of its working and the halo of fame which now surrounds it, one of the vitalizing forces of the world."

"Let us honor the memory of the illustrious men who rendered this incomparable and enduring service, not only to you, but to all mankind."

Analysis of Evils Urged.

Attorney General Wickersham, in discussing the theory of Constitutional Government as applied to this country from the beginning to the present time, endeavored to reformers to consider carefully the cause of their discontent and to ascertain "whether the evils may not be cured without the destruction of cherished institutions."

"Constitution tinkering is the inevitable result of reducing constitutions to the category of statutes," said Mr. Wickersham in discussing the rapid extension of the Swiss institutions, such as the initiative and referendum, the recall of officials by popular vote and other principles of like character.

Tendencies, favored by what he termed the "new school of political thought," cannot be ignored, he said, "because too many people have given their adherence in some degree to them and it becomes the patriotic duty of every citizen to analyze carefully the causes of the disorders of the present time."

The system of government, which has led to the adoption of these modifications in your constitutional scheme and as remedies necessary to the welfare of the eyes of those who have advocated them, and to endeavor, if possible, to meet those evils destroying a fabric of government which has so long and so well served the needs of American civilization."

Borah Forecasts Trouble. Senator Borah in his speech on the "United States," strongly defended the Constitution. He warned his hearers that there was trouble brewing for our present form of government.

"It is idle to assume that there are no storms ahead," he declared. "It is useless to seek to conceal the fact that thoughtful and conservative men entertain fears concerning the future of our republican form of Government. The supreme test of the Constitution is still in the future."

A message of congratulation to the society from President Taft was enclosed in each copy of the souvenir of the evening, a handsomely bound copy of the Constitution of the United States.

BUY CHRISTMAS PRESENTS FOR MEN AT MAN'S STORE

The World is growing wiser in the giving of gifts at Christmas—more practical and useful things are now the rule. Many women have learned the splendid possibilities of Men's Wear as practical gifts for men and young men—and isn't a "Man's Store" the most logical place to find things that please men?

Easy Enough to Give Him a Suit or Overcoat

Perhaps you are wondering how we can fit him without his knowing what his present is to be—easy enough. No doubt we know just his size and what he likes—or we can write out an order for a Suit or Overcoat to be presented to us after Christmas. If he needs a Suit or Overcoat, give him one, and we'll guarantee the fit, quality and satisfaction.

And Other Practical Gifts

NECKTIES
HANDKERCHIEFS
COLLARS
SHIRTS
UNDERWEAR
PAJAMAS
BATH ROBES
SMOKING JACKETS

NIGHT SHIRTS
HOSIERY
CUFF LINKS
SCARF PINS
UMBRELLAS
WALKING STICKS
BAGS
SUITS CASES

GLOVES
COLLAR BOXES
BELTS
GARTERS
WATCH FOBBS
STUDS
SUSPENDERS
FANCY VESTS

We Give
Gold Bond
Trading
Stamps

Salem Woolen Mills
Fourth and Alder Streets
Clothing Co. Grant Phegley, Manager

We Give
Gold Bond
Trading
Stamps

presentation of a gold medal to Mr. Bryce. This medal was founded several years ago by a group of members for the purpose of providing special distinction to any person whom the society particularly wished to honor. Its gift to Ambassador Bryce marks the first honor it has given any one not a citizen of Pennsylvania or the United States.

"STORY" FALSE, SAYS ROOT

Senator Brands Quotations Attributed to Him as Forgeries.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Senator Root, of New York, today branded as "impudent forgeries, inconsistent with his opinions and abhorrent to his feelings," extracts published in certain papers in Panama, Cuba, Costa Rica, Salvador and Honduras, of a speech which he was alleged to have made recently in New York.

Senator Root was quoted as declaring: "This Nation is a greater and nobler Rome, placed by God to act as arbitrator, not only in the districts of America, but also in Europe and Asia, through its natural resources and, in flight, and must have been compelled to land late in the afternoon."

"As a fog enveloped the sea after he was last seen, he could have had no means of telling directions, and on this account might not have been able to select an advantageous point near the shore for his descent. As the hydro-aeroplane cannot alight on land, he must have come down on the water."

"Were it not for the fog, we would not be apprehensive, but there is a grave possibility that he lost his course and was forced by lack of gasoline to come down far out at sea."

SANTA BARBARA UNINFORMED. Steamer Santa Clara Reports No Trace of Hydro-aeroplane.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., Dec. 14.—Fear that Horace Kearny, the aviator, and Chester Lawrence, his passenger, had been lost spread through Santa Barbara tonight when the steamer Santa Clara arrived and reported that the hydro-aeroplane in which the men had started on a trip from Newport Beach to San Francisco had not been sighted.

Thousands of persons waited for hours in the expectation of seeing the "Snookums" on its northward flight, but sought their homes when night fell. Efforts were made here to obtain information regarding the hydro-aeroplane, but no cities to the immediate south could report even a glimpse of such a craft.

Farmer Robbed of \$4490.

BURLINGTON, Ia., Dec. 14.—C. R. Easterday, a farmer living near Marquette, Iowa, was beaten and robbed of \$4490 in the Union Station this morning. He will recover.

Wife, Now Another's.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 14.—The petition of John L. Speer, millionaire society man of Pittsburg, asking that his divorce from Margaret Taylor Speer be

annulled on the ground of collusion, was dismissed today. On the day the divorce was granted here Mrs. Speer was married to Theodore K. Miller, Jr., of Baltimore, in New York.

The court expressed the opinion that a trust should be created for the benefit of the children, as proposed by Mrs. Miller.

SEA FLYER IS MISSING. (Continued From First Page.)

hour tonight from any Coast point reached by wireless, nor from any vessel in touch with wireless stations, as to the fate of Horace Kearny, the aviator, and Chester Lawrence, his passenger, who left Newport Beach, near Los Angeles, at noon today to attempt a hydro-aeroplane flight to San Francisco.

W. H. Pickens, manager for the aviator, said tonight that he feared disaster had overtaken the aircraft.

"There is a possibility, however," said Pickens, "that the travelers landed at some Coast point out of touch with telephone and telegraph. They carried only enough gasoline for a four hours' flight, and must have been compelled to land late in the afternoon."

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Both Dining Rooms, 5:30 to 8:30.

You'll like it so well you'll want to come to our Watch Night Party on New Year's eve. We're reserving tables now—mention which dining-room you prefer.

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in mind that this book has been most carefully written, that every chapter in it is vouched for by an authority; that it is illustrated for photographs taken especially for it; that it is written in large, clear type on fine book paper and bound in heavy cloth in an attractive, durable manner. A \$2 VALUE FOR 60 cents. Act quickly if you want a copy.

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