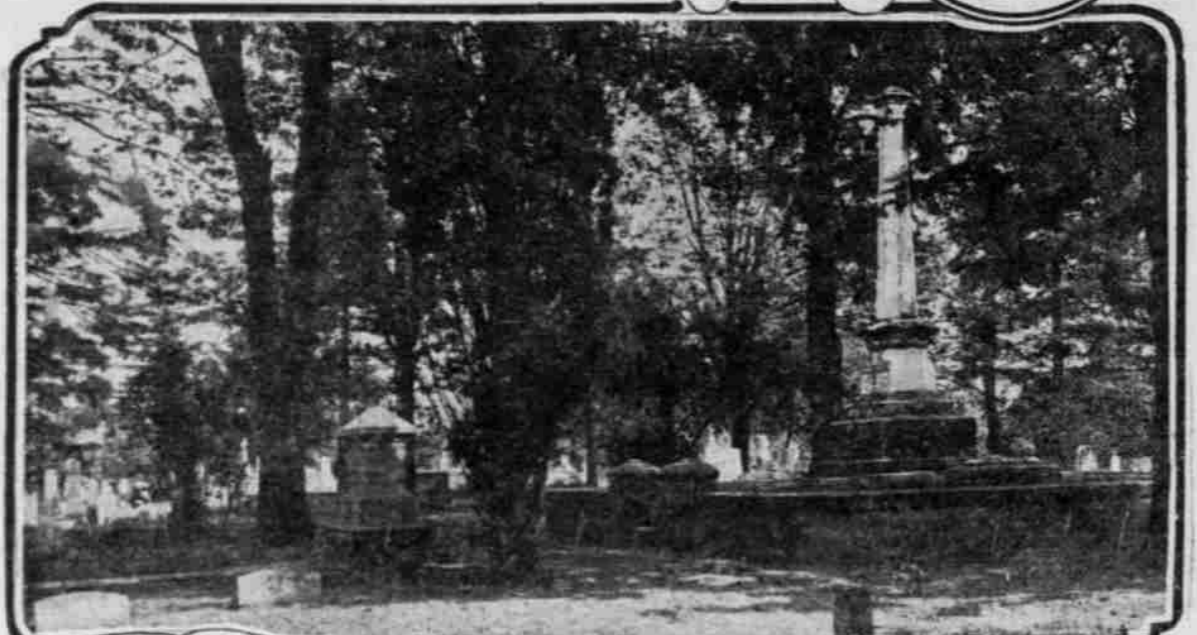


CEMETERY WORK WILL PERPETUATE NAMES OF MANY PORTLAND PIONEERS

Lone Fir Improvements Carried Out by Untrifling Zeal of Secretary Strowbridge—Park Effect Developed. Irreducible Maintenance Fund Proposed—Subscriptions Needed to Continue Task.



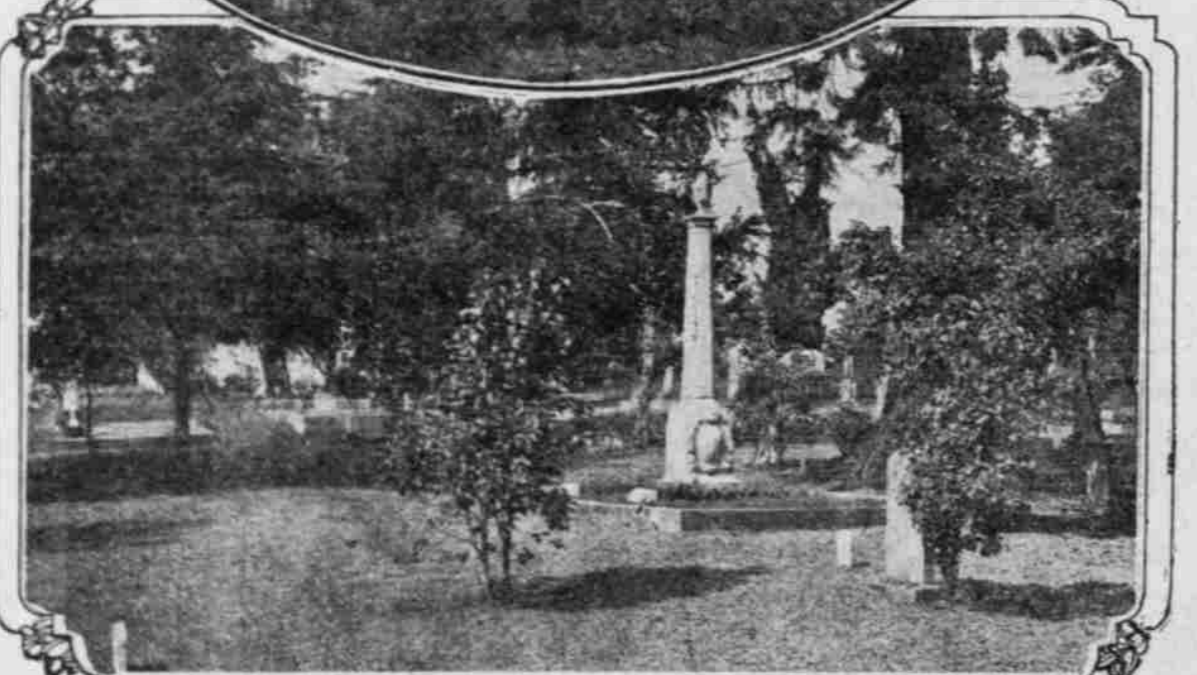
Looking North from South Entrance



View on South Side of Cemetery



Looking South from Fireman's Plot



Ornamental Trees in Western Portion of Cemetery

THE plans of the Lone Fir Cemetery Lot Owners' Association, which succeeded to the Portland Lone Fir Cemetery Company, to improve, beautify and maintain the cemetery grounds, the pioneer resting place of many of the early residents of Portland and the state, are rapidly being worked out. By next Thursday, when the Grand Army of the Republic posts hold their Memorial day exercises, the public will be afforded opportunity to see what has been accomplished. Wednesday and Thursday of next week this association will maintain booths in different portions of the grounds at the south entrance and at Monument square in the center, where attendants will give information as to the plans of the association and keep blanks for those who desire to make contributions to the improvement fund. It is expected thousands will visit the cemetery Wednesday and Thursday and these booths will be maintained as bureaus of information as the association desires that the public should have full information as to the purposes and plans for the future of this pioneer cemetery.

According to the report of Secretary J. A. Strowbridge, so far \$23,000 has been expended on the grounds. Something over 30 blocks have been partly and wholly improved. About \$5,000 has been subscribed toward the expense fund, and it is estimated that fully \$10,000 will be required to complete the improvements and pave the roadways with crushed rock screenings. The names of about 1,000 lot owners have been secured by Secretary Strowbridge. Owing to lack of records these names were obtained only with much

work and correspondence. Some of the lot owners live on the Atlantic seaboard, and many have written from the Eastern states.

In the cemetery there are 20,000 bodies buried. The money that has been subscribed and paid in has come from 178 lot owners. The Portland Railway, Light & Power Company has contributed \$100 toward the erection of the stone waiting-room at the south side, besides donating cement and rock. As fast as the money comes in it will be applied to the improvements until the grounds have been covered from the west to the east.

The association does not pretend to dictate what any lot owner shall pay, that being left wholly to the owners themselves, but it is desired that all interested should contribute something toward the improvement and preservation of the cemetery, which is sacred to the ashes of so many of the pioneers of this country.

Park Effect Developed.

The improvements have been under the direction of Harold F. Woid, landscape engineer, and were started in the space between the south entrance and north to fireman's plot. For a width of about 120 feet the grounds were cleared of the tangled brush and weeds and leveled and then seeded to grass. About the graves in this zone the ground was graded without disturbing the graves or the gravestones. Hundreds of rose bushes were then set out along the paths which intersect this space. The effect of this improvement was immediate and pleasing, as it opened a full view through the center of the cemetery to the north end,

where are located the fireman's plot and the Masonic plots.

When the waiting-room has been completed it will be possible to see from the room straight through the cemetery north, west and east, the clearing of the underbrush and superfluous shrubbery having made this possible. For many years the shrubbery was permitted to grow without care and ran riot over graves, concealing them in the mass of brush and weeds. This was especially true of the zone extending from the south entrance, which gave a very painful impression of neglect and disrespect to the dead, and the first movement of the association was to dispel this impression. As soon as the grass has covered the lawn and the roses are in bloom there the full effect of the initial plan will be apparent.

Older Portion Improved First.

The main efforts so far have been expended in the older portion at the west side, which was the first 12 acres laid out as a cemetery and which was in a wild, unkempt condition of shrubbery, broken trees, grass and weeds, wholly neglected. Here most of the pioneers are buried, but more than 75 per cent of the graves were hidden under the tangled mass. Within the past few weeks all this has been changed, and this part of the cemetery has been vastly improved. It is now possible to look through all portions of the west side of the grounds under the growth of small trees that have been permitted to stand, and yet nothing has been sacrificed. Graves that had been covered for a quarter of a century were improved, ruined and broken coping was removed, and the steps will be part of

the waiting-room under construction. The transformation has been complete. This work extends through to the north side, where the Masonic part is located. At the start the work was done in this part of the cemetery largely as a demonstration. About 45 men were employed for some time, but at present 25 men are at work in the cemetery.

Irreducible Fund Planned.

The association has replotted the cemetery ground for two purposes—to locate all the graves and also to secure a revenue for maintenance purposes. The lots, of course, are marked on the new plat and may be found at once. By this plan several of the roadways have been closed, leaving a large number of burial places at the disposal of the cemetery association, the proceeds to be used to form a trust fund for maintenance purposes only. According to the provisions of 6320 section of the laws of Oregon this maintenance fund becomes an irreducible fund, only the income from which can be used, and the principal must be kept in bank or invested as a trust fund.

Many have asked what is to become of the cemetery after the association has completed the improvement, and this question may be answered that this irreducible trust fund will be built up out of the sale of the lots in the closed roadways. It is estimated that a considerable sum will be realized from the sale of these lots. Enough roadways will be left to give access to all parts of the cemetery ground and it is proposed to pave these remaining roadways with crushed rock. Some of these roadways have already been graded preparatory to paving with crushed rock. The roadways on the four sides of Monument square have been graded and gravel paths are to be laid through the space now occupied by the greenhouse, which will be moved in a short time. The general plan is to continue the improvements through to the east side as fast as the money will permit.

Barrell Name Perpetuated.

Erection of the stone waiting-room at the south entrance has been started. As Colburn Barrell was the man who started Lone Fir Cemetery and his wife named it Lone Fir, their names will be perpetuated in this stone edifice. On one of the piers will appear the name of Colburn Barrell, who founded the cemetery in 1854, and on the other pier will appear that of his wife, who gave it the name of Lone Fir Cemetery. It was originally called the Crawford Cemetery, but was renamed by Mrs. Barrell after the sprucey fir tree which still stands near the Masonic plot at the north side. Those in charge of the work believe it is fitting that the name of Mr. and Mrs. Barrell should thus be perpetuated in the walls of the waiting-room, as part of its history to stand for all time as a tribute to their memory.

The waiting-room will be one of the artistic features of the cemetery. The roof is to be supported by solid stone piers and covered with glass. It is planned to make the entrance to the cemetery from the south side. A movement has been started by which it is hoped that the street car line of Harrison, along the south line of the grounds, will be paved and become the main entrance to the cemetery. The association will assist in this movement, and it is thought that the street railway company will interpose no objections to the improvement. The association also proposes to erect an artistic stone wall along the south line as soon as it can be done.

Hard Task Undertaken.

The association will clear the grounds and cut the grass before Memorial day, so that the cemetery will present a clean and attractive appearance. This has not been an easy matter to project and get this movement under way, and it has been entirely a labor of love and patriotism on the part of all who have had anything to do with the work. Up to this time all efforts to take care of the cemetery failed, and this is the first time results were secured.

Those who had been doubtful of the success of the movement are now pleased over what has been accomplished, and some who opposed the improvement as iconoclastic have been won over. The directors give large credit to the untiring work that Secretary Strowbridge has done toward this preservation movement, and on his shoulders has fallen the bulk of the work which he has cheerfully carried in the last two years since the enterprise was projected, and is still willing to carry. Being the son of a well-known pioneer and deeply interested in the work undertaken, Mr. Strowbridge brought untiring energy and business principles to the execution of the work, with the assistance and advice of the board of directors.

The men associated with him are Dr. R. E. Joseph, Dr. Dav. Rafferty, George L. Storey, G. F. Russell, H. S. Rowe, Judge Earl S. Bronaugh, M. C. Banfield, A. A. Cokum, M. C. Collins, Thomas M. Word, L. M. Guy, Alexander Muir, Joseph Buchtel, M. L. Pratt, John W. Ogilbee, T. S. McDaniel, E. B. Williams, F. H. Whitehead, K. K. Kubie, Thomas A. Jordan, S. C. Pier, John H. Lewis, Herman H. Jones.

"SEA BREEZES" ARE MADE

Austria Manufactures Crisp Ozon for Parliament Building.

VIENNA, May 25.—(Special.)—On returning to town after a recent recess the Austrian deputies found the chamber, lobbies and restaurants of the Parliament building all more redolent to ozone than the air of the seaside and mountains where they had spent the holidays.

Electric machines with the high potential of 8000 volts have been installed in connection with the ventilating apparatus and directed air pumps into the building is ozonized by passing through a network of wires over which powerful sparks are playing for 10 minutes. The effect is most marked when one stands near the adits, where one obtains a sniff of something reminiscent of the air after a violent thunderstorm, almost like the sea breeze coming in over the flats at low tide. The innovation is due to the initiative of the Speaker, Dr. Sylvester.

The Austrian Chamber holds the record among all the Parliaments of Europe for waiting time, and if the ozonized air so increases the vigor of the members as to expedite the business of the House the considerable expense of the new apparatus will be well worth while. A wag, however, suggests that the current of ozone in the Chamber should be so directed as to invigorate only the working parties and not the obstructionists.

Watch Made in Pearl.

PARIS, May 25.—(Special.)—France can boast of some of the most artistic watchmakers in the world, and one of them has accomplished a wonderful feat by making a watch whose case is a single pearl. This timepiece has just been finished by a Paris jeweler, after 15 months of the most exacting labor. Cutting the pearl was not the least difficult thing about this novel watch. The pearl was three-fifths of an inch in diameter. The works of the watch are considerably less than an inch in diameter, and this in proportion to its majesty the King and Queen of Italy, and among the 2009 delegates present from all parts of the world, Dr. Matson and Dr. Rizen were the only two men

GENERAL PERSHING BEING GROOMED FOR WEST POINT SUPERINTENDENCY

President of Defunct Cincinnati Bank Arrested for Misapplication of Funds — Veteran Shipbuilder Celebrates Birthday Anniversary—Lord Chylesmore Becomes President of London Council.



Capt. J. J. Pershing



Prince Chigi



E. E. Gallbreath



Prof. Dr. Ludwig Pick



Charles Cramp



Lord Chylesmore

NEW YORK, May 25.—(Special.)—General J. J. Pershing, now stationed in the Philippines, is being pushed as a candidate for the position of superintendent of West Point to succeed General Barry. General Pershing is the officer who was jumped over the heads of Captains, Majors, Lieutenant-Colonels and Colonels by Roosevelt to make him Brigadier-General. This happened in September, 1906, and the act was necessarily associated in the public mind with the fact that Pershing had married a daughter of Senator Warren, then at the head of the committee on military affairs. He is now fourth on the list of Brigadier-Generals. If he is not chosen, it is said, the appointment will go to General A. L. Mills, who held the place before.

The failure of the Second National Bank of Cincinnati, has been followed by the arrest of the former president, E. E. Gallbreath, on charges of misapplying its funds. Gallbreath made a draft on a St. Louis bank where he

had no money and turned it in to the Cincinnati bank in exchange for cash. The amount was \$33,000. He has been released on bail.

Charles H. Cramp, of Philadelphia, has just celebrated his 84th birthday. He is suffering from a cold, but otherwise is well and active physically and mentally. Mr. Cramp was a native of Philadelphia and a son of William Cramp. His father was a shipbuilder and the son learned the business young. The Cramp shipbuilding concern has been for many years the greatest shipbuilding concern in the United States and has built some of the best ships of the Navy.

Lord Chylesmore has been made chairman of the London County Council. It is an important post and one which was first held by Lord Rosebery. Chylesmore is a soldier, a famous shot and has been editor of the "Guard" Magazine. He was also in command of the Second Battalion of the Grenadier Guards when he met the beautiful

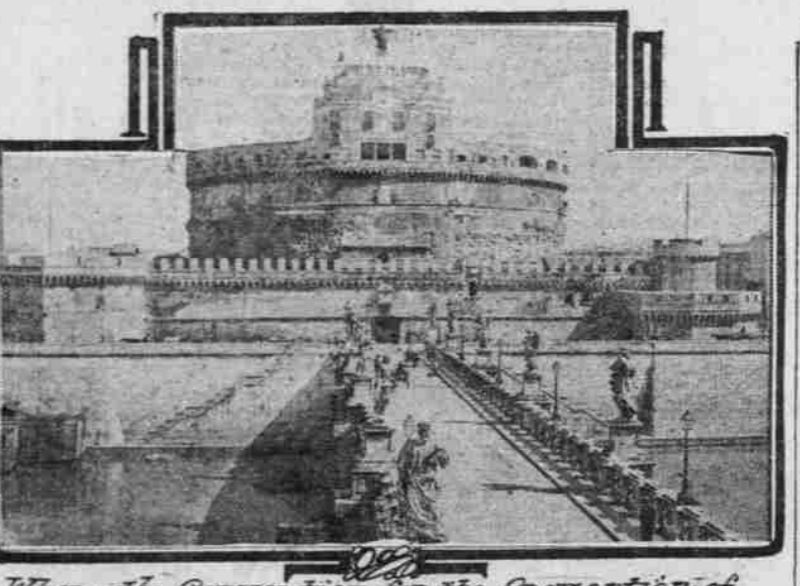
Miss French, of New York, and married her. She is one of the popular American women in London society.

Dr. Ludwig Pick, superintendent of the Friedrichshagen Hospital in Germany, has been invited to deliver a series of lectures on pathological and anatomical subjects at Columbia University in November. Dr. Pick lectures at the University of Berlin and is so popular that many American students go to Berlin every year to study under him.

Catholics all over the world will join in the celebration of the 16th centenary of the peace of Constantine next year. The Pope has appointed a superior council to arrange the celebration and Prince Chigi has been named its president. The protector of the council will be Cardinal Casarati. Prince Chigi has communicated with the bishops all over the world and it has been decided that one feature of the celebration will be the erection in Rome of a great church to be known as the Church of the Holy Martyrs.

PORTLAND PHYSICIANS STUDY TUBERCULOSIS

Dr. L. Rizen and Ralph Matson Attend Convention in Italy Having for Its Object Prevention of White Plague.



Where the Convention for the Prevention of Tuberculosis Took Place.



Dr. Ralph Matson



Dr. L. Rizen

DR. L. RIZEN and **DR. RALPH MATSON** were the Portland representatives at the convention for the prevention of tuberculosis which was held at Rome on Sunday, April 14. The congress was opened formally by their majesties the King and Queen of Italy, and among the 2009 delegates present from all parts of the world, Dr. Matson and Dr. Rizen were the only two men

present from Oregon. Among the world-known scientists who read papers were Professor Sahli, Professor von Leube, Professor Calmeze, Professor Maragliano and Professor Much. Modern ideas of preventing the spread of tuberculosis are rapidly penetrating into the most remote corners of the globe and being put into actual practice. With the assistance of the governments and educational institutions

it is believed to be possible to wipe tuberculosis from the face of the earth. The sessions were held at the beautiful grounds of the castle of St. Angelo, one of the oldest structures at Rome, built by the Roman Emperor Hadrian in 139 A. D.

Dr. Matson read a paper before the convention dealing with the application of modern methods in the diagnosis of tuberculosis. Dr. Matson, who has been doing research work in Europe for the past year, working particularly with the Von Noorden and Von Nosen clinics in Vienna, will return home in August.

Dr. Rizen, who had been doing research work in Paris, mainly in the Pasteur institute, and who will work with Dr. Ross in Liverpool will remain in Europe for some time devoting most of his time to the study of cancerous growths.

IRISH WELCOME BLAKE

Son of Late Canadian to Succeed Father in Parliament.

DUBLIN, May 25.—(Special.)—The Irish Parliamentary party will welcome to its ranks an Irish-Canadian recruit in Hume Blake, son of the late Hon. Edward Blake, who was himself for a number of years one of the most distinguished members of the House of Commons.

When Edward Blake came over and joined the Irish party the prophets wrote him up at once as the Premier of the coming Irish parliament, but he failed to assimilate the British atmosphere and returned to Canada to die. Ireland, however, does not forget his generous contributions to her fighting finances and in inviting his son to come in and take a hand in building up a new nation, she is paying a debt to his father's memory.

Apart from any question of sentiment, it is John Redmond's desire to surround himself with men having experience of colonial administration, and it was this motive that prompted him to send his own son out to Australia as one of the party Ambassadors, in search of cash to replenish the party exchequer.

Blake would like to send Hume Blake either to Dublin or London, to represent it as an expression of its loyalty to the family name, but circumstances make it considered in providing the new recruit with constituency.

Tax Cuts Alcohol Consumption.

PARIS, May 25.—(Special.)—The statistics published by the City of Paris during the last 10 years since the suppression of the octroi on beer and wine, and the increase of the same tax on strong alcoholic liquors, such as brandies, can de vie, cognac, and pure alcohol generally, have shown that the consumption of beer and wine, described as hygienic drinks, has considerably increased, while that of pure alcohol has diminished almost by one-half.

Before the octroi tax was removed, the average quantity of alcohol consumed by Parisians was nearly eight litres a head per annum, and now the amount has fallen to only four litres per head. Drunkenness, it is assumed, has declined in equal proportions among the working population.