STEPHENSON CASH FAST DISSIPATED

Stamps to Tune of $11,000 Used to Inform Voters of Senatorial Aims.

100,000 BUTTONS USED

"Touched by Two Old Soldiers, $2," One of Items Recorded, but Important Details Are Lacking in Some Cases.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 7.—United States Senator Isaac Stephenson's bill of $11,000 for postage used in his campaign for nomination in 1908 today was inquired into by the Senatorial committee which is investigating charges of bribery in connection with his election.

Rodney Sackett, one of the Stephenson campaign managers, testified that in one instance the postage bill for seven days amounted to $3700, and on one day he spent $1900 for two-cent stamps. The latter item provided for the sending out of 60,000 letters.

"And so you mean to say that out of all that mail there does not exist today a single trace, that all evidence of that campaign literature has been destroyed?" asked Senator Heyburn, the chairman.

"I don't know where any of it is now," replied Sackett.

Detailing the newspaper advertising, which cost $12,496, Sackett testified that $1500 was paid to one newspaper for a list of names of farmers throughout the state. It was the purpose to send literature to the farmers, urging them to vote for Senator Stephenson. One hundred thousand campaign buttons cost $502.

All of these items, Sackett testified, helped to swell Stephenson's total expenses in the campaign to $107,793.

Senator Heyburn read off these items as having been expended for Senator Stephenson:

"One man to attend colored picnic, $10."

"Trip through Ghetto, three men, $35."

"Touched by two old soldiers, $2."

Sackett said he had no knowledge of these items.

"As the responsible person in Senator Stephenson's campaign, you ought to know. You also ought to know, too, that under the laws of the state, these were not legitimate expenses," retorted Heyburn.

After the afternoon session the committee adjourned until Monday on account of the death of United States Circuit Judge Quarles, ex-United States Senator.

So far the witnesses at the investigation have been regarded as those favorable to Senator Stephenson. Witnesses who are opposed to him, including State Senator Blaine, who brought the original charges in the Wisconsin Legislature, are to be heard next.

BEAVERS LOSE ONE GAME

(Continued From First Page.)

on the sacks, but Stewart proved too good for the succeeding batsmen and they were either left on the sacks or caught trying to steal.

Brashear's homer put lots of life in the Tigers, and they took longer chances than at any time during the series. In the sixth Patterson doubled after Ross had fanned, and Peckinpaugh muffed Brashear's pop fly back of second, which tallied Patterson.

La Longe's Generosity Expensive.

In the ninth inning Mickey La Longe presented the Villagers with two more runs. Carlisle singled as first man up, and went to third when a swinging bunt by Ross got by both Lindsay and Peckinpaugh. Patterson pop-flied to Ryan, who came within an ace of tossing Carlisle out at third. Roy Brashear, hero of the long homer earlier, fell a victim of Tom Seaton's shoots and fanned.

As Seaton wound up to pitch what proved the third strike, Carlisle got the hit and run signal and started for the plate, but La Longe seemingly failed to see him coming in and tossed to Rodgers to get Ross, when all he had to do to retire the third man and complete an unassisted double play when Brashear swung out, was to run Carlisle down, for he had stopped within 10 feet of the plate.

As a result of this play Carlisle scored and Ross moved to second and scored on Stinson's hit to center.

With two men out in the seventh inning a Vernon sympathizer got in bad and was arrested when he tried to interfere with a catch by Chadbourne. McDonnell was the batter, and he drove one into left field. Chadbourne raced for the ball and made a neat catch, but as he gripped the ball a spectator dashed up to him and the two narrowly missed a collision. Chadbourne held the ball all right, but had he dropped it the umpire would have called McDonnell out because of the action of this rowdy, who was immediately taken in hand by a couple of policemen and thrown out of the park.

Fans Adopt Saner Methods.

The ball park today presented something sane in the rooting line, for the fans contented themselves with using lung power to cheer Hap and his warriors along. The auto horns, "klaxons" and other ear-splitting devices of the first three days were banished by order of Eddie Maier, president of the Vernon club.

Elmer Koestner will pitch the morning game at Vernon tomorrow and opposed to him will be either Brackenridge or Hill, while in the afternoon on the Los Angeles diamond Steen will hook up with Roy Castleton. Only one game will be played Monday. Score:

Vernon—	AB.	R.	H.	Po.	A.	E.	Portland—	AB.	R.	H.	Po.	A.	E.
Carlisle, cf	4	2	2	0	0	0	O'Hara, lf	4	1	3	0	0	0
Ross, lf	4	1	2	0	0	0	Hood'rs, 2b	3	0	1	2	0	
Patter., 1b	4	0	1	11	1	0	Lind., 3b	3	1	0	2	0	
Brash., 2b	4	1	3	2	0	0	O'Rourke, 1b	4	1	0	9	0	
Stin'n, rf	3	1	0	1	0	0	Ryan, rf	3	1	4	0	0	
M'Don'l, 3b	3	0	0	1	1	0	Krueg., cf	3	1	4	0	0	
Bur'ss, c	3	0	0	4	0	0	Peck., ss	4	1	1	0	1	
Brown, c	3	0	0	2	0	0	LaLonge, c	3	1	0	2	0	
Stewart, p	2	0	1	4	0	0	Hend'n, p	1	0	0	0	0	
							Seaton, p	1	1	0	1	0	
Totals	30	7	12	29	2	1	Totals	28	9	24	7	1	

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Vernon	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	2	*	—6
Hits	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	2	*	—7
Portland	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Hits	1	6	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	—9

SUMMARY.

Runs—Carlisle, Ross, Patterson 2, Brashear, Burrell, Ryan, Peckinpaugh. Two hits, two runs off Henderson in 4 innings. Home run—Brashear. Three-base hit—Lindsay. Two-base hits—LaLonge, Patterson. Bases on balls—Off Henderson 2, Stewart 2. Stolen bases, Carlisle, Ross. Struck out—By Henderson 1, Seaton 4. Double plays—Brashear to McDonnell, Burrell to Brashear to Patterson, Stewart to Burrell to Patterson. Wild pitch—Henderson. Hit by pitcher—Krueger. Time—2 hours. Umpires—Van Haltren and Hildebrand.

FAMILY AND MAN WHOSE MYSTERIOUS DEATH REVEALS STRANGE DISAPPEARANCE OF $600 FROM HOME.

Reading From Left to Right, Top Row—Charles Molles, Who Died, and Elder Son—Bottom Row, Daughter, Young Son and Mrs. Molles. The Children, With the Exception of the Youngest, Were Born to Mrs. Molles by a Former Husband.

COIN OF DEAD GONE

Wife Finds Body and Coin Jar Under Arm Is Empty.

CASE HERE MYSTERIOUS

Police Deduct That Spouse Seized Home Fund Clasped in C. Molles' Lifeless Hand as He Lay in Sixteenth - Street Home.

(Continued From First Page.)

from heart trouble, which must have caused his death.

Coin Jar Under Body.

"On entering the house about 5:30 o'clock I found his dead body on the floor in the bedroom. Beneath his right arm was the glass jar in which we kept the $600—$500 in gold and $100 in currency—in hiding beneath the kitchen floor. I at once telephoned the police and Mr. Carson, our grocer. Nobody knew anything about our money or where we kept it except Mr. Molles and I. Mr. Molles was very careful with his money affairs and only yesterday remarked to me that we should be very careful with what funds we had, as he expected hard times this Winter, when we would need all that we had."

Mr. Molles died between 3 and 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Oscar Carlson, of Carlson Bros., grocers, at 3 o'clock delivered some groceries at the Molles home and laughed and joked with Molles for a few minutes. Nobody saw Molles after that hour nor was anybody seen to enter the residence until Mrs. Molles arrived at 5:30 o'clock.

Detectives Suspect Wife.

It is the theory of the detectives who investigated the case that Molles died from heart failure and that the missing $600 was taken by Mrs. Molles. They suspect Mrs. Molles because of the pronounced exhibition of unconcern, amounting almost to indifference, over the death of her husband, she showed following the discovery of her husband's dead body and during the interview she gave the police.

The detectives say they also have other reasons for their theory which, they declare, seems plausible because of the particularly mysterious circumstances attending the husband's death and the simultaneous disappearance of the money which really belonged to the woman as her earnings.

Heirs Feared, Police Theorize.

Particular significance is attached by the detectives to the fact that the jar in which the money was placed and hidden under the kitchen floor in the rear of the building was found beneath the arm of Molles' body. Instead of the money, the jar contained Molles' naturalization papers, issued when he located in Minnesota, about 20 years ago.

It is contended by the detectives that Molles, feeling an attack of heart failure approaching, went into the kitchen and obtained the jar of money from its hiding place. The supposition is that he expired as he reached the front room in which the body was found. It is here that the theory of the detectives involves Mrs. Molles. They think that when she discovered the dead body of her husband and saw the jar of money beside it, she decided to take possession of her own savings, fearing that in the final settlement of affairs, the funds might be awarded to heirs of Molles.

Loss May Have Caused Death.

At the same time the detectives are inclined to think Mrs. Molles may have removed the money from the jar prior to yesterday and that Molles' death resulted from excitement resulting from the discovery that the money had disappeared. However, if Mrs. Molles took the money she found a better hiding place than the underground repository in which it was kept for several months. The detectives made a thorough search throughout the house, but could not find the slightest trace of the money or any clew that would aid them in determining the thief.

The fact that nothing else of value was taken from the residence, declare the detectives, only strengthens their theory that the missing money could only have been taken by somebody who knew its hiding place and that the jar of money was the sole purpose of the robbery. A silver watch, belonging to Molles, and a few other pieces of cheap jewelry, in a jewel case in the room where Molles' body was found, were not disturbed.

Man Here 15 Months.

Molles was born in Finland but had lived most of his life in this country, where he acquired a good education. For a number of years he served in the United States Navy. Following his term of enlistment, he settled in Finlayson, Minn., where he engaged in farming. It was there he married his present wife, who had been wedded before. Fifteen months ago, Molles disposed of his interests in Minnesota and came to Portland.

During his residence in this city, Molles did not work at any trade. He read a great real and took a great interest in Socialism, attending meetings held by this organization nearly every night in the week. Molles also wrote a great many articles on Socialism. Several unfinished compositions on this subject, both in English and his native language, were found in his room.

Judge J. V. Quarles, of Wisconsin, Soldier and Ex-Senator, Who Died in Milwaukee Yesterday.

JUDGE QUARLES IS DEAD

WISCONSIN EX-SENATOR VETERAN OF CIVIL WAR.

Service in Upper House of Congress Followed by Appointment to Bench in 1905.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Oct. 7.—Joseph Very Quarles, United States judge for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, died at his home here today.

Judge Quarles was appointed to the bench upon the conclusion of his term as United States Senator from Wisconsin, in 1905. He was 67 years old and was a Civil War Veteran, having left the University of Michigan in his sophomore year to enlist with a Wisconsin regiment, but at the completion of his term of service he re-entered the university and was graduated in 1864. He was a Lieutenant of the 39th Wisconsin Infantry during his service in the Army.

He was admitted to the bar in 1868 and from the beginning was active in politics. He was District Attorney of Kenosha County six years, was Mayor of Kenosha and a member of both houses of the Wisconsin Legislature, and was elected to the United States Senate for the term from 1899-1905.

SHERMAN LAW OPPOSED

Railway Men of Tacoma to Vote by Referendum.

TACOMA, Oct. 7.—What is believed the first attempt of organized labor to take a hand against the enforcement of the Sherman anti-trust law is being undertaken in Tacoma by the railroad men. The Railway Men's Political Club executive committee has prepared a resolution along these lines which it will submit to the referendum vote of the railroad men of this city.

The purpose of the resolution is to create sentiment against the Sherman law, and all Federal and state enactments which restrict the co-operation of the individuals "when deemed expedient to develop successfully our economic institutions or National resources."

FALL EXPOSITION WOMEN'S MAN-TAILORED SUITS and COATS

—A Realization of Women's Fancies. This is probably the best description of our authoritative styles—the production of leading designers of New York

Rugged materials, characteristic of the sterner set, now so popular with fashionable women, are well represented

"QUALITY *and* INTEGRITY"

the ideal standard of this store, is strongly in evidence in the superior goods and matchless values in these garments

Just received, direct from England, a small shipment of Ladies' Balmacan Raincoats

ELEVATOR TO THIRD FLOOR

Ben Selling

LEADING CLOTHIER
Fourth at Morrison

O'BRIEN SENDS REGRETS

Strike Keeps Rail Official From Bend Fete—His Letter Late.

On account of the labor troubles J. P. O'Brien, vice-president and general manager of the O.-W. R. & N. Company, was unable to be present at the Bend celebration in honor of the opening of the Deschutes line. Mr. O'Brien, however, sent a letter, which was to have been read in the ceremonies, but which did not arrive in time on account of delayed mails. Mr. O'Brien's letter to the Bend Commercial Club follows:

"Portland, Or., Oct. 2.—Mr. J. E. Sawhill, manager Bend Commercial Club—My Dear Sir: I regret very much on account of labor troubles I will be prevented from attending the celebration at Bend October 5, but wish to congratulate the Commercial Club and the people of Bend on the occasion of connecting up your city by rail transportation with the outside world. With the large body of standing timber and the irrigated sections, which are tributary to Bend and which will be given outlet by rail connection, it certainly seems to me that the growth of your city will be great and that it is only a question of time until it will be the center of a very large milling district, which will certainly mean a great increase in your population.

"Yours very truly,
"J. P. O'BRIEN."

FALL SALMON RUN HEAVY

Canneries Report 18,000 Cases Above Same Season Last Year.

ASTORIA, Or., Oct. 7.—(Special.)—Reports received from the various Oregon Coast streams are that the runs of Fall chinook salmon have been large and the season thus far has been a most successful one.

One company which operates several canneries is reported to be about 18,000 cases ahead of the corresponding time last year. The catch of silversides has not been heavy as this class of fish will not enter the streams until the Fall freshets begin.

Too Much Freedom Enough.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 7.—Ernest Leinss, the German real estate dealer, who was arrested in Seattle charged with swindling operations in Milwaukee, escaped from his custodians, City Detectives Henry Rooney and John O'Gorman, at Roundup, Mont., today, by leaping from a train. Leinss was shown every courtesy by the Milwaukee detectives and was permitted to take his wife and children with him on the train. The officers were thrown completely off their guard by Leinss' apparent candor.

The BOSS of the Road

Ask the man who owns one

Packard "SIX"

FRANK C. RIGGS
PACKARD SERVICE BUILDING,
Cornell Road, Twenty-third and Washington Streets.

The PRIDE of the Boulevard

Ask the man who owns one

Packard "SIX"

FRANK C. RIGGS
PACKARD SERVICE BUILDING
Cornell Road, Twenty-third and Washington Streets