



VOL. XXX—NO. 19.

PORTLAND, OREGON, SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1911.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

RUSHLIGHT WINS; PLURALITY 1163

Lombard Runs Second, Werlein Third.

TALK OF INDEPENDENT HEARD

Baker, Daly, Jennings Nominated for Council at Large.

DEMOCRATS NAME THOMAS

Dr. Lane's Friends Make No Effort to Capture Nomination—Wilhelm, Kubli, Lake and Belting Win for Council.

WINNING REPUBLICAN TICKET. Mayor—A. G. Rushlight. Aldermen—A. L. Barber. Treasurer—William Adams. City Attorney—Frank R. Grant. Municipal Judge—George Tazewell. Councilmen-at-large—George L. Baker, William H. Daly and J. J. Jennings. Councilman-at-large to succeed Thomas C. Devlin—John H. Burgard. Councilman-at-large to succeed Gay Lombard—Ralph C. Clyde. Ward Councilmen. First Ward—Jordan V. Zan and T. S. Mann. The Fourth Ward—Frederick S. Wilhelm. Sixth Ward—Henry A. Belting. Seventh Ward—William R. Lake. Eighth Ward—K. K. Kubli.

A. G. Rushlight, retiring Councilman from the Seventh Ward, yesterday was nominated for Mayor in the Republican primary nominating election, defeating Gay Lombard and J. E. Werlein. Complete unofficial returns from all of the 155 precincts give Rushlight a plurality of 1163 over Lombard. Werlein finished a poor third. The vote on Mayor was: Lombard, 5317; Rushlight, 6489; Werlein, 1792. Rushlight was especially strong in the North End and in some sections on the East Side, while Lombard polled a tremendous vote in the residence districts. In several instances outdistancing Rushlight by a vote of from 6 to 1 to 10 to 1. The support of Werlein, as shown by the vote, was distributed generally throughout the city, although he carried several precincts by a good margin over both of his opponents.

Labor Votes for Rushlight. In addition to the almost solid support of the saloons and breweries, Rushlight had the indorsement of organized labor and was largely supported by those members of trades unions whose employment enabled them to get to the polls and vote. Two reasons stand out distinctly as the cause for the defeat of Gay Lombard. The first placed the element of voters on which he had to rely, those who supported him in his contentions for clean government and a change in the personnel of the present City Council, failed to go to the polls. The second contributing cause was the action of M. C. Hanfield and other officers of the Employers' Association in distributing at the last minute circular letters and marked ballots intended to aid Mr. Lombard. This movement did not stop with indorsing Mr. Lombard for Mayor, but the sample ballots were marked as to all other candidates for the various offices to be nominated. The effect was disastrous as to Mr. Lombard's chances. At the last minute those candidates not indorsed by this organization, together with their friends, who otherwise were not unfriendly to Mr. Lombard, were not only turned against his candidacy but actively at the polls fought his nomination. But if one is to judge by comments

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"BARON'S" CAREER INCLUDES DIVORCE

RIDING MASTER ARRESTED IS KNOWN IN CLEVELAND.

Father of German "Nobleman" Reported to Have Left Him Title, Estates and Much Trouble.

CLEVELAND, O., May 6.—(Special.)—Baron G. C. von Woellworth, who is accused of issuing a bad check in Portland, Or., became mixed up in a divorce suit here three months ago, which was instituted by his former wife, Miss Louise Lau, of this city. After brief litigation Miss Lau was granted a separation and the ground of gross negligence. It having been proved that the Baron's fortune, to which he fell heir shortly after his marriage, had made him incoercible.

The Baron formerly conducted a riding academy in this city. It was while running this school that he met Miss Lau, who is the daughter of an old Cleveland family. When his father died in Germany, leaving him his title and large estates, the Baron von Woellworth was teaching horsemanship riding in New York City. Unable to furnish the \$5000 bond required of him, "Baron" von Woellworth, arrested Friday night by Detectives Mallet and Craddock, on a charge of issuing bad checks to the amount of \$90, with much larger transactions in the background, is held in the County Jail to await the action of the grand jury. The "Baron" made no fight in Municipal Court yesterday, appearing but for a moment and waiving examination. S. E. Kramer, one of the proprietors of the riding school where the "Baron" was employed, was present in court and admitted that he held over \$1100 of the pseudo nobleman's paper, which, he said, was absolutely worthless. "It was a case of throwing good money after bad," said Mr. Kramer. "I knew that Woellworth was no good financially and never believed his story of the big legacy, but he had secured the title advances until I had to keep him in order to get even. He was the best riding master I ever knew. The title is purely bogus, and such titles are as cheap as daisies in Germany, where they are worn by every cheap boarding-house keeper."

TURKISH OFFICIALS BRIBED

Right to Dig for Jewish Relics Bought by Excavators.

LONDON, May 6.—A letter received from Jerusalem says the Moslem Sheik, the guardian of the Mosque of Omar, was given \$25,000 to permit the explorers of the Anglo-American syndicate to excavate beneath the sacred rocks upon which the mosque stands. The Turkish governor, the writer says, received a far greater sum. The Moslems were so incensed they threatened to lynch the sheik. The excavators are supposed to have obtained sacred relics buried by the Jews before Jerusalem was sacked by the Romans.

TACOMA VOTES BOND ISSUE

Sum of \$699,000 to Be Expended in High School Improvements.

TACOMA, Wash., May 6.—(Special.)—Tacoma had another election today, this time to decide whether the Board of Education should be authorized to issue \$699,000 in bonds for new buildings and improvements, including a new high school. Out of about 27,000 persons qualified to vote only about 1200 took the trouble to go to the polls. Of these 1944 voted in favor of the bonds and 1259 against. As it requires a three-fifths majority for the bonds to carry, they win by 22 votes.

SUFFRAGE FIGHT STARTS

Congressman Introduces Measure to Give Women Votes.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Universal woman's suffrage was advocated in Congress today in a joint resolution introduced by Representative Mondell of Wyoming. The resolution would amend the constitution to read: "The rights of citizens shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of sex."

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NEGOTIATIONS END; WAR IS ON AGAIN

Madero Says Diaz Has Prevented Peace.

RESIGNATION NOT CONSIDERED

Impossible to Negotiate on That Basis, Says Agent.

ATTACK ON JUAREZ NEAR

Armistice Is Declared Ended and Madero Holds Diaz Responsible, Saying He Can't Be Trusted to Carry Out Reforms.

EL PASO, Tex., May 6.—The armistice covering the Chihuahua district was ended, all official communication between the Mexican government and the revolutionists was broken off today, and tonight the insurrecto army under General Francisco I. Madero, Jr., is preparing to pursue the revolution as vigorously as ever. Juarez will be the first point of attack, but the rebels probably will not move for another 24 hours. The "inexplicable ambition of President Diaz," who refused to accede to the rebel demand that he make public announcement of his intention to resign, was the expression by which General Madero tonight epitomized the reasons for the break. Judge Carbajal having notified 'Dr. Vazquez Gomez, head of the rebel peace commission, today that it was impossible for him to continue the peace negotiations on the basis suggested by the rebels, the rebel chief having refused to extend the armistice, the following statement was issued by General Madero defining his position: "Diaz Declared Responsible. 'As is well known, I invited the people of Mexico to take up arms against Diaz, when all legal means to bring about the will of the people had been exhausted. The war was inevitable and indispensable, and already we have begun to see its fruits, inasmuch as the principles which the revolutionists proclaimed have been accepted by General Diaz and the members of his cabinet. 'But that is not enough for while General Diaz is in power all laws will be a fiction and all the promises tricks of war. With that idea and in order to obtain peace in Mexico, I asked him to make public the intention which he had manifested privately of resigning from the government. In order that he might not feel humiliated or have any pretext to deny such a request, I proposed that I also resign as provisional president, even manifesting to him that I would accept as president for the interim a member of his cabinet, who occupied a post of much confidence and who is correspondingly able to fill it. 'It is not possible for me to do more for my country and, if the war continues, it will be due solely to the inexplicable ambition of General Diaz. He therefore will be alone responsible before the civilized world and in history for all the misery which the war may cause.' Carbajal's Answer Vague. Though determined to pursue their demands to the last ditch, the rebel leaders tonight plainly showed their disappointment at the outcome of the day's events. They had thought that some announcement from Diaz would be forthcoming. They were under the impression that the government had received from Carbajal a copy of their demands with regard to the resignation of Diaz. The answer which Carbajal gave them today, addressed to Gomez, they found vague and inadequate and without explanation of that point. Gomez had earlier today asked Carbajal for an answer to the rebel demands. His request follows: "In view of the fact that the armistice terminates today at 12 o'clock, and

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INDEX TO TODAY'S NEWS

The Weather. YESTERDAY'S—Maximum temperature, 60 degrees; minimum, 43 degrees. TODAY'S—Fair; variable winds. Election. Rushlight wins nomination for Mayor; talk of independent candidate heard. Section 1, page 1. Lloyd-George's workman's insurance plan is favored. Section 1, page 2. Accused Camorrista face informer on witness stand. Section 1, page 3. Mexico. General Wood quoted as saying American intervention inevitable, but he and Taft deny it. Section 1, page 1. Armistice ends and rebels renew hostilities. Section 1, page 1. Mazatlan suffers from horrors of war. Section 1, page 5. National. Debate in House on tariff free list bill comes to close. Section 1, page 1. Domestic. Court declares arrest of Tilden and bankers favored. Section 1, page 4. Bull leaders in Chicago give up and may wheat drops to 53 1/2 cents. Section 1, page 2. McManara's attorney goes East to consult Darrow about evidence. Section 1, page 2. Two thousand women march in suffrage parade in New York. Section 1, page 1. Colorado Legislature adjourns sine die without electing United States Senator. Section 1, page 6. Pacific Northwest. Mrs. Sidney C. Love makes answer to husband's contest for divorce at Baker, Or. Section 1, page 6. President has declared Clear Lake reserve site a Government bird reserve. Section 1, page 7. Attorney General Clegg, of Washington, lays plans for getting 200,000 acres of school land from Federal Government. Section 1, page 1. Steps to improve Rex-Triadville road taken by auto and commercial clubs. Section 1, page 6. Railway chiefs attend as to conference at Spokane. Section 1, page 11. Presbyterian minister of Seattle's recent graft upheaval. Section 1, page 1. Sports. Pacific Coast League results—Portland 4, Vernon 3; Sacramento 4, Oakland 2; Los Angeles 4, San Francisco 3. Section 2, page 1. Northwestern tennis tourney States defeated by sized. Section 2, page 4. Nat. Emerson, Oregon tennis title-holder, will defend at Multnomah tourney. Section 2, page 4. Results in Northwestern League yesterday—Vancouver 3, Portland 2; Spokane 5, Tacoma 4; Seattle 7, Vancouver 5. Section 2, page 4. Washington athlete Glad defeated because of over-indulgence in chocolate drops, as alleged. Section 2, page 11. Portland wrestlers train for National tournament. Section 2, page 4. Portland fans pleased with Beavers' record. Section 2, page 4. Beavers' right-fielder, Chadbourne, is fast player. Section 2, page 2. Real Estate and Building. Inside of new shift of magnitude pending. Section 4, page 10. Synagogue to be built at Sixth and Hall streets. Section 4, page 10. Kentworth to be opened in June. Section 4, page 10. Territory north of Prescott and east of Union avenue on East Side growing rapidly. Section 4, page 11. Portland investors buy Yamhill County tract for \$75,000. Section 4, page 11. East Side building exceeds West Side. Section 4, page 12. Automobiles. Auto truck advantage in quick delivery. Section 4, page 11. Snow block auto trip to Government Camp at Mount Hood. Section 4, page 4. Convict labor on highways is advocated. Section 4, page 8. Commercial and Marine. Prune crop prospects in California uncertain. Section 2, page 17. Four-cent break in May wheat at Chicago. Section 2, page 2. Stock market shows hesitating tone. Section 2, page 17. New York banks shift loans to trust companies. Section 2, page 17. Oriental liner Hercules makes quick passage from San Francisco. Section 2, page 17. Portland and Vicinity. Julius Kruttschnitt, vice-president of Harriman line, begins tour of inspection. Section 1, page 15. James Peter Moffet, indicted of mother's fraud. Section 1, page 14. Indictment against Chief of Police Cox may be dropped by District Attorney. Section 1, page 15. Civic committee of woman's club urges clean city for Rose Festival. Section 3, page 12. Auto parade to be made his feature of Rose Festival. Section 2, page 18. Sawlog market becomes demoralized. Section 1, page 8.

INTERVENTION TALK ASCRIBED TO WOOD

Inevitable Is Word Quoted by Congressmen.

TAFT MAKES FORCIBLE DENIAL

Dissension in Cabinet About Mexico Is Rumored.

KNOX' RESIGNATION NEAR?

Chagrin Caused by Remarks Attributed to Wood, Who Repudiates Them—Taft Will Put Issue Up to Congress, if Need Be.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Stories printed today that General Leonard Wood, Chief of Staff of the Army, at an informal gathering of members of the House committee on military affairs Thursday, expressed the opinion that intervention in Mexico will be inevitable and that it would take 500,000 American troops to patrol the troubled republic, brought no little chagrin to Administration circles. Today's happenings brought out fresh rumors that friction exists between the War and State Departments over the handling of affairs connected with the Mexican situation. A department report also was persistent tonight that Secretary Knox's resignation in the near future would not cause surprise. No confirmation was obtainable. A suggestion that Knox might retire from the state portfolio was current, even before the Mexican situation was sprung. Denials Most Emphatic. Official denials that intervention would come were issued from several sources, and care was taken to express anew the Administration's position that intervention is a most remote possibility. One of President Taft's callers today went so far as to quote him as saying that "blood would have to be so deep in Mexico that a man could wade through it," before the American Army would cross the border. This has been reported to have been the President's position throughout Mexican troubles and again was generally accepted as such. Members of Congress were inclined to the belief the reported utterances of General Wood were to be taken as that officer's personal view. Taft Is Firm as Rock. The President is as "firm as a rock" in his purpose to live up to the obligations of neutrality, and even the killing of Americans, provided it were an incident of warfare, would not be regarded as sufficient ground for a single American soldier to cross the international boundary. This statement was made today without reservation by the highest authority next to the President and undoubtedly reflects the latter's policy. He insists on absolutely technical adherence to the instructions already given to the American military commanders on the border to keep their soldiers north of the line. Wood Denounces Story. General Wood himself and Secretary of War Dickinson were particularly bitter in denouncing the circulation of saying they considered them calculated to work infinite mischief and endanger the lives of Americans in Mexico by inflaming the natives and even to plunge the two countries into war. Through all of the conflicting reports as to the American attitude there stood out the fact that intervention in Mexico can come only through the action of Congress. This fact served to maintain placidity at the Capitol. The President, conscious of the constitutional restrictions as to invading a foreign

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MINISTER BEHIND SEATTLE UPHEAVAL

REV. W. A. MATTHEWS, MAN WHO AIDED BURNS.

Preacher Compelled to Use Own Insurance Policies, Only Negotiable Securities, to Oust "Wappy."

SEATTLE, Wash., May 6.—(Special.)—Rev. W. A. Matthews is the man who brought Detective William J. Burns to Seattle and put him to work on the investigation of the police department which resulted in the calling of a grand jury which indicted ex-Chief of Police Wappenstein and members of the so-called vice syndicate. Dr. Matthews, although in receipt of a \$5000 salary, had to realize the full loan value of his insurance policies, his only negotiable securities, to pay the heavy expenses of the detectives. He had them at work as early as October. He has issued a statement to the public urging that the work, which has been started, be carried on until every corrupt official has been punished. So closely had the secret been guarded that Dr. Matthews' name had not even been mentioned in the rumors which continually swept the city concerning the forces behind Burns. J. D. Farrell, head of the Harriman interests, had been mentioned, as had Laurence Colman, the millionaire instigator of the recall of Mayor Gill, and an express company which had lost heavily by a bullion robbery on an Alaska steamer. Dr. Matthews, who is the pastor of the largest Presbyterian Church in the United States, is well known to Portland church folk, thousands of whom heard him recently when he conducted revival meetings at the First Presbyterian Church, Twelfth and Alder streets. Every avenue through which woman has invaded man's field of endeavor was represented from sculpture to cab driving. One hundred male supporters joined in the parade. Four brass bands, dozens of elaborate floats and fluttering pennants by the hundreds, with here and there a banner bearing epigrams, lengthened the line of 2000 marchers. The ranks were separated into seven divisions and more than half the marchers were laden with camp stools, besides the regular insignia and banners which they carried. The camp stools, an innovation in New York parades, had served as seats for the feminine army preceding the formation. Having answered their purpose, they were folded up, tucked under arms and carried along. Every one marched with the exception of the veterans and the babies. Mrs. Antoinette Brown Blackwell, nearly 90, Mrs. Anna Garlan Spencer and Mrs. Phoebe A. Hapford, representing "The girls of sixty-one," rode in open carriages. The youngest recruits were trundled in go-carts by their mothers. Out of town associations, in a separate division, consisted of delegates from Colorado, Wyoming, Massachusetts, New Jersey and Connecticut. When the marchers reached Union Square, an open-air mass meeting was held and addresses were delivered by the leaders. Half a dozen floats, illustrating the progress woman has made since Eve handed Adam the pippin were interesting features of the celebration and yellow "votes for women" sashes were plentiful enough to give the moving panorama a "Mayonnaise" appearance. Standards bearing the names of Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Julia Ward Howe, Mary Livermore and those of other women who devoted their lives to the cause, had prominent places in line and scores of banners bearing inscriptions calculated to wrench the hearts of unsympathetic legislators were carried by the marchers. Six or seven bands and glorious weather were the other ingredients which added to the pleasure of the occasion. Cooks and Artists in Line. Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont was not in line, but members of the suffrage organization with which she is identified were out in force. Mrs. William L. Colt of Bronzville, who acted as grand marshal, or grand marshales—take your pick; Mrs. John W. Granam; Mrs. Frederick Nathan; Mrs. Lenora O'Reilly; Miss Ross Schneideman; Miss Inez Millholland; Miss Anne O'Hagan; and Miss Catherine Leacy were some of the more prominent women in line, which included society women, women of the various trades, artists, actresses, musicians, authors, writers, milliners,

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WOMEN MARCH IN SUFFRAGE CAUSE

Thousands of All Ages Carry Banners.

GIRLS OF '61 JOIN 1911 BABES

Even Men Join in Great New York Demonstration.

CAMPSTOOLS IN DEMAND

After Marching While Waiting, Women Satch With Them Under Arms. All Classes, Trades and Professions Are in Line.

NEW YORK, May 6.—(Special.)—Gray haired woman suffrage pioneers styled "The girls of '61," dimpled, laughing girl babies of 1910, not yet out of their first long dresses, girls and women of all ages between, swept down Fifth avenue from Fifty-seventh street to Union square this afternoon in an unorganized protest against denial to their sex of the ballot. Every avenue through which woman has invaded man's field of endeavor was represented from sculpture to cab driving. One hundred male supporters joined in the parade. Four brass bands, dozens of elaborate floats and fluttering pennants by the hundreds, with here and there a banner bearing epigrams, lengthened the line of 2000 marchers. The ranks were separated into seven divisions and more than half the marchers were laden with camp stools, besides the regular insignia and banners which they carried. The camp stools, an innovation in New York parades, had served as seats for the feminine army preceding the formation. Having answered their purpose, they were folded up, tucked under arms and carried along. Every one marched with the exception of the veterans and the babies. Mrs. Antoinette Brown Blackwell, nearly 90, Mrs. Anna Garlan Spencer and Mrs. Phoebe A. Hapford, representing "The girls of sixty-one," rode in open carriages. The youngest recruits were trundled in go-carts by their mothers. Out of town associations, in a separate division, consisted of delegates from Colorado, Wyoming, Massachusetts, New Jersey and Connecticut. When the marchers reached Union Square, an open-air mass meeting was held and addresses were delivered by the leaders. Half a dozen floats, illustrating the progress woman has made since Eve handed Adam the pippin were interesting features of the celebration and yellow "votes for women" sashes were plentiful enough to give the moving panorama a "Mayonnaise" appearance. Standards bearing the names of Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Julia Ward Howe, Mary Livermore and those of other women who devoted their lives to the cause, had prominent places in line and scores of banners bearing inscriptions calculated to wrench the hearts of unsympathetic legislators were carried by the marchers. Six or seven bands and glorious weather were the other ingredients which added to the pleasure of the occasion. Cooks and Artists in Line. Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont was not in line, but members of the suffrage organization with which she is identified were out in force. Mrs. William L. Colt of Bronzville, who acted as grand marshal, or grand marshales—take your pick; Mrs. John W. Granam; Mrs. Frederick Nathan; Mrs. Lenora O'Reilly; Miss Ross Schneideman; Miss Inez Millholland; Miss Anne O'Hagan; and Miss Catherine Leacy were some of the more prominent women in line, which included society women, women of the various trades, artists, actresses, musicians, authors, writers, milliners,

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NAVAL MAN TO WED BELLE

Engagement Aftermath of Cruise of Atlantic Fleet.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—(Special.)—The engagement to marry is announced of Lieutenant Albert Rees of the cruiser South Dakota and Miss Jennie Lee, a Southern belle. Miss Lee is the daughter of the late Captain and Mrs. James William Lee, of Virginia, the family being a connection of the famous "Light-Horse Harry" Lee. Since the death of her father, who was in business in Japan, Miss Lee has made her home with her sister, Mrs. E. F. Schlessinger. Lieutenant Rees is also a Southerner, his family being well known in Tennessee. The engagement is another aftermath of the cruise of the Atlantic fleet, Miss Lee meeting the naval officer at one of the dances shortly after the men-of-war anchored in the bay. Since then she has been the toast on every warship in port, and no end of affairs on the fighting vessels have been held in her honor. Miss Lee was the chum of Miss Virginia Bogue, now Mrs. Carlo Baron, of Rome. The wedding will be on June 7. Captain Gross of the torpedo boat Stewart, will be best man.

LEISHMAN TO GET POST

Ambassador to Italy Picked to Succeed Hill.

BERLIN, May 6.—(Special.)—It is confidently expected here that the successor of Ambassador Hill will be John G. A. Leishman, who is at present American Ambassador to Italy. It is assumed that the reason an official announcement of the appointment of Mr. Leishman has not been made is because his name is still before the Foreign Office for a decision of the Kaiser as to whether Mr. Leishman would be persona grata to the Emperor.

MOTHER LOVE AIDS POLICE

Longing for Three Small Children Causes Woman to Confess.

LOS ANGELES, May 6.—Longing for her three small children, who since the escape of her husband, Francis Ryan, from the Denver jail have been public charges in that city, has broken down the stoical silence of "Lillian Paxton," the woman accused of forging deeds to valuable property in this and other cities, and she confessed today that her real name was Mrs. J. F. Flynn and that her home was at No. 52 Hicks street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

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LITTLE GIRL IS DROWNED

Sister in Attempt at Rescue Almost Meets Same Fate.

LEBANON, Or., May 6.—(Special.)—Verlie Walton, 10 years of age, daughter of Mrs. Lillie D. Walton, was drowned and her 14-year-old sister, who went to the former's rescue, narrowly escaped death in the Lebanon paper mill canal last evening. The girls were playing on a raft of logs when Verlie fell into the water.

HARRY MURPHY ILLUMINES SEVERAL SUBJECTS OF CURRENT INTEREST WITH HIS HUMOROUS PEN.

