PHOTOS DISCREDIT DR. COOK'S CLAIM

Mount McKinley Topographer Says Picture Not Taken at Top of Peak.

TWO STORIES DON'T JIBE

Russell Porter Thinks Camp No. 6, Described in Explorer's Book, Was Some 20 Miles From the Summit.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 30.—In a signed statement given to the Associated Press, Russell Porter, topographer on the Mount McKinley expedition of Dr. Frederick A. Cook, declares that, if it is true that one of the photographs in Dr. Cook's book was taken on the evening of the day the doctor reached what was known as Camp No. 6, the photograph cannot be one of the summit of Mount McKinley.

Mr. Porter in his statement tells of going to Alaska in the Spring of 1906 as a surveyor. When Dr. Cook and Barrill made the trip on which Dr. Cook says he reached the top of Mount McKinley, Mr. Porter remained behind to do some mapping. The doctor and Barrill reappeared with the account of the ascent of Mount McKinley.

"At that time," Mr. Porter's statement continues, "I had no reason to doubt the statements that have since been described in the doctor's book, 'To the Top of the Continent.' In the published statement of Barrill he states that the photograph opposite page 192 in Dr. Cook's book was taken on the evening of the same day that Dr. Cook took him with the flag at what he claims as the top of Mount McKinley and was taken at Camp No. 6. This camp was only three or four miles from one of my surveying stations, a locality which I recognized distinctly. It is at about 5000 feet contour, and is some 20 miles from the summit, according to my topographical maps, purchased by the Government.

"If it is true that the photograph signed 'The Top of Our Continent' was taken the evening of the day they made this camp, this photograph cannot be the summit of Mount McKinley."

HELENA CREDITS DR. COOK

Civic Club Passes Resolution of Confidence in Explorer.

HELENA, Mont., Oct. 30.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook, the Arctic explorer, tonight delivered his lecture to an audience that filled the auditorium. His appearance here was at the invitation of the Helena Civic Club.

Dr. Cook was introduced by Governor Norris. He simply recited the story of his trip to the Pole. At the conclusion of the lecture Edward L. Horskey introduced the following resolution of confidence, which was passed by a rising vote of the audience:

"The Helena Civic Club wishes to record its deep appreciation of the generous and kindly act of Dr. Frederick A. Cook in presenting to this club without charge his lecture of absorbing interest—a simple, straightforward recital of a great achievement.

"We welcome this opportunity of extending the congratulations of the citizens of the capital city of Montana to Dr. Cook upon the successful accomplishment of his explorations, expressing not only our confidence in him, and the results of his work, but even more, our admiration for the manner in which he has conducted himself under exceedingly trying circumstances."

VICTORY WILL BE BARREN

(Continued From First Page.)

seemed to drive him to the verge of insanity. He dropped into the cheapest kind of personalities, told his audiences to go and see Hearst "and look at that face," and moaned over the alleged fact that Hearst had bought up the columns of the Evening World at a fabulous price, so that the expensive Brisbane could write all sorts of things against the Democratic nominee.

Sponsor for County Ticket.

The worst thing he did, however, was to accept responsibility for the Tammany county ticket, by stating that, as a city nominee, he had nothing to do with the nomination of local candidates. In this way, he practically stood sponsor for the unspeakable Roesch, who had been the attorney for degraded women; Christy Sullivan, the cadet of the Bowery clan, and James J. Hagen, the former warden of the Tombs.

In addition to this, Gaynor, when he appeared at Tammany Hall, admittedly a tactical mistake, committed the further error of holding two conferences with Boss Murphy, one before his speech and the second after he had concluded his remarks. Doubtless his intentions were innocent enough, but the impression of the general public was that he had received his orders from Murphy, and that alone was sufficient to alienate many voters who had previously held him in respect.

Despite the fact that Gaynor was a "frost" on the stump, his advisers insisted that in the last week of the campaign he should make many speeches, and the poor old jurist was compelled to travel noisily all over the greater city every night, much to the disadvantage of his associates on the city ticket, who vainly pleaded that he remain quiet for their sake, if not for his own.

Otto Bannard, the Republican-Fusion nominee, surprised his friends as well as his enemies by making a rattling good impression on the stump. Mr. Bannard started out by announcing that he was not an orator, and then following this up by making good, business-like talks that won him many admirers. In fact, during the last hours of the campaign, the anti-Tammany men were mostly willing to accept either Bannard or Hearst, and the efforts of the rival Fusion managers were mostly directed to an attempt to prove that the other foe of Tammany Hall had no chance of election, and that a vote for Bannard or Hearst, as the case might be, would simply be thrown away.

Bannard Makes Big Gains.

In his last week of the fight, Bannard spoke at from four to nine meetings every night. He covered the entire city several times, and pounded away on his slogan of "A business-like administration by a business-like Mayor." His campaign managers, who started in by being thoroughly disheartened, gradually picked up courage, and at the close of the fight were noisily optimistic.

Hearst's campaign was the one that caused the leaders on all sides the greatest anxiety. It is admitted that four years ago Hearst was defeated because of the fact that thousands of Republicans, at the last moment, flopped over to McClellan to save the city from being represented, or as they figured, "misrepresented," by the radical Hearst.

This time Hearst has lost many of his radical followers, but, on the other hand, he has gained many heretofore staunch Republicans, who now say that they would like to see what he could do in the Mayor's office.

In years gone by the Hearst strength was a noisy bunch, who cheered night and day, and was very much in evidence. This time the Hearst men are confidently claiming a large silent vote, and the indications are that they will get it. What the radicals will do is another question. And will the conservative gain of Hearst offset the radical loss? That is a question that every politician would like to be able to determine. Hearst and all of his leaders are absolutely confident of success. And they base this on several grounds.

Hearst Claims Silent Vote.

For one thing they believe (and this is the general opinion) that their candidate would have won four years ago had they possessed any regular standing. But the election boards were divided between the Republicans and the Democrats, and the hands of both were lifted against Hearst, who was equally unpopular with the G. O. P. and Tammany. Now that the feeling against the independent nominee has changed, and particularly because he is supporting the bulk of the fusion ticket, the Hearst men count on the assistance of the Republican election officers and the help of the State Superintendent of Elections, quite important factors in a warmly contested campaign, like the one that has just ended.

Dr. Stephen S. Wise, formerly of Portland, added interest to the closing days of the fight, by strongly denouncing a number of Jewish ministers who had gone to the front for Gaynor. This delegation called on the Democratic nominee, and told him that their race was practically a unit for the former Judge. Gaynor was mightily pleased with the demonstration, but Dr. Wise took up the cudgels in fine shape. Here are a few of the things he said, and as the former Portland man has one of the most representative congregations in the city, his words counted, and they did not count for Gaynor:

Rabbi Wise on Tammany.

The issue of the present municipal contest is not the color of the ribbon of the straw hat of one candidate for the office of Mayor nor the size of the apartment of another, nor yet what a third candidate believes to be his neighbors' opinion of himself. The issue of the hour is Tammany against New York, and the duty of the hour is New York against Tammany.

What if its Mayoralty candidate did not know where the organization was situated! He speedily learned where it was when he needed it. He knew how to find it, and it knows where to find him. The long-time assailant of the organization has been struck dumb. Alas, that the bribe of a Mayoral nomination has sealed the lips of truth!

The need of the hour is that the citizens on the 2d of November shall vote not with a lead pencil, but with his conscience, that he shall be free from every partisanship and prejudice and prepossession, and concerned only in the safeguarding of every higher interest of New York.

I wish solemnly to protest against the visit of a considerable group of rabbis of this city to a Mayoral candidate, who have thereby rendered a sorry service to the cause of good government and a sorrier service to the cause of Israel. I protest against the pretense, for it is nothing else, which is implied, that there is such a thing as Jewish vote and that such Jewish vote can be influenced or controlled in any degree by these men, even as I protest against another group of Jewish ministers suffering their names to be used, valueless as they may be, in indorsement of a discredited judicial nominee.

From time to time it is said in ignorance that the leaders of Tammany Hall are friendly to the Jews. In the first place, I deny the fact of such friendship; in the second place, such friendship were dishonoring to the Jew. In the third place, no decent, self-respecting, law-abiding Jew asks for help or support or favor in any form from Tammany Hall.

Who was the real slanderer of New York—Croker or Goff, Murphy or Jerome? Who was the real defamer of the Nation—Rockefeller or Roosevelt? The men who have erected the statue labeled "The Defeat of Slander" need to be reminded that the real defamers of New York are not the muck-rakers, who are the truth-speakers but the muck-makers who defile and pollute our city.

The sculptured travesty in Longacre Square has a suggestion almost an inspiration for us. It is inscribed, "Dedicated to New York, the Greatest and Best of Cities, Our Home." It is for us to remember that the supreme duty of the hour is to make our home the greatest and best of cities, by dedicating ourselves to its highest welfare.

THIBALDOS IS FUGITIVE

GREEK REVOLT SUPPRESSED, LEADER IN HIDING.

All Mutinous Vessels Give Up, Also Arsenal Garrison—Three Rebels Dead.

ATHENS, Oct. 30.—The rebellion of Lieutenant Thibaldos has been suppressed and Thibaldos himself is a fugitive. He is believed to be in the vicinity of Mount Parnes, where the police are keeping a strict watch.

All of the vessels of which Thibaldos took possession have returned home, the torpedo-boat destroyer Velos having returned to the arsenal this evening. The commander was immediately placed under arrest.

Three of the rebels were killed and several wounded when a shell from the government's land battery struck the mutinous torpedo-boat Sphendona during the engagement yesterday.

The rebellious force at the arsenal, on the Island of Salamis, surrendered today.

McCredie's Smile Making Voters.

SOUTH BEND, Wash., Oct. 30.—(Special.)—J. M. Carlson, Socialist candidate for Congress from the Second Washington district, has been in this city for several days. Judge McCredie, of Vancouver, Republican Congressional candidate for the Second District, was in the city today. He made no speech, but contented himself with making as many acquaintances as possible. This was Judge McCredie's first visit to this part of the state, and his genial smile made many friends.

Fight on Shingle Tariff Revives

SEATTLE, Oct. 30.—Addressing a banquet of Washington shinglemen tonight, United States Senator Samuel H. Piles stated that it was not improbable that the lumber and shingle tariff question would be fought out again at the next session of Congress. He said he had been told that certain interests were preparing to bring the matter up again.

Austrian Painter Fined.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 30.—Joseph F. Olaynick, the Austrian painter who fired a bullet yesterday through the window of a downtown cafe, while Mayor Johnson was entering, giving rise to the rumor that an attempt was made upon the Mayor's life, was fined $20 in Police Court today. The prisoner said he was intoxicated and did not know Mayor Johnson was near.

Reclaimed Land Plowed.

ASTORIA, Or., Oct. 30.—(Special.)—The Columbia Agricultural Company, which is constructing dikes to reclaim about 12,000 acres of tide lands along the Columbia River in the vicinity of Clatskanie, is now ploughing the portion of the lands which has thus far been reclaimed, preparatory to sowing it with grain next Spring. The ploughs are being operated with donkey engines.

TAFT'S DAY FULL OF WORK AND PLAY

New Orleans Feasts Him and Shows Him Opera and Football Game.

SPEAKS FOR WATERWAYS

Enjoyable Voyage Down Great River Ends and President Is Enthusiastic for Deep Waterway Scheme.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 30.—President Taft arrived in New Orleans today to renew many old acquaintances and to enjoy two days of the hospitality which he declared a few days ago he "both longed for and feared." From the moment of his arrival at 12:30 P. M., the President was kept on the go until past midnight tonight.

Mr. Taft ended his river trip with an address before the Waterways Convention this afternoon, in which he reiterated that he favors the issuance of bonds to carry forward every deep waterway project which shall be approved by a competent board of engineers as practicable and can be shown necessary to take care of the growing commerce.

Round of Sport and Feasting.

This address concluded, the President became the guest of the city. He lunched with Archbishop Blenk at the latter's palace, attended two football games and a dinner given in his honor at the Pickwick Club tonight and went directly from there to a gala performance of "Les Hugenots" at the French Opera House. A little supper at a famous French restaurant after the opera brought the Chief Executive's day to a close.

Tomorrow the President will attend the Unitarian Church in the morning, will have a long automobile tour, broken by luncheon at Jackson Barracks, and will attend a sacred concert on the Tulane camp in the afternoon.

The President retires on board his train tomorrow night, and leaves early Monday morning to begin the last ten days of his long tour. Postmaster-General Hitchcock left the President's party tonight for Boston to vote in the election there next Tuesday. Secretary Nagel will go from here to Port Arthur, Galveston and Houston. Secretary of War Dickinson will remain in New Orleans to make an address before the waterways convention Monday morning, and will rejoin the President later.

Enjoys Voyage Down River.

Mr. Taft thoroughly enjoyed his four and a half nights and five days on the Mississippi River, and, although he has learned much of the difficulty that must be encountered in attempting to control this great waterway, he seemed today to be just as enthusiastic as ever in the belief that the Mississippi can be made to handle all of the commerce assigned to it.

The torpedo-boat flotilla, which, fearing falling water, had been scurrying down stream ahead of the Presidential fleet, was picked up by the Oleander 45 miles above this city this morning. The four grim little vessels followed in the wake of the President's flagship for a time, but the smoke from their funnels clouded the entire fleet and they were ordered to steam ahead at full speed to New Orleans, which they did.

Sees Two Football Games.

The President started his career as a football enthusiast this afternoon. The local entertainment committee decided that it would be too much of a tax on the President to ask him to go to two football games in one afternoon, but if he was to go to see Sewanee play the Louisiana State University, the adherents of Tulane and Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical College were insistent that he attend their college. The President had decided that he certainly would see the Sewanee game, for Captain Butt, his aide, and one other member of his party were old Sewanee men. When this became known the President was besieged by requests to attend the Tulane game as well. It was said that it had been extensively advertised that he would be at the game and that it would be a bitter disappointment to thousands of people if he did not. So Mr. Taft decided to go to both games.

First he stepped in at Pelican Park and saw the Sewanee team make the final touchdown in a game which it won with apparent ease. Thence the President had a six-mile automobile dash to the Tulane camp, where he saw the last 15 minutes of play in an evenly matched game, won by Tulane. At the Tulane game the President's automobile was stopped alongside the lines and had been standing there but a few moments when a lively scrimmage and a spectacular tackle occurred right in front of his machine. At both games the President's ears were filled with college cheers.

DRYS BANKRUPT STATE

ALABAMA IS GOING BROKE ON WATER-WAGON PLAN.

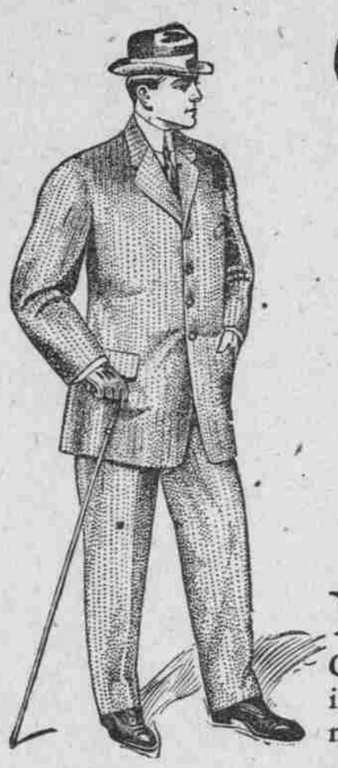
Treasury Empty and Deficiency of $1,000,000 Stares Commonwealth in Face.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 30.—The State of Alabama is "broke." The treasury is not only empty but a deficit of over $1,000,000 is staring the commonwealth in the face and something like $50,000 will have to be borrowed to pay November salaries and other expenses. While the State Treasurer is worrying how to get sufficient money to pay current expenses, the liquor element is rejoicing and attributes the depleted condition of the exchequer to the loss of revenue formerly received from saloon licenses.

While the money received from liquor licenses amounted only to something over $100,000 annually, this sum would have tided things over to January, when the new taxes begin to come in. The last Legislature, when taking up the state appropriations, failed to take into account the fact that the treasury would be short the usual $100,000 derived from liquor licenses and that put a serious crimp in calculations. Throwing out the saloons and suspending breweries also had a tendency to lower tax valuation.

The situation promises to be even more complicated by an intimation that after January 1 the Treasurer may refuse to pay out any old soldier funds or school money. Thus the old soldiers and "school marms" also may suffer on account of the depleted condition of the treasury.

SPECIAL
MONDAY and TUESDAY



Given Away Free!

FIVE DOLLARS' worth of Men's Furnishing Goods. All new, up-to-the-minute merchandise, consisting of Hats, Shirts, Collars, Sox, Underwear, Gloves, Umbrellas, Neckties, etc. Choose your own articles and take them home with you, or, if you prefer, we will issue a credit memo, good for $5 worth of furnishing goods which you may call for at your convenience.

With Our $15 Suits

AND OTHERS MORE EXPENSIVE

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

Our Suits at $15, $18, $20 and $25 are the best clothes values in Portland; it's an opportunity for you to save a piece of money by coming to us.

25% DISCOUNT ON ALL BOYS' CLOTHES

Salem Woolen Mills Clothing Co.

OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS

GRANT PHEGLEY, Manager. Seventh and Stark Streets

HOLD UP BRIDGE PLANS

BOURNE AND ELLIS STOP ACTION BY ARMY ENGINEERS.

Ask to Be Heard on O. R. & N. Plans for New Structure—Bourne East Without Action.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Oct. 30.—Plans for the new O. R. & N. bridge across the Willamette River at Portland are being held up in the office of the Chief of Engineers because Senator Bourne and Representative Ellis have asked to be heard before the plans are acted upon. Telegrams have been sent requesting them to communicate their views to Major Cavanaugh, acting district engineer at Portland, and when their showing is received in Washington the department will pass upon the plans. Nothing can be done until this data is at hand.

Major Cavanaugh last evening said that he had received a communication from Washington City in effect setting out the statements contained in the foregoing dispatch, but that nothing had yet been presented by Senator Bourne or Congressman Ellis. Major Cavanaugh will be out of the city Monday, so the matter will not be taken up until later in the week. It is stated at the Hotel Portland that Senator Bourne and his secretary left Friday for Washington City.

Whether objections not heretofore raised against the new Steel bridge plans will be presented is not known, but it is believed that all possible objections have heretofore been discussed. The Steel Bridge Push Club opposed certain features of the plans, but the president, Francis Clarno, last night said that, so far as he knew the club had not taken the subject up with Mr. Bourne.

C. F. Swigert, president of the Port of Portland commission, who is keeping closely in touch with developments in the Steel bridge matter, said that he knew nothing of Mr. Bourne's purpose in asking that the plans be held up.

The plans for the new bridge call for a double decked structure similar to the one now in use and one objection has been raised that the draw would have to be opened for every steamer that desired to pass up or down the river. The new location has also been objected to on the ground that the proximity of one end to the Burnside street bridge would be detrimental to navigation. There were numerous objections from property-owners to the proposed changes in the site, but the War Department is interested only in the bridge plans insofar as the structure may affect navigation.

A Chance to Make Money.

You can get a Homestead in Mexico free, and do not have to live on it. We have secured and have absolute title to a magnificent tract of land in the Rio Tonto Valley, Mexico. This land is easily accessible, is very rich, and is especially adapted to the growing of bananas. All that is required of you is to have 1,000 banana trees planted within five years, and the Improvement Department will prepare the land, supply and plant the trees and care for them until they come into bearing, for about $600. You can pay this in installments of $5 or more a month, and in three years after your trees are planted they will bring you a profit of from $200 to $500 an acre. We are starting a community and want you to let us send you our Booklet telling all about it, and showing how you may participate in these profits and secure a permanent income. We invite you to visit the plantation and make a complete investigation of our Company and the proposition we make, and satisfy yourself that we offer you a square deal. Write at once for full particulars. THE JANTHA PLANTATION CO., Block 200— Pittsburgh, Pa.

DEMOCRATS TAKE UP ARMS

Kentuckians Preparing for Bloodshed at Election.

JACKSON, Ky., Oct. 30.—With the courthouse in possession of armed men under the leadership of the Democrats, two nearby buildings sheltering more armed men of the same faction, and the swearing in of 50 deputies this afternoon, the situation here over the coming county election became so acute today that many leading Republicans left town. The principal struggle in the bitter campaign is over the office of Circuit Judge, the rival candidates being D. B. Redwine, Democrat, and Judge Adams, Republican.

During the morning County Judge Taulbee and Sheriff Crawford, followed by a crowd, demanded the key to the courthouse, claiming that Jailor Little, a Republican, was concealing arms and ammunition to oppose the Democrats at the election. The request was granted, and the Democrats were soon in possession.

Sheriff Crawford this afternoon swore in 50 Democratic Deputy Sheriffs, many of whom are alleged to be in sympathy with the liquor interests.

LIQUOR IS PRIME ISSUE

(Continued From First Page.)

Duquoin, though this is not conceded by the local optionists.

Union—Anna and Jonesboro are expected to remain dry.

Pulaski—The county is now entirely dry, but with five towns voting on the proposition, the saloon men assert they will regain some ground. The temperance people are working with might and main, having prayer meetings in the churches many times daily, and campaign meetings with speakers from abroad.

"HUDSON-FULTON" CAPES

The hit of the season! Made from finest grade broadcloth, with full length reveres—a decidedly stylish garment. Best $25 values on sale tomorrow at $17.50. McAllen-McDonnell, Third and Morrison.*

MORTALITY ON DECREASE

LOWEST PERCENTAGE ON RECORD SHOWN IN YEAR 1908.

Census Bureau Tells Success of Battle With Disease in United States.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30.—"The civilized world has indeed arrived at an era of low mortality."

This conclusion is stated in Census Bureau Bulletin 104 on mortality statistics for 1908, prepared by Dr. Cressy L. Wilbur, chief statistician for vital statistics under Director Durand, who has transmitted it to Secretary Nagel, of the Department of Commerce and Labor.

The death rate of the registration states in 1908 was 15.3 per 1000 of population, which was slightly lower than that for the entire registration area, 15.4 per 1000, and it is the lowest on record. Dr. Wilbur states it is probably the lowest death rate that has ever occurred in the United States.

The death rate of the rural portions of these states was still lower, being only 14 per 1000, while that of the urban population was 16.5 per 1000, the latter including all cities having 8000 or more inhabitants in 1900. Such rates would have seemed quite out of the question a few years ago.

The death rate of England and Wales for 1908 was only 14.7 per 1000 of population, and of London for the same year 15.8 per 1000. For each year since 1893 the death rate of England and Wales has been less than 16 per 1000, with the exception of the year 1904, for which year it was 16.2 per 1000, while no rate as low has been recorded for any previous years of registration.

The total number of deaths returned for the year 1908 from the aggregate registration area was 691,574. For the preceding year the number of deaths was 687,024, or only 4540 less, although the registration area for 1908 was increased by Washington and Wisconsin. The year 1908 was one of remarkably low mortality throughout the United States, so far as can be determined from the available registration records and was marked by a general absence of severe epidemics and of unusual mortality from other causes.

It appears that the month of maximum mortality in 1908 was January, with 67,703 deaths and that of minimum mortality was June, with 59,701 deaths.

ASSERTS CHURCH RIGHTS

French Catholic Congress Demands Restitution of Property.

TOULOUSE, France, Oct. 30.—The Congress of Catholics, in session here today, adopted resolutions outlining a political programme which alleges the right of the church to hold property and demands the ultimate restitution of the church property forfeited under the separation law.

The European capitals are just being connected by telephone.

THE COLUMBIA RIVER VALLEY

The Fruit Basket of the World

A poor man has a small chance of ever becoming wealthy in the Far Eastern States. Even in the Middle West the openings are becoming scarce and many energetic men see that they can better themselves by coming to the Northwest. Some who have come West find they have not sufficient knowledge of the country to be able to locate at once in a business which will pay them well. If you are of this number, why not investigate the district which has more openings and opportunities for men of small or large capital than any other section of the Northwest?

The Columbia River Valley cannot be surpassed as a desirable place to live when you consider the many lines of business that are still needed, the large population which will surely settle here, and the vast increase which will follow any small investment made at this time.

It will pay you to look into the conditions in this land of opportunity. Kennewick and Pasco are already the important commercial centers of this district. For information concerning openings in all lines of business address

KENNEWICK COM'RCIAL CLUB
KENNEWICK, WASH.
—or—
PASCO COMMERCIAL CLUB
PASCO, WASH.

NEW SHEFFIELD TRAYS

We call your special attention to these Trays as our stock is large and varied in assortment, embracing all of the best reproductions of the famous old designs from the Sheffield originators. In all shapes and sizes. Prices interesting

A. & C. Feldenheimer.

283-285 Washington Street, Between 4th and 5th

Leading Diamond Merchants, Jewelers, Opticians

LEMAIRE
OPERA GLASSES

LEMAIRE
Field Glasses

BEST IN THE WORLD

Used in the Army and Navy

Illustrated Catalogue at all Dealers