DANISH WELGOME OVERCOMES GOOK

More Strenuous Than Football, Says Conqueror of Arctic Terrors.

COPENHAGEN'S HEART OPEN

Hand Grasped by Prince on Gangplank, He Is Smothered by Joyous Demonstration-Doubt

of Story Is Scouted.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 4.-Arriving here this morning on the steamer Hans Egede, which flew the American flag at her mizzenhead, Dr. Frederick A. Cook, discoverer of the North Pole, was welcomed by Crown Prince Chris-

was welcomed by Crowa Prince Christian in the name of the nation and city,
and produced proof of his discovery
which removed the doubts of scientists.
It was a weather-beaten and shabby,
but elated, here who was welcomed this
merning by the Danish capital at the
same official pier, and with the same
honors, that are customarily used in
the greeting of visiting members of
rays families.

the greating of visiting members of royal families.

"Dr. Cook stood on the bridge of the Hans Egede, wearing a shabby brown suit, that had been lent to him by a seaman. On his head was a distreputable old cap, and his feet were clad in leather moccasins. His blonde hair was long and shaggy and his moustache rough and straggling. His moustache rough and straggling His moustache rough and straggling. His complexion was sallow, but his face was full. He was a strange figure for the center of such a brilliant scene as greeted his return to civilization.

American Fing Everywhere.

A bright sun lit up the blue waters of Copenhagen harbor. Ships and yachts on every side were gay with flags and the shore and plers were crowded with people. Two big American flags flanked the landing stage, where Crown Prince Christian and othwhere Crown Prince Christian and other notable personages awaited for one hour the appearance of the Hans Egede. Hundreds of small boats, containing sightseers, swarmed the waters of the harbor. Many of these boats were filled with American tourists, waving the Stars and Stripes.

When the Hans Egede was a mile away, slowly coming in with an enthusiastic following of small craft in her wake, Crown Prince Christian and the members of his staff embarked on a launch which took them to the side of the steamer bearing the explorer.

The moment the anchor was dropped

the Crown Prince sprang up the gangway.
Dr. Cook at the same time appeared at
the head of the ladder.

The people in the surrounding boats, who had expected from the newspaper pictures to see a bearded man, recognized the explorer for the first time and sent up a loud cheer.

Welcomed in Denmark's Name.

Prince Christian, who is a tall and Prizes Prizes from the first and and frack coat. He grasped the hand of the shabby explorer and congratulated him on his achievement and welcomed him warmly in the name of the Danish nation and the Geographical Society, of which the Prince is president. Prince Valdemar, brother of King Fred-

erick, in an admiral's uniform, accompa-nies by a party of naval officials, city of-ficials, delegates from societies and the Minister of Commerce, followed the Crown Prince up the side of the steamer and the explorer was almost smothered in the friendly group of uniforms and of-ficials in black coats and silk hats. "Did you reach the North Pole, Dr. Cook?" asked the correspondent of the Associated Press.
"Yes, I did," replied Dr. Cook.

After much handsbaking, Crown Prince Christian said to the explorer: "Come ashore with me, please; the people are waiting to see you." Dr. Cook sald something about his bag-

My people will look after your bagthe Crown Prince said, and took Dr. Cook to the royal launch.

Almost Torn to Pieces.

When the launch approached the pier with Prince Christian and Dr. Cook by his side, a tremendous roar burst out from the people on shore and from the assemblage of small craft, including yachts, motor boats, landing boats from the Russian warship in the harbor, and racing shells, clustered about the pier.

Dr. Cook stepped ashore and in an in-stant the police were powerless to make a way for the party. Dr. Cook and those about him were enguified and swept along by a clamorous crowd. Maurice F. Egan, American Minister, and the Danish officials, literally clung to Dr. Cook. Together the party fought its way desperately to a point near the meteorologi-cal building. Dr. Cook was bruised and capless, and part of the sleeve of his

coat was torn off.
"I used to be a football player, but this is the worst I ever saw," he panted. Dr. Cook and Mr. Egan finally succeeded in reaching a balcony of the in-stiture. The people crowding the streets and the adjoining park yelled frantically

when they appeared.

Mr. Egan waved his hand toward Dr. Cook as an introduction, whereupon the explorer made a brief address in English. "My friends," he said, "I have had too hard a time getting here to make a speech. I can only say that I consider it an honor to be able to put my foot first on Danish soil."

Becomes Guest of Nation.

After more cheering Commodore Hov-guard took Dr. Cook in a carriage and drove with him through the crowded streets to Phoenix Hotel, where he is the guest of the Danish government. The hallways of the hotel were deco-

rated with American flags and masses of flowers. Johan Hansen, the Minister of Commerce and a committee of the Geographical Society gave a reception to Dr. Cook at the hotel. The Minister made a speech of welcome in which he Before retiring to your much-needed

rest. Dr. Cook, I hope you will give us an opportunity of hidding you welcome an opportunity of hidding you welcome
to Denmark. I thank you on behalf of
my countrymen for the noble deeds you
so successfully have performed."
The minister then invited Dr. Cook,
on behalf of the Government, the municipality and the Geographical Society,
"as our honored guest," to a banquet
tonight at the town hall.

De Cook thanked the minister brief.

Dr. Cook thanked the minister brief-r "for the very kind reception you are already granted me in Denmark with which I feel most delighted Minister Hansen, over a bottle of champagne, then led in "three cheers and a long life for Dr. Cook."

Rigged Out in New Clothes.

The members of the reception commit-tee withdrew and were succeeded by a numerous delegation of tailors, bootmakers and barbers. The explorer placed | the American explorer.

himself in their hands, and several tradesmen were at work on him at the same time. At the end of an hour Dr. Cook emerged with his hair neatly trimmed, his mustache cropped close and in a new suit, hat and boots. He ther went to the American Legation and had huncheon with Minister Egan.

Dr. Cook will stay in Copenhagen for a few days as the guest of the government, awaiting the arrival of his wife. He will then go to Belgium.

Minister Hansen talked freely with the representative of the Associated Press regarding the authenticity of Dr. Cook's exploit. He said:

Explorers Youch for Him.

Explorers Vouch for Him.

"Our two foremost Danish Arctic ex-piorers, Amundsen and Rasmussen, know Dr. Cook personally, and they have as-sured us that they believe implicitly every word he says about his achievement. Their word is as good as gold with us on such questions."

such questions."
Commodore Hovgaard, the commander of the royal yachts, and one of the foremost of Denmark's Arctic explorers, had an opportunity today of examining Dr. Cook's journals. Later he said to the Associated Press:

"I noticed certain inaccuracies in the sawanguer sports of the averaged."

newspaper reports of the expedition, but a long conversation with Dr. Cook has convinced me that his statements

has convinced me that his statements are absolutely reliable. His replies to my questions were clear and precise, and left no doubt in my mind.

"I did not have sufficient time to read the diary, but from my brief inspection thereof I obtained the firm impression that the doctor's claim of having reached the North Pole is correct. Naturally I cannot place the official seal of acceptance on Dr. Cook's achievement; that is for the head of achievement; that is for the head of his country to do. Cook has cabled the President of the United States. We are now awaiting Mr. Taft's reply, and we hope it will express official recog-

Eskimo Confirm Story.

Daugaard Jensen, the Danish inspector of North Greenland, and the highest official in that region, who spent two months in the company of Dr. Cook, is satisfied regarding the re-

whom Dr. Cook's companions were se-lected.

Rasmussen told Jenson that the stories of these Eskimos confirmed Dr. Cook in all the external details of his narrative. They corroborated the statement that the journey ended quite vol-untarily, no ice or other obstacles pre-

SENDS CONGRATULATIONS IN REPLY TO MESSAGE.

Cook Tells Him of Discovery and President Says Feat Stirs Pride of Americans.

REVERLY. Mass., Sept. 4.-President Taft today received from Dr. Frederick
A. Cook a cablegram in which the ex-plorer had announced that he had found
the North Pole. To the explorer the the North Pole. To the explorer the President sent a cablegram of congratu-

resident sent a constant of the president, "Copenhagen, Sept. 4.—The President, White House, Washington: I have the honor to report to the Chief Magistrate of the United States that I have returned, having reached the North Pole.
"Glight WEEDERHICK & COOK."

heartlest congratulations and stirs the pride of all Americans that this feat, which has so long baffled the world, has been accomplished by the intelligent energy and wonderful endurance of a fellow-countrymun.
"/Signed) WILLIAM H. TAFT."

Mr. Taft has taken the keenest inter-est in the news ever since the brief bul-letin was received Wednesday afternoon. Always a great newspaper reader, he has taken a keen interest in the controversy which Dr. Cook's story has aroused among the Arctic experts.

Minister Egan's cablegram last Thurs

day to the State Department, stating Dr. Cook's story had been confirmed by the Danish Commissioner for Greenland, was repeated to the President, but he with-held any comment until today, when he received the personal cablegram from Dr. Cook.

OTHERS BELIEVED, WHY NOT 1?

Cook Says Word of Other Explorers Was Not Doubted.

PARIS, Sept. 5.-The Matin published a statement, signed by Dr. Cook, in which the explorer, after reviewing conditions under which he made his expedition, says: "Therefore, I do not see why the word of other explorers such as Nansen and Peary should be taken, while results I have obtained are doubted. Never has any explorer returning from Polar re-

gions been able to present observations other than similar to those I have made. "No doubt people are astonished that I have succeeded, working secretly as I I have succeeded, working secretly as I did. But some one was bound to reach the Pole eventually, so why not I? Just think that for 30 years all my efforts have been directed to this end. Loyally I have pursued my task, seeking neither gold nor glory. Today I simply present the results of my explorations. No one is forced to believe them.

"Personally I take no notice of the calumnies levelled against me." calumnies levelled against me.

MRS. COOK REMAINS IN MAINE

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—A message from Mrs. Frederick A. Cook today in-formed her friend, Mrs. R. T. David-son, of Brooklyn, that the explorer's wife was still in Portland, Me. Mrs. 'Cook's reluctance to talk about her husband's exploit was explained by her husband's exploit was explained by

Mrs. Davidson tonight.
"I think," said Mrs. Davidson, "that
Mrs. Cook is merely overcome by the
magnitude of the news that came as unexpectedly to her as to the rest of the world. Reports of a coolness be-tween Dr. Cook and his wife have no

GUEST OF HAMBURG SOCIETY

Cook Invited to Meet German Geog-

raphers on Way Home. HAMBURG, Sept. 4.—The managing board of the Hamburg Geographical Society has telegraphed the congratu-lations of the society to Dr. Cook, in-

nations of the society to Dr. Cook, inviting him at the same time to be the
guest of the society on his way from
Copenhagen to New York.

In case of his acceptance the board
will invite distinguished geographers
and scientists from all parts of Germany to take part in the reception to
the investment explorer.

Will Lay Proof of Polar Trip Before Geographers and Let Them Judge.

TOOK DAILY OBSERVATIONS

Frankly Answers Searching Questions-Took Photograph of Flag Flying at Pole-Speed Not Excessive for Eskimo.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 4.- The most detailed account of his polar journey as yet given by Dr. Cook was gained from him by a large body of newspaper correspondents this evening at the Hotel Phoe-Dr. Cook, at the request of the correspondents, consented to answer all

First he was asked whether or not the first account of his discovery of the Pole could be accepted as entirely his own work. He replied in the affirmative, except for the obvious errors in trans-mission. He then explained the doubt about the 30,000 square miles discovered, saying that he meant they were able to see 15 miles on each side during their tourney to the Pole and that therefore, a hitherto unknown territory of square miles was now discovered.

Took Astronomical Observations.

Dr. Cook proceeded to show that he was

Dr. Cook proceeded to show that he was fully competent to take all observations, saying that on previous exploring expeditions he did very little observation work, which usually was divided among the members of the party.

'This time,' he continued, "we had started out to reach the Pole and everything else was of secondary consideration. It was not possible to carry certain apparatus and it was impossible also to study the deep sea or take soundings. We carried all necessary simple instru-We carried all necessary simple instru ments for astronomical observations and we were very lucky to obtain observations virtually every day. The positions noted must have been nearly correct. We had three chronometers, one watch, compasses and pedometers. All were carefully controlled from each other from time to time. The watch, however, got

"We had all the modern instruments that other explorers have had, including thermometers, barometers and sex-tants of the latest models. It is possi-ble that our observations were better than those of early days, but I do not assert that I am perfectly familiar with making astronomical observations, especially in the polar regions. I think that all explorers will be satisfied with

Why Invent Observations?

Why should I sit down and invent observations?" he exclaimed. "I did not do this thing for anything but sport and because I take a real in-terest in the problem. It would not do me any good to invent these things. The only witnesses I had were two water overlainly, but in all polar ex-Eskimo certainly, but in all polar ex-peditions observations have been made by one man. I regard the Eskimo as much more intelligent in finding of the United States that I have returned, having reached the North Pole.

"(Signed FREDERICK A. COOK."

"Beverly, Mass., Sept 4—Frederick A. Cook, Copenhagen, Denmark: Your dispatch received. Your report that you have reached the North Pole calls for my heartlest congratulations and stirs the piorers when participating therein.
"I think Rasmussen has obtained some information regarding my expedition from my Eskimos, who have learned it from the two with me. Rasmussen was there much later and his information will be published shortly, possibly tomorrow.

Stood at Pole, Placed Flag.

"Concerning the ice around the Pole, so far as I could see, it was slightly more active there than at one or two degrees south. It drifted somewhat more to the south and east. Its general character is not very different from that at other We stayed around the Pole for two days making many observations. I exact spot; I do not claim to have put my foot on it, but personally I think we have been at the spot. When the observations have been figured out again, it is possible that there will be found slight errors and differences, but I am certain that a gunshot fired from where we were would have passed over the Pole. "We planted the Stars and Stripes at

what we believed to be the Pole, but did not leave the flag with a staff. In-stead, I placed a small slik flag in a cylinder with my card and record of cylinder with my card and record of the journey, with the date. The drift ice may carry the flag away, but to me that is a matter of indifference. I should have been very glad to have

Prepared to Face Scrutiny.

"I am quite prepared to place my observations before any geographical society in the world. I think there is no doubt about my obtaining authori-tative recognition. I have already retative recognition. I have already re-ceived telegrams from the geograph-ical societies of Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Beigium and other countries, which congratulate me, while Amund-sen, Nordenskjold and Lecointe have acknowledged my work. I offer my observations to science the same as other men have done and I accept the "As to the temperature at the Pole, it

can flag flying. These have not been developed."

Questloned regarding his great speed.

Dr. Cook said: Dr. Cook said:

"The daily distance covered on the northward trip was slightly less than 15 miles; on the southward trip it was 16 miles. This is not abnormal distance for Eskimos on the ice. They often travel 50 or 60 miles with dogs. One of the greatest advantages of our trip was that I did not take a famine route. We had game for a long time, perhaps for a hundred miles. We fed our dogs well throughout the Winter in Green-land, and ran them 400 miles, giving them fresh meat every day. Thus we brought them to the Polar Sea fat and well. We had the best men and the

best dogs. Last Animals at 83 Degrees.

"We lived entirely on dried meat and beef tallow, reducing the food problem to a science. The last trace of animals we saw was a bear track at 83 degrees. Aft-erwards we did not even see anything the the water except algae. The drift of the ice during the entire southern trip was slightly south of east; the direction of the wind was generally south of west. We found several of Sverdrup's old camps.

"The reason we utilized silk tents on The reason we utilized allk tents on some occasions was that we were so exhausted that we had not strength to build a snowshed. We had carefully figured and planned everything, so that there was no surplus weight to carry. We did not run short except when we went astray. "We brought ten dogs back with us, the

others having been eaten by their com-panions. We used the lasso, traps and bows and arrows to catch game. It took two months to learn how to trap a moose. One of the men shot an elder duck with

Wants No More Pole.

Dr. Cook concluded his observations with a reference to the kind way he had been treated by the King, who was greatly interested in his adventures. He stated that he is going to New York as soon as possible. He will remain here for a few days and then will proceed to Brussels, where he is a member of the Polar Club. He assured his hearers that he did not want to go to the Pole again, either North or South.

PEARYITES STILL "KNOCKING"

Say Cook Borrowed Peary's Instru-

ments-Cook Has Champions. NEW YORK, Sept. 4.-With the arrival of Dr. Frederick A. Cook, of Brooklyn, at Copenhagen, interest has centered in this country as well as in Europe over the discovery of the Pole. Opinion is strongly divided. His supporters declare that his detractors are prejudiced, and it is a notable fact that a number of persons who have been interested in the exploration of his rival, Commander

the exploration of his rival, Commander.
Peary, are the most persistent in doubting Dr. Cook's claims.
One of Peary's friends, who is quite
prominent in Polar exploration affairs,
and who is considered perfectly reliable,
even asserts that the instruments Dr.
Cook had with him were borrowed from Commander Peary for another purpose. This man, who has been among the leadcrs of those who have insisted that Dr. Cock must submit incontrovertible proof, declares that the Brooklyn man borrowed astronomical instruments for the purpose of making observations while on a fishing and hunting trip along the Labrador cost.

dor coast.

Members of the Peary Club also de-clare that the Eskimos used by Dr. Cook belonged to Peary, and that he had no belonged to Peary, and that he had no permission to seek their assistance. But the friends of Dr. Cook are legion, and their confidence in him, supported by his additional statements before reaching Copenhagen that he has positive data to prova his claims, outwelghs the skepticism which has appeared. Leading scientists agree that the actual discovery of the North Pole is of itself scientifically unimportant, but they believe that the journey to the Pole and its return have opened a vast field for further and more serious exploration.

more serious exploration.

John R. Bradley, who financed Dr. Cook's expedition, has submitted vouchers and cancelled checks which indicate that the planting of the American flag on the North Pole cost \$50,000.

Confidence in the truth of Dr. Cook's statements was expressed by Langdon Gibson, of Schenectady, an explorer and a brother of C. D. Gibson, the artist Ho

"I have known Dr. Cook for a great many years and have put in a whole year in the Arctic regions with him, and have never in all my experience observed anything in him other than to make me feel absolutely sure of his integrity and earnestness of purpose."

THOUGHT COOK WAS SEA LION Explorer Narrowly Missed Death in

North in 1901. CHICAGO, Sept. 4—Dr. Gustav Staats, head of the National Medical College and Hospital, who accompanied

the Peary relief expedition of which Dr. Frederick A. Cook was a member, Dr. Frederick A. Cook was a member, told yesterday of some incidents that happened during his acquaintance with the discoverer of the North Pole. Dr. Staats told of one close escape from death of Dr. Cook. He said:
"Dr. Cook had a habit of sieeping on the ice in the Summertime. It was in July of 1901, that our vessel was imprisoned in the ice near the Arctic

imprisoned in the ice near the Arctic Circle. Dr. Cook had been making his bed upon the ice near the ship for several days, although this fact was un-known to several in the party. One morning some members of the scientific staff started on a hunting trip. One of them saw Cook, wrapped in his fur blankets, asleep on the ice. In the dim light of that season he was taken for a sea lion, and one of the men pre-pared to shoot. The men approached the supposed beast, but recognized the sleeper before it was too late."

MAY MEET COOK AT BRUSSELS

Mrs. Cook Silent About Great Success of Husband. PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 4.-Mrs. Cook.

wife of the Arctic explorer, maintained tonight the policy of slience toward the public that she adopted immediately upon cablegram announcing that he had been Mrs. W. E. Sullivan, at whose home in

this city Mrs. Cook is staying, said to-night in answer to a query as to whether the explorer's wife would go abroad to meet him, that Mrs. Cook had said nothing to her on the subject, and that any plans she may have must necessarily be uncertain until she reaches her Brooklyn home and reads the numerous letters, cablegrams and other messages awaiting

Mrs. Cook was in excellent health, Mrs. Sullivan said, and was naturally delighted at the success of her husband.

It was learned tonight that Mrs. Cook would probably go to Brussels to meet

MELVILLE BEGINS TO HEDGE

Cook's Statements Possible.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 4.—Rear-Admiral Melville said he was still unconvinced that the goal of all Arctic explorers had been reached. He admitted, however, that the interview obtained from Dr. Cook by the Associated Press in Copenhagen presented the explorer's claims in a more convincing light than

did Cook's original story.

"The temperature of 83 degrees Fahr-enheit is not impossible," said the Admiral. "although lower than any tem-perature experienced in any expeditions with which I am familiar. The state-ment that Dr. Cook covered as high as 12 miles a day is also more probable than the previous account, which credited him with making an average of 15 miles

GOOD EXAMPLE SET BY COOK Edison Thinks It Will Stimulate

Others to Energy.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.-Thomas A. Edison comments as follows upon the discovery of the North Pole by Dr. Cook:
"I do not know that Dr. Cook's work will have any particular value from a practical and scientific point of view, but it has a great value as a demonstration of what American energy and brains can accomplish and as a stimulus to others to do something that will make their names as famous and aid their fellow-

"Aren't we Americans great people?" WELLMAN'S PLANS UNCHANGED

Balloon Route Explorer Talks of North Pole Discovery.

PARIS, Sept. 4.—A dispatch from instan Christiana to the Matin gives an inter- paste.

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CLOTHES-for all-wool quality, for style, for excellence of tailoring and correctness of fit, there's nothing to match them.

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MANHATTAN SHIRTS JOHN B. STETSON HATS

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view with Waiter Wellman, while pass-ing through that city, concerning Dr. Cook's expedition. He said Dr. Cook's had not modified his plans.

MEDVILLE STILL DISBELIEVES Though Shainwald, of Arctic Club,

Credits Cook's Discovery. NEW YORK, Sept. 4 .- Ralph L. Shainwald, ex-Secretary of the Arctic Club of America, cabled to the club from Copenhagen today, declaring that the North Pole had been reached Mr. Shainwald went from Paris to Copenhagen to represent the Arctic Club in welcoming Dr. Frederick Cook. The message from Mr. Shainwald fol-

"Cook sends greetings to Arctic Club of America. Pole has been reached without doubt. Wonderful demonstra-tion here. SHAINWALD." The Arctic Club also received a me The Arctic Citie also received a mes-sage from Rear-Admiral George W. Melville today, reading as follows; "Do not give credence to reports that Cook has discovered pole. "MELVILLE."

INDIGNANT AT "KNOCKERS"

Director of Brussels Observatory Vouches for Cook's Good Faith.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 4 .- Commenting today on the achievement of Dr. Cook, M. Lecointe, director of the Brussels Observatory, said: "America may well be proud of the success achieved by Dr. Cook. I ame indignant at the idea that Dr. Cook's statement of his discovery is held un

true by some people. The pole surely has been discovered. I know Dr. Cook personally and a vouch for his in-The Geographical Society has invited

Dr. Cook to lecture in Brussels. He probably will be heard the same evening as Lieutenant E. H. Shackleton, the English explorer, who recently led an expedition to the Antarctic.

ITALIANS NO LONGER DOUBTFUL Most Skeptical Now Convinced of Cook's Achievement.

ROME, Sept. 4.—The entire Italian press is extending an enthusiastic wel-come to Dr. Frederick A. Cook, the American explorer, who reached nhagen today. Even Captain Umberto Cagni, who accompanied the Duke d'Abruzzi to the polar region in 1900, now that fuller reports have been re-ceived of the time it took Dr. Cook to travel from the \$2d parallel to the

BY THE MEDICAL MEN

Still Unconvinced, but Admits Remarkable Percentage of Death Follows Its Development.

The discovery of a method of remov ing cancer in from thirty minutes to two weeks without pain or the use of the knife, has been the subject of the nost enthusiastic discussion during the most enthusiastic discussion during the past year in the various medical jour-nals and by the members of the medi-cal fraternity. One of the most eminent physicians in the country refers to can-cer as a "rebellion of the cells." The ensus of the latest scientific opinion is that cancer is an "evil which the body breeds within itself."

Against the outward enemies of the body science has waged successful war-fare, and of late years has succeeded in conquesing most of its foes. Smallpox, diphtheria and other more dreaded diseases have been robbed of their terror. and within the past year cancer, the greatest terror of the medical profes-sion, has been conquered in the labora-tories of the American Cancer Company in the East. Now the removal of these hideous growths is easily, quickly and painlessly accomplished by the application of a creamy-like paste which fol-lowed the researches of years on the part of the head physicians of this company. Records show that one in every eight deaths of persons over forty-five years of age die of cancer, showing that when the system starts on the downward grade it is liable to be at-tacked by this revolt of the internal

The Columbia Sanitarium in the The Columbia Sanitarium in the Raieigh building, Sixth and Washington streets, has secured a specialist from the East who has had nearly 30 years' experience with cancer, and is using this new treatment with success in removing these growths in every instance by the use of this painless

Pole, admits that Dr. Cook is the first ble so that he could hardly hold the person to reach the North Pole. Oil King Pensions Gardener.

CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 4 .- John Hotters, the old French gardener employed at the East Fortieth-street home of John

printing shears, and finally he collapsed. Then came a message from Rockefeller that he need not worry, as his pay would go on just the same as long as he lived.

The population of Germany, apart from immigration and emigration increased by 882,624 last year. In England the births exceeded the deaths by 893,821; in Italy, by 357,175; in Belgium, by 71,716; in Holland, by 88,156; in France, by 46,411. D. Rockefeller, has been retired on a pen-sion. He is 73 years old, and has been in the employ of the oil king for 28 years. Last Saturday his hands began to tram-

CONSIDERING THE MUSIC QUESTION

A FRANK STATEMENT FROM OREGON'S FORE-MOST CONCERN.

Reasons Why We Can Sell Good Pianos and Organs for Less Money Than You Must Pay Elsewhere for Inferior Goods.

We'll not waste time discussing the point as to whether or not you need a

You know you do, and so do we. at this day and age. Home is not home without one, and your children are denied the privileges

others enjoy if you do not have it. Our business is that of SELLING PIANOS AND ORGANS. We might follow along the beaten path of trade and sell the ordinary commercial pianos that have been sold and are now being

sold by others. But that's not the way we do it. We sell only the most reliable and the most prominent makes of pianos. The unrivaled Chickering, of Boston, " the oldest in America, the best in the world"; the wonderful Weber, finest of all fine pianos made in New York, and the now worldfamous Kimball, of Chicago, the most progressive and up-to-date piano of

Such pianos never disappoint, nor does a Lester, or a Hazelton, or a Hobart M. Cable, or a Story & Clark, or a Bush & Gerts, and we know if you come here and get one of these instruments it will always be a source of satisfaction and pleasure to you, and you will always be a friend of Eilers Piano House. You will bring your relatives here and tell your friends about us and

Of course, we also carry quite an assortment of less expensive instruments. Here are the Whitney, the Decker, the Marshall & Wendell, the Schumann, the Hinze, Schilling & Sons, etc., all of them thoroughly reliable and Concerning prices, we have just a word to say. It is this: Statements and

claims often look different when stood in a row with downright facts. There isn't a store in this country, from the largest dealer down to the "tackiest" little fake branch affair, that will not-and perhaps in good faith, too-claim to sell you cheaper than any one else can possibly hope to do. We have sold and are today selling more fine pianos than all the rest of the Portland stores combined. We handle the very largest volume of business

at the very lowest possible expense. This would point to Eilers Piano House as a place where you can do the best. As to terms of payment, we ask you to make a careful and intelligent study of Eilers Piano House's responsibility and methods before you buy. And in conclusion: Don't expect to hear of the good qualities of Weber and Kimball and Chickering and our other makes of pianos from people who

are trying to compete with us. They have pianos of their own to sell. Ellers

Plano House, 353 Washington street, at Park (Eighth) street.

B. E. WALKER, LL.D., President.

A. LAIRD, General Manager.

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