MILLION BUSHELS CLEARED FOREIGN

Cambrian King Brings Total Wheat Exports Up to 1,167,116 Bushels.

RECORD FOR SEPTEMBER

In Addition One Full Steamship Cargo of Barley Has Been Shipped — Lumber Business Is Slow—Waterfront News.

Wheat exports from Portland to foreign countries for the first 19 days of September amount to 1,167,116 bushels, with a valuation in excess of $1,000,000. In addition there has been cleared 228,125 bushels of barley, valued at $142,350. The last craft to clear was the British steamship Cambrian King which was dispatched for St. Vincents for orders by the Portland Flouring Mills Company. She carried 184,305 bushels of wheat, valued at $174,090.

It was reported in Portland yesterday, that the British steamship Agapanthus, which has been on Puget Sound since last April, has been chartered for Portland loading and will proceed at once to the Columbia River for cargo. The Agapanthus is a vessel of 2866 net tons burden. She is well known in Portland having loaded here before.

With little more than half of the month gone and the wheat shipments alone running past the 1,000,000-bushel mark, a new record for Portland foreign export business is established. Before October 1 there will be close to another 1,000,000 bushels cleared from the local Custom-House. There are several sailing ships taking cargo and three steamships.

Lumber shipments will show up fairly well although short of those of July and August. The coastwise business is bad. The steamship Numantia, which is loading for the Orient, will carry about 40,000 barrels of flour and a quantity of lumber. Flour rates to the Orient have advanced $1 a ton and small shipments were expected.

ITALIANS TO PARADE TODAY

Civilians and Soldiers to Celebrate Italy's Day of Independence.

Italy's day of independence will be properly celebrated today by the local colony and by the officers and men of the Italian cruiser Puglia, now in the local harbor. Promptly at 2 o'clock this afternoon a parade will move from the front of the residence of Dr. C. F. Candiani, Italian Consul, 46 Fifth street, North. The parade will be headed with a platoon of police and followed by Captain Cussani and officers and crew of the Puglia, Dr. Candiani, state and city officials, and prominent Italians in carriages. A prominent feature will be a float containing Mrs. Naoli representing Italy.

The parade will move west on Couch street to Twelfth, south to Morrison, east to Sixth, south to Yamhill, east to Third, north to Washington and thence west to Nineteenth. Participants will then proceed to the fairgrounds where the afternoon and evening will be given up to the celebration. Dr. Candiani, Governor Chamberlain and Mayor Lane will deliver addresses. Lunch will be served to the sailors on the grounds and in the evening there will be a grand ball in the Oriental building.

Suveric to Finish on Puget Sound.

With a part cargo of lumber, loaded at St. John, the British steamship Suveric, Captain W. Shotton, will proceed to Puget Sound and finish. The portion of the cargo to be taken at Tacoma consists of flour and feed. The Suveric is bound for the Orient. She was lined for the grain cargo at Portland.

Marine Notes.

The steamship Breakwater is due to arrive this afternoon from Coos Bay ports.

The schooner W. H. Talbot has been chartered to load lumber at Portland for Manila.

The steamship R. D. Inman, from San Francisco with general cargo, arrived up yesterday.

The steamship Alliance sailed for Coos Bay last night. She had a good passenger list and a quantity of freight.

The steamship State of California with 350 passengers and a full cargo of freight, sailed for San Francisco yesterday morning.

Arrivals and Departures.

PORTLAND, Sept. 19.—Arrived—Steamship R. D. Inman from San Francisco; steamship St. Helens from San Francisco. Sailed—British steamship Falls of Nith for the United Kingdom; steamship State of California for San Francisco; steamship Alliance for Coos Bay.

Astoria, Sept. 19.—Condition of the bar at 5 P. M., smooth; 06 S. W. Weather cloudy. Arrived at 7:30 A. M., and left up at 8:40 A. M., steamer St. Helens, from San Francisco. Arrived down at 7:30 A. M., and sailed at 9:30 A. M., steamer Queen Amelie, for St. Vincent for orders. Arrived at 10 A. M., and left up at 12 noon, steamer Jim Butler, from San Francisco. Arrived at 11:50 A. M., steamer Sue Elmore, from Tillamook. Arrived down at 4 P. M., and sailed at 6 P. M., steamer State of California, for San Francisco.

San Francisco, Sept. 19.—Sailed at 10 last night, steamer South Bay, for Portland. Arrived 9 last night, steamer Roverie, from Astoria. Sailed at 12 noon, steamer Rose City; at 3 P. M., steamer Roanoke, for Portland.

San Luis, Sept. 19.—Sailed, steamer Santa Rita, for Portland.

Dublin, Sept. 19.—Arrived, British bark Calluna, from Portland.

Spoken Sept. 17, 44:35 north, 124:40 west, British ship Wynnstay, for Portland.

Tides at Astoria Sunday.

High.		Low.	
10:15 A. M.	6.9 feet	3:35 A. M.	0.8 feet
9:35 P. M.	7.3 feet	4:03 P. M.	3.6 feet

THREE KILLED AT VALLEJO

Bumboat Boy and Italian Laborer Cannot Be Found.

VALLEJO, Cal., Sept. 19.—The gasoline fire in the Navy-Yard yesterday, wherein Theodore May, a chief machinist, lost his life and several men were injured, is now believed to have cost three lives in all. Fred Martin, a bumboat boy, and an Italian laborer, whose name is not known, are missing. It is supposed that they, like many others, plunged into the water at the time of the explosion.

It is generally believed that a lighted match thrown into the water ignited a quantity of refuse gasoline afloat on the surface, and that the flames were communicated to several hundred gallons of the inflammable fluid which had been pumped out of the tanks of the submarines Pike and Grampus, which were moored alongside the float. Of the score of men who sprang from the open platform into the water, all were rescued with the exception of May, who could not swim, and possibly the boy and the Italian, who are believed to have disappeared beneath the surface unobserved. Four of the men inside the Grampus pulled down the hatch and remained imprisoned until the fire was extinguished, suffering intensely from the heat, but escaping injury.

The fire caused a loss of about $30,000. This includes the destruction of some valuable instruments, some damage to the submarine Pike and destruction of woodwork aboard the tugs Fortune and Unadilla. The steamer Arethusa, formerly supply ship to the Atlantic fleet, was moored to the same pier, but escaped injury.

The Naval board of investigation is composed of Captain Edward A. Anderson, Assistant Naval Constructor C. F. Colburn and Paymaster J. F. Belcher. The board is in session at the Navy-Yard and will endeavor to fix the responsibility for the accident as well as to ascertain the extent of damage done to the Government vessels.

The body of May has not been recovered.

The Grampus was not very badly damaged, and has been taken to the dry-dock. The injury to the Pike was more serious, and is estimated at anywhere from $5000 to $20,000. It has not yet been ascertained how much of the delicate machinery of the submarines has been rendered useless.

All of those who were injured by the explosion are recovering.

STEAMER INTELLIGENCE.

Due to Arrive.

Name	From.	Date.
Numantia	Hongkong	In port
Breakwater	Coos Bay	Sept. 20
Rose City	San Francisco	Sept. 21
Roanoke	Los Angeles	Sept. 22
Alliance	Coos Bay	Sept. 24
State of Cal.	San Francisco	Sept. 28
Geo. W. Elder	San Pedro	Sept. 29
Arabia	Hongkong	Sept. —
Alesia	Hongkong	Nov. 1

Scheduled to Depart.

Name.	For.	Date.
Numantia	Hongkong	Sept. 20
Breakwater	Coos Bay	Sept. 23
Roanoke	Los Angeles	Sept. 24
Rose City	San Francisco	Sept. 28
Alliance	Coos Bay	Sept. 26
Geo. W. Elder	San Pedro	Oct. 1
State of Cal.	San Francisco	Oct. 3
Alesia	Hongkong	Nov. 22

Cleared Saturday.

Northland, Am. steamship (Erickson), with general cargo, for San Francisco.

Cambrian King, Br. steamship (Carter), with 184,305 bushels of wheat, valued at $174,090, for St. Vincent for orders.

Evie, Am. gasoline schooner (Jacobsen), with grain, for Tillamook.

BIG RALLY FOR MISSIONS

Methodist Women Will Meet in Salem This Week.

There will be a big rally of the Women's Home Missionary Society of the Oregon conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Salem Thursday afternoon, September 24. It will be held in connection with the annual conference session, which will meet at Salem. Several prominent people have been engaged to address the rally, including Dr. E. R. Willis, superintendent of the National training school for deaconesses, of San Francisco, and Dr. T. B. Ford, pastor of Sunnyside Methodist Church, of Portland.

The programme is as follows:

Music; devotionals, Mrs. Hawley, Salem; solo; reports of conference officers; song, eight Chinese children (from the Home for Chinese Women and Children, Berkeley, Cal.); address, Rev. E. R. Willis, D. D., president National training school and deaconess work, San Francisco; duet; address, Dr. T. B. Ford, Portland; quartet; miscellaneous, Miss Davis and Chinese children; solo; addresses, Rev. John Ovall and Mrs. Charles Weaver, "Our Swedish Work in Portland"; song, eight Chinese children.

IOWA SYSTEM NOT LEGAL

Federal Court Strikes at Evasion of Prohibition Law.

DAVENPORT, Ia., Sept. 19.—According to a decision rendered yesterday by Judge Smith McPherson, of the United States Circuit Court, the Iowa mulct law system under which saloons are now operating is illegal. Judge McPherson further declares the Iowa mulct law is no license system and that there has been no license system in Iowa for the last quarter of a century, and for that length of time there has never been a lawful sale of liquor as a beverage within the state of Iowa. He further holds that no person under any circumstances can lawfully sell liquor as a beverage in Iowa. The decision was made in a suit of the United Breweries Companies of Chicago vs. the Civic Federation of Davenport. The complainants charged the federation with a conspiracy and sought to enjoin them from abating property on which a saloon had been closed. Judge McPherson denied the application for a writ of injunction. Under the mulct law Iowa saloonkeepers have been paying $600 annually as a tax, with the understanding that it legalized their sale of intoxicating liquors and gave them relief from the old prohibitory law, which is still on the statute books.

BURNED BY BURNING OIL

Four Men Injured by Explosion on Lumber Steamer.

SAN PEDRO, Cal., Sept. 19.—In an oil explosion in the afterpart of the steamer San Gabriel, lying alongside the wharf, shortly before noon today, Chief Engineer Hans Olsen and First Officer Peter Kendall were perhaps fatally injured, and Fritz Johnson and Chris Stigle, two members of the crew, were seriously burned.

The oil tanks were being filled at the time, and caught fire in some unexplainable manner. The damage to the ship is not material. The ship is owned by the Kerkhoff-Cuzner Lumber Company, of Los Angeles, and makes regular runs between San Pedro and the Umpqua River. She has a capacity of 500,000 feet of lumber, and carries a crew of 10 men.

A further examination of the injuries of Olson and Kendall by the surgeons developed the fact that their burns, while serious, are not necessarily fatal. Kendall leaped overboard when the explosion occurred, with his clothing ablaze, and swam 200 yards to the shore.

Demands Judgment for Bank.

W. C. Benbow filed an important suit against a defunct concern in the Circuit Court yesterday. On behalf of the German American Bank he asked judgment against the Golden Eagle Dry Goods Company for the sum of $101,638.04, less $25,776.92. The amount first named represents the dry goods company's overdraft on the erstwhile Oregon Savings & Trust Company Bank and the smaller sum is the amount paid on the indebtedness. The claim is now held by the German American bank.

Tomorrow (Monday) positively the last day for discount on East Side gas bills. Don't fail to read Gas Tips. **

VISITS TOLSTOI AT YASNAYA POLIANA

Dr. Hess Tells Story of Interview With Great Russian Novelist.

FINDS HIM YOUNG AT 80

Arch Enemy of Holy Synod Comments on Social Revolution. Will Take Mental Bath in Kant's Philosophy.

BY DR. ADOLPH HESS.

YASNAYA, POLIANA, Sept. 19.—(Special.)—At Moscow people told me I should fail, they warned me against government spies and thought I might be arrested. Tolstoy lived like a hermit, they said, and refused to receive any visitors, while the Countess disliked visitors who disturbed her husband, and tried to keep them away from him.

I was not to be deterred, however, but took along some translations and a very kind letter I had received from Tolstoy some time ago. The Countess was in Moscow and arrived home a few hours later than my arrival at Yasnaya Poliana.

The way goes via Tula, where I expected all the misery of a Russian provincial town; poor food, dirt, vermin and something even worse, but instead I found a delightful, clean and cheap hotel, splendid food, broad streets, brilliantly illuminated with electric light, an old Kremi, high parapeted walls, blue and green church cupolas, large industrial establishments, theaters, concerts and factories.

An istwoschtschik took me in his little open cab the 16 kilometres to Yasnaya Poliana. At the end of the town are the barrack-like buildings of a government distillery; on the way you see on your right hand the furnaces of a Belgian foundry—both distillers and foundrymen are described in Tolstoy's books.

Tolstoy's well-known country seat, which he has transferred to his wife, with all the rest of his property, years, is situated on the top of a hill from which there is a splendid view of green fields and shady woods. The plain, white house with its leaden roof is surrounded by an old park and orchard. A short distance away is the building which contains Tolstoy's famous school, and still further away the village with its miserable low houses, which in Winter barely show above the snow. It is inhabited by about 400 peasants.

Looks Like Photographs.

As I entered the house I noticed a large number of caps, coats and rubbers. Surely a large family must be living there. A case containing books stood in a corner near the door. A pleasant-looking boy from the village announced the visitor and a moment later the master of the house entered, dressed in a gray litewka, trousers of the same color and slippers. His beard was cut short, the heavy, bushy eyebrows looked almost threatening, the eyes were small and gray, and as if covered with a thin film, the nostrils broad. It was Tolstoy as we know him from innumerable photographs, and as many who have learned to love his writings have seen him with their mind's eyes.

I was greatly surprised at his almost youthful vivacity—this lively, healthy man, with the fresh complexion might be taken for a man of 60, not 80 years of age. His movements had all the elasticity of youth. I thought of the amount of work this man has done, of the quantity of mental energy he represents, of the moral power he possesses, and I was seized with a strange feeling. Was it astonishment, curiosity, respect, or joy? And then I suddenly heard my name, heard hearty words of welcome, felt the grip of his broad, powerful hand, and felt a sensation of peace and earnestness emananting from him.

As if in a dream I enter the dining-room, take off my overcoat, and hand Tolstoy my translations, which he carries into his workroom. I am introduced to the lady in waiting Countess Stackpwitsch, and to Tolstoy's friend, disciple and secretary, Dr. Mackovicky, who knows everything. We exchange a few remarks concerning Maxim Gorki, who had just mentioned Tolstoy in anything but flattering terms—as Tolstoy, whom I actually disturbed in his work, again enters the room. The two withdraw and I am alone with the grand old man.

He Intended No Insult.

On the wall to the left of the door above the piano are some portraits of ancestors mentioned in "War and Peace." I can discover no resemblance. Then comes the door leading into Tolstoy's working room, busts of Ger and Troubetzkoi, some English magazines, portraits of Tolstoy's energetic and gifted wife and of himself. We talk about the work; "One Thing Is Necessary." It contained in the manuscript an insult to the Kaiser, which I omitted in the translation. Said Tolstoy:

"I did not mean to offend the Kaiser. I am sorry I wrote those words and I thank you for omitting them."

We talked about art, but after about 15 minutes' conversation Tolstoy suddenly says:

"I have intentionally endeavored to get arrested and imprisoned for my thought. I have not succeeded. They have not had the courage to do me the favor of imprisoning me."

I thought of the late Pobiedonostzew. Czar Alexander III was twice handed reports which said that Tolstoy, because of his act in England published article against the monarchy ought to be sent to the Monastery of Susdal, deprived all chance of writing and thus be made harmless. But the Czar refused to give his consent, with the words: "I do not want you to touch Tolstoy. If he is wrong, so much the worse for him, but I will not make him a martyr and by doing so arouse a storm of indignation."

We talked of the Russian revolution, of the famine and a typhus epidemic in a nearby village, which gave the physician, Dr. Makovicky, much to do.

"Do you think there will be many more fights; that much more blood will flow?" I asked.

"I do not know," Tolstoy replied. "Too much blood has been shed already. During the time of the French revolution who could tell how it would end? When the Bastile was taken, who thought of liberty, equality and fraternity?"

Opposes All Governments.

"Do you consider the Russian revolution a progress?"

"I believe that men will no longer live under a government, based on force. Humanity has progressed so far now that no government of any kind is necessary. My adversaries say: The government, the state is a complicated mechanism, which no one dares meddle with or the whole building will collapse. My answer is this: If you pile up a number of bricks to form a pyramid in such a manner that if you remove one brick the whole structure will fall, no one has proven that it is necessary to pile the bricks so as to make a pyramid. Perhaps it would be much better and at any rate much safer to leave them on the ground."

"But if the revolution is restricted to Russia, what will be its effects?"

"Also the people of other nations will awaken. The form of government does not matter. If they have given their subjects a Parliament, a Congress, a Reichstag or a Duma it only proves they have seen they were wrong and that the governments owed something to their subjects."

"When I asked Tolstoy what he was doing now he replied: "I feel like taking a mental bath by studying Kant and I am convinced that human reason cannot reach further than he did."

Now Countess Tolstoy returned from Moscow. Tolstoy kissed his 60-year-old wife. We had luncheon, but Tolstoy did not eat with us, as he is a vegetarian and prepares his own simple meals. He walked up and down the floor while we were eating and everyone was silent when he spoke.

NEGLECTS GRAND CANAL

China Laying Up Trouble for Future, Says Critic.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 19.—(Special.)—A writer in the North China Herald protests against the ruin, which is being allowed to overtake that great triumph of engineering, the Grand Canal of China. The Government, he points out, is allowing the canal to go to decay. The lower stretches have within the past few months been allowed to become the habitat of organized and aggressive river pirates, who fire into steam launches and plunder passenger boats and cargo boats indiscriminately. In the upper regions of the canal there is, on the other hand, a constant shortage of water, or so much that it cannot be untilized. A more perfect provision by nature of vast natural dams in the great lakes of Southwest Shantung and Northern Kiangsu it would be difficult to find anywhere, but they are either unused or misused.

The writer goes on to allude to the silting-up of the erratic Yellow River, which is now in many places as much above the level of all the surrounding country as the second story of a house above the ground. Those who know best, he says, predict another tremendous calamity from this source in the not distant future. Then there will be exclamations of surprise that it did not come sooner and howls for funds for "relief." Millions of Chinese will be impoverished, hundreds of thousands of them will be rendered homeless and tens of thousands of them drowned and starved.

BIG GUNS ROAR IN PARIS

Sleep Almost Impossible to Citizens During Military Maneuvers.

PARIS, Sept. 19.—(Special.)—Sleep in Paris has been almost out of the question these last nights and Parisians and their American and other foreign visitors are getting a very good idea of what it feels like to be in a besieged city. The French military maneuvers this year are on a larger scale than ever before, more than 100,000 men taking part in them, and every effort has been made to keep the conditions as nearly as possible to those of actual warfare. A supposed German army is endeavoring to repeat what the Prussians did in 1870-71, while a French army is defending the city with bulldog-like tenacity.

This is why you drink your absinthe amidst the thunder of guns which roar and belch fire from every fort in the triple line of defenses which surrounds Paris like a wall of steel, and fond though the French are of military display and the smell of powder, they begin to wish it was all over, that they might eat and sleep in peace.

MADE BANKRUPT BY RATS

Caterer's Misfortune Causes Agitation to Exterminate Vermin.

LONDON, Sept. 19.—(Special.)—The Incorporated Society for the Destruction of Vermin proposes to take legal action with a view to deciding whether it is an offense to harbor rats. The case for the society is that it is time that the principle underlying the verminous poisons act and similar measures should be extended to rats. Evidence against several municipal authorities has been obtained and a summons will shortly be applied for; but the present intention is that the case shall be treated as a friendly one, the idea being to ascertain the present state of the law and to pave the way for the "rat law" promoted by the society.

The secretary informed Lloyd's that the question arose out of a report concerning a restaurant-keeper in London who had been literally made a bankrupt by rats. Some premises adjoining his place had been pulled down and the rats, ejected from their old haunts, had invaded his restaurant in swarms. In spite of various measures it had been found impossible to keep them from darting from their hiding places and snatching morsels of food that had fallen from the dinner tables.

One day a big rat actually jumped from the stairs leading to the first floor on to a table at which a lady and her daughter were dining, causing a scene and a general stampede. In the chase that followed the rat was killed, but so was the man's business. The place became known as the "rat pit" and custom declined. The proprietor is now a waiter.

PLAN PRESENT FOR KAISER

Miners in New Diamond Fields Send Rough Gems.

BERLIN, Sept. 19.—(Special.)—The rumors prevailing regarding the existence of profitable diamond fields in German Southwest and Southeast Africa are about to receive confirmation. The Colonial Secretary Herr von Dernburg, will on his return from Africa present the Kaiser with a golden casket full of rough diamonds from the German colonies. The casket which has been manufactured by a Capetown jeweler is five inches long and two inches wide.

The lid of the box is inset with seven large diamonds arranged like the constellation of the Southern Cross.

TEN KILLED IN BRAWL

Italian Village Wineshop Scene of Bloody Battle.

MILAN, Sept. 19.—(Special.)—Four persons were murdered, six more mortally wounded and many others injured in a drunken brawl of Calabrian peasants at Potenza. A big party had been drinking wine for the space of six hours at a wayside tavern, when a quarrel arose over some women, and daggers were drawn. The landlady, who stepped in to separate the combatants, was stabbed through the throat and mutilated, expiring immediately. Her daughter, Vincenzena, a pretty girl of 20, rushed towards her mother, but while bending over the lifeless body was flung down and pierced through the heart and lungs.

The landlord, who had been summoned meanwhile from the garden, seized his gun on beholding the fate of his wife and child, but before he could use it he was overpowered by the ruffians, and fell bleeding from severe wounds on the head, ribs and hands. As one assassin, jumping on the prostrate form, was preparing to sever the head, a robust young barmaid darted forward and bit a huge morsel off the villain's upraised arm.

The tragic scene then developed into a regular fight with revolvers among the assassins themselves. By the time the police appeared half a dozen peasants were lying dead or wounded. Around the bodies of their dear ones were grouped the landlady's seven young children sobbing piteously.

Among the dead is Salvatori Labella, age 22, who was a well known character in New York, whence he had returned only two days before. An insistence report alleges that he was killed by his own brother. The local hospital is full of injured onlookers. The superstitious population, after recovering from the first shock of the massacre, crowded to the lottery offices to gamble on number corresponding to those of the killed and injured.

MEN'S SPECIALIST

DR. TAYLOR, The Leading Specialist.

There is no ailment peculiar to men that I cannot cure. For twenty-five years I have devoted my entire time and energy to the treatment of men's diseases.

My methods have been perfected by actual experience, with a thoroughly theoretical knowledge as a basis. I am the only physician thoroughly and permanently curing those functional derangements commonly classed as "Weakness," and my success in overcoming such cases has placed me foremost among specialists treating men's diseases, and has brought me the largest practice of its kind in the West.

My Fee for a Thorough and Lasting Cure of Any Ailment Is Only $10 In Any Uncomplicated Case

I NEVER DISAPPOINT OR MISLEAD MY PATIENTS, AND MY CURES ARE PERMANENT

I have treated hundreds of men who have long suffered a gradual decline of physical and mental energy as a result of ailments, and have been interested in noting the marked general improvement that follows a thorough cure of the chief disorder. My success in curing difficult cases of long standing has made me the foremost specialist treating men's diseases. This success is due to several things. It is due to the original, distinctive and thoroughly scientific methods of treatment I employ.

To those in doubt as to their true condition, and who wish to avoid the serious results that may follow neglect, I offer free consultation and advice, either at my office or through correspondence. If your case is one of the few that have reached an incurable stage, I will not accept it for treatment, nor will I urge my services upon any one. I treat curable cases only, and cure all cases I treat.

Scientific Treatment for "Weakness"

Dosing the system with powerful stimulants and tonics in an effort to restore functional vigor can have but one final result, the condition is rendered worse than before. Few doctors know of any other method than stomach drugging, and when this does no good, they say: "There is no cure for Weakness." I have often made strong statements to the effect that the ailment must be thoroughly understood before it could be remedied. I have proved it beyond dispute that so-called "Weakness" is merely an indication of the existence of a low form of inflammation in the Prostate Gland, which is usually aggravated and made worse by stimulating medicine, electricity or any other agent that excites temporary activity. The Prostate is a nerve center and therefore very sensitive to treatment—the right kind quickly helps, while the wrong kind can cause great harm and sometimes irreparable damage.

I employ the only scientific and full effective treatment for "Weakness," which is almost entirely local, by which I mean that the medication is applied directly to parts. Medicines containing poisons are entirely excluded. I obtain the most desirable results in every case undertaken, and the cure is permanent and complete.

Varicocele

I cure any case that I accept in one week's time. My treatment is a painless one, and in most instances the patient need not be detained a single day from business. There is no doubt or guesswork, but absolute certainty of a thorough and lasting cure, with complete return to that degree of health and vigor that existed before the disease began.

Contracted Disorders

Every case of Contracted Disease I treat is cured thoroughly. My patients have no relapses. When I pronounce a case cured there is not a particle of infection or inflammation remaining and there isn't the slightest danger that the disease will return in its original form or work its way into the general system. Some contracted diseases are less serious than others, but none are too trivial to warrant uncertain methods of treatment. I especially solicit those cases that other doctors have been unable to cure.

MY OFFICES ARE OPEN EVERY DAY FROM 9 A. M. TO 9 P. M. SUNDAYS, 10 TO 1 ONLY.

The DR. TAYLOR Co. CORNER SECOND AND MORRISON STS. PRIVATE ENTRANCE 234½ MORRISON ST. PORTLAND, OREGON.

MANUFRS' MISTAKE; PEOPLE'S GAIN

$25,000 Stock New Fall Style Shoes Labeled Incorrectly.

Admit mistake and order shoes sold. Bannister, Kneeland, Slater and Moral, $6 and $7 grades, $3.85; $4 and $5 grades, $2.85; women's $3.50 and $4 grades, $2.45. Dellar, 291 Morrison, bet. 4th and 5th. **

S.S.S. THE CURE FOR SCROFULA

Swollen glands about the neck, weak eyes, pale, waxy complexions, running sores and ulcers, skin diseases, and general poor health, are the usual ways in which Scrofula is manifested. The disease being deeply intrenched in the blood often attacks the bones, resulting in White Swelling, or hip disease, and the scrofulous and tubercular matter so thoroughly destroys the healthful properties of the blood that Scrofula sometimes terminates in consumption, an incurable disease. The entire circulation being contaminated, the only way to cure the trouble is to thoroughly purify the blood and restore the circulation to a strong, healthy state. S. S. S. is the very best treatment for Scrofula; it renovates the entire blood supply and drives out the scrofulous and tubercular deposits. S. S. S. is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and it not only goes right down to the very bottom of the trouble and removes the cause, but it supplies the weak, diseased blood with the healthful properties it is in need of, and in this way builds up weak, frail, scrofulous persons and makes them strong and healthy. S. S. S. is a gentle, safe, vegetable preparation and is suited for persons of any age. Book on the blood containing information about Scrofula and any medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

WHY WOMEN ADMIRE STRONG MEN

All women worship physical strength. They like to look on men as strong, capable beings, afraid of nothing.—Beatrice Fairfax in Boston "American."

* * *

A woman has no use for a weak man. She admires that "afraid-of-nothing" spirit which a weak man lacks; that spirit of ambition which makes a man get up and hustle. She likes the strong man because he is a protection; he has strength, ambition, vim, and is not afraid of work. His eyes are bright, his gait is full of energy, his speech is positive. The strong man is the real man. Would you like to have your friends point to you and say: "There goes a strong man?" Do you not wish your eye to be so bright, your step so firm and your form so erect that men and women will admire you and remark at your manly bearing? These are the thoughts uppermost in the minds of modern men—physical and mental perfection, strength and power.

Who does not like to be strong, to feel that he is equal in strength to any man of his age? You can be if you will obey the appeal here made to you.

Drugs have been tried and have failed. You know that; but Electro-Vigor cannot fail; it is electricity, and "electricity is life." It gives you the oil with which to set the machinery of your body in motion, and a month's use of it will give you health and happiness.

Electro-Vigor is a dry cell body battery, worn while you sleep. It saturates the nerves with its glowing power and they conduct the force to every organ and tissue of your body, giving health and strength to every part that is weak.

Electro-Vigor is not an electric belt. It is a dry cell body battery, and makes its own power.

* * *

There is no remedy like Electro-Vigor. It cured me of digestive trouble and restored my strength after I had tried many other methods without benefit. THOS. KELSAY, Smith, Or.

FREE TO YOU

Get my 100-page book describing Electro-Vigor, illustrated with photos of fully developed men and women, showing how it is applied.

This book tells in plain language many things you want to know, and gives a lot of good, wholesome advice for men.

I'll send this book, prepaid, free, if you will mail me this coupon.

S. G. HALL, M. D.
1314 Second Av., SEATTLE, WASH.
Please send me, prepaid, your free, 100-page, illustrated book.
9-20-3
Name. . . . . .
Address. . . . . .

Men Cured Quickly

OUR FEE $10

For a Complete Cure in Any Simple Uncomplicated Case.

FACTS FOR MEN

Many a bright and promising career has been blighted by neglected conditions and injurious habits before the age of knowledge and understanding, and many have been cut short by the unfortunate contracting of some special disease, which through neglect or improper treatment has completely undermined and shattered the physical strength and mental faculties. No greater mistake can be made than to consider lightly the first evidence of the introduction of any disease into your system or to neglect the first symptoms of weakened mind and impaired health caused by neglect, ignorance, dissipation, etc.

Every week, debilitated, sick and discouraged man wishes to get well, strong and vigorous. Perhaps he has treated for months without getting relief—thinks he cannot be cured. HE CAN—and it's just such men we are glad to see. Why? Because we invariably cure every curable case we accept for treatment. We will explain to you WHY you have not been relieved and cured. We will tell you exactly what is your trouble—its cause, method of treatment, the time it will take to cure you, in fact, you will learn just what you wish to know.

We Are Specialists in Diseases of Men

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY

WE CURE PROMPTLY, SAFELY AND THOROUGHLY AND AT THE LOWEST COST, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, VITAL WEAKNESS, BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, KIDNEY AND BLADDER DISORDERS, ULCERS, SORES, PAINFUL SWELLINGS, BURNING, ITCHING AND INFLAMMATION, NERVOUSNESS, LOSS OF STRENGTH AND VITALITY AND ALL SPECIAL AND DELICATE DISORDERS OF MEN.

Our fees for cures are lower than those charged by the general family physician or surgeon. Medicines furnished from our own laboratory for the convenience and privacy of our patients, from $1.50 to $6.50 a course.

If you cannot call, write for our free self-examination blank. Many cases cured at home.

Hours: 9 A. M. to 8 P. M., and Sundays from 9 to 12.

ST. LOUIS MEDICAL AND SURGICAL DISPENSARY

CORNER SECOND AND YAMHILL STS., PORTLAND, OREGON.