

GOVERNOR WILL NOT WITHDRAW

Sees No Reason to Give Way to Cake for United States Senator.

WILL CANVASS THE STATE

Cake Will Also Make Speeches Throughout State, but His Itinerary or Chamberlain's Is Not Yet Announced.

Declaring that he is a pioneer in advocacy of Statement No. 1, the initiative and referendum and other "reform" legislation in this state, Governor Chamberlain yesterday said he was most positively in the race to stay as a candidate for the popular endorsement in June as candidate for United States Senator. If the friends of Statement No. 1 for an instant entertain the thought that Oregon's Governor contemplates retiring as a candidate for Senator, they should disabuse their minds of that idea, for he says he is not only a candidate for the office, but he is planning a thorough canvass of the state in the interest of his candidacy.

"Why should I retire as a candidate for Senator?" inquired Governor Chamberlain with a smile yesterday when asked if his loyalty to Statement No. 1 dictated or suggested any action on his part. "I can see no possible reason why I should withdraw, do you? In 1902 I advocated and supported the initiative and referendum and other popular legislation that was proposed at the time, and if I remember correctly I was the only candidate at the time that supported those measures, which were then considered impracticable by politicians.

"I have always believed in Statement No. 1, and two years ago persuaded a number of Democratic candidates for the Legislature to subscribe to the movement after they had announced their candidacy. I fall to see now why I should stand aside in the interests of the candidacy of a man whom Mr. U'Ren has admitted he had to drive from ambush on the question of Statement No. 1."

Governor Chamberlain yesterday said that he had not perfected his campaign arrangements, but he has announced that he will make a tour of the entire state, probably speaking in every county. The Governor will complete his itinerary probably early next week, and will devote the greater part of the five weeks intervening before the election to vigorous campaign work.

Because of his personal interest in the pending campaign and the active canvass he has planned, Governor Chamberlain will not be able to attend the congress of Governors of states and others that has been called by President Roosevelt to be held in Washington May 12, 13 and 14 for a discussion of the subject of conserving the water-power and other natural resources of the country. The Governor, however, has appointed an conference to the congress H. W. Scott and C. S. Jackson, of this city, and R. S. Bean, Chief Justice of the Oregon Supreme Court. It is probable that all three will attend the important meeting.

H. M. Cake, Republican candidate for Senator, who will oppose Governor Chamberlain in the June election, leaves tonight for Coos County, where he will open his campaign with a number of addresses. The further itinerary of Mr. Cake will not be outlined until after the meetings of the executive committee of the Independent County Central Committee and the Republican State Central Committee, both of which will be held next Wednesday. At that time an itinerary covering the next five weeks of the campaign will be arranged that will best enable Mr. Cake to canvass the state. The hesitancy of Governor Chamberlain to announce his itinerary is taken to indicate that he proposes to wait until his opponent has published his speechmaking tour and then follow on his trail.

GUARANTEE THE DEPOSITS

Mr. Dixon Favors Daily Tax on the Banks to Protect Customers.

CANBY, Or., April 25.—(To the Editor.)—Just at this time when the state has witnessed a very unpleasant trial of a former leading banker, it is pertinent to reflect upon the inadequate system of banking in Oregon and other states. Poor judgment may often lead a banker into the toils of criminal prosecution, though I admit that in recent cases in Oregon there is sufficient convincing evidence against the bankers to place them within the pale of lawbreakers. And every man, whether he be rich or poor, who violates the law, should pay the penalty. Poorly advised, however, as we had a depositor's guarantee law on the statute-books of Oregon, it would prove the salvation of depositors and a great boon to the banks because the deposits would be secured, and it would benefit the banks by bringing into circulation millions of dollars now hoarded away that should be in the channels of trade.

I have taken the initiative in advocating a depositor's guarantee law in Oregon, and should be very glad to see the next Legislature pass such a law. However, if the Legislature does not do it, I shall have to on the ballot two years from now by the initiative and referendum.

My plan is to enact a law creating a state banking board composed of the Governor, the State Bank Examiner and the State Treasurer. Give this board authority to collect a tax of 1 per cent on the total daily average balances of deposits in the banks of the state, based on the latest report of the State Bank Examiner for the previous fiscal year. Place this money in the state treasury, to be known as a "liquidating fund," and whenever a bank fails, pay the depositors of the insolvent bank dollar for dollar out of this liquidating fund. The law should be so framed as to require the consent of each bank to be taxed before the tax is levied. This would make it optional with the banks and banks that did not secure their depositors would not be entitled to the confidence of those that did. In fact, the depositors would eventually withdraw their money from unsecured banks and place it where it would be safe. National banks could pay their share of the liquidating fund, after having secured permission from the Controller of the Currency. Now, if the banks would enact protective measures themselves, it would not be necessary for the state to take a hand. Some will say this is a trend toward "paternalism in government." If this be true, then let us have paternalism in preference to "infernalism in banking." Some who object to this measure will say: "What are you going to do with this fund? Let it lie idle in the state treasury?" In answer to this I would say that the fund might be invested in United States Government bonds. If this could

not be done, then keep the fund intact for payment to depositors any hour that a bank might fail. Opponents of this measure will ask: "Who is going to guarantee the State Treasurer?" This is up to the State of Oregon. Our state government is getting into poor condition if the Treasurer cannot be compelled to furnish adequate bondsmen as security for the public money in his possession.

Let us get down to a working basis. The last report of State Bank Examiner Steel showed \$6,000,000 on deposit in state, private and National banks of Oregon. One per cent of this amount would provide an insurance fund of \$60,000. This sum would be sufficient to guarantee protection of depositors. It would restore their confidence and greatly benefit the banks by bringing into circulation money that is now hoarded away. During the panic last Fall the sum of \$3,000,000 was withdrawn from the banks within four months. So far is now known this \$3,000,000 is still hoarded away. If the banks had this money loaned out at 8 per cent (and every dollar of it and more could be loaned at that figure), there would be an annual revenue to the banks of \$240,000, or an amount almost equal to the liquidating fund that would be required on a bank failure. Who is fair for the banks to have this money loaned out at 8 per cent now in the banks?

Some have attempted to misrepresent my position by stating that I favor taxing the people's money—thus throwing the burden on the people. The banks demand security before letting money out on loans. Why should not the depositor demand security before depositing his money in the bank? Who is fair for the banks to have this money loaned out at 8 per cent now in the banks?

Under the present system, if a bank fails all we have is a criminal action against the banker. We might send the banker to the penitentiary for 10 years, but that isn't going to get us our money back. What the people want is their money, and the court actions can be turned over to the lawyers.

GEORGE W. DIXON.

BELIEF OF SPIRITUALISTS

Assertion That Spiritual Philosophy Best Explains Bible.

VANCOUVER, Wash., April 25.—(To the Editor.)—With reference to the editorial in last Sunday's Oregonian on spiritualism, I would say that my protest was directed against what seemed a studied effort to hold up the whole spiritualistic belief to ridicule. If frauds are discovered and exposed, so much the better for the reality—if such exist.

In the search for truth it is necessary to traverse the "slough between reality and fraud," and if we are to have facts proved, some one must do the proving. The Oregonian is in error when it says: "He assumes that our enemy to fraudulent imitations of truth is enemy to truth itself." On the contrary, we are in perfect harmony on this point. Neither have I any desire to exalt credulity above reason. My point is that reason is not an infallible guide unless in possession of all the facts necessary to arrive at a right conclusion. Before Copernicus' time it was perfectly reasonable that the earth was flat, and many a reasonable hypothesis in the scientific world has had to give way to something more reasonable in accordance with newly discovered facts.

Life here consists to a great extent in communicating intelligence one to another, and that this communication does not cease with the disembodiment of the "thing that thinks" has been definitely proven to the satisfaction of many intelligent people in all walks of life. Because fraud is discovered among those professing to demonstrate this fact, it by no means disproves the claim; it only proves that length unprincipled tricksters will go in pursuit of money and notoriety. The greatest objection to such articles as The Oregonian's editorial is that they foster the popular idea that spiritualists are a lot of ignorant, deluded people, with no definite idea of what they do believe. It is only natural, perhaps, that the extreme cases mentioned in The Oregonian should be taken as a true picture of the whole, as prejudice is too deeply seated in the average mind to give a fair hearing to anything that contradicts inherited beliefs.

The phenomena of spiritualism is as old as history, and to separate the fraudulent from the true at any time would be a hopeless task. The Christian Bible is full of it, and it is certain that much of it is fraud—yet we do not throw away the Bible nor refuse its philosophy of life because of this fact. Every phenomena of modern spiritualism is found in the Bible. In fact, without such, the Bible is nothing and loses its hold on the minds and lives of men. I venture the assertion that spiritual philosophy comes nearer "explaining" the mysteries of the Bible than any other theory in existence. Moses' "Hull's" "Encyclopedia of Biblical Spiritualism" is an unanswerable proof of this fact.

Minot Savage has said: "The one thing, the only thing, that any sane man can desire, is the truth. On this basis, the majority of spiritualists of my acquaintance are at least sane, as their one desire is for the truth."

D. E. LUNSFORD.

Barns Burn During Gale

NORTH YAKIMA, Wash., April 25.—Two destructive fires occurred during a furious gale of wind which prevailed here yesterday. One conflagration started from a rubbish heap on the ranch of J.

W. Peck in the Moore, destroying barn, chicken coops, wagon shed, workshop and other outbuildings. The home was saved almost by a miracle. Loss, \$3000.

H. E. Irving lost eight head of cattle and several valuable horses, as well as all the barns and outhouses on his ranch in the Wenah Valley. The flames, carried by the gale, spread with unparalleled rapidity and the livestock could not be removed from the buildings in time. Loss, \$3000. Insurance in both cases is light.

Cantata at Taylor-Street Church.

"The Redeemer," a sacred cantata, by Julian Edwards, will be rendered at this morning's service in Taylor-Street Methodist Church by a choir of 44 voices, assisted by an orchestra of 20 pieces. The cantata is divided into four parts, as follows: "The Advent," "The Nativity," "The Crucifixion" and "The Resurrection and Ascension." The production will be under the direction of Professor Boyer. At the services tonight the pastor, Dr. Benjamin Young, will speak on "The Curse of Worry."

THE LIMERICK WINNER

Miss Genevieve Johnstone, of Seattle, Wins the Ghirardelli Limerick Contest.

Recently there appeared in The Oregonian and other Western papers an interesting advertisement in which the D. Ghirardelli Company, of San Francisco, the manufacturers of Ghirardelli's Cocoa, offered a prize of a can full of dollars for the best line submitted to complete the following limerick:

A sickly young student at Yale,
Tried to strengthen himself upon ale;
But a wise college widow said, "Cut it out, Kliddo,"

The last line was to be supplied by the contestants. Thousands of replies were received from all over the West, many of them very clever, but after a careful examination of all the lines submitted, it was decided by the committee that the best was that sent in by Miss Genevieve Johnstone, of Seattle, who was accordingly awarded the full prize of \$25. The limerick as completed by Miss Johnstone reads as follows:

A sickly young student at Yale,
Tried to strengthen himself upon ale;
But a wise college widow said, "Cut it out, Kliddo,"
Ghirardelli's the drink for the pale.

San Francisco—Alexander McAdie, in charge of the United States Weather Bureau, reports that a moderate earthquake shock was felt here at 3:34 o'clock Saturday morning. No damage was done.

"Dignified Credit for All" POWERS "The Store That Saves You Money"

ALL ODD DRESSERS TO BE CLOSED OUT

Here is a Sample of the REDUCTIONS

\$27.50 Dresser in birdseye maple, 23x28-inch French bevel mirror, reduced to **\$13.75**

\$45.00 full swell front Dresser in birdseye maple, 30x30-inch bevel mirror, reduced to **\$29.50**

\$38.00 Dresser in genuine mahogany, full swell front, 24x30-inch French bevel mirror, reduced to **\$24.00**

\$31.00 Birdseye Maple Dresser in full swell front, 24x30-inch French bevel mirror, reduced to **\$19.50**

JEWEL STEEL RANGE

\$1 DOWN \$1 WEEK

The Jewel Steel Range is most attractive in design and ornamentation; compactly built and operated entirely from the front. Body is made of heavy blue planished steel which will not chip, peel, rust or turn white when heated. The walls are lined with asbestos to prevent radiation of heat into the kitchen and to economize fuel. Has a large quick-baking oven, heated evenly with smallest possible amount of fuel and well protected by cast plates.

BABY CARRIAGES AND GOCARTS

\$1.00 DOWN \$1.00 WEEK

No. 5790—Folding and Reclining Gocart, rubber-tire wheels. Price **\$5.00**

No. 5810—Folding and Reclining Gocart, rattan back and dash. Price **\$5.75**

No. 8400—Folding Gocart, reed body, upholstered seat and back. Price **\$12.00**

No. 6590—Baby Carriage, reed body, cushions, rubber tires. Price **\$21.50**

No. 6740—Baby Carriage, brown, rattan, chaise leather hood. Price **\$25.00**

Folding Davenport

AT LESS THAN COST We Are Overstocked

\$75.00 Davenport Folding Bed, Early English frame, upholstered in chaise leather, special **\$46.50**

\$60.00 Mahogany-Finished Folding Davenport, upholstered in velour, special **\$34.00**

\$95.00 Folding Davenport in Mission design, Early English finish, upholstered in verona velour, special **\$42.00**

\$38.00 Davenport Folding Bed, upholstered in verona velour, quarter-sawn golden oak frame, special **\$24.00**

\$42.50 Folding Davenport in golden or weathered oak, upholstered in verona, special **\$26.75**

\$35.00 Davenport Folding Bed, upholstered in velour, golden or weathered oak, special **\$19.95**

\$65.00 Chaise Leather Davenport, golden or weathered oak, special **\$43.00**

Spec. Sale Sanitary Couches

Monday and Tuesday

\$4.85 Made of High-Grade Steel **\$4.85**
With National Fabric Top, Regular Value \$7.50 for

Big Reductions in Our Rug Department

Five patterns 9x12 Axminster Rugs; special **\$24.75**

Four Patterns 9x12 Wool Velvet Rugs; reduced to **\$22.50**

Four patterns 8.5x10.6 Brussels Rugs, special **\$18.75**

Seven Patterns 8.5x10.6 Brussels Rugs; special **\$13.25**

Three Patterns 9x12 Smith's Velvet Rugs; special **\$29.50**

Five Patterns 9x12 Fiber Rugs; special **\$11.65**

Mission Furniture

\$1 Down, \$1 Week

No. 4003—Cellarette, Mission design, weathered finish **\$16.50**

No. 875—Mission Bookcase, two glass doors, weathered finish **\$22.50**

No. 9780—Library Chair, Early English finish, upholstered seat and back in genuine leather **\$30.00**

No. 4044—5-shelf Magazine Rack, weathered oak **\$13.50**

No. 1116—Mission Rocker, weathered finish, very heavy cane seat **\$10.50**

No. 113—Morris Chair in weathered oak, upholstered in chaise leather **\$16.00**

No. 289—Writing Table, dull brass trimmed, Mission design, weathered oak **\$40.00**

No. 655—Weathered Oak Library Table, oval top, 28x42 inches **\$25.00**

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Do not let the matter of money stand between you and a well-furnished home. The Powers credit system is at your disposal—a broad, liberal, dignified credit—that adapts itself to your income and circumstances.

POWERS

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY

DIGNIFIED CREDIT FOR ALL FIRST AND TAYLOR

OUR FLOORS ARE CROWDED

We must reduce our stock. New goods are arriving daily and we must have the space in which to show them. Every odd piece and all odds and ends marked down to the lowest possible point.

CURSES COST HIM DELAY

PLAYWRIGHT MADE TO REGRET CLASH WITH POLICEMAN.

M. Pierre Decourcelle Fined by Magistrate and Humiliated by Secret Investigation of His Morality.

PARIS, April 25.—(Special.)—M. Pierre Decourcelle, the playwright and novelist, has learned that a moral collision with a Paris policeman may be as fruitful of a fine and legal difficulties as the actual knocking him over with a motor-car. Mr. Decourcelle was driving a taxicab, when the chauffeur, for some reason or other, took the wrong side of the road. A policeman, not precisely God-sent at that moment, was on the spot, and stopped the driver in order to take the number of the car, and draw up the dreaded "process verbal," or police report, with a view to ulterior prosecution.

This ruffled the humor of the author, who opened the door of the taxicab and let out some words which the severe representative of the law took as uncomplimentary. He proceeded forthwith to add the passenger's remarks to his report with the view to another fine, which completely upset the "sangfroid" of M. Decourcelle, and the scene then enacted is said to have been very thrilling as regards the application of epithets, which the policeman conscientiously registered on his notebook. The upshot was that M. Pierre Decourcelle was called up for trial at the Correctional Court, and despite a very spirited pleading on the part of his lawyer, he was sentenced to a fine of \$5.

Purpose of the Baby Home

The Oregonian has been asked to reprint the following article, which appeared in its editorial columns April 23, 1908, as pertinent to the effort now being made under the auspices of Oregon Commandery Knights Templars to secure a substantial benefit for the Baby Home through the charity ball to be given for this purpose in the new Masonic Temple on the evening of April 30.



GIRLS' BASKETBALL TEAM AT MONMOUTH STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

clay God-sent at that moment, was on the spot, and stopped the driver in order to take the number of the car, and draw up the dreaded "process verbal," or police report, with a view to ulterior prosecution.

TALKING MACHINES GO

You can now select the regular \$25 machines and pay only \$7.50 for the whole outfit and its yours, in the Graves & Co. sale. The highest priced talking machines, as nearly half and less. Everything must go by Thursday next. Only four days more. Our new quarters at 111 Fourth street are not ready and we're actually forced into the street. Pianos, band and string instruments, drums, music bags, street music, etc., etc. at slaughter prices. Don't miss this opportunity. Come the first thing tomorrow morning if you can. Graves & Co., 123 Washington street. Store open every evening until sale ends.

Clatsop Teachers Uphold Varsity.

ASTORIA, Or., April 25.—(Special.)—The Clatsop County Teachers' Institute yesterday, passed a set of resolutions upholding the University of Oregon appropriation bill and favoring its passage by the voters of the state at the June election. The resolution reflects the general sentiment of the people of this county on this important question.

RISING BREAST

And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain. No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood" is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND