

### SCATHING SATIRE ON GERMAN RULE

In Chains of Armed Might or Capital, Says Editor Harden.

### RINGS AND FACTIONS RULE

Writer Who Exposed Round Table Declares Country Is Well Governed if Measure of China or Russia Is Taken.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 2.—Again there are sinister rumors at the court. It is whispered that the Czar has tired of the mysticisms that have for so many months kept him enthralled, and that the Grand Duke has at last been successful in having the dozen fakers dismissed from court. But if the tale is true a far more dangerous state of affairs exists. There are three women, one only of high degree, who are said to have the Czar completely under their thumb. One of these women is the tool of the most hated of the Grand Dukes. Another was formerly a member of the Czarina's suite, but gave up her duties in order to hover around Nicholas. The third woman, strange to say, is one who has had a most dissolute past. She ruled for some years as queen over a coterie composed of the most degenerate of the young noblemen of St. Petersburg, and their doings reminded one of the round table of Berlin. This woman is the only beautiful one of the trio. The others are extremely homely. The Czar has never been fond of women, and his present conduct is exciting strange rumors. In official circles rumors are still current of impending changes in the cabinet, the prophets, it may be supposed, being guided largely by the trend of the elections in making their prognostications. M. Stolypin is thought to have strengthened his position since his recent audience with the Czar, but it is persistently reported that General Rediger and M. Stebglovitoff will be superseded. It is interesting to note that the bureaucrats are confident that the new Duma will, from their point of view, be "workable," although there can be no doubt as to the strength of the opposition. It has been decided that every effort should be made to get the 1908 budget through the third Duma, and the Minister of Finance will direct attention to the difficulties arising from an endeavor to meet greatly increased expenditure on the estimates of 1908. It is reported that, despairing of re-

storing order and security in Odessa with the means at his disposal, General Novitski is appealing to the ministry for absolutely plenary powers, and, if those are granted, the city will be placed under a complete state of siege, that is, a general search for arms will be made; a heavy penalty will be imposed for the possession of revolvers; all persons abroad after 8 P. M. may be called upon to give an account of themselves, and any one thus challenged and unable to produce his passport will be liable to arrest. Further, the city will be patrolled night and day and riotous crowds may be fired upon without warning. It is, however, extremely doubtful whether General Novitski will be empowered to deprive the Black Hundred members of the Union of Russian People of their arms, and falling that his drastic efforts will avail little or nothing. The union and its black gangs claim the direct patronage and protection of the Emperor. The Anarchists, on the other hand, claim nothing beyond the might of their armed strength, but that is a separate terror with which the police have proved themselves absolutely unable to cope, and they are obviously afraid of anarchical reprisals. The weak vacillation of the authorities and the superior protection accorded to the organized ruffianism of the Union of True Russians have at last reduced the city to an anarchic cauldron, and nothing short of "draconic measures of suppression will change the situation. The present state of Odessa is a scandal to the imperial government.

There is appearing in the Russian press a letter written by Count Tolstoy with regard to his inability to answer all the begging letters which he receives every day. He informs his correspondents that he has had the Czar's Count had the management of his own affairs, his family would probably have been reduced to poverty long ago. A painful scene occurred at the National Theater at Sofia during the performance of a play depicting life in Russia of today. The audience was greatly affected by the sufferings of the hero, who was represented as a martyr to corruption and prosecution, and M. Woltchkoff, a former Minister of Education, who occupied one of the boxes, made several loud remarks regarding the rotten state of Russian officialdom.

The Prefect of Police was sitting close to the ex-Minister, and protested against his conduct, whereupon M. Woltchkoff jumped to his feet, excited and harangued the audience, declaring that the state of affairs portrayed on the stage was not one whit worse than which prevailed in their own country, where the same corruption and mismanagement were everywhere apparent. The audience, standing up, cheered the speaker wildly, but a few minutes later M. Woltchkoff was seized with a terrible fit, induced by excitement, and had to be carried out of the theater. The play was not proceeded with.

**Tolstoy's Daily Stipend.** This step was taken in the interests of his family, and for years Count Tolstoy has received a daily allowance of money, which he can give to the beggars, just as he thinks fit. Had the Czar had the management of his own affairs, his family would probably have been reduced to poverty long ago. A painful scene occurred at the National Theater at Sofia during the performance of a play depicting life in Russia of today. The audience was greatly affected by the sufferings of the hero, who was represented as a martyr to corruption and prosecution, and M. Woltchkoff, a former Minister of Education, who occupied one of the boxes, made several loud remarks regarding the rotten state of Russian officialdom. The Prefect of Police was sitting close to the ex-Minister, and protested against his conduct, whereupon M. Woltchkoff jumped to his feet, excited and harangued the audience, declaring that the state of affairs portrayed on the stage was not one whit worse than which prevailed in their own country, where the same corruption and mismanagement were everywhere apparent. The audience, standing up, cheered the speaker wildly, but a few minutes later M. Woltchkoff was seized with a terrible fit, induced by excitement, and had to be carried out of the theater. The play was not proceeded with.

### LONDON BOWS TO PRINCE ALFONSO

Gaping Crowd Haunts Palace to Catch Glimpse of Infant Royalty.

### PRINCE OLAF DISPLACED

King Father Motors About With His Brother-in-Law and Visits the Places of Interest Without Warning or Ceremony.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Fickle public interest has deposed darling little Crown Prince Olaf of Norway and enthroned baby Crown Prince Alfonso of Spain. Olaf has gone into retreat at Sandringham with his mother, Queen Maud, while Alfonso, Prince of the Asturias, holds undisputed sway in town. From early morning until evening vast crowds, largely made up of well-dressed women, hang around the entrance to Kensington palace to catch a glimpse of the King and Queen of Spain, and especially of the baby. When the baby comes out, with his three attendant nurses and three footmen, there is tremendous excitement. The Queen never fails to hold the infant up to the window of the carriage, so that the faithful watchers may devoutly gaze on his royal features. Though fair of complexion like his mother, the Prince of the Asturias unquestionably has inherited his father's heavy projecting under lip, the historic distinguishing mark of all the Hapsburg family for centuries. "Queen Ena," as the English affectionately call her, has signally failed to transmit her own beautiful mouth to her first-born.

**Queen Mother Follows Daughter.** The little Prince, not quite 5 months old, weighs 19 pounds and is the healthiest, plumpest royal infant seen in Spain for generations. Queen Ena takes a "constitutional" every morning early in Kensington gardens, accompanied by her mother. Being a stickler for royal etiquette, even on these informal occasions the mother walks about a pace behind her daughter. Yesterday being All Souls' day, a Catholic holiday, it was known that the King and Queen of Spain must attend mass. So the three Catholic churches in Kensington were thronged with people anxious to see them at their devotions. But, equally anxious to avoid being mobbed, they stole a march on the curious crowds by attending 8 o'clock mass at the little private chapel in the famous Convent of the Assumption, on Kensington Square. The Queen passed all day with her mother receiving visitors at Kensington palace. The King motors about the West End

with his young brother-in-law, Prince Alexander of Battenburg. Alfonso goes shopping, buying clothes, and visiting places of interest without warning or ceremony. Never is he seen without a cigarette. Even while shooting clay pigeons at the Hendon Gun Club he has had cigars between his lips. He looks somewhat paler and thinner than when he was here before his marriage, but he is feverishly energetic and vivacious. He speaks English chiefly, but at the grand banquet given in the Spanish Embassy Queen Victoria made a point to converse with all the Spaniards in Spanish, having become fairly acquainted with that tongue. When she was plain Princess Ena she had several girl friends among the English and the Americans in London. She is still friendly, forgetting nobody, but she has already acquired the aloofness of royalty, and her friends are not allowed to forget that she is now a Queen.

**Cousins Not Cordial.** Her cousins, the Duke of Connaught's daughters, between whom and the Battenburgs there always has been certain rivalry, have not been seen in London since Queen Victoria's arrival, and they will not meet her until the royal festivities at Windsor castle, when there will be four other Kings and Queens to "take the shine out of Ena." Queen Maud of Norway and her little son, Prince Olaf, withdrew to Sandringham early in the week, Olaf ceasing to monopolize public attention when the Spanish royal baby came. Besides, Queen Maud, the exact opposite of Queen Victoria, avoids publicity and delights in the privacy of Sandringham, with her mother and sister.

The Dowager Duchess of Manchester, probably owing to her Spanish blood, was the only Anglo-American invited to the Spanish Embassy party. She looked extremely attractive in shimmering satin and turquoise. She was presented to King Alfonso, but he chatted longer with the Countess of Essex than with anybody else. Ambassador and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid were there, too, and the Marchioness of Dufferin, Miss Nellie Post, and Anthony J. Drexel.

### BAD ELEPHANT EXECUTED

Columbia, First Born in America, Choked to Death.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Nov. 2.—Columbia, the first elephant born in this country, was executed yesterday in the presence of 21 other elephants, including her mother, because she had become of such vicious temper she was unsafe.

Columbia was born in Philadelphia 23 years ago and was easily handled until a month or two ago. She was choked to death by five men using rope tackle and pulley.

### Trolley Cars Kill and Maim.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Nov. 2.—One person, an unknown foreigner, was killed and about 20 others more or less seriously injured as a result of a collision of electric cars on the Slaterville road near here today.

## Positive and Determined Steps by the Assignee

# A WEEK OF MERCILESS Price Slashing

Such as Oregon Never Saw Before



## Residue Bankrupt Stock.

And new goods bought for the Fall and Holiday trade that were in transit at the time this establishment fell by the wayside, are being added to the stock as promptly as arrangements are consummated with the shippers by the present assignee. On with the slaughter. No laws of cost or value will alter the determination to close out this entire stock—57 departments—at the earliest possible moment, and CLOSE THE DOORS OF THIS STORE.

### Women's Coats and Suits

Skirts, Furs, Waists  
Petticoats, Wrappers, Etc.

\$1.89 to \$12.85 for Coats worth \$6 to \$30  
\$1.49 to \$6.85 for Skirts worth \$5 to \$20  
\$8.85 to \$22.85 for Suits worth \$16.50 to \$50.00.  
49c to \$1.49 for Waists worth \$1.50 to \$5  
89c to \$7.85 for Furs worth \$2.50 to \$20  
17½c to \$1.87½ for Dress Goods worth 35c to \$4.00 yard.  
27½c to \$1.12½ for Silk worth 75c to \$2.50 yard.

### MEN'S CLOTHING

New arrivals in the latest and best of Fall styles. Yours for a mere fraction of value:  
\$3.75 for good, reliable \$7.50 Suits.  
\$6.85 for splendid wool and worsted \$10 to \$15 Suits.  
\$9.85 tailor-made very choice to \$22.00 Suits.  
\$12.85 takes you into suits worth to \$30.

### Holiday Goods

Toilet and Manicure Sets, also a complete line of Drug Sundries, Stationery, and Notions, at less than one-half regular prices. Corsets, Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Umbrellas, Tapestries, at Less than Half Value. Laces, Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Ribbons, Passementeries, Belts, Lace Curtains, Lambrequins, Ginghams, Muslins, etc.; 53 departments of choice merchandise thrown at your mercy to be sold at once, let the loss be what it will.

### PANTS

\$1.35 a mountain odds worth to \$3.25.  
\$2.65 tailor-made, finest to \$6.50 Pants. Several lots of Underwear, Shirts and other furnishing goods, accepted from the shippers Saturday, will be on sale Monday forenoon; also 12 cases Fall styles Hats.

### Greatest Bargains

The stock for this week will be the greatest bargains and best variety since the great Bankrupt Sale began.

### Shoes for Men, Women and Children

Several shipments of Shoes were added for this week's selling. The entire Mehish, Stoneberg Co.'s goods has been given the assignee.  
49c Ladies' Oxfords, etc., worth to \$1.50  
98c great lot ladies' and misses' worth to \$2.50.  
\$1.19 sizes 2 to 8, good \$2.50 shoes.  
\$2.29 finest quality and styles, \$5 shoes.

### To Merchants

Owing to the fact that this entire stock—53 departments—must be closed at once, dealers buying in quantities will find a saving of 20 to 35 per cent below wholesale prices. Retail sale opens daily at 9 A. M., closes at 6 P. M. P. S.—During the rush hours, the doors will be closed whenever the crowds overtax the capacity of the store's services. This is done to avoid jamming the store to danger point and for the general safety of the people.

## ITS AIM IS TO MAKE DESIRABLE CITIZENS

Prisoners' Aid Society is Striving to Provide a Future for Men and Women Serving Sentences in State Penitentiary

BY LILLIAN TINGLE. A certain wealthy and charitable maiden lady, Southern, delicate and aristocratic to her finger tips, was recently called from her dinner table to interview one of her many queer proteges. Through an open door a delighted company of nephews and nieces heard and saved for teasing purposes the conclusion of the appeal. "And I thought, maybe, you'd give a trifle to get him some socks and a bit of bacsy, for you know what it is, ma'am, to be in prison with no socks nor nothing." Fortunately, there are comparatively few of us who know by experience "what it means to be in prison" and unfortunately, there are few, also, who

have the imagination or the sympathy to know it without experience. A visit of inspection to even the best managed of prisons leaves one profoundly depressed. In our own state's picture, Charles Walton is the leader and musical instructor. He is said to show great musical ability and is a model prisoner. The minstrel performance given on the Fourth of July is a source of income for the purchase of new music and supplies for the band. There is a high percentage of illiteracy among the prisoners on entrance and for this reason the erection of a new wing is contemplated, which may be used for school and chapel purposes. The teachers will be drawn from among the prisoners and will be under the direction of Superintendent St. Pierre, of the Prisoners' Aid Society. At present many prisoners, who can

afford it, or who can obtain money from friends, are taking correspondence courses, which may fit them for employment on their release. All such study must, of course, come after the completion of the regular day's work; the work is hard, and every man who is physically fit must do his share. Much needed road improvement in the neighborhood of Salem has been done by convict labor, notably the road between the Reform School and the city, which formerly was a hopeless series of mud holes and is now a good highway. Owing to the scarcity of labor last year many "trusties" were allowed to earn a little money by fruit picking. Many prisoners have been employed in making brick for the School for the Feeble-minded. The hospital is in charge of a drug-gist prisoner. It is a large, airy, well-

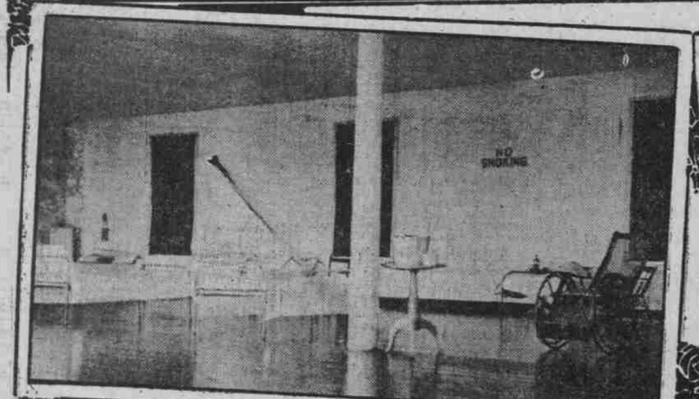
kept room. Last year a serious operation had to be performed on a prisoner, who, however, made a complete recovery. Tubercular prisoners are now properly isolated.

The community dining-room has been established by Governor Chamberlain and is in every way more wholesome than the former manner of eating in cells. Those familiar only with the striped convict of melodrama might be surprised to see so few prisoners clad in that garb. As a matter of fact, the prisoners are graded according to conduct, and stripes are only worn by those who have "lost grade," the others being in gray. There is suffering in Winter among many of the men, since the state makes no provision for underwear. The Prisoners' Aid Society aims to help in this matter as in others and is trying to get the Legislature and the public to recognize that the man behind the bars is a human being and that it is cheaper to return a citizen to society than to send back a criminal with vengeance in his heart.

**Steps to Suppress Peonage.** NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 2.—Vienna dispatches saying that the Austrian government has warned its people against emigrating to the South, where peonage is alleged to exist, have determined the Louisiana State Board of Immigration to take immediate action in New Orleans to prevent emigrants being defrauded. Secretary Knoepfeler, of the board, announced today that he will ask the City Council to pass regulations stopping abuses which have sprung up within the past few months, during which New Orleans has become a considerable gateway for immigration.

Mr. Knoepfeler asserts that tricky foreigners and not Southern planters are largely the cause for such warnings as that of the Austrian government. These foreigners, he asserts, get hold of the immigrants when they land in New Orleans, swindle them out of much money for board, and then poison their minds against immigration officials. Then they make them believe fabulous tales of plantation opportunity, which result in bitter disappointment to the immigrant upon learning exactly what the plantation work is.

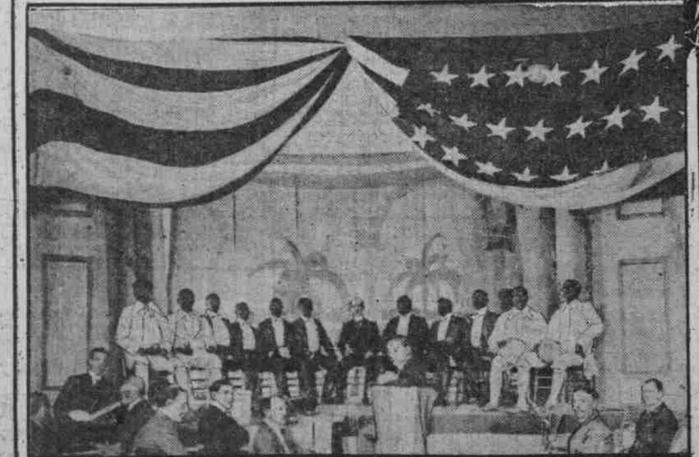
**Lives With Goldleaf in Skull.** BALTIMORE, Nov. 2.—Richard Swanger, who was unconscious for 11 days from a depressed fracture of the skull, caused by a tree falling upon him, is recovering from a remarkable surgical operation as a result of which he will carry a quantity of gold leaf in his head. The surgeons at Maryland University Hospital found a part of the brain covering and a part of the brain itself adhered to the cranium. The brain covering and the gray matter were separated and the gold leaf was placed between the parts.



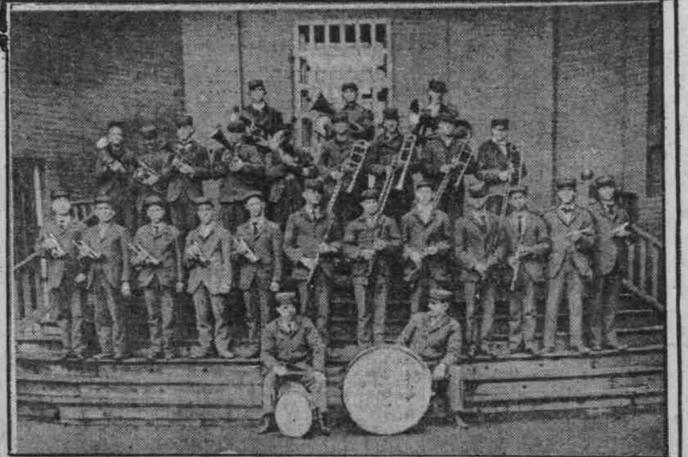
CORNER OF HOSPITAL



DINING ROOM



MINSTRELS—4TH OF JULY



PRISONER'S BAND

## Be Sure

Do not trust too much to your own judgment in medical matters. Consult your doctor frequently. He knows best.

# Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

REVISED FORMULA

Hard colds, hard coughs, severe bronchitis, weak throats, weak lungs. We wish you would ask your doctor if he knows of anything better for these troubles than Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. We believe it is the best medicine you could possibly take. But ask your doctor, and thus be sure to make no mistake.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

J. C. AYER CO., Manufacturing Chemists, Lowell, Mass.