

A SCIENTIFIC DENTIST IS A BOON TO SOCIETY

The Bungling Dentist Is a Man to Be Shunned

It is usually safe to trust your work to a man who has been established for years and whose business increases from year to year. There is a reason for his prosperity.

We claim your business because nobody can give you more satisfactory results. It is more than probable that you would receive work greatly inferior to ours if you went elsewhere.

When you come here, there is no doubt or uncertainty. You will receive the greatest skill in every branch of the dental profession. Then we will treat you with gentleness and consideration for your feelings.

DR. B. E. WRIGHT.

Good Set of Teeth
on Rubber Plate.....\$5.00

Best Set of Teeth
on Rubber Plate.....\$8.00

DR. B. E. WRIGHT PAINLESS
DENTIST

342-1-2 WASHINGTON STREET, CORNER OF SEVENTH

Office Hours: 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.; 7:30 to 8:30 P. M.; Sundays 9 to 1.
Phone Main 2119 Twelve Years in Portland

TRESPASSERS WILL BE MADE TO PAY

Mayor Declares War Against
Corporations and Others
Using Streets.

PRODUCE RENT OR MOVE

Writes Letter Calling North Pacific
Terminal Company's Attention
to Its Unauthorized Use
of Public Thoroughfares.

Occupancy of various public streets in Portland by corporations and private individuals without franchise authority is to be terminated immediately if Mayor Lane has his way. The city's executive yesterday notified the North Pacific Terminal Company and the Inman-Poulsen Lumber Company to remove their tracks from the streets of the city.

In his letter to Edward Lyons, superintendent of the North Pacific Terminal Company, Mayor Lane says: "I do not believe in vacating streets for the use of any corporation unless the city receives some adequate return. And now that the true status of the franchise under which this company is operating has been discovered, I propose to see that it pays to the city rental of some kind for the use of these streets to which it is not entitled, or abandons the streets to the use of the public, or which they were dedicated. There is no reason why the city should not receive rent for such use of its streets, and we shall see if the collection of rental cannot be enforced or the use of these streets denied to these interlopers."

"A few months ago when the City Council proposed to force the Southern Pacific Company to remove its tracks from Fourth street, representatives of that corporation had the effrontery to appear before the Council and maintain that it had a perpetual franchise to the use of Fourth street and the other streets over which it was operating."

"It is about time some steps were being taken to save the public streets to the public. The extent to which some of the streets in this city have been speculated with is almost incredible. The fact is that some of the city's thoroughfares have been fenced off by rich men right here in Portland and space rented to poor widows at from \$2 to \$3 a month. This is not an idle charge, for I am in possession of receipts that have been issued for rent that has been collected."

"This is an amazing state of affairs, but the fact is that the people do not realize the extent to which their streets are being gobbled up either by the large corporations or grasping individuals, and it shall be my aim to determine the rights by which these thoroughfares are occupied, and when there is no authority therefor, the trespassers must either get off or make satisfactory arrangements with the city for the further occupancy of these premises."

Mill Company Guilty, Too.
It is charged by Mayor Lane that the Inman-Poulsen Lumber Company has appropriated and is occupying several streets in connection with its plant on the East Side without any authority from the City Council. He said that this company and demanded to know by what authority it has transgressed on the rights of the public. In his letter to Lyons, Mayor Lane says: "I am asking for an explanation for its use of the following streets to the exclusion of the public in the manner indicated: Building on Union avenue; building partly in street at southeast corner of East Caruthers street and Union avenue; building on East Third street, between East Sherman and East Caruthers streets; building across East Second street, between East Sherman and East Caruthers streets; two buildings in basement with the city of the public; East First street, between East Grant and East Lincoln streets; one building in East First street, between East Sherman and East Grant streets; one building in East First street, between East Sherman and East Grant streets; west of Union avenue all of the streets are practically used as a mill yard."

Root Returns From Mexico.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Secretary Root, Mrs. Root and Miss Root arrived today from their visit to Mexico. The Secretary was looking particularly well.

Mayor Is Not Placated.
"I am not satisfied with the railroad company's reply. It is entirely too indefinite," said Mayor Lane yesterday. "I now propose to require these people, and all others who are improperly using

the public streets, to appear before the Council and show by what authority they are thus trespassing on the rights of the people. This is not by any means a plan of persecution that is to be waged against the railroad and the larger corporations. I am checking over the streets of the city, and all property that is owned by the municipality and shall pursue the same course towards all trespassers, whether they be large or small.

"Undue advantage has for years been taken of the people of this city, and it is high time their interests were being protected. By this method of self-appropriation not less than \$300,000 worth of property of the people has been usurped for private purposes by these corporations or private individuals, and the people are not receiving one cent of revenue therefrom.

"Take, for example, the Fourth-street line of the Southern Pacific Company's system, to which my letter to the North Pacific Terminal Company has reference. In January, 1893, the City Council granted the Oregon Central Railroad Company a franchise to construct and operate a railway track, and run cars over the same, along the center of Fourth street from the city boundary line of the city of Portland to the north side of G street, and as much farther north as said Fourth street may extend or be extended. What has happened? Without the semblance of an ordinance, or any other authority from the City Council, this company has extended its tracks across Irving, Fifth and Sixth streets and into the North Pacific Terminal yards, and for years has been operating that part of its system in defiance of the rights of the public.

Demand Just Rentals.
"I do not believe in vacating streets for the use of any corporation unless the city receives some adequate return. And now that the true status of the franchise under which this company is operating has been discovered, I propose to see that it pays to the city rental of some kind for the use of these streets to which it is not entitled, or abandons the streets to the use of the public, or which they were dedicated. There is no reason why the city should not receive rent for such use of its streets, and we shall see if the collection of rental cannot be enforced or the use of these streets denied to these interlopers."

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BRINGS NEW IDEAS

Benjamin Fay Mills Modern in
Religious Views.

REVOLUTION IN THEOLOGY

When This Era Dawns, He Holds,
Unselfishness Will Guide the
Conduct and Absolute
Trust the Mind.

Benjamin Fay Mills will arrive from Los Angeles next Wednesday morning and will give his first lecture Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock in Women of Woodcraft Hall, on "Have You Seen God?" That evening Mr. Mills will lecture in the same hall on "The Eve of a New Spiritual Era," and on Thursday and Friday evenings and Thursday and Saturday afternoons, at the same hour, he will complete his course of six lectures on this same general subject.

Great interest is manifested in Mr. Mills' present theological and religious opinions. In the Spring of 1892 he spoke twice daily for about three weeks to audiences that crowded the old tabernacle. On one of the days the business houses closed their doors from 9:30 to 12 in the morning and after 3 in the afternoon, in the observance of a "midweek Sabbath," so widespread was the impression of these meetings.

It was not long after this that rumors began concerning Mr. Mills' deviation from the ultra-orthodox doctrines concerning the deity, and his departure from the same general subject.

Mr. Mills says that every religion that will march must have a philosophy, or a statement of the reason why it is true; a rule of life, or the expression of the principles of conduct, and a gospel, or the power to persuade the people that it is worth while. His philosophy and rule of life have been stated. His gospel is the great fact that these principles will work under all conditions and circumstances, whether in man's trust of his own higher self, or in his relationship to nature, his fellow-man or to his experience in connection with all the events of his life.

Four years ago this month Mr. Mills made an announcement to a few friends of his purpose to commence an evangelization along these lines. He immediately received invitations from several cities, from committees of citizens, and went first to San Diego, where he spoke to great audiences for two months, and then at the invitation of some of the leading citizens of Los Angeles, to that city, where he continued his ministry for two or three months, and then at the invitation of daily to audiences that overflowed the largest auditoriums.

The Los Angeles Fellowship.
He then made a tour of several months through the East, but the people of Los Angeles had become so interested in this new gospel that several hundred of them insisted on forming a society, which was formally organized three years ago under the name of the Los Angeles Fellowship, which has since received a large part of Mr. Mills' attention and service. The growth of this organization has been almost phenomenal. The Sunday services are now held in the city hall, which is perhaps the most noted for its church-going propensities of any in the country. There are now four regular Fellowship ministers, and others that are almost prepared to be set aside to this work. A second Fellowship has already been organized, in Minneapolis, Minn., and there is a growing demand from other cities for the formation of similar societies.

Mr. Mills believes that we are living in a time similar to that which caused the birth of Christianity, and that the new expression of religion will be along lines that will make all skepticism absurd, and that will furnish a reasonable foundation for the ultimate existence of a universal religion.

There will be no charge for admission to any of these lectures.

Fusion Made in Nebraska.
LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 19.—Secretary of State Junkin today announced that fusion had been accomplished on nearly every candidate, the Democrats and Populists

As a result, he came to the conclusion that, as Theodore Parker says, "there is but one religion, as there is but one ocean," and that what we call religions are merely the "giggling expressions, ac-

cordant to time and circumstances, of the primal, fundamental fact of the unity of life."

Out of this Mr. Mills deduced his present philosophy, which is merely a fundamental emphasis on what, from a theological point of view, would be called the unity and omnipresence of God, but which he prefers to state in the significant phrase, "There is but One, and that One is everywhere." Out of this he derived the simple rules of conduct which form the basis for an effective attempt at religious practice, of absolute trust, the fixed attitude of the mind, and unselfishness as the practice of the life.

Religious Philosophy Necessary.
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YOU ARE
WELCOME
TO
CREDIT

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FIRST ST

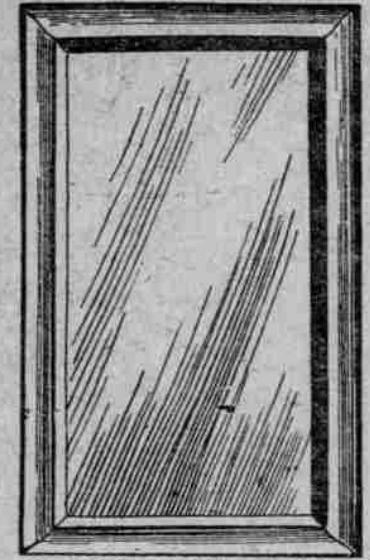
EDWARDS CO HOUSE
FURNISHERS

LIBERAL
DISCOUNTS
FOR
CASH

A GOOD PLACE TO TRADE

SOLE AGENTS FOR MONARCH MALLEABLE RANGES

FRENCH MIRRORS



No article combines useful and ornamental quality more than a handsome mirror. We have these in all sizes and patterns and many varieties of frames. From a large shipment just received we quote the following low prices:

Size 9x12, plain French plate, 14-inch frame, very good value at \$1.00; our price.....\$70c
8x10, bevel French Mirror, 3-inch carved frame, really worth \$1.25; our price.....\$95c
9x12, bevel French Mirror, 3-inch carved frame, really worth \$1.50; our price.....\$1.15
Shaped oval and bevel plate Mirror, 12x20, fancy veneered frame, gilt trimmed, finished either in oak or flint; our price.....\$2.65

Crib Mattresses
In our shop we make to order mattresses for these cribs of any material desired.
Prices as low as.....\$1.50

We wish to announce the arrival of a new shipment of fine iron cribs for children. Our stock also contains wooden cribs and trundle beds at prices to suit every pocketbook.

Trundle beds, light maple frame, varnished, including frame, 23 x52.....\$2.67
Iron Cribs, like above cut, 30x54, including springs.....\$6.75
Others at.....\$8, \$9, \$10, \$14

We have 48 beautiful Rockers like the above cut, which we are going to sell this week. They are made of the finest grained, quarter-sawn oak, strongly built and worth \$4.50. They will sell while they last at \$3.99.

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PUT A
MONARCH
MALLEABLE
RANGE
IN YOUR KITCHEN

It burns hard coal, soft coal or wood, and utilizes all the heating power of the fuel. Ordinary ranges are made of cast iron. Such ranges are fuel wasteful, because when steel

The Monarch Range is different. It is constructed with malleable iron frames, to which the sheet steel is riveted—not bolted. Only in this way can absolutely air-tight joints be made. There is no stove putty in a Monarch.

Each of the frames around the oven door, ash door, the pouch feed, back of oven, etc., is made of malleable iron, which insures air-tight seams, without danger of leaks.

At this makes an economical, lasting range, with perfect fire control—a range that cooks well, and stays satisfactory for a lifetime.

A \$1 COOK BOOK FREE

This is a real book, not a cheap advertising circular. It is handsomely printed on good paper, bound in cloth with board coverings, 144 pages.

If you could buy it at a book store, it would cost you at least \$1.00. It contains 338 recipes, many of them new, all simple, easy to make and inexpensive. Has practical menus for the whole year and many valuable hints on diet and marketing.

You can get it without cost if you intend buying a range or cook stove within a year.

HOW TO GET IT
Cut out this advertisement, mail it to the Malleable Iron Range Co., Beaver Dam, Wis., and tell them when (stating month, if possible) you expect to buy, and you will secure this valuable cook book free. As the edition is limited, write now.

We Pay \$30 for Monarch Ranges After Use



is bolted to cast iron it is practically impossible to make tight joints, without the use of stove putty.

Such a stove may work well until the bolts become loose, or the seams open between the rivets. The putty contracts, hardens and falls out. Then outside air leaks in through every seam and joint—through imperfectly closed openings at the oven door; the draft door, the ash pan door, etc., and it takes twice as much fuel to keep up the fire.

The Monarch Range is different. It is constructed with malleable iron frames, to which the sheet steel is riveted—not bolted. Only in this way can absolutely air-tight joints be made. There is no stove putty in a Monarch.

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SPECIAL SALE ON FINE LACE CURTAINS



These are all imported goods, made in Switzerland, and this sale is to close out our broken lots of one, two and three pairs without any consideration of profit. They are priced as follows:

\$5.00 Brussels Net Curtains, per pair.....\$2.75
\$5.50 Irish Point Curtains, per pair.....\$3.00
\$6.50 Irish Point Curtains, per pair.....\$3.55
\$6.50 Novelty Curtains, per pair.....\$4.45
\$12.00 Brussels Net Curtains, per pair.....\$6.25

Nearly every one is interested in keeping warm this winter, and we have therefore brought down the price of the blankets to meet the popular demand.

90c Cotton Blankets, 45 inches wide, 2 shades, gray with pink or blue stripes.....65c
\$1.00 Cotton Blankets, light tan effects, pink or blue stripes.....75c
Full double size Blankets, \$2.50 value, Indian colorings.....\$1.65
Medium weight, gray, all wool, regularly \$2.00, now.....\$1.95
Fine gray wool, double size very soft and warm.....\$3.75

IRON BEDS
We have the exclusive agency for iron beds manufactured by one of the best factories in Chicago. We show designs and colors that are not shown at any other store. Some of the combinations are old red and Veris Martin, bronze green with white and gold, pink, blue and white, in many combinations of color.

We solicit a comparison of prices and careful inspection of these goods. Most people are interested in low prices, so we show the above cut and claim it to be the best in the city for the price, \$3.35.

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fine Hospital Service, assisted by the City Board of Health, is prosecuting vigorously the work of eradication.

In Malta bread is largely made of bran and unbleached wheat flour mixed. Bran sellers, therefore, go from house to house, like other tradespeople who sell food or fuel. They carry the bran in an enormous sack balanced on the head, while the measure is carried in the hand.

\$50 in Gold FOR AN IDEA

Who Will Supply It?

We want advice or an original idea on the best plan to advertise and close out our wholesale clothing stock. To the person furnishing us with a plan that we will adopt we will give as a cash prize \$50 in gold.

When we decided to retire from the wholesale clothing business our inventory showed a stock on hand of nearly \$200,000, practically all of this season's make of clothing. At that time we decided the quickest way to close out the stock would be to sell at least part of it to the retail trade at wholesale prices. We carried out this plan by leasing for three months the first floor of the new Couch Building, located on Fourth street near Washington. We moved clothing here amounting to about \$160,000, and the balance, or \$40,000 worth, we kept in the wholesale house at 42 Front street, to be sold to merchants at a discount of 10 per cent under wholesale prices. These goods are selling rapidly and will easily go before January 1st.

The sale we need to boost will be the one in the Couch Building. Our sales here are averaging about one thousand dollars per day. At this rate it would take one hundred and sixty working days to sell the stock. Whereas we only have the store for eighty days. We must double our sales; profits will cut no figure; all we want is to get our money out even.

We will pay \$50.00 in gold for the best idea on how we can advertise this sale so we can sell this Clothing between now and January 1st.

Answers must be in on or before Monday, October 21. The result will be announced in the daily papers on Tuesday.

J. L. BOWMAN & CO
Couch Building, City