"ACTUAL SETTLERS" Trousers

Seekers of S. P. Tracts in Oregon Lay Claim to That Name.

BUT DOES LAW SANCTION?

Railroad Insists That Such Claimants Have Ceased to Exist and That There Can Be No New Crop.

That "actual settlers" in the railroad land grants of the Oregon & California and Southern Pacific means persons who have homes on the lands and dwell there seems accepted without dispute. important question for individuals who seek to wrest the lands from the railroad at \$2.50 an acre, is whether their asserted right of buying the lands beongs to all persons who may establish homes on the lands, or does it belong only to those who were residents when the rallroad fixed the route of its lines and obtained the lands from the Government? This latter meaning is the one put the acts of Congress by the railroad. Its attorney insists that there is a line of Supreme Court decisions for the claim that the land-grant acts of 1866-70 vested the railroad with the right to own in fee simple the lands set apart in the grant by Congress, and actually that those acts attached the title to the railroad, when the railroad filed, in Washington, make of the definite route of lines, at intervals between 1870 and 1884.

It would also permit the railroad to continue its policy of barring the lands against settlement, as it has done for nearly four years past, by refusing to sell. It would defeat what the people consider the original purpose of the land grant—to open the lands to home bulleting to sell.

the land grant—to open the lands to home builders.

According to this view, the railroad was made trustee of the lands and authorized to sell them and use the proceeds for building tracks or to make the lands according to the lands to have the lands and lands are the lands and lands and lands are the lands ar the lands security for borrowing con-struction money. This view is sus-tained by the fact that the even-num-bered sections retained by the Govern-ment, adjoining the railroad odd-num-bered section, were sold by the Interior Department to settlers for not less than 52.50 an acre—this being required in the same acts that gave lands to the with the list of new teachers for the pub-

other person (than actual settlers) in schools, a condition due to the large number of changes or for a greater price (than \$2.50 an acre) thun that prescribed in the provise and any conveyance which the company has attempted to make in supplying the vacancies. Several weeks on a sale made in violation of this statute would not be sustained by the courts."

On the side of the railroad, decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States are cited, to bear out the contention that the land grant acts gave absolute title to the railroad. There are a number of decision of this sort growing out of lang grant acts. In the case of the Leavenworth, Lawrence & Galveston Railroad vs. United States, 92, U. S. 741. It is held that the words "Be it enacted, etc., that there be and hereby is granted," as contained in the numerous land grant acts, (including those for the railroad lands in Oregon) "are words of absolute december of the sent are the task was far from completion. There was considerable discussions.

tained in the numerous land grant acts, (including those for the railroad lands in Oregon) "are words of absolute donation and import a grant in pracesenti. And in the case of Southern Pacific vs. Orion, in the United States Circuit Court for California, Justice Sawyer in 1879, in passing on acts which granted lands to the Central Pacific and reserved the rights of actual settlers, declared Actual Settlers Defined.

"I do not think that the saving clause (as to actual settlers) was intended to refer to any other settlers than those who were actual settlers before and at the time of the filling of the plat (route of the railroad). Those settling subsequently could have no rights. So far as the rights of the United States are concerned, the words in the act of Congress, thereby and hereby is granted, are words of present grant and pass the little word.

he was a maked trespasser, without right and without the ability to ac-quire any right from that they to the present, whether the grantee in the act had the capacity to acquire any right

While the acts granting lands to the Central Pacific are not wholly like those granting lands in Oregon to the Oregon Central and the Oregon & California, they are quite similar. In California, fornia there was no \$2.50 proviso. If the railroad can succeed in maintain-ing that this proviso applies only to settlers actually living on the lands when the railroad came in possession, of course, now it is inoperative.

Opinions of State Courts.

State Court decisions agree that an scate Court decisions agree that an actual settler is one who has established a home on the land in question and lives there. A person who takes passession of land, improves and farms it but does not live on it, is not an actual settler. The Supreme Court of California, in Gavitt vs. Mohr. 6s Cal. Scal. In interpreting the clause of the State Constitution which says that lands belonging to the state, suitable for cultivation, shall be granted only

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to actual settlers, declares the follow-

"An actual settler upon land belongan actual section who establishes ing to the state is one who establishes himself upon the land or fixes his resi-dence upon it to take pessession for his exclusive occupancy and use, with a view to acquire title to it by pur-No More Actual Scitlers?

By this interpretation there can be no new actual scitlers, and those persons who are equating on the lands are trespassers. This assumes that the railroad holds absolute ownership in the lands in a coepling them from the Government it agreed to sell at \$2.50 an acre only to persons who had homes on the lands at the time title passed from the United States; and that there have been no such claimants since.

This is an elastic meaning of "actual settler." Should it be confirmed by the courts, the railroad cannot be forced to sell its remaining \$2,000,000 acres of the grants. This would defeat the efforts of hundreds of persons in Western Oregon, who in the last two months have prepared to take possession of milroad lands as actual settlers and have offered \$2.50 an acre to the railroad.

FILLING VACANCIES.

More Than 20 Dismissals and Resignations of Instructors in

After being in session the greater part lic schools only partly completed. Teach-At this point the opinion of Land ers for the grammar grades were all Commissioner Ballinger may be repested. On March 19, he wrote to Representative in Congress W C. Hawley a letter containing the following:

"The company is therefore without authority to sell these lands to any other person (than actual sattlers) in cheer person (than actual sattlers) in cheer a condition due to the large number of the company is the condition of the local sattlers in the local sattlers are not considered in the condition of the large number of the large number of the large number of the large number of the condition of the large number of the large number

schools, a condition due to the large nu Courts."

On the side of the railroad, deci-

in the act of Congress, 'thereby and hereby is granted,' are words of present grant and pass the title out of the United States—at least the equitable title—only to be defeated by failure to perform the conditions subsequent. The right to so much land vested at the date of the passage of the act and attached to the specific land at the moment of filing the plat as provided in the act.

"As the defendant (Orton) entered upon these lands after the filing of the plat and the statutory withdrawal, he was a maked trespasser, without

DROP ARMAMENT QUESTION

America Will Not Raise It and Europe Opposes It.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—It can be stated on authority that the American delegates to The Hague conference will not bring up for discussion the question of limitation of armaments. That matter is regarded as a purely European question at present and as the result of another year's work by Professor De Martens, at the various Capitals of Europe, has been to thresh out pretty thoroughly the whole matter, and make evident the fact that at least four of the great powers are averse to the consideration of the disarmament question, the Washington Government re-

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Full-size white or ecru tint Laces, in quantities of each pattern 2 to 6 pairs alike, regular \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.25 values; your choice of 6 patterns at, patterns of Cluny and hand-made Tape and Lace

Arabian Curtains, 3 to 7 pairs of each pattern, regular \$4.75, \$5.00, \$5.50 and \$6.00 values; per

36-in. imported Swiss, 25c values, in dots and figures; per yard 15e 36-in. fancy Cretonnes, 25c values, in 36-in. Scrim, 25c values, in white or

50-in. Upholstery and Drapery Materials, consisting of pieces in from 1 to 9-yard lengths; entire quantities in each to be sold entire; regular \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.50 values; per yard 75¢ 50-in. Upholstery and Drapery Materials, regular \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50 and \$3.00 values; yard.\$1.00

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5 choice new Lace Patterns in Cluny, antique, scrim, Renaissance and Arabian lace; regular \$7.50 \$8.50, \$9.00 and \$10.00 values; per pair. \$4.50 patterns in Lace Curtains, mostly Arabian, regular \$8.50, \$10.00 and \$12.50 values; pair. . \$6.00 4 patterns in Cluny and Arabian Laces, white and Arabian tints, regular \$15.00, \$18.00 and \$20.00 45-in. Madras and Muslin, in all colors, 50c values; per yard25c 36-in. Art Ticking and Cretonnes, 40c values, all colors; per yard ... 25¢

50-in. fancy Nets, in white or Arabian colors, 45c values; per yard ... 25c 50-in. Silks, in shadow effects and cross-stripes, \$1.50 to \$3.00 values; per yard\$1.00

50-in. Scotch Madras, in small quantities of each pattern; regular \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.35 values;

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Pacific University Students Stage "Bridge of the Gods"



Wallulah (Miss W. E. Heidel) and Snoqualmie (G. A. Clapp).

T WAS a well-filled and cordial house | erful chief, showed her to be possessed | council which was about to vote him to

The Was a well-filled and cordial house that greeted the production of "The Bridge of the Gods" at The Hellig, given by the junior students of the Pacific University, last night. Many friends of the students who were in the cast were on hand, and each member was accorded a personal ovation. Aside from this appraisant ovation. Aside from this applause, however, several of the players scored solely on their own merits, and this was particularly true in the case of Miss W. E. Heldal, whose handling of the role of Wallula, daughter of the pow-

"The Bridge of the Gods" is a fine story marked in the story and so essential to a stirring play are lacking in Professor Orr's dramatization. The cast follows:
Multnomah, chief the Willamettes, S. B. Lawrence: Tohomish, a seer, B. M. Silverman: Tlesco, a Willamette chief, Act 4—Scene 1, "At the Cascadea." On the trail benefit the Willamette chief, the Willamette chief, the Willamette chief, and the trail benefit the Willamette." Silverman; Tlesco, a Willamette chief, R. A. Imiay; Mishiah, a Willamette chief, R. A. Imiay; Mishiah, a Willamette chief, and Bannock runner. C. D. Mason; Tlawauwau, a Willamette chief and Shoshone renegade, G. A. Clapp; Snoqualmie, chief of the Cayuses, and Kamyah, a Willamette chief, D. I. Aller; Cecil Gray, a white missionary, H. H. Arnison; Wallula, daughter of Multnomah, Miss W. E. Heidel: Cayuse squaw, Miss F. B. Clapp; Chopponish prisoner, W. E. Gwynn; chiefs, A. A. Kirkwood, C. A. Allen, J. R. Ward, W. E. Jensen, D. A. Mobley, A. C. Allen, L. L. Hope, A. Robinson, A. A. Wagner, E. B. Payne, L. L. Gardner, B. H. Recher, A. F. Child, D. C. Brown; runners, F. L. Markel, C. F. Koch, V. R. Abraham, R. I. Abraham, G. L. Bried-Abraham, R. I. Abraham, G. L. Bried-

blankets. In the big council scene the ensemble of blankets, head-dresses and other items of costuming was especially striking.

Throne." Council grove of the William-eties on Wappatto Island. Scene 2. "Wall-lula." In the wood on Wappatto Island. Act 2—Scene 1. "The Broken Peace "The Bridge of the Gods" is a fine story of Indian life in early Oregon, but as it has been dramatized by Professor Orr, is not appealing. The swing and action so Scene 2, "The Trial." Same as act 1, scene 2, "The Trial." Same as act 1, scene 3, "The Trial." Same as act 1, scene 3, "The Trial." Same as act 1,

> Act 3-Scene 1, 'The Twilight Tale.'' Same as act 1, scene 2. Scene 2, "The Hand of the Great Spirit." Same as act 1, scene 1.
>
> Act 4-Scene 1, "At the Cascades." On the trail beside the Wauna. Scene 2, "A Prophecy Fulfilled." Same as act 1, scene 1. Time, about 1700 A. D.

Mrs. Shaw Elected Principal.

Mrs. Amelia C. Shaw, principal of the East Side school at Oregon City, was elected principal of the Milwaukie school at the meeting of the directors Frida; night. She was present and accepted Mrs. Mildred Eisert, who has been temporarily acting as principal, declined to accept the place. Mrs. Shaw is considered a high-grade teacher and the directors are pleased with their choice. The other teachers all were re-elected.

The synopsis follows:

Act 1—Scene 1, "Before Multnomah's 3500 perspiration pores.

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