WILL TRY TO GET THAW OUT OF JAII

Counsel Announce They Have Decided to Ask for His Release.

JEROME TO OPPOSE MOVE

to Compromise on Insanity Plea. Intends to Stick to First-Degree Murder Charge.

NEW YORK, April 13.-Setting at rest NEW YORK, April 12.—Setting at rest all rumors as to their present intentions, A. Russell Peabody, associated with Delphin M. Delmas, chief counsel for Harry K. Thaw, said today, after a conference with the prisoner, that an application for Thaw's release on ball would be made. He declined to go into details regarding this action. There were various rumors that habeas corpus proceedings might be brought. The Thaw family stands ready to furnish ball in almost any amount. District Attorney Jerome announced to furnish ball in almost any amount. District Attorney Jerome announced that he would make a strong fight against the granting of ball to Thaw and added that he intended to prosecute him for murder in the first degree, this assertion coming in reply to a report that he had compromised with the defendant's comsel on a plea of insanity and would agree to send Thaw to Matteawan.

The next interesting development came when Mr. Peabody left Thaw after a later visit and said in reply to questions as to storles that Thaw had changed his counsel:

"Mr. Thaw authorizes me to say that thus far be has made no change of counsel. You may say that as emphatically as you please. Of course we don't know what will happen next week."
"How does Thaw take the situation?"

"How does Thaw take the situation?"
the lawyer was asked.
"He is much distressed and feels badly,"
Mr. Peabody replied. Asked as to the
programme for next week, he said:
"We have no fixed programme. Monday
we shall decide what is best to be done."
Mr. Delmas held a long conference with
Thaw today and Mrs. Thaw saw her husband during the visiting hours.
Altogether Thaw spent a quiet day. The
influx of mail at all deliveries which has
kept Thaw busy since he first went to a
cell, has diminished somewhat. Mrs. Harry K. Thaw was somewhat wan and worn
when she appeared at the Tombs today, when she appeared at the Tombs today, but seemed in good spirits. Other memof the Thaw family remained at

Apparently the strain had been too seupon Mrs. Thaw, for she broke completely when taking leave of her and left the Tombs convulsed with sobs and weeping,

One of the important developments of the day was the publication of a letter written by Howard Nesbit to Harry Thaw, in which the writer deplores the fract that he was so bitter against his sister from the start, and tries to make amends by calling Thaw a hero. Young Nesbit explains how he happened to change his views, which at first were de-cidedly against his sister, but under the chastening influence of the trial have be-some strongly in her favor.

come strongly in her favor.

It was learned today that a fisticust was narrowly averted between two of the jurors, but that the disagreement was patched up later, just at the moment when the belilgerents were ready to resort to physical chartsterment as the

when the beligerents were ready to re-sort to physical chastisement as the means of settling their differences. Howard Nesbit's sudden change of mind, according to the jetter he wrote to Harry Thaw, is due to the fact that he tried to borrow \$100 from Mrs. Thaw to liquidate debts incurred in New York, and failing in this, he appealed to Thaw bimself for the money. himself for the money.

White's Goods Bring \$177,377.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The second and last evening of the sale of Stanford White's pictures at Mendelssohn Hall brought returns of \$31,280. This, with the \$20,272.50 of the first evening's sales, makes a total for the 125 pictures of \$51,532,50. The furniture and decorations recently sold brought \$125,894.50, making the total realized for the entire sale \$177,577. The furniture

WORK IS VERY EFFECTIVE

farmers' institute.

This is an age of specialization. The strongest and most effective teacher is a specialist. One who attempts to teach many subjects is usually not strong in any, and frequently, weak in all. A traveling instructor might be an authority on the construction of dairy burns and the feeding of cows, but as an adviser to the orchardist the same expert would probably be a dismal failure.

of cows, but as an adviser to the orchardidatic same expert would probably be a dismalfallure.

From an economical standpoint the institute will prove to be far superior. There are approximately 40,000 farms in Oregon. A traveling instructor would do well to visit and farms in the year. At this reach 1875 farms in the year. At this rate it would require twenty-one years for a single traveling instructor to visit each or a single traveling instructor to visit each for a single traveling instructor, which each is the experience of the summer. He is to speak at Jamestown, at the unveiling of the Lawton only receives the benefit of the experience of the Summer. He is to speak at Jamestown, at the unveiling of the Lawton of the specialists present, but frequently that of a dozen or twenty successful farmers of the students of the Michigan Agricultural College assisted in 44 farmers institutes. The year sending June 90, 1906, the Agricultural College assisted in 44 farmers institutes. The year sending June 90, 1906, the Agricultural College assisted in 44 farmers institutes was 16,300 persons, and fully 75 per cent of these were farmers and the families. These institutes cost the State 1,174-173, which is less than the annual salary would be for a traveling expenses sufferly. At each of these institutes there were at least four and often five specialists present, his subject briefly and then the matter is open for discussion. These discussions of the farmer in fact it is difficult to conceive how any system of education for the farmer can be made more practical to conceive how any system of education for the farmer can be made more practical to conceive how any system of education for the farmer can be made more practical or beneficial to this immediate interests.

The institute is

these may be mentioned the development of the dairy industry. About twelve years are may predecessor, Professor H. T. French, began to advocate dairying at farmers institutes throughout the State. A few years later the Southern Pacific Railroad, through its representatives, C. H. Markham and H. E. Lounsbury, co-operated with the college in cenducting a vigorous campaign of education among the farmers. Special dairy meetings were held in aimost every town, village and rural schoolhouse in Western Oregon. The result of this work at present is plainly manifest. When the college through the Farmers Institute began to encourage dairying the annual output of the isdustry in this State was small, now it has reached an annual value of over ten million dollars. Of course there are other factors which should be recognized in this development, such as the increased demand for dairy products resultant from the growth of our cities. The smaller yields of cereats and shrunken values have influenced the farmer to give more attention to dairying. Other reforms which have been promoted through the agency of these institutes may be mentioned. When the Agricultural College began to advocate the growth of our cities. The smaller yields of cereats and shrunken values have limitutes may be mentioned. When the Agricultural College began to advocate the growing of vetch this plant was almost unknown to the farmers of this State. At the present time thousands of acres are grown, producing annually hundreds of thousands of tons of the most valuable hay and, what is vassiy more important, adding untold fertility to our depleted wheat lands. A few years ago the college through the institute began a vigorous campaign sgainst the bars summer fallow in Western Oregon, with the result that at present in this section, in place of the bare fallow we see thousands of cores of clover, vetch and alfalfa. Some six years ago the college through the institute began a vigorous campaign the influence of thon, W. W. Cotton, the Southern Pacific co-opera

plant at present where there was but one before the subject was presented at the institutes.

The college at the present is making a vigorous campaign, through the institute, in behalf of horticulture. Oregon, without doubt, has the largest and most important undeveloped field for horticulture of any State in the Union.

Farmers' institutes are the very best means we have for bringing the farmers into closer touch with the work of the Agricultural College and Experiment Station. As an evidence of this the director of the station last year dictated 3500 letters to correspondents asking information upon various agricultural topics. The other departments of the Experiment Station would probably aggregate a similar number. Thus the station sent out 7000 letters of information. In addition to this, 24,000 bulletins have been distributed. This plainly indicates that the Experiment Station is an important bureau of information for the farmer.

The Agricultural College has received

cates that the Experiment Station is an important bureau of information for the farmer.

The Agricultural College has received much notice lately from the press, and our Grange friends principally, relating to the contemplated change in the presidency of the institution. In practically all of these notices there is a painful want of appreciation of the great work that President Garch has done for the Oregon Agricultural College and indirectly the whole State of Oregon. Under his splendid administration the attendance has increased 281 per cent. There is probably no agricultural college in the United States that has made such a phenomenal growth. At the same time, under President Gatch's guiding hand, the work of the school has sleadily assumed a higher standard of efficiency.

The criticism that agriculture is not recognized as it should be is without foundation. In fact, this college will probably graduate the largest class in agriculture this year of any State in the Union in proportion to population.

In yesterday's Oregonian a friend from Washington was heard from. He seemed to deplore the fact that Washington and Oregon have not the strong men they should have in their agriculture colleges. How far this condition exists at Pullman I am unprepared to say, but I can say for the benefit of Mr. Paulhamus that there is not an experiment station in the United States which has a more competent set of men than the Oregon Experiment Station has in Cordey, Lake, Knitely, Lewis, Pernot and Kent. Let the State of Oregon support these men finantially as the States mentioned by Mr. Paulhamus do their men in similar departments and their reputations would equal those of workers in the more prominent institutions of the East.

I apologize for intrenching so extensively on the Oregonian's valuable space, We hearilly appreciate the cordial support you have given our work in the past and neither ask nor expect unmerited favors, but hope you will give credit where credit is due.

JAMES WITHYCOMBE.

will give credit where credit is due.

JAMES WITHYCOMBE.

FOUR FINE CHURCH ORGANS

All of Same Make and All Ordered From Same Firm.

One of the best indications that

church matters are in a highly satis-factory condition is indicated by the numerous orders for organs which are being received at the present time by the Portland headquarters of the Ellers Piano House. The churches through-out the entire Northwest are splendidly prosperous, and this prosperity is not confined to any one section or even Farmers' Institutes Give Best Aid,

Says Dr. Withycombe.

CORVALLIS, April 8.—(To the Editor.)—
Your editorial in yesterday's insue, "Teaching Agriculture at the Farm." contains valuable suggestions, but the implied critisams of the Farmers' Institute as a medium for agricultural education is, I believe, based upon a misapprehension of facts. First, there is no appreciable waste of time in "welvoming addresses, responses and remarks by prominent citizens." It is true that where printed programmes are used, welcoming or opening addresses are scheduled, but rarely does one of these occupy five minutes of time. The institutes, so far as pessible, are made intensely practical, and I assure you there are but few dull moments, as I think any unblased visitor will readily concede. A traveling instructor might be a success in districts where agricultural industries are specialized, such as dairying and horticultural sections, but for the average farmer this system will never equal in effective teacher is a strongest and most effec state. Within a very recent time the First M. E. Church of Hoquiam, Wash.,

ROOSEVELT ON RAILROADS

President May Talk on Subject Within Next Few Months.

BELLE CREST

This magnificent subdivision is offered on terms actually less than many inferior tracts are selling for it is criminal to buy any kind of property until you have seen Belle Crest. It is a home proposition. It carries with it comfort and elegance. See Belle Crest today (Sunday). Phone either office the hour you can go

By looking at the pictures you get some little idea of the activity going on in BELLE CREST. So far, all our efforts have been directed to the opening of the streets. It is estimated the street work alone in BELLE CREST will cost our company about \$14,000; the lot-holder pays no part of this; he just pays for the lot and all the improvements go with the lot.

We hope for a clear day today. The Spring air has heaps of ozone in itit makes us ambitious to be doing. This is the time of the year to look for a home. * * * We have a proposition that will meet your artistic requirements and an ordinary pocketbook at the same time.

The experience others have had in the subdivision business in Portland has been of value to us in selecting BELLE CREST. We have avoided the mistakes they made. BELLE CREST is particularly attractive, for it hasn't a



Teams Ready to Begin Work on Linda Vista Street.

single objectionable feature about it. It is high, convenient, sightly, it is improved, has graded streets, cement sidewalks, water, light, it is restricted in the class of its buildings.

We ask you to see it. If for no other reason, see RELLE CREST that you may tell your friends about it.



Workmen cutting away for a street. Every tree in Belle Crest not in the way of a street will be preserved. It makes the whole tract look like a park.



The Beautiful Little Tract Office of the Belle Crest Company.

Here's our judgment, based on similar work in other large cities: Anybody buying property in Belle Crest will double his money in less than a year; the simple fact that prosperous, well-mannered people are moving to Belle Crest makes this possible.

Phone Us the Hour You Can Go Today

The Spanton Co. The Jacobs-Stine Co.

270 Stark Street, Opp. Chamber of Commerce r none Iviain 2028

The Swetland Building, Washington and Fifth Phone Main 359

Salvador to Meet.

TROOPS TO QUIT AMAPALA

New Government of Honduras Will Be Recognized-Uinted States Lends Warships to Peace Conferees at Amapala.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The Navy Department today received from Com-mander Doyle, of the United States gunboat Chicago, which is in Pacific waters off Central America, a dispatch waters off Central America, a dispatch relative to plans for a conference between Presidents Zelays, of Nicaragua, and Figero, of Salvador. As soon as the dispatch was received it was sent to the State Department and there followed a long conference between Secretary Bacon and Minister Corea, of Nicaragua. Information had been received previously from Philip Brown, Secretary of the United States legation at Guatemala, who has been negotiating between Nicaragua and Salvador, and who finally secured the consent of President Figoro to meet President Zelaya. This dispatch left rather a President Figoro to meet President Zelaya. This dispatch left rather a hazy impression as to the representa-tion Honduras is to have at the con-

ference, Commander Doyle made it clear that General Slerra of the Honduran provi-sional government is to be commandant of Amapala. The conference between Presidents Zelaya and Figero will take Presidents Zenaya and region will take place at Amapala or on board a United States gunboat to be anchored at Amapala. The fact that a Honduran general, who was not only a revolutionist but one of the candidates of the revolutionists for the candidates of the revolutionists for of the candidates of the revolutionists for the presidency against Bosilia, is to be in command at Amapala during the conference is regarded here as a partial recognition of the provisional government. If this proves true, a settlement of the dispute, it is believed, will be easily accomplished.

When the Doyle dispatch was sent, Amapala had not yet completed its surrender. Commander Doyle estimated that it would require about four days to accomplish it. The Salvadoran troops in Amapala, it has been acreed.

CONFER ON PEACE

reached the Chicago when Commander Doyle sent his dispatch, but it was stated that the President was expected and that he would be taken to some port outside of Central America. President Zelaya demanded that Bonilla be not permitted to land in Salvador, for fear that he would organize a force against Nicaragua and continue the fighting. It was said further that arrangements are now helps made for the election of a constitutional Presi-

> Guatemala Mobilizes Troops. CITY OF MEXICO, April 13.—Central Americans arriving from the south are quoted as saying that Guatemala is mobilizing troops in anticipation of

President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, From Whom Salvador Sues for Peace After Sharing Defeat With Honduras.

trouble, perhaps with Nicaragus, and the greatest excitement prevails. The same conditions prevail in Salvador, and a cablegram received by the Sal-vadorian Minister here states that the assassination of General Barillae has created a sensation.

Desires Peace, Ready for War. SAN SALVADOR, Republic of Salvador, April 13.—Major-General Fernando Figero, President of Salvador, today said that the republic has a well-equipped army, ready for any emergency, but honorable peace is desired.

Total of 39 File Petitions as Against Three Democrats.

Thirty-nine Republicans and only three mocrats have so far signifed their intention of being candidates before the oming primaries. Before the time rolls around for making declarations, a number of Democrats will be added to the list, although in all probability the Democratic ticket will be minus a candidate for City Tressurer. City Auditor and one Council-man. George H. Thomas will head the Democratic ticket as candidate for Mayor. Democratic ticket as candidate for Mayor.

Mayor Lane still has time to get out his petition, but if he is coming out in the primaries, or going to be an independent candidate, only Lane and his close advisers know. The list of candidates who have filed their petitions up to date, is as follows:

City Freasurer—J. E. Werlein, Republican.

Municipal Judge—George J. Cameron, J.
S. Winchester, J. Slivestone, Republicana.
Councilman-at-Large — John Annand,
Thomas Gray, L. M. Davis, M. J. Driscoll,
J. N. Biair, George B. Cellars, George M.
Hyland, Fred T. Merrill, William Deveny,
Republicans; George S. Lewis, Democrat.
Councilman (First Ward)—R. A. Preston,
W. A. Storey, F. Mungar, Republicans; T.
J. Concannon, Democrat.
Councilman (Fourth Ward)—George L.
Baker, Rufus C. Holman, Republicans.
Councilman (Fifth Ward)—J. F. Boothe,
Dr. W. I. Cottell, W. C. Puffer, Republicans,
Councilman (Sixth Ward)—John M. Mann,
Henry A. Beldins, C. H. Pigkott, Republicans; Herman Heitkemper, Democrat.
Councilman (Seventh Ward)—A. G. Rushlight, Republican.

light, Republican. Councilman (Eighth Ward)—Fred J. Brady, Frank S. Bennett, George F. Brice, J. M. Kelty,

Wildcatter's Bondsmen Afraid.

DENVER, April 13.-John J. O'Hara, of plished.

When the Doyle dispatch was sent, dor, April 13.—Major-General Fernando Figero, President of Salvador, today suid that the republic has a welled that it would require about four days to accomplish it. The Salvadoran troops in Amapala, it has been agreed, should embark for La Union, Salvador, taking with them all officers, private property and side arms.

President Bonilla had not yet Legation today received a dispatch of Salvador, today for any emergency, but honorable peace is desired.

Bonilla's Surrender Absolute.

PARIS, April 13.—The Nicaraguan President Bonilla had not yet Legation today received a dispatch ver County Jali.

MONARCHISTS ARE SPLIT

Assassins in Russian Douma. Non-Members Excluded.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 13.—There has come a split in the Right party, which has broken the Monarchist group, due to the revolt of the serious-minded Conservatives against the firebrand tactics of the fanatical Reac-tionaries, whose organization, the League of Russian Mon, is utterly dis-credited by the murders of Dr. Jollos and M. Hertzenstein, and attempts to organize Jewish excesses.

Count Bobrinsky, whose patriotism and sincerity are unquestioned, is now left unhampered in the leadership of the Conservative wing, and the insignificant size of the Reactionary group makes it easy to put an end to the

makes it easy to put an end to the pernicious activities of M. Krushevan and M. Furishkevich, whose sole ideas are to break up the lower house at any follows:

Mayor—Thomas C. Devlin, John B. Coffey,
Dan Kellaher. Louis Zimmerman, Republicans: George H. Thomas, Democrat.
City Auditor—W. S. Lotan, O. P. Miller,
A. L. Barbur, Republicans.
City Attorney—William McGarry, John P.
Kavanaugh, Republicans.
City Treasurer—J. E. Werlein, Republicans.
City Treasurer—J. E. Werlein, Republicans.

certain Social Democratic members, the week has brought a considerable im-provement in the relations between the Premter and the House, and diate dissolution is no longer

GUARDS EXCLUDE OUTSIDERS

Stolypin Uses Force to Have Will With Douma.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 12.—Premier Stolypin's threat to use the Palace Guards to prevent outside experts from assisting the committees of the lower house of Parliament, was put into effect today. The guards at the entrance of the Tauride Palace were ordered to exclude from the building everyone except Deputies. The House was forced to submit to this display of force.

play of force,
Representatives of Ministers participated in several committee meetings,
among them being that of the committee among them being that of the committee appointed to consider the reform of the local courts which decided to adopt the principle of elective instead of appointive judges. The House will accept M. Stolypin's confidential suggestion that the committees hold private sessions for the examination of experts, thus terminating the controversy between the Premier and the House.

dor Riddell has transmitted to Baron De-Myntdorf, head of the Russian Red Cross. \$500 collected through the Ameri-can Red Cross for the relief of the famine sufferers in Russia. The only other Amer-REVOLT AGAINST FACTION
WHICH INCITES MURDER.

Ican contribution received by the Embassy is £50 sent by Mr. Elynski of Daven-port, Ia. Mr. Elynski, who was born in Russia, explains in the letter accompanying his contribution that he is a poor machinist and that the remittance repre-sents a greater part of his savings, but he could not enjoy the money while un-fortunates in the Fatherland were starying. The money was turned over to the American Church Fund. The Free Econo-mic Society, which is conducting extensive relief work, has received \$20,000 from New York.

SEVEN KILLED IN MUTINY

Troops Shoot Down Rioting Inmates of Russian Prison.

RIGA, Russia, April 13.-During a mutiny in the prison today, 23 inovercame the wardens of the shment. Troops were summoned and killed seven mutineers and wounded 12. Nine soldiers were

More Money to Relieve Famine. ST. PETERSBURG, April 11.-Premier Stolypin today submitted a bill to Par-liament providing for the appropriation of \$11,500,000 as a supplementary credit for famine relief, and asked for the earliest

discussion of the emergency of the situa ion. Medical assistance is also urgently needed. Bucketshop Men Arrested.

WINNIPEG, Man., April 13.-The police today raided the offices of the Canadian Stock and Grain Company and arrested George W. Wood, president, and all fre-quenters and clerks on charges of con-ducting and frequenting a bucket shop. Wood also is remanded on a charge of theft, arising out of a transaction in con-nection with the sale of Canadian copper

Eight Are Burned to Death.

DENISON, Texas, April 13.—Near Gunter, Texas, early today, J. C. Price, dinter, Texas, early today, J. C. Price, his five children and his step-daughter, Jottie Byers, and his niece, Alice Upchurch, were burned to death. Mr. Price had attempted to start a fire with kerosene, when an explosion occurred. The victims were burned beyond recognition.

Angry Italians Attack Boss.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 18.-Fifteen mittees hold private sessions for the examination of experts, thus terminating
the controversy between the Premier and
the House.

Gives Savings to Hungry Russians.

Gr. PETERSBURG, April 12.—Ambussa
are PETERSBURG, April 12.—Ambussa
Gr. Joe Lombard was fatally shot.

Adams' head was severely cut.