JAPANESE WILL FIGHT EXCLUSION

Colony in San Francisco Sends Lawyer East to Protest.

OPPOSED TO COMPROMISE

School Board-Exclusion League Will Declare Against Jap-

anese in Schools.

BAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 2.—(Special.)— That the easy solution of the Japanese question suggested in the dispatches from question suggested in the dispatches from Washington is a long way from attainment was made evident today, when official representatives of the Japanese colony amounced that they were prepared to resist exclusion at all costs. As an intention of their purpose to demand that Japanese be admitted to all the schools and to fight any attempt to exclude Japanese laborers, they have commissioned Masuji Miyakawa to proceed at once to Washington to present their side of the case to the Japanese ambassador, President Roosevelt and Secretary Root.

Miyakawa is the only Japanese attorney ever admitted to practice in the California courts. He has been conducting the school case, now in the Federal courts, for the Japanese. He has degrees from three American colleges. He studied law at College and graduated with hon-

from three American colleges. He studied law at Columbia and graduated with hon-

Japanese Wish No Compromise.

Miyakawa will leave for Washington tomorrow morning on the same train with Mayor Schmitz and the members of the Board of Education. He gave out an authoritative interview tonight, in which he said in pials terms that the Japanese wished no compromise, that they desired the school question decided by the courts. and that they would oppose with all their force any compromise that would grant the demands of Japanese on the school issue in exchange for a treaty excluding Japanese laborers from America.

"The Japanese are a sea-faring race."

he said, "they naturally wander. They will not agree to anything which would restrict their right of residence. As for restrict their right of residence. As for the school question, we desire to have that settled in the courts. If California is upheld, well, then it will be a subject to be taken up between the two coun-

War Not Possible Now.

'Do you think war possible?' he was Well, not now.

"Suppose the present negotiations fail?"
"Well, in that case Japan and America
will undertake to negotiate a new treaty and, when the two countries come to-gether, you cannot tell what will hap-

Miyakawa represents practically the entire Japanese population of California. He, made the first objection to the segretgation order and called a mass meeting and drew up the resolutions which were forwarded to Japan and which precipi-tated the entire controversy. In an editorial today, the Japanese New

World, edited by Kanpo Kuwabana, and belteved by San Franciscans to be subgovernment. sidized by the Japanese takes the same stand as Miyakawa. It asserts that the Japanese will not yield on exclusion for concessions on the school

Schmitz Going With School Board.

After obtaining permission from Assist-tant District Attorney Heney, who is in charge of the graft cases, Mayor Schmitz announced that he would accompany the Board of Education to Washingtoff. The party will consist of the Mayor, School Superintendent Roncovieri, School Directors Walsh, Boyle, Altman, Boyle and Oliver, Secretary Leffingwell, and As-sistant City Attorney Williams. The party will leave tomorrow morning.

ill leave tomorrow morning.

A conference of the school directors and Mayor was held today and at its conclusion no positive announcement was made as to the stand the body will take, but it is known that in its present mood it is not inclined to yield to the President on the mere chance of obtaining ex-It will require positive assur ance that by yielding, an exclusion law will be possible or that the situation is so serious that patriotism demands that

The Mayor, who has denied himself to all representatives of the press since his return from Europe, because of the at-tacks made on his administration, talked with the newspaper men at length today. He said that he considered it his duty

to go to Washington.
"I may say," he added, "that my personal trouble here is so small in comparison with the present issue, that it can e put aside for a time." The absence of Schmitz will in no way

delay the graft trials. Mr. Hency is ready to begin the trial of Ruef and will not be ready for Schmitz for some weeks.

Opposed to Compromise.

The Korean Exclusion League will hold state convention in San Francisco toour people to your public schools in San morrow. Resolutions were prepared tonight for adoption at the meeting. The resolutions in positive terms call for the exclusion of Japanese laborers, decry a National attitude of humility in the face of the demands of Japan and call for legislation without regard to the wishes of the Oriental's "If the Panama Canal were completed,"

GERMANY EXPECTS NO WAR

But Rumors Depress Stocks-America Is Under Handicap.

BERLIN, Feb. 2 .- The Foreign Office does not regard the differences be-tween the United States and Japan as having reached a serious point. Japanese Embassy, replying today to inquiries from various newspapers, said there was no reason to consider the relations between Japan and the United States as being in any way strained, adding that President Roos elt doubtless will settle the whole natter to the satisfaction of Japan. Disquieting telegrams sent out widely early in the forenoon by the Ticker News Company had a depressing influ-ence upon the Bourse.

The Japanese Government apparenthas not bought any gons or military supplies in Germany during re-Vossische Zeitung's Bourse re-

port today says: "Prices upon the Bourse today were depressed, owing to the dispute which has arisen between the United States

navies of the two countries, point to the isolated position of the American fleet in Philippine waters, and the difficulties the United States would encounter in concentrating a fleet, sending it to the Far East and operating it successfully at such a distance from its base, and so on, but they fully rec-ognize the enormous reserve power of the United States, and also the probability that the President will succeed in satisfactorily arranging the ques-tions under discussion.

ROOSEVELT PREVENTED CRISIS Kaneko Says Japan Trusts Him to

Protect Rights.

TOKIO, Feb. 2 .- (Afternoon.)-Baron Kantaro Kaneko, a distinguished member of the Japanese House of Peers and a special Ambaesador recently detailed by the imperial government to visit America and study political and economic conditions there, in an interview with the cor Schmitz Will Go to Washington With respondent here of the Associated Press today on the San Francisco school ques-

'From the outset I knew it to be a local question, unindorsed by American public opinion, and I have been speaking of it to my friends in that light. This is more than confirmed by President Roosevelt's message, which I consider the greatest message, which I consider the greatest utterance since the farewell message of President Washington. It is unprecedented in the way it so strongly advocates a foreign cause. No stronger or abler advocate can be found for Japan. When the text of his message bearing on the school question was fully translated in the leading papers throughout this coun-try, even in the Island of Formosa, all could readily see and appreciate the pro-foundness of his arguments. Had the question arisen elsewhere the crisis would have occurred and loud defiance have been uttered for the length and breadth of the Empire. On the contrary, the quiet tone of the press clearly demon-strates the strength of the confidence reposed in President Réosevelt and the typical American sentiment generally. "As a sincere friend of America, I could

not help but regret that San Francisco officials should have chosen innocent children for effecting their political ends.
"All my friends who have recently returned from abroad making comparative observation of educational systems in civilized countries concur in giving the first rank to the American system. The fact that such an excellent fruit of civiliza-tion has been refused to the children of a friendly power and that, too, in a country acknowledged as the practical ex-

FRIENDLY COMPROMISE MADE

Pride of Japan Will Be Saved on School Question.

CHICAGO, Feb. 2 .- A dispatch to the ne from Washington says: "War with Japan is the remotest of possibilities. The difference between the two countries, owing to the refusal of San Francisco to permit Japanese pupils to enter the public schools of that city, never has reached the stage where it created a fear of an armed clash between

he two countries.
"Reports of possible war that have been sent out from Washington are not only misleading, but are wholly unjustified by any facts in possession of this Govern-ment. The relations between the United States and the Empire of Japan never were more cordial than they are today. The Japanese diplomatic representatives are well acquainted with the situation and President Roosevelt has succeeded in securing the consent of Japan to a basis of compromise which will settle the whole difficulty, within a year or two, providing the people of San Francisco do their part.

"The treaty which is pending and which is the direct result of the delicate intervention of the President was not framed by atther country because these the by either country because there was the slightest danger of war. It was brought about because the Japanese realized that it was not to their interest to have their While moderate in terms, the people come to the mainland of America peetilive in its assertions. fairly here. At the same time they were entirely unwilling to submit to anything in the nature of international insult, and generously have agreed to the signing of a treaty preventing their people landing in the United States and prohibiting our

working men landing in the Japanese is-"All they have asked has been that as a purely temporary matter, and in order to save their national pride, Japanese children of school age in San Francisco, who until October 15 or thereabouts were received in the public schools on an equality with American children, shall continue to be so received. As the Japanese are to be barred out by the treaty, the chil-dren of that race of school age naturally thus the Pacific Coast will be free of the threat of Japanese immigration and of the association of white with Japanese children of the coolle class. On the other hand the Pacific slope wants the Japan-ese excluded, and when that is done will be entirely satisfied. It rests with the school authorities of San Francis say whether the fair co by President Roosevel President Roosevelt shall be in force

SCHOOL QUESTION A PRETEXT

Hobson Says Japan Could Take Hawait and Philippines. NEW YORK, Feb. 2.-In an address

nere last night, Captain Richmond P. Hobson, speaking of the Japanese question in California, said: The ultimatum which Japan has given this country says: Take back

our people to your public schools in San determined to drive America out of the

we might be able to protect the Pacific Coast, but we are helpless now, and, should Japan strike, the Philippines and the Hawalian Islands would be lost to us. This is the real situation, and it is a pity that we have not strong fleets to protect our interests and keep Japan from attacking us. War with Japan is inevitable unless we can convince the financiers of Europe and the people that there is really no cause for Japan to go to war with us."

STOP COOLIE IMMIGRATION

Japanese Merchants Chime in With inaugurate the Imperial Valley recla-Cry of California.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 2. - An appeal to the Japanese government and to the leading Japanese citizens of Hawaii to stop further immigration of Japanese coolie labor to the United States was formulated and adopted at today's meeting of the Japanese Association of America. The resolution is aimed to placate the ire of the labor interests of the Coast, which has been aroused against the importation of coolie labor. "We want to gain the confidence of

hus arisen between the United States hus arisen between the United States and Japan, which is regarded here, as in London, as being very serious. The lower quotations of Japanese bonds in caused a similar decline in duce the coolle element in the Japanese population here. We have presented the coolle element in the Japanese population here. Japanese 41%, per cents fell over & pared this petition looking to the withof a point, but recovered partly after
the close of the Bourse. ose of the Bourse. pate and prevent the radical exclusion newspapers here spread on "the of the Japanese as a race from the threatened war between the United States | country."

Million Set Aside to Overhaul Famous Battleship.

BIG CRAFT SOON OBSOLETE

Balanced Elliptical Turrets, Like Indiana, Will Be Put on at Puget Sound Navy-Yard to Prevent Heeling.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The famous battleship Oregon is to be modernized, and Secretary Metcalf announced today that he had authorized the expenditure of \$1,000,000 out of the naval repair fund for that purpose. Of the best type of warships when she was launched, the Oregon is already almost obsolete, and to make her equal to modern men of war she must be extensively overhauled.

The changes will be similar to those ordered for her sister whip, the Indiana, and the most im-portant being the substitution of balanced elliptical turrets for the pres-ent round turrets, which cause the ship to heel when all four 12-inch guns are pointed over the same quarter. The alterations will be made at the Puget Sound Navy-Yard, where the Oregon has been lying since her return from the China station, and will consume one year.

MAIL MAN TO GET MORE PAY \$7,000,000 More for Salarles Which

Railroads Will Be Mulcted. WASHINGTON, Feb. 2 .- The postoffice appropriation bill, which House committee on postoffices and post roads will complete Monday, will carry \$209,189,561. This is the largest amount ever carried for the annual a friendly power and that, too, in a smouth divided by the postal service. The ponent of humanitarianism, only tends to alienate it from the sympathies of the civilized world."

amount ever rearried to the annual expenditures of the postal service. The total recommended in the bill is more than \$3.000,000 in excess of the amount estimated for by the department and is an increase of \$17,509,562 over the

an increase of \$17,000,002 over the current appropriation.

The salaries of postal clerks of both city and rural carriers are increased to a total of \$7,000,000. Provision is inserted in the bill for the classification of postal clerks and the positions of clerks and carriers are made in-

terchangeable. There are various provisions in the race are various provisions in the bill intended to reduce the pay to rail-roads for carrying the mails. It is estimated that this reduction will amount to something like \$12,000,000 a year. The rate for hauling daily from 5000 to 48,000 pounds is reduced to per cent from 48,000 to 80,000 pounds. 5 per cent, from 48,000 to 80,000 pounds 10 per cent and the present rate of \$21.37 per ton for amounts above 80,-000 pounds is reduced to \$19. These reductions, it is estimated, will amount to \$3,000,000 a year.

A saving of \$1,000,000 more is est.

A saving of \$1,000,000 more is est.

mated as a result of reductions for railroad postoffice pay. The bill cuts off all pay to roads for hauling empty mail sacks, which it is estimated will save between \$3,900,000 and \$4,000,000 a year. The requirement that the mails shall be weighed seven days a week and the amount divided by seven instead of by six, as heretofore, a provision placed in the bill today at the suggestion of Representative Murdock, of Kansas, will, it is estimated, sav-

PRIVATE BUILDING CHEAPEST

Connecticut Costs \$359,429 More Than the Louisiana.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2 .- Secretary Metcalf today issued a statement showing in detail the exact cost of construction of the sister battleships Connecticut and Louisiana, the former built by the Gov-ernment at the New York Navy Yard and the latter by the Newport News Shipbuilding Company. From this it ap-pears that the Government-built ship cost \$359,429 more than the private-built ship. The exact figures were (including armor, turret mounts and machinery): For the Connecticut, \$5,340,247, and for the Louisiana, \$5,980,822.

Costly Blunder in Arithmetic.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The House ommittee on postoffices and post roads oday incorporated a provision in the postoffice appropriation bill which is said will save the Government \$3, and the amount divided by seven.

Ambassador Riddle at His Post. ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 2.-John W. Riddle, former American Minister at Bucharest, who succeeds George von L. Meyer as American Ambassador here, ar-

he has taken rooms until he is able to secure permanent quarters. Montgomery Schuyler, Jr., first secretary of the Legation at Bucharest, wh has been appointed secretary of the Embassy here, will remain at Bucharest un-til the new Minister, Horace G. Knowles, recently appointed Minister to Roumania and Servia, arrives there in April.

Cuts Down Amount for Imperial.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1-The House committee on public lands today authorized a favorable report upon the Senate bill which carries \$2,000,000 to confine the Colorado River to its banks. The committee amended the bill by reducing the amount appropriated to \$1,000,000. It mation project. As reported, the bill simply authorizes the strengthening of the levees of the Colorado River.

Will Support New Alcohol Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The President today informed Representatives Hill and Marshall that he would use his influence to secure an early vote upon the bill pro-viding for the changes in the denatured l law which are being demanded by the farmers.

The present law is regarded by many

to be theoretically all right, but it is held that its practical operation bars farmers from enjoying any benefits be-

month, and will be accompanied by several Army engineers.

The Secretary's visit to the Philippines this Fall probably will be made in August or September. He is going for the pur-pose of being present at the opening of the Philippine Assembly, and will be ac-companied by Mrs. Taft, but will not have a large party with him.

Agrees on Jamestown Loan Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2 .- The House committee on appropriations today agreed to a modification of the Senate provision on the urgent deficiency appropriation bill regarding the financ-ing of the Jamestown Exposition. The House provision reported today au-thorizes a Government loan of \$500,000 to the Jamestown Exposition, the Gov-ernment to take a lien on the real estate and other property of the com-pany as security.

Mr. Tawney gave notice that he would call the measure up Monday.

May Send Supplies in Foreign Ships WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.-The Quarteruation which probably will compel au-thority to be given for the transportation of supplies to the Philippines in foreign bottoms. Every effort has been made to induce American owners to submit bids, but the only proposal received was from the steamship China, which would not, it is said, make more than a couple of trips a year. If it appears impossible to conform with the rule that requires ship-ment of Government supplies in American bottoms, it will be necessary to make arrangements with owners of foreign ships.

Warren to Confer With Stockmen. WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.-President ren to meet with the Public Lands Com mission and committees from the American Livestock Association and the National Woolgrowers' Associa-tion, which are to give consideration to the question of National control of the grazing lands of the West. The meeting is to take place February 11.

President's New Naval Aides.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.-Lieutenants C. R. Miller and R. C. Bulmer, U. S. N., on duty in this city, have been ordered to additional duty as naval aldes to the President at the White House.

SPOKANE CARMEN STRIKE

All Members of Union Decide to Go Out Monday-Company Firm.

SPOKANE, Wash., Feb. 2.—(Special.)

That all members of the carmen's union in the employ of the Washington Water Power Company will go on practically determined at a meeting of carmen that lasted nearly night. It was announced at the meet ing that the secretary of the union and the members who had been gated to place their demands before the management of the company had been notified of their discharge this evening. President Richards, of the water power company, gave out statement to the effect that no concess

Corvallis Students Hold Election by Australian System.

OREGON AGRICULTURAL COL Corvalls, Or., Feb. 2—(Special.)—The annual election of various officers of the student body took place yesterday and the election was by the Australian ballot system and it was 3 o'clock this morning when the count ended. The results are Ben Greenhaw, of Portland, genera manager athletics; Chauncey Harding, of Yamhili, president of student assembly; L. Bennett, Grant's Pass, treasurer; J. G. Schroeder, of Portland, editor-in-chief of Barometer; P. N. Fox, La Grande, president oratory and de-

The new officers are to be installed in election was attended with much rivalry.

May Close Oregon City Locks. OREGON CITY, Or., Feb. 2-(Special.)-inless the rise of water in the Willam Inless the rise of water in ette ceases tonight, navigation on the up per river will be impossible next week. The water is now at such a stage that the rise of another six inches will put the locks out of commission. During the last two days the rise has not been so rapid as during the two days preced-ing, averaging one foot to 24 hours.

JAPAN NOT BELLIGERENT

London Ridicules War Talk-Britain Cannot Be Involved.

LONDON, Feb. 2.-Dispatches from the is said will save the Government \$3,-000,000 a year paid to railways for hauling mail matter. The action was taken after an explanation by Representative Murdock of Kansas, who said the department was using a false "divisor," in that it weighed mail for seven days and divided the amount by six to ascertain the amount on which to base the compensation of the road. The provision agreed on requires that weighing shall be done for seven days and the amount divided by seven.

LONDON. Feb. 2.—Dispatches from the United States, reporting renewed tension between the United States and Japan over the San Francisco school incident, are published with rather derisive comment, as the press takes the view that Japan is not as belligerent as she is represented to be. The official view, while it does not minimize the delicate points involved, still does not regard the question as having entered upon the critical stage. It is pointed out that the reports of a Japanese "ultimatum" probably of a Japanese "ultimatum" probably arise from the popular use of the word instead of its decisive meaning under in-

ternational law. Government circles thus far have given little consideration to this controversy as they do not share the view that it is likely to embroil Great Britain under the rived this morning, and was met at the station by the staff of the Embassy and conducted to the Hotel de France, where out that the whole thing is more a ques-tion between the Federal and state gov eruments than between Japan and United States. During a recent informal exchange of views one of the chief gov-ernment officials said that the difficulties of the Federal Government in deal ing with the different states could be ap preciated here owing to Great Britain' difficulties in dealing with Newfoundland

> Concerning the Anglo-Japanese treaty for mutual support, the official view is that this is limited by its preamble to the maintenance of territorial rights of Great Britain and Japan in Eastern Asia and India. In explaining the limitation, the official referred to above related the

following: "During the negotiation of the treaty, the negotialtions asked the hypothetical question: If Japan became involved with Germany upon a question local to Ger-many and involving the situation in the Far East, would the treaty require Great

Britain to support Japan?"

Both the negotiators agreed that Great
Britain would not be required to support
Japan under such conditions. The officials pointed out that this hypothesis was practically the same as the existing San Francisco controversy, which is local to California, and which does not involve the status in the Far Bast, as is set forth in the preamble of the treaty. The foregoing, however, is merely an xpression of views. There never has expression of views. There never has been occasion for an official ruling on the

A MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

cause of the large expense required in starting business.

Taft's Trip to Panama, and Manila.

WASHINGTON. Feb. 2.—Plans for Secretary Taft's visit to Panama in March have not been definitely formulated as yet, but he will probably so late in the

AHEAD OF DIVORCE

Now Deserting Wife of George H. Myers May Get His Vast Fortune.

WAS A HOSPITAL ROMANCE

Standard Oil Millionaire Fell in Love With Nurse at San Antonio, but Life Did Not Prove Happy One.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 2.—(Special.)
—George H. Myers, who was found dead
at Yankton, S. D., yesterday with \$1,000,000 worth of Standard Oll stock on his person, was well known in this city. Three years ago he came here to be treated for heart disease. While in the treated for heart disease. While in the sanitarium he fell in love with his nurse, Mrs. Mary Dixon, of this city, and as soon as sufficiently recovered, married her. Their life was not a happy one, and a year ago she deserted him, going to California to live with her relatives. Six months ago Mr. Myers came to this city again for his health. He called on Richard L. Watkins, a well-known attorney, and asked him to advise to which state he should go in order to get a state he should go in order to get a divorce as quickly as possible. He said he loved his wife, but that she had deserted him and he wanted her to be free. Acting on the attorney's advice he went to South Dakota to live six months, in order to get a legal residence and secure a divorce. He lacked only one week of having been there the required time. As he had not secured a divorce, his wife will become heir to his entire for-tune unless he left a will otherwise.

Coining Mexican Money.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 2.—For the first time in the history of the local United States Mint, Mexican money is being coined here, \$1,000,000 in Mexi-can To-cent pieces being in process. It is said that by March 30 all of the 5,000,000 silver pieces will be ready

Cincinnati Plant Burning.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 2 .- The plant of the Thomas Kensall Company, man-ufacturers of bank and office furni-ture, is burning. It will probably be

The loss cannot be ascertained at the present time.

ALL NIGHT TO COUNT VOTE Charcoal Stops Gas on Your Stomach

Wonderful Absorbing Power of Charcoal When Taken in the Form of Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges.

Trial Package Sent Free.

Charcoal, pure, simple charcoal, absorbs Charcoal, pure, simple charcoal, absorbs 190 times its own volume of gas. Where does the gas go to? It is just absorbed by the charcoal—the gas disappears and there is left a pure, fresh, sweet atmosphere, free from all impurities and germs. That's what happens in your stomac when you take one or two of Stuart's Charcon Lozenges, the most powerful

purifiers science has yet discovered.

You beich gas in company, sometimes, by accident, greatly to your own humilia-tion. That is because there is a great amount of gas being formed in your stomach by fermenting food. Your stom-ach is not digesting your food properly. Gas is inevitable. Whenever this happens, just take one or two of Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges right after eating, and you will be surprised how quickly they will act. No more belchings; no more sour risings. Eat all you want and what you want, and then if there is any gas going to be formed, one of these wonder-ful little absorbers, a Stuart Charcoal Lozenge will take care of all the gas, And it will do more than that. Every particle of impurity in your stomach and intestines is going to be carried away by the charcoal. No one seems to know why it does this, but it does, and does it wonderfully. You notice the difference in your appetite, general good feeling, and in the purity of your blood right

mouth or bad breath, either from drinkmouth or bad breath, either from drinking, eating or smoking. Other people will
notice your bad breath quicker than you
will yourself. Make your breath pure,
fresh and sweet, so when you talk to
others you won't disgust them. Just one
or two Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges will
make your breath sweet, and make you
feel better all over for it. You can eat
all the onlone and odorous foods you
want, and no one can tell the difference.
Resides charcoal is the best laxative Besides, charcoal is the best laxative known. You can take a whole boxful and no harm will result. It is a wonder-

ful easy regulator.

And then, too, it filters your bloodevery particle of poison or impurity in
your blood is destroyed and you begin
to notice the difference in your face first
thing-your clear complexion. Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges are made from pure willow charcoal, and just a little honey is put in to make them palat-

able, but not too sweet. They will work wonders in your stomach, and make you feel fine and fresh. Your blood and breath will be purified. We want to prove all this to you, so just send for a free sample today. Then after you get it and use it, you will like them so well that you will go to your druggist and get a 25c box of these Stuart's Charconl Lozenges.

Send us your name and address today and we will at once send you by mail a sample package free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., 54 Stuart Bldg., Marshall,



A BEAUTIFUL FACE

BEAUTYSKIN

Hurry!



We've broken a record-had the greatest six days' business ever handled by any Portland tailoring establishment-that was the result of our extraordinary special \$22.50 offer in last Sunday's papers-and that's "going some"! But it simply proves that what we advertised was what we said it was. We'll continue the sale this week-if the goods hold out that long. If you missed the previous announcement,

Here's the Offer Once More

Choice of all this season's tweeds, cassimeres and cheviots, weights that are seasonable for all year 'round wear (perhaps excepting a few of the "is this hot enough for you" days), strictly all wool, splendid wearing, handsome materials, in a wide range of stylish patternsgoods that have sold all through the Winter up to \$30-the same exclusive novelties that the fancy-price tailor shops ask all of \$35 to \$50 for-and now think twice, while you read this: Made to your measure in the finest suits we know how to turn out, including an extra pair of trousers, absolutely free, at the radical re-

Twenty-Two Dollars and Fifty Cents

Did you ever! No, we think not; it's the best tailoring proposition this town ever knew. So good that several men ordered two and three suits apiece last week. And just think-you can have your suit made up in one of the new Spring styles, which the advance fashion sheets

Now, don't wait too long; some of the bolts will quite likely run pretty close to the "short end" within a few days. Take five minutes tomorrow to look this up-you'll profit at the rate of three or four dollars a minute. Can you make money or save money faster than that?



ELKS' BLDG.—SEVENTH AND STARK STS.

YOU'RE SURE IT'S PURE - THE GOVERNMENT GUARANTEES IT.

BOTTLED IN BOND AND SHIPPED

DIRECT FROM OUR DISTILLERY TO YOU HAYNER BOTTLED IN BOND WHISKEY is made in our own Registered Distillery-under the direct supervision of the U. S. Internal Revenue Department - full strength, full measure,

Government stamp over the cork of each bottle. Send us your order-save all the dealers' profitsand get the highest grade nottled-in-bond whiskey at distiller's price.

PRIVATE STOCK WHISKEY guaranteed by the U.S. OTTLED IN BOND MATNER DISTILLING COMP We pay all express and freight charges-and guarantee satis-faction or money refunded.

FULL \$ 400 QUARTS **EXPRESS PREPAID** OR WE WILL SEND 20 **FULL QUARTS BY FREIGHT** -CHARGES PREPAID FOR

> We ship in plain sealed cases with no marks to indicate contents. Try the whiskey-every bot-tle if you wish. If not ship it back at our exwill be refunded. Could any offer be fairer than

that?

Note the saving in ordering 20 quarts by freight. If
you cannot use so much, get
a friend to join you. Send

your order to our near office and ment "Division 4101. THE NAYNER DISTILLING COMPANY, Division 4101 St. Louis, Mo. St. Paul, Minn. Dayton, O. Atlanta, Ga.

DISTILLERY, TROY, OHIO. CAPITAL \$500,000.00 FULL PAID. ESTABLISHED 1888. If the Shah of Persia were to be deprived

Statisticians estimate that 22 acres of land are necessary to sustain one man on fresh meat. The same space of land, if devoted to wheat culture, would feed 42 people; if to oats, 88; potatoes, Indian corn and rice, 176, and if to the plantain or banana, ever 6000 people. of his income he could still make sure of being one of the richest men in the world. He would only have to sell his ornaments, gems and preclous stones to become possessed of about \$35,000,800, the sum at which the magnificent collection is valued.