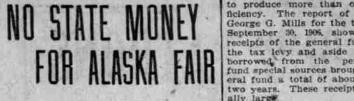
THE SUNDAY OREGONIAN, PORTLAND, DECEMBER 9, 1906.



Washington Commission Has Made the Tax Levy Too Low This Year.

NOT ENOUGH TO RUN STATE

Demands on the Treasury for Next Two Years Will Be \$4,259,000,

With an Estimated Income

of \$3,765,000.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Dec. 8 .- (Special.) -There can be no \$1,000.000 appropriation by the coming Legislature for the Alaska Pacific Tukon Exposition, pos-sibly not even an appropriation of \$100,000. The State Tax Commission has made such appropriation practically impossible. Not only that, but the growth and success of every state institution is to be hampered by reason of the existing situation. These conditions were brought about.

t is said, by the desire of the Tax Commission first to make a showing of increased property on the tax rolls, and, second, to force the Legislature to pass certain legislation for new tax revenue the commission favors. Legis-lators and others who have hear and revenue the commission favors. Legis-lators and others who have been and, are making promises for the \$1,900,000 appropriation, of \$500,000 for the "open river" on the Upper Columbia, of state aid to the Wenatchee bridge and the like, cannot make good on their piedges. They do not know the situa-

The commissioners have been assuring the Governor and others "there is plenty of money for everything," when, as a matter of fact, there is hardly enough money in sight to cover the actual needs of the state for the coming two years, without special appro-priations, and there is no way of getting the money.

State Is Growing Raridly.

Everybody knows the state is grow-ing rapidly; that every state institu-tion, every state department, needs increased appropriations. The people of . Washington have uniformly and cheerfully voted all moneys ever asked for education and will not change their pollcy now. The insanc asylums are growing enormously in population, and even now the state is being sharply criticized because appropriations made heretofore have been insufficient to provide sufficient medical attendance for the patients. Committee of citizens who have recently visited the reform school declare conditions there are shameful, the old buildings being densely crowded.

At the Soldiers' Home scores of vet-erans are sleeping in the attic, and to-day more than 100 aged veterans are begging admission to the institution that must be denied for lack of room. Thus it is throughout the state. Everywhere are crying needs for expandi-tures. And beside all this, no one will dispute that the people of the whole state are heartly in favor of liberal appropriations for the exposition. All these facts were known when the state tay levy was fived last Septem-

state tax levy was fixed last September, and it was decided that the gen-eral fund levy should be reduced. The law permits a levy of 3 mills, but it was fixed at 1.8 mills, or an aggregate of \$954,379.

This tax is not payable until next

to produce more than one-half this de-ficiency. The report of State Treasurer George G. Mills for the two years ending September 30, 1905, shows in detail the receipts of the general fund. Aside from the tax levy and aside from the \$450,000 borrowed from the permanent school fund special sources brought into the gen-eral fund a total of about \$1,200,000 in the two years. These receipts are exceptiontwo years. These receipts are exception-ally large There may be an increase from inherit-

ance taxes, but this is unlikely, as with extra efforts to enforce this law comes more successful efforts to avoid it by incorporating estates and in other ways. It is hardly fair to estimate the outside revenue to the general fund the coming two years as greater than the \$1,200,000 received in the past two years.

Summary of the Situation.

To sum up: Had the 3-mill general tax levy been voted this year there would probably be enough to care for the state institutions by exercise of greatest econo-my and to allow a small appropriation for the exposition. As it is the balance these bear like this: sheet looks like this:

Where is it to come from? Bond? That is questionable. The state today is be-

youd its constitutional limit of debt. Exist-ing bonds in excess of the limit are issued under a Supreme Court decision which held bonds valid over the limit if issued held bonds valid over the minit it is de-"for the necessary expenses of conduct-ing state government. But it is at least very doubtful if the courts would hold an appropriation for the exposition as proper basis for a bond issue.



ETY HOLDS A SESSION.

Arrangements Are Made for Representation at the State Meeting in Portland in January.

SALEM, Or., Dec. 8 .- (Special.)-The Marion County Horticultural Society held a very interesting meeting here loday, with the largest attendance ever seen at a logal horticultural gathering. The principal purpose of the meeting was to ar cipal purpose of the meeting was to al-range for attendance at the state meet-ing in Portland in January, and to discuss topics of general interest to fruitgrowers. It was ordered that 25 delegates be ap-pointed to the state meeting, that being

the number to which this organization is entitled. entitled, Professor E. R. Lake gave an account of his observations in British Columbia. He spoke highly of the quality of apples pro-duced there, but said the growers have made the mistake of planting too many varieties, instead of contining themselves to the few varieties that find commerclal favor.

County Judge Scott gave assurance that the County Court is in hearty sympathy with the movement for the enforcement with the movement for the entry entry of the horicultural laws, but touched upon his chief hobby, the road question, by saying that Rosedale farmers are now hauling 500 pounds of produce at a load where they could haul but 1500 pounds at the same season before the rock road mass but

was built. L. M. Gilbert found a serious flaw in the horticultural law in that the enforcement of the law is placed in the hands of a commission. He favored placing one man at the head of the horticultural depart-

ment who shall be held directly responsi-ble for the enforcement of the law. H. B. Thielsen figured that if the law against selling wormy apples be rigidly enforced this will not prevent the poor people from buying apples, for secondgrade apples, free from worms, sell for half the price of the first grades, and are worth three times as much as wormy ap-ples, in which there is considerable loss. L. T. Reynolds produced facts to show that for flavor and keeping qualities Wil-lamette Valley apples are as good as any in the world, and what is needed to make the world, and what is needed to make them better known is more apples. He exhibited samples of lithographed labels and said that every box of Valley apples should go out with an attractive label. The best way to increase the quantity of commercial apples is to change the mixed orchards to orchards of a few commercial variaties so that binness will be able to appointed a special committee to co-operate with the committees of other or-ganizations in preparing resolutions in-dorsing the construction by the Govern-ment of new locks at the Willamette Falls in this city, the committee to re-port its action at the next meeting of the Society. The members of the com-mittee are: Thomas F. Ryan, A. J. Lewis and Secretary J. C. Zinser. On motion of Judge Ryan the board of control was instructed to investigate and if found feasible to report a, plan at the next meeting of the association for the control was instructed to investigate and if found feasible to report a, plan at the next meeting of the association for the control was instructed to investigate and if found feasible to report a, plan at the next meeting of the association for the control was instructed to meeting of the association for the next meeting of the association for the control was instructed to meeting of the association for the information of the association for the control was instructed to meeting of the association for the inter Store, of this city, were adjudged bankrupts on their own petition Monday in the United States Court in Tavarieties, so that shippers will be able to

10,000 People Turned Away Yesterday

Unable to Gain Admittance to the Deluge Sale of Flood-Bound Goods At 108 Sixth St. Next Door to Oregon Bet. Washington and Stark

The undamaged portion of the M. K. Bowen stock of fine goods assigned to the Shafer-Whittier Co. to be sold within 12 days.

\$63,000

Residue Flood-Bound

Stock Consisting of Finest Brands of Clothing-Kuh, Nathan & Fisher, Sincerity Brand, Acorn, Sampeck and others; finest. Also gigantic lots of Hats, Shoes, Furnishings and Children's Clothing, etc.

Women's finest imported Simmons and P. Centemeri Gloves, Corsets, Leather Bags and notions, at

Forced Salvage Sale Prices: 10, 20, 30, 40 and Up to One-Half Value According to conditions. Everything must be sold at what it will bring within the next 12

More Than 2000 Men's Fine Suits

days.

The celebrated Acorn-Kuh, Nathan & Fischer, Sincerity Clothiers, Sam Peck & Co, and others of the highest qualities and makes known:

Suits up to \$10.00 will go \$5.50

Shoes

3491 pairs Royal Blue, Rice, Peters & Co., Seltz and others, worth to \$7.50.:

For fine up to \$3.00.....\$1.45 For fine up to \$5.00.....\$2.45 For up to \$7.50 Shoes....\$3.45 For Xmas Slippers..... 35¢ Extra fine Xmas \$2 Slippers.85c Boys' and young men's Shoes by the hundreds, worth to \$4.00, at......\$1.20 and \$1.65

Sale at 108 Sixth Street THE SHAFER-WHITTIER CO. Private Assignees for the Bet. Washington & Stark THE SHAFER-WHITTIER CO. M.K. Bowen & Co. Stock

Pants

About 2000 pairs, mostly wool and fine worsted goods. Sizes 27 to 50 waists and 27 to 37 inseam measure. Big lot, up to \$2.50 Pants. 75¢

For up to \$3.50 Pants.....\$1.35 For up to \$4.50 Pants.....\$1.85 For up to \$5.50 Pants....\$2.35 For up to \$7.00 Pants \$2.85 For up to \$10.00 Pants. .. \$3.65

10,000 Pairs Overalls

Levi Strauss and Mt. Hood brands, worth up to \$1.25. and others, white, blue, at.....22¢ to 75¢

Children's Suits

Odd Knee Pants

2000 pairs, worth 50c to \$2, at 69c, Child's Reefers and Overcoats, worth \$3.50 to \$10..95¢ and up

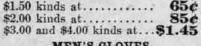
25,000 Pieces Men's Furnishings E. & W. and all Linen and Cellu-

lqid Collars, worth up to 35c, at, each 5¢ For 30c Sox 121/20 For \$1 Sox 39¢

SHIRTS 75e kind at \$1.00 kind at

\$1.50 kind at \$2.00 kind at \$4.00 silk and wool at \$1.45 UNDERWEAR The Finest Kinds Only.

50c kinds at 19¢ 75c kinds at 35¢ \$1.00 kinds at 45¢ \$1.50 kinds at



MEN'S GLOVES For 50c kinds 19¢ For \$1.00 kinds 45¢

Up. Means Which

Have Been Taken

to Ensure Public

Safety.

alone

one-quarter value.

fine worsted, worth up to \$10, at

HANDKERCHIEFS

15e kinds at 5¢ 25e kinds at 10¢ 50e Silk at 22¢

Ladies' Gloves

Finest Gloves, all imported and

meri \$2.50 Gloves \$1.35 For Simmons and P. Centemeri to \$3.50 Gloves.....\$1.65

1000 Fine Belts

For ladies-silk worsted and leather, worth up to \$4.00, choice. 45¢

Ladies' Purses, Bags

A fine Christmas stock of the choicest, at 15c to \$3.40. Worth 50c to \$10.00.

of the highest quality known to 35¢ the Glove world. This shipment is 45¢ 65¢ the Xmas consignment of a big 85¢ Scattle house, partly lost. For Simmons \$2 Gloves... 95¢ For Simmons and P. Cente-

This tax is not payable until next year and is not delinquant until De-cember 1, 1907. Next year is an "off year" in assessing. That is, under the law real estate is carfied on the books at the same valuation as this year, and the only increases that may be made in assessed valuation will be with respect to personal property. Therefore, it is not likely that there will be any large increases in aggregate valuations on which to base next year's levy over the \$539,000,000 on the rolls this year.

Result of Three-Mill Levy.

Assuming the state board levies the limit on that valuation next year, a 3-mllj levy on this valuation would give about \$1,590,600, which would be payable in February, 1968, and not de-linquent until December, 1968. Thus from the two years' levies, all that will be possible now to levy, there will be a revenue from general taxes of \$2,544,a revenue from general taxes of \$2,344, 000, provided every cent of the tax is paid, and this is all the general fund tax money there can be had to go toward paying the expenditures the next Legislature will authorize for the two years beginning April 1 next. Should the Legislature pass the revenue bills the tax commission de-

sires to tax express companies and the like, even with an emergency clause, the bill would have to be passed early the only would may to be passed early to take effect March T, when assess-ments are made. Even then the prop-erty would go on the tax rolls for tax due in 1998, and not delinquent until December, 1998. If the tax was at-tacked in the courts, as it undoubtedly would be it is most wallbalk that they would be, it is most unlikely that final decision would be made and the tax paid before April 1, 1909, and before that latter date the law requires that all appropriations made by the coming Legislature must have been expended. Thus new revenue laws canot help to provide for the coming appropriations.

Today there is not enough money in the general fund to carry on the state until the next appropriations become available, so there will be no "cash on hand" to help out for the coming two vears.

Auditor Gets Some Figures.

The State Auditor has been gathering from the various officers and departments of the state government estimates of the needs for the coming two years. In every instance the officers making reports have been urged to ask only for actual needs. Most of the departments have reported. These detailed estimates so far received show that there will be actually needed for the offices and departments covered in the coming two years an aggregate of \$3.567.900. Departments which have not yet submitted detailed estimates last session were given appropriations aggregat-ng \$891.130, and certainly will require nore the coming two years. In other words, without any exposition

or other special appropriation the needs of the state government for the coming two years that must be met by appropriatwo years that must be met by appropria-tions it \$4.239.000, and this does not in-clude the \$160.000 Hatch fund ald to the state college at Pullman, nor the Federal moneys that help support the Soldiers' Home, nor the expense of the militia that comes from military tax, nor state highway approximations and a best of highway appropriations and a host of other special appropriations that come from special funds.

There are demands for about \$4,250,000, against which there is a prospective reve-nue from tax levy of a maximum not to exceed \$2,500,000. Where is the \$1.750,000 shortage to be provided, or rather, \$2,750,-ore deficiency, if \$1.000,000 is voted for the expansition?

The state general fund has a number of sources of revenue aside from direct taxes, but even these cannot be expected

fill orders. H. M. Williamson said that applegrow-1. M. Williamson said that applegrow-ers must begin to "feed" the soil, for they will find that the land will not always produce good apples without replenishing. Potash is what is needed, but it will not pay to use commercial fertilizers. Fruit-growers should keep stock and spread the manure upon the land. He said Hood River applegrowers are making the misnext meeting of the association for the formation of a corporation or body to take charge and do systematic pruning River applegrowers are making the mis-take of sacrificing quality in order to get size in their Spitzenberg apples. George Weeks gave some interesting ex-periences of an amateur fruitgrower. Sec-retary Armstrong reported that the soci-ety has now 100 members.

DR. BEARD IS MADE PRESIDENT

Inter of sacrificing quality in order to get state of sacrificing quality in order to get and soraying in the orchards of Clacka-mas County.
George Weeks gave some interesting experiences of an amateur fruitgrower. Seeretary Armstrong reported that the society thas now 160 members.
DR. BEARD IS MADE PRESIDENT
Clackamas Horticultural Society
Molds Its Annual Meeting.
OREGON CITY, Or., Dec. & -(Special.)
At its annual meeting today, the Clackamas County Horticultural Society
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Clackama

SOUTH BEND, Wash., Dec. S.-(Spe-cial.)-The owners of the People's Fur-niture Store, of this city, were adjudged bankrupts on their own petition Monday in the United States Court in Ta-coma, and yesterday R. J. McMillan, of Tacoma, took charge as receiver. The assets are not at \$10.000 and the indebtedand spraying in the orchards of Clackaassets are put at \$10,000 and the indebted-ness at \$17,000. Creditors, many of them in Portland, are cited to appear Decem-ber 20 at Tacoma.

Hundreds of Over-

coats and Cravenettes

all kinds-fine garments made to

\$10 sacrificed at \$3.75

up to \$15 sacrificed at .. \$6.50

up to \$20 sacrificed at .. \$9.60

up to \$25 sacrificed at .. \$11.50

up to \$35 sacrificed at ... \$13.50

Canvas Coats, Rubber Coats, Mackintoshes, rubber-lined Wool

Coats, silk top Raincoats, at what-

ever they will bring at Forced Sale

to close out this flood-bound stock

Hats

Conqueror, McKibbon, etc.:

131 cases fine soft and stiff Hats,

For all kinds \$3.50 Hats ... \$1.45

For Caps worth 30e to \$2.19c, 39c

sell at \$10 up to \$35.

Overcoats worth up to

O'coats and Cravenettes

O'coats and Cravenettes

O'coats and Cravenettes

O'coats and Cravenettes

within 15 days.

Mackintoshes and Raincoats of



ENGINE WRECKED IN COLLISION ON THE NORTHERN PACIFIC AT GARFIELD, WASH

OPEN CHANNEL IN BIVER

LUMBERMEN MAY NOT BUILD SPLASH DAMS.

Washington Supreme Court Declare

Riparian Owners Must Be Protected From Overflows.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Dec. 8 .- (Special.) The Worst Kind of Hold--The State Supreme Court today, at the suit of O. P. Burrows, affirmed the judgment of the lower court granting a perpetual injunction against the Gray's Harbor Boom Company and the Humptulips Driving Company, preventing these companies from maintaining a boom in the Humptulips River in front of Burrows' lands. The com-panies contended that they were acting under state boom license and by authority of the United States. The Supreme Court says no law ex-

ists to give a booming company the right to interfere with navigation; to put in dams that flood river front farms, or to float their logs onto private property.

"It is the uniform 'holding of this court," declared the opinion, that owners of banks of rivers shall be protect-ed from ravages made by driving loc down such rivers." Elsewhere the opinion declares that the argument of the companies, "based upon the differ-ence between the importance and mag-nitude of the logging industry and the nitude of the logging industry and the farming industries on the rivers is one that ought not to appeal to any American court." It is the protection of rights which is the object of the solici-tude of the law, not the ascertainment

filed and leave the old ones. The no interest but they have written, to former Clerk offered to record the old conveyances, but the new administra-tion would not let kim copy them into the records with a pen and would not let him use the book typewriter. In this controversy the people have

ROBBED OF HEALTH AND MONEY TOO

25 cents a box. One will establish its popularity.

popularity. Other scientific prescriptions now offered by this association are remedies for the following aliments. There is one for each, and every one of them represents the combined knowledge and experience of this large association of eminent druggists:

Three thousand brainy druggists. men high in their profession, who have long looked with indignation upon the many schemes of unprincipled men to rob people of their health and money and at the same time make of the druggist a cheap vendor of worthless Cold and grippe.....25c nostrums have completed an organiza-tion of such scientific strength as will .50c

exert a powerful influence for good over the entire country. These drug-gists are located all over the United States, and there are 300 in New York Baby Syrup25e There are many others. Ask your

The association is known as the American Druggists' Syndicate, and in the preparation of prescriptions to take the place of the worthless mix-tures that have flooded the country, druggist. All druggists should and will sell A. D. S. ready-made, scientific prescriptions. But if your druggist cannot supply you today, write, en-closing price, and any of them will be sent post-paid. Address American Druggists Syndicate, 69 Murray street. the combined pharmaceutical knowl-edge of this entire body is available.

The advice of this association to those who do not know the nature of their aliment is: "See a physician." But to those who do, they offer their profes-sional experience in furnishing a prep-aration that they can conscientiously recommend

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