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PORTLAND, OREGON,

SUNDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 9, 1906.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

TRAGIC DEATH OF

PITTSBURG BELLE

Handsome Woman Un-

able to Face Disgrace.

FOILS ARRESTING OFFICERS

Commits Suicide Before Her

Sweetheart's Eyes.

# FORMER SENATOR SHOT BY WOMAN

Brown of Utah Meets His Nemesis.

HAS EVEN CHANCE OF LIVING

Refuses to Marry Her and She within two or three minutes after it Fires Two Bullets.

CLIMAX OF TWO DIVORCES

Intrigue Begun in Michigan, Continued in Utah and Ended in Washington Hotel-Woman Is Declared Insane.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8 .- Former United States Senator Arthur Brown, of Utah, tonight lies in a critical condition in the Emergency Hospital with a pistol shot wound in the abdomen inflicted by Mrs. Anna M. Bradley, of Salt Lake, who arrived here today from that city. The shooting occurred in Mr. Brown's apartment in the Raleigh Hotel, where Mrs. Bradley also had registered under the name of "A. B. She was arrested.

Mr. Brown was conveyed to the hospital, where he was immediately put upon the operating table. Two shots were fired, one grazing his left hand and the other entering the abdomen and lodging in the pelvic cavity. After working over him for nearly two hours, the surgeons decided that for the present at least they would make no fur-ther attempt to find the bullet. It was stated tonight that, while Mr. Brown's condition is critical, there is reason to believe he may recover.

#### Says Shooting Is Justified.

Mrs. Bradley arrived shortly after noon. After being assigned to a room, she immediately went to Mr. Brown's apartment. There were no witnesses to the shooting, but a maid heard the shots and at once notified the manage-

According to her statement tonight at the police station, where she talked freely with the newspapermen, Mrs Bradley came to Washington to demand that Mr. Brown marry her. She known in Salt Lake.

"I asked him if he was going to do the right thing by me?" she said, re taining remarkable composure. "In reply, he put on his overcoat and him. I abhor acts of this character but in this case it was fully justified." While expressing no sorrow for her

know that Mr. Brown might recover "I was practically penniless when I got here today," she said. "Having only \$1.25 and after paying the cabman all the money I had in the world, was \$1."

act, she declared that she was glad to

Caused Divorce, Refused Marriage She said she urged Mr. Brown to

marry her, that he had been instrumental in the divorce between her hus band and herself and that, as his wife was dead, he could do the "right thing" by her. This, she said, he refused

Mrs. Bradley is a brunette, about 38 years old and frail. Her first act after a case before the United States Subeing taken to the police station was send for Senator Sutherland, of Utah, who called on her tonight and rived today just before noon. had a long talk with her. Mr. Sutherland regretted being brought into the case, but said that Mrs. Bradley had sent for him because he was the only man here whom she knew. To him she unbosomed herself and told the story of her relations with Mr. Brown,

She alleged that two of her children owe their parentage to Mr. Brown and that she had named one of them after

Mrs. Bradley was reluctant to speak of her former husband, but questioning brought out the fact that he was living in Nevada with a second wife by whom he has several children. Further questioning disclosed the fact that Mrs Bradley for two years, 1900 to 1902, had served as secretary to the State Republican Committee and also at one time was editor of the official organ of the State Federation of Women's Clubs. She declared that she had a sister in the newspaper business in Salt Lake but that she would not communicate with members of her family because she knew that they would not come to her assistance. Up to a late hour tonight, she had not obtained counsel.

Brown Accuses Woman.

Theodore J. Tally, manager of the Raleigh, was notified of the shooting ocsurred and hurrled to Mr. Brown's He found Mr. Brown fully dressed, lying on the floor in the center of the room. Mrs. Bradley was



Austria-Hungary, Who Has nounced President Roosevelt for Treatment of His Wife.

standing near the dresser. She was attired in street costume, including her One of her hands was gloved. Mr. Brown, as Mr. Tally stooped over him to inquire what the matter was, feebly indicated Mrs. Bradley and remarked calmly: "She shot me."

A hurried examination of the wounded man was made by Mr. Tally. In opening his coat and waistcoat he discovered that a bullet had penetrated his abdomen. He sent for some brandy and poured it down Mr. Brown's throat. The wounded man was growing rapidly weaker, and Mr. Tally directed a servant to summon the Emergency Hospital ambulance,

Mr. Brown, despite the shock of the and foreign commerce round, retained consciousness. He made no statement to Mr. Tally beyond the one indicating that he had been shot by Mrs. Bradley. The woman con tinued in the room, while Mr. Tally was attending to Senator Brown, but offered no assistance. Finally Mr. Tally ordered her to leave the room. She declined with absolute coolness.

"I will remain here," she said. "I am the mother of his two children." Mr. Tally was too busy ministering to Mr. Brown to attempt to enforce his order, but in glancing about the room he discovered a revolver lying on the

bureau. He put it into his pocket and later turned it over to the police. It was a 32-calibre weapon When arrested, Mrs. Bradley made no resistance. She was asked for a statement of the incident, but referred all those who inquired to Mr. Sutherland.

"Senator Brown had been a guest at the Raleigh since December 5," said Mr. Tally, "having come here to argue preme Court. The case was expected to be called Monday. Mrs. Bradley arregistered as A. B. Brown and was

#### assigned a room in the usual way." Sends for His Children.

Late tonight M. S. Gunn, of Helena Mont, who came here with Mr. Brown, (Concluded on Page 11.)

## MOODY'S WORK AGAINST TRUSTS

Important Points of Law Established.

MORE LEGISLATION NEEDED

Validity of Main Principles of Sherman Act.

**GUILTY BROUGHT TO BOOK** 

Fines of Over \$400,000 Imposed and Many Cases Still Pending. Passage of Bill Against Immunity Is Needed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8 .- Attorney-General Moody, in his annual report to the President, submitted today, outlines with clearness and vigor the principles of law established by the trust prosecutions which have been completed up to date, what the Government has accomplished in its unwavering campaign against the gigantic industrial combinations, and sets forth forcibly what the department expects to accomplish as a result of pending and future prosecutions. The document will prove a formidable weapon in the hands of Congress, should the lawmakers see fit to heed its recommendations and strike the suggested blows through the strongly-urged remedial legislation. Mr. Moody enunciates distinctly the evils that have cropped out through the self-intrenchment of vested interests, the strenuopposition and formidable obstacles the huge combinations of capital have interposed against all attempts at govern mental investigation of their methods of business. The report emphasizes the han-dicaps and embarrassments the department has labored under at every step, and the dominant need of National legislative

Dealing with the trusts, Mr. Moody

Meaning of Sherman Law. The act entitled "An act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies," commonly known as the and monopolies," commonly known as the Sherman anti-trust law, approved July 2, 1899, has required and received much inter-pretation by the courts, but many questions which may be raised under it are yet un-settled. The low dealing with the interstate and foreign commerce probibits, (a) agreements "in restrain of trade or commerce," (b) agreements "to monopolize any part of trade or commerce," (c) monopolization or attempt at monopolization of any part of trade or commerce. Although decisions of the Supreme Court have shed much light upon the meaning of the words used in the law to express the acts prohibited, yet the exact limits of the meaning of "restraints" and "monopolization" have not been ascertained with precision. Moreover, although the conception of commerce among the states and with foreign nations is well defined, its application to the complex conditions of husiness may often raise questions whether given transactions are foreign or interstate trade, which are not easy of solution. dhits, (a) agree

whether given transactions are foreign of interstate trade, which are not easy of solution.

One main purpose of the law that competition shall not by agreements be suppressed, runs counter to the tendencies of modern business. The Department of Justice is without organization for the investigation of suspected offenses, though the general appropriation for the enforcement of this and laws of like character made by Congress in 1903 has to some extent supplied the deficiency. Nevertheless it is true, in the main, that proceedings instituted by the department have had their origin either in a complaint by some interested person or in the investigation of some other department of the Government. These reasons—the uncertainty of the meaning of the law, its conflict with the tendencies of business, and the insufficiency of the means of detecting offenses—have made its enforcement slow and difficult, and obedience to its provisions far from universal.

From the date of the enactment of the law to the beginning of President Roosevelt's administration in 1901, it proceedings were begun and have been concluded—five of them were indictments, in all of which the Government falled, and 11 of them were prevailed in eight and failed in three.

Principles Made Clear.

Principles Made Clear. In the course of this litigation it has Musical. Page 28.

een made clear by the decisions of the Su

preme Court—

(1) That the law is constitutional.

(2) That a combination of manufacturers to restrain or monopolize manufacture or production which only incidentally and indirectly affected interstate commerce was not within the prohibition of the act because not a restraint or monopolization of interstate commerce.

a restraint or monopolisation of interstate commerce.

(3) That a combination of manufacturers fixing prices and suppressing competition in the sale of their products in interstate commerce was forbidden by the act.

(4) That a combination among competing interstate railways by which rates and fares are established and maintained is forbidden by the law, although the rates in themselves may not be unreasonable or excessive. Since the beginning of President Rooseveit's administration 23 proceedings have been begun under tols law, seven of which have been concluded and 16 are pending. Ten of the proceedings were indictments and 13 petitions in equity. In the saven proceedings concluded the Government has prevailed.

In the course of this litigation it has

In the course of this litigation it has seen made clear by the decisions of the

Supreme Court that—
First—The suppression of competition, which is intentionally accomplished by placing a majority of the stock of the competing ing a majority of the stock of the competing companies in a holding corporation, is a violation of the law of 1899, though the action of the holding company in acquiring the stock in exchange for its own may be lawful under the laws of the state which created it. (United States vs. Northern Se-curities Company of al., 193 U. S., 197.) Second-Manufacturers who purchase their

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Large Sums Offered to Help Out of Trouble.

**GRATEFUL FOR PAST FAVORS** 

Dingee, Bourne, Calhoun and Harriman in the List.

NO USE FOR ABE RUEF

Tentative Overtures to Make a Scapegoat of the Curly Boss Are Turned Down Hard by Prosecutor Heney.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 8 - (Special)-By an interesting chain of circumstances, a squad of millionaires has come to the assistance of Eugene E. Schmitz, the labor Mayor of San Francisco.

"I will give \$1,000,000 if necessary to help him out," is the remark ascribed to W. J. Dingee, Park Commissioner, owner of cement plants, water company bonds and the possessor of a \$1,000,000 residence on Fifth avenue, New York, Besides Dingee, W. B. Bourne, the millionaire chief of the local gas trust, has also publicly announced his high regard for the indicted Mayor.

Patrick Calhoun, president of the Uni-ted Railroads, the local traction company, has hastened to the aid of Schmitz, as have E. H. Harriman, W. F. Herrin, Downey Harvey, of the Ocean Shore Railway Company, and William C. Tevis, president of the Bay Cities Water Company, which the administration desires to purchase for \$10,000,000, although James D. Phelan believes the property dear at a fraction of the amount. All of these men who have gone to the aid of Mayor Schmitz are not only millionaires, but multi-millionaires

Pass Up Mr. Ruef.

While all these magnates are ready to erve Schmitz, they will have nothing to do with Rufe. They are desirous of saving Schmitz, although it would entail the sacrifice of Rufe. It has been learned that overtures of the most guarded sort have been made to the prosecution to deliver Rufe, with the understanding that Schmitz be allowed to go free.

The overtures were forcibly turned down before they had reached the stage of definite proposals. It may be stated that all such overtures will be rejected, for Francis J. Heney believes he has sufficient evidence on which to convict replied: Schmitz as well as Ruef.

Indebted to Administration.

The deep interest manifested by the millionaires in Schmitz is based on the grounds that they are grateful for favors received at the hands of the administration. The array of counsel in court for Schmitz is a formidable one, but it is only a fraction of the legal force which has been retained to defend him. Several corporation attorneys have been placed at the disposal of the indicted Mayor,

Ruef and Schmitz have determined to begin a vigorous campaign against the newspapers. They have had subpenas DUPONT GETS A DIVORCE served on the editors of the big dailies, requiring them to appear in court Monday. At that time they will be questioned by Schmitz's attorneys.

THE AUTOMANIAC'S DREAM It's a Perfect Road With No Speed Limit, Says Vanderbilt.

vorce decree was granted on grounds of extreme cruelty and inhuman treatment.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8—The Automobile The couple have four children and their of America held its annual banquet custody and the question of alimony was

## General Horace Porter, W. K. Vanderbilt Jr., Lieutenant-General Nelson A. Miles and others. Colgate Hoyt, president of and others. Colgate Hoyt, president of the club, was toastmaster. Mr. Vanderbilt's theme was "The Long Island Motor Parkway." He said it had been the dream of automobilists to own a perfect car and to operate it over a course where there was no speed limit. Such a course, he felt, was about to be realized. The cost, he said, would be

realized. The cost, he said, would be about \$1,000,000 for the construction of \$00 miles of roadway, and \$700,000 had already been subscribed. He hoped that in the end there would be roads of a similar kind connecting Boston, Philadelphia and other cities.

FIND SIX BODIES IN MUD

Searchers at Clifton Are Guided by Projecting Arm.

SOLOMONVILLE., Ariz., Dec. 8. Conditions in the flood-stricken city of Clifton are now somewhat improved. Clear and mild weather now continues to the advantage of the refugees and the work of clearing away the nud and debris is progressing slowly. The city is still without water, lighting and telephone service and walking over town is difficult and dangerous.

A party of searchers saw a human arm

Attorney-General W. H. Moody.

protruding from the mud and, digging

but two Americans are known to have perished.

A strong guard is still maintained, and four have been shot for looting. Efforts will be made to run a train out of the

GROVER CLEVELAND IS ILL

Has Acute Indigestion, but Calls It

Slight Cold.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8. — Grover Cleveland is ill at his home in Princeton of acute indigestion. He has been sick

a week and still remains unimproved.

His physician, Dr. J. M. Carnochan, said

last night that Mr. Cleveland was not

in a very serious condition. When asked if Mr. Cleveland was suffering

from anything besides indigestion, he

I have no knowledge of anything

He also said Mr. Cleveland had been

ill for some time and by only the most extraordinary effort had he seen Mr.

Carnegie, who called Wednesday.
"We expect Mr. Cleveland out in
few days," said Dr. Carnochan, "but
cannot tell exactly-when."

PRINCETON, N. J., Dec. 8 .- At the

home of Ex-President Grover Cleve-

land it was said that he has had a slight cold and not been feeling well for a week, but that his aliment is not

Millionaire Powder-Maker Is Given

Freedom in South Dakota.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Dec. 8 .- Alfred I.

Dupont, millionaire powder maker, who formerly resided at Wilmington, Del., but

who resided in Sloux Falls since early in

the present year, was today granted a divorce from Bessie G. Dupont. The di-

at all serious.

IS BOTH THIEF AND FORGEB

Beautiful Ethel Ferver Steals to Maintain Home for Beauty Doctor Lover and Mother-Sends Farewell Letters to Both.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Dec. 8,-(Special.)-To maintain a home for her lover, Arthur Span, a beauty doctor, and her mother, is the reason given, in letters which she left, by Miss Ethel Gertrude Ferver, the most beautiful young woman in Pittsbugg, who committed suicide in her apartment in the Eisinore, Craft avenue, yesterday afternoon, when she was about to be arrested by Detective George W. Cole, charged with having forged Span's name to checks aggregating \$1400 and the theft from him of two diamond rings valued at \$1000.

Span asserts that the girl lost the money speculating in the stock market. He says that he heard sometime ago that she was receiving market tips from wealthy and prominent admirers but did not know she was playing the tips.

In letters which she wrote just be fore she ended her life, Miss Ferver down, recovered the bodies of six uni-dentified Mexicans. It is certain that the death list will be large, although mother. The girl was seated at a small stated that the money had been used to table near a window and had just finished the second letter when, looking up, she saw Span and the detective coming after her. The letter to Span reads:

Fervent Letter to Lover.

"My Darling Sweetheart: Try to forgive me. You have been so sweet to me, and I love you deeply. That is why I overreached myself financially, to keep a house for you and mother, and I could not do it on my salary. Dearest, don't be too hard on me after I am gone, Just let me rest, even though I have injured you deeply and you hate me for it, I die loving you with all my heart and soul, Good-bye, sweetheart and many, many

"Your true love, Ethel." Last Words to Mother.

Another letter addressed to her mother

"My Darling Mother: Try to forgive me, if you can find it in your heart to do so, I have had more than I could carry, trying to keep a home for those I love, yourself and Dr. Span. Give my last love to my dear brother and dear Marie and Enid. Tell them I am not afraid to die, but would rather live. But the doctor must hate me now, and I don't want to live without his love. He has been so good to you and me. Everything I have is yours, for I do love you so, mother, dear. I am the first one in the family to disgrace it, but I have tried to do more than I was able to do financially. My heart and spirit are both broken and dead and I might as well be dead, too, You must go and live with John. I hate to leave you, mother dear, but I cannot

"Your loving and faithful daughter to the end. Loads of last kisses. "ETHEL"

Casket Heaped With Flowers.

The body of Miss Ferver was taken to the home of her brother at Newcastle, Pa., this afternoon, and the funeral services will take place there tomorrow

FIVE VIEWS OF THE CHRISTMAS PROBLEM



This Gentleman Thinks Santa Claus Is No





