

CURIOUS TO BE RECALLED

Iowa Governor Will Have Full Control of Coming State Convention.

PERKINS OUT OF THE RACE

Disgraceful Scenes Attend Election of Delegates—Executive Calls National Gathering to Discuss Direct Choice of Senators.

DES MOINES, Iowa, June 23.—With the conventions held today Governor Cummins has five uncontested delegations, which gives him 14 more than enough to renominate him for Governor without a fight in the state convention. The withdrawal of his opponent, George D. Perkins, of Sioux City, it is now expected, will be a matter of but a few days.

The conventions in the state today were characterized by disgraceful tactics. In Carroll County the Perkins men secured possession of the convention hall and admitted men only by ticket. As a result the Cummins men were barred from the hall, although in a majority, and they broke down the doors and took possession, electing their own delegates. The Perkins men then belted and selected another set of delegates.

In Audubon County the Cummins men controlled the convention and the Perkins men bolted. Atkinson and Winneshiek Counties elected Cummins delegates without a contest, and gave the Governor 839 uncontested delegates out of 1392.

TEXAS WILL BE FOR BRYAN.

Senator Bailey Will Not Seek Nomination for Himself.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—(Special.)—Representative Burgess, of Texas, who is one of Senator Bailey's warmest friends, today made the statement that he believed Bailey and the Democratic nomination for President in 1908.

It is undoubtedly true that with practical unanimity the Democratic Congress would hold with delight the nomination of Senator Bailey for President in 1908. But they know that the nomination of Bailey will not urge his nomination because of the section of the earth with which he is identified. Senator Bailey has never believed that the nomination of any Southern man in 1908 would be wise, and he has continually refused to indicate any such move in his interest.

He can be assumed without question that Senator Bailey and his friends are in hearty sympathy with Bryan's nomination, and I have not the slightest doubt that the coming state convention in Texas will adopt a swinging platform and unanimously suggest the nomination of Mr. Bryan in 1908.

HOT ROAST FOR JEROME.

Judge O'Sullivan Says District Attorney Is Grossly Incompetent.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Judge O'Sullivan today openly accused District Attorney Jerome of incompetency.

"It is a notorious fact," he said, "that criminal cases presented to his court by the District Attorney for trial are not properly prepared. It is a disgrace to the county. Any law student who has only a year's experience could prepare a case in much better shape than those sent here by the District Attorney's office."

Judge O'Sullivan made this comment because he discharged a jury in the case of Max Levine, accused of forgery, to the third degree, and remanded Levine for trial before another jury. The manner in which the District Attorney handled the case led the Judge to take this action.

"This case is elemental in its preparation," said the Judge. "No case that has come here from the District Attorney's office is properly reported."

POPULAR VOTE CONVENTION

Cummins Calls National Meeting to Discuss Senatorial Elections.

DES MOINES, Ia., June 23.—(Special.)—Governor Cummins today sent Commissioners to the Governors of every state in the Union asking them to appoint five delegates to a National convention to adopt means of securing the election of United States Senators by popular vote. The convention which is called for September 5 was authorized by the Legislature at its recent session here, when resolutions were adopted favoring the election of Senators direct.

It is stated that almost the necessary three-fourths of the states have adopted resolutions favoring a constitutional amendment to provide for such election, and the question will be submitted after the meeting in Des Moines.

Guilty of Passing Bad Check.

LOS ANGELES, June 23.—Lawrence B. Carpenter, son of a prominent banker, was arrested a few days before the earthquake in San Francisco for passing a worthless check upon the cashier of a restaurant, was tried in Police Judge's court, and found guilty this morning. The man was given a 60-day sentence, but was allowed to go on probation.

Crane Seeks Toga in Texas.

DALLAS, Texas, June 23.—Ex-Archbishop Gail H. Crane tonight formally declined to enter the primary election race against Hon. J. W. Bailey for election to the United States Senate.

ITALY'S WHITE COAL.

Coming Milan Exposition Will Be Revelation to Americans.

O. D. Skelton in the World Today.

The coming exposition at Milan, held to celebrate the opening of the Sionia tunnel, promises to be an great revelation to Americans as to the world's fair at Chicago was to Europeans. We are prone to think of Italy, when we think of it at all, as a land of only historical and artistic interest, or as the breeding place of the hordes of illiterate immigrants who form the substructure of our industrial civilization. That it is neither living on its past reputation nor wholly to be judged by the street navy contingent will be made abundantly clear by the Milan exhibition.

To reveal to the world Italy's remarkable industrial expansion in the past decade is indeed the underlying purpose of the exhibition. Northern Italy is prospering beyond all record. The product of the silk industry has doubled in the past eight years; one-third of the silk thread used in the world is now produced in Italy. The cotton mills, scarcely in existence a decade ago, now have an annual output

worth over \$80,000,000. Textiles have advanced almost as rapidly. The 6000 men employed in iron and steel foundries in 1881 have become 90,000, and Italy today is exporting steel instead of importing it. The new industries of electro-chemistry and electro-metallurgy are now especially flourishing in various parts of Italy.

Houille blanche, as the French call it, or white coal, has been the chief agent in the transformation. In more prosaic language, white coal is simply hydraulic power, but the enigmatically French character of the happy invention is that it has become current throughout Europe. Strictly speaking, it applies only to the power derived from glacier streams, rising in the elevated snow-covered Alps. The analogous term, houille verte, or green coal, has been adopted at Mr. Henri Bresson's suggestion to designate the more common form of energy provided by streams of humbler source.

Call it what you please, this newly-harnessed power is revolutionizing European industry. It is shifting the seat of industrial leadership, giving a new start to nations hitherto hopelessly out of the race. It is more than a coincidence that the great manufacturing countries today are those which are rich in coal—the United States, Great Britain, Germany and Belgium. On the other hand, the nations which are poorest in black coal are richest in the white. Austria is much better supplied with hydraulic power than Germany. France, Italy, Switzerland and land than Belgium, Canada than the United States. When it is further considered that the white coal is subject to no depletion, and that it is inexhaustible, the full richness of the promise it offers begins to be realized.

G. F. BAER, COAL KING.

The Self-Confident, Able Head of the Reading Railroad.

Review of Reviews.

"About twenty years ago," said a retired civil engineer, "I was building a railway line on a short spur of the Reading system. Mr. Baer, then an attorney, was the company's lawyer, and a party of officials inspecting the work."

We walked out on the loose timbers I heard an exclamation behind, and turning saw Mr. Baer slightly in advance of the others and apparently in a hurry. He said, "Baer, then an attorney, was the company's lawyer, and a party of officials inspecting the work."

"Mr. Baer, if you feel at all nervous we can turn back," was the deliberate reply, and as I was about to further urge against possible danger, he continued: "My life is in the hands of the Lord."

The story is an illustration of the determination, confidence and self-control which are the keynotes of the character of G. F. Baer, president of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad system. Since he has assumed the management of these properties the value of its stock has increased from \$100,000,000 to \$150,000,000, and the appreciation of values in the anthracite coal industry under his leadership has added an almost incalculable larger amount.

George F. Baer was born about 44 years ago in Western Pennsylvania. He had a very little academic training, and he is a self-made man.

His greater training came from his experiences as printer's devil, editor, amateur surveyor, and an active military career. He was a captain in the volunteer company in the Civil War and terminating with his discharge as Adjutant-General of the Second Brigade Army of the Potomac.

This was followed by his taking up the study of law and the coincidence of his admission to the bar, the trying and winning of his first case, and his twenty-second birthday. His first important step toward fame and fortune was when he was removed to the city of Reading, Pa.

Within two months the newcomer had established his reputation in a case for which he received a fee of \$5000, which in those days was considered something phenomenal for even the leaders of the Berks County bar.

His reputation as a lawyer grew, he adheres to them with a tenacity that in a lesser character would be sheer stubbornness. He believes tremendously in himself, and his confidence in his own ability is a constant factor in his career.

When on the occasion of his Western trip a year ago he made the statement that he was a "self-made man," he was not exaggerating. He originated at the beginning of the world. Cal was the first striker, and he killed Abel with a stone. He was a "self-made man," the radicals raged with indignation.

The conservatives may have regretted the utterance, but the force of his evident sincerity and the fact that he had uttered the equally sincere belief served to strengthen his position of leadership, while the radicals today in general position of the conservatives in the ranks was the result.

There is a greater frankness between capital and labor, and a more businesslike attitude, and it is largely due to the plain manner of speaking—to the shrewdness of diplomacy of President Baer. He is a "self-made man," the radicals raged with indignation.

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No Teeth a Guarantee.

Denver Times.

Of Marshall Field III an amusing story was recently told. The story was according to the story, approached an old lady in a Lakewood hotel and said to her: "Can you crack nuts?"

"No," she replied, "I can't crack nuts." "Then," said the little boy, extending two hands full of walnuts, "please hold these while I get and get some more."

It is dangerous to neglect a cold. If you have a cold, and a few days later learn that the man is on his back with pneumonia, it is a cold, however slight, should not be disregarded. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which is a safe and effective remedy for all colds, coughs and croup, is a sure cure. It always cures and is pleasant to take. For sale by all druggists.

WHIPPED INTO LINE

Few Insurance Companies Fail to Comply With Law.

STATE CAN REACH THEM

California's Attorney-General Ready to Begin Actions Against Delinquent—Many Will Be Forced to Wall.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—The insurance companies fear the weight of official displeasure is shown by the fact that there are now but five or six companies which have neither furnished their list of policyholders nor extended time for proof of loss. Assistant Attorney-General George Sturtevant said today that his office is now ready to commence action against the companies which have not been dealing fairly. He added: "We have found a way to reach both the six-bit concerns and the outlaw companies, as we term those who have neither filed lists of policyholders nor granted extension of time for filing proof of loss. Wherever it is found necessary, we shall endeavor to obtain warrants for enforcement of bonds and election from the state."

The financial condition of practically all of the companies involved here will, it is stated, be disclosed on July 1, when the companies will be compelled to file in the State of Georgia semi-annual statements of their condition. Georgia is said to require the companies to file in the Union requiring semi-annual statements.

Chairman Spencer of the "dollar for dollar" committee of the Board of Unemployment, said today that the outlook is dubious.

"There are undoubtedly a large number of companies which must go to the wall soon," he said, "but I do not think they will all go. I say that all the honest and solvent companies are in the 'dollar for dollar' class. I do not want to impugn the motives of any of the companies, but I think some of them are offering the best they can."

"Some of the companies are now making a delay to learn the extent of their liabilities and will then pay what they owe. Others are delaying in bad faith. These will have to wait and go out of business, unless they can make good soon."

WANTS HER FLOUR RETURNED

Minneapolis Would Distribute It Among San Francisco Sufferers.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 23.—William E. Edgar, of Minneapolis, general manager for the relief of California sufferers, has asked to have the Minneapolis flour turned back to the Minneapolis committee, who will turn it over to the San Francisco committee for distribution to those for whom it was intended. If the local San Francisco committee will not turn the flour back, the only recourse will be wide publication of the exact facts in the case.

Mr. Edgar holds that he is trustee of the distribution of the flour to the people for whom it was intended. "The flour does not belong to Phelan," said Mr. Edgar, "with a great deal of emphasis today, nor to General Greely, and I take it to be the history of the flour to the people and they are going to get it. I don't care for any Army rap."

The committee has reserved \$100,000 pounds of flour for six months' supply. This is false. The 1,000,000 pounds will be required for the relief of the people that are reported to be in need.

Offers Fifty-Cent Compromise.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—The Examiner today by application for the renewal of saloon licenses, and that the higher license had little deterrent effect is shown by the fact that by noon over 400 applications had been filed. Indications are that the Police Commissioners will have their hands full if any attempt is to be made to limit the saloons to one to a block. Now that the time for opening saloons has been announced—July 5—there is great activity putting up temporary places for saloons.

Rush for Saloon Licenses.

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Chinese Will Fight for Insurance.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—The Oakland and San Francisco branches of the Chinese Society of Chew Tung Tong have decided to take steps to protect their members from unfair treatment at the hands of the insurance companies. The Chew Tung Tong is the largest Chinese secret society in the world, and has 100,000 members in this country. Their losses amount to several million dollars.

New Tax Levy Ordered.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the Board of Supervisors held this morning the tax levy for the City and County of San Francisco was fixed at \$1.25 per \$100. The new levy is 15 cents and 2 mills higher than last year, but this is occasioned largely by the increased amount of interest for the \$7,000,000 in bonds that will be issued.

Death-Bearing Lead Soldiers.

"Dr. Ox," in Le Matin of Paris, raises a note of warning against lead soldiers in the hands of children. Lead is a poison, which is absorbed by the system, and is taken up by the children at play. Lead is a poison, and those who come in contact with it are bound to suffer blood-poisoning.

After maneuvering a battalion of lead soldiers, Tom is just as likely as not to take his place at the table with his fingers impregnated with the poisonous substance, and so the lead is immediately absorbed with his food.

Dr. Blanchard cites the following case in support of his theory that lead soldiers should be banished from their place among children's playthings. Two boys of 4 and 5 years suffered from violent colic, always more emphatic during the night. The physician took them in hand, but at the end of three days, as there was no improvement, it occurred to Dr. Blanchard that blood-poisoning must be the cause of their illness. But where did it come from? The parents were not ill, and the children partook of the same food as the rest of the family. While he was pondering over the question Dr. Blanchard's eye was caught by the sight of an army of leaden soldiers lying pell-mell in a corner of the room. At once he knew what was the cause of the trouble, and when he had given each of the boys a sulphur bath from which they emerged with their hands washed with soap edged with sulphur of lead, he knew that his diagnosis was correct. Therefore, if you want to make your little friends a suitable present, you will do well to avoid the soldiers of lead, which, as a rule, are made in Germany.

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TRIBUTE TO THE BEAVER

Remarkable Traits of a Four-Footed Sturdy American.

From Clarence Hawkes' "Shaggy Coat."

Before the red man bent the bow he sought pardon from the deer or hare, for the act that he was about to commit. Often when he had slain the wild creature, he made offerings to its departed spirit, and also wore its likeness tattooed upon his arm. This was because he knew that these denizens of the wilderness were creatures of importance, playing their part in the life of the red man, before the war man came to these shores. But that they should have continued to play a prominent part after the advent of the white man is still more vital to us.

It was particularly for beaver skins that the Hudson Bay Company unfurled its ensign over the wilds of Labrador and upon the bleak shores of Hudson's Bay, during the 17th century. "H. B. C." was the monogram upon their flag. Their coat of arms had a beaver in each quarter of the shield, and their motto was "Pro Reale Cuten," meaning skin for skin. An official of the company once interpreted the H. B. C. as "Here Before Christ," saying that the company was a kind of missionaries with its emblem of a beaver. For more than 200 years this company has held sway over a country larger than all the kingdoms of Europe, counting out Russia. For the first 100 years the beaver was the dominant, and held power of life and death over all living in its jurisdiction.

It was because the Indian knew that he could get so many beaver skins in exchange for his goods, that he endured the terrible cold of the Arctic Winter, and hunted and trapped close to the shore of the Arctic circle. For this valuable skin which the company bought, he camped and slept upon ten feet of snow. It was a common day's work for a trapper to drag his snowshoes over 50 miles of frozen water to visit his trap.

For the pelts of the beaver, often and mink, those bloody battles were fought between the Hudson Bay Company men and the trappers of the Northwest Company. The right to trap in disputed territory was held by the rifle, and human life was not worth one beaver skin.

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RUSSIAN CONSTITUTIONAL DEMOCRATS WILL ISSUE ADDRESS.

TO JUSTIFY THEMSELVES

Their Demand for Retirement of Ministry to Be Explained—Will Appeal for Popular Support of Parliament.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 23.—The central committee of the Constitutional Democrats decided today to draw up an address to the country in justification of the demand for the retirement of the ministry and appealing for the support of Parliament.

The address is designed to counteract the activity of the Socialist group, which is working night and day to undermine the position of the Constitutional Democrats. It will serve also as a platform on which the party can stand in case of a rupture with the administration, which many of the radicals of the Constitutional party believe cannot come any too soon.

The maintain that Parliament's impotency to pass desired legislation was clearly manifested by the response of Premier Goremykin, and the attitude of the council of the Empire, and that also has educated the people to the fact that further delay is merely an advantage to the Government, which would be enabled to go before the country on an agrarian reform, while Parliament would be still involved in oratory.

Views of the Conservatives.

This view, however, is not taken by the more conservative leaders of the party, who today assured the Associated Press that the position of the ministry is steadily growing weaker, and that the delay is playing directly into the hands of the Constitutional Democrats. They say the only hope for a speedy issue is a compromise that will include only the most general principles on the first statute and refer everything else to local commissions.

The leaders are inclined to adhere to the principle of leasing instead of sale in the apportionment of expropriated lands. But long term leases, they say, would almost be the equivalent of gift, except where leases permit restrictions on subleasing without which a consolidation of lands in the hands of the farmer would be impossible.

Another reason for adhering to leasing is frankly admitted by Professor Mitukoff to be in order to avoid the outcry of injury to class legislation.

Local Police Irresponsible.

The irresponsibility of the local police is shown in the closing of the Constitution Democratic bureau at Yaroslavl and Blagovest. A better measure for thwarting the Cabinet's plan for avoiding a rupture as long as possible could not have been devised.

Rumors that anti-Jewish disturbances would take place today at Bialystok, Vilna and other cities within the pale were repeated and resulted in great excitement. However, no disorders have been reported.

GUERRILLA WAR IN RUSSIA.

Peasants Kill Murderers of Cow. Large Landowner Slain.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 23.—The peasants of the village of Krutynogorsk, enraged at the killing of a cow by two members of the rural police, called a commune meeting, formally condemned the two men to death and executed the sentence.

At Kiev messengers on the Southwestern Railroad, who were carrying \$125,000, were yesterday by four robbers who killed one messenger, wounded another, seized the money and drove away at a gallop in a cab. Two of the messengers were robbed and wounded. The robber who was carrying the money, with the result that he fell from the cab and the money was recovered.

At St. Petersburg, an extensive landed proprietor and a former officer of the guards, was killed on the streets yesterday. The crime, it is supposed, was committed for political reasons.

A Captain of Gendarmes named Suermetoff was killed on the streets of Kertch today by revolutionists. His wife, who accompanied him, was seriously wounded.

Dispatches from Bialystok report that the citizens there are panic-stricken over the two robbers and wounded the messenger who was carrying the money. With martial law is enforced. Three men, two of whom were Christians, were recently shot for failing to obey orders to halt.

RECOGNIZE ONLY THE DOUMA

Soldiers at Moscow Make Bold Threat of Revolt.

MOSCOW, June 23.—It is reported that the soldiers of the Moscow garrison threaten their officers that they will remain loyal to the crown as long as the czar and the government respects the rights and demands of the Douma. If the government does not yield to their demands, they will declare themselves independent of the czar and the government.

FIVE VESSELS CAPSIZED

Electric Storm Does Damage on New Jersey Coast.

NEW YORK, June 23.—(Special.)—A series of electrical storms, followed by a heavy hail storm, did great damage to small fruit trees in Eastern New York and New Jersey tonight, while off Port Monmouth, N. J., five vessels were capsized. The schooner, the schooner, the schooner, the schooner, the schooner, were capsized. The schooner, the schooner, the schooner, the schooner, the schooner, were capsized.

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COMPLETELY BROOKED

The Doctor Could Not Cure Me. Began Using Per-ru-na.

Completely Restored to Health in Two Months.

"Please accept my sincere gratitude." So writes Mrs. Binkert, of New Mexico. Dr. Hartman, in the past few years, has received numerous letters with similar expressions of gratitude. No physician in the world has a larger number of grateful patients scattered all over the civilized world than Dr. Hartman.

Not a day passes that he does not receive some token of appreciation from the patients he has cured of some chronic malady. The remedy which has brought Dr. Hartman into such fame is Per-ru-na.