REPORT ON RATE BILL IS ADOPTED

House Accepts Measure as Submitted by Conference Committee.

TILLMAN NOT A SIGNER

Hepburn Hastens Action and Answers Cross Fire of Criticisms. Vote Stands 216 to 4 on Adoption

WASHINGTON, June 23 .- The House to day, by a vote of 216 to 4, adopted the conference report on the rate bill. Mr. Hepburn, of Iowa, chairman of the interstate and foreign commerce committee of the House, and chairman of the conferees on the hill, called up the conference re-port immediately after the passage of the pure-food bill. He asked that the report be considered at once, instead of going over for printing until Monday.

Explaining the sleeping-car and anti-ass amendments, he stated that the leeping-car provision remains in the bill, bills the antiwhile the anti-pass amendments have been modified so as to apply only to the Pederal, state and territorial officers of-ficials of the Postoffice Department in

certain particulars being exempt.

Mr. Keifer wanted to know what effect the anti-pass law would have on a member of Congress who happened to be an attorney of a railroad.

Would Be Forced to Resign.

"I imagine he would have to leave Con-

'I so understand it,'s said Mr. Hepburn. "Then I think the anti-pass amendment as reported by the conferees is worse than nothing at all," said Mr. Henry. Mr. Hepburn explained that it was the purpose of the conferees to remedy what has been alleged to be the great cvil of the passes—the influence it had upon those who represent the people. Mr. Hepburn was then asked about the pipe-line provision and explained that the conferees had substituted "common carrier" for

Wisconsin Man Is Anxious.

Mr. Cooper, of Wisconsin, wanted to know if passes could be issued until Jan-uary 1, 1907, to Congressmen, and during the approaching campaign, Mr. Herburn admitted that that is the

But it doesn't follow you will get them if you work for them after this session, remarked a member.

Mr. Williams thought the pass amend

Mr. Williams thought the pass amend-ment should be amended so that the famiment should be amended so that the families of Senators and Representatives, and in fact all persons affected by the amendatent, be prohibted from soliciting passes for anyhody. He protested against the manner in which the conference report was being railroaded through. He asked unanimous consent for an agreement along the lines of his suggestion.

The Speaker held that the Senators had something to say in the matter; that the

something to say in the matter; that the conference report represents the efforts of conferees of both houses, and that the only way to accomplish the purpose

indopted 121 to 97 Republicans With Democrats.

The following Republicans yound with the Demograts: Allen (N. J.), Burnett (N. Y.), Bonynge (Colo.), Burton (O.), Calderhead (Kan.), Cooper (Wis.), Driscoll (N. Y.), Greene (Mass.), Hamilton (Mich.), Husshaw (Neb.), Hour (Mass.), Lawrence (Mass.), McCall (Mass.), Marshall (N. D.). Murdock (Kan.), Murphy (Mo.), O (N. Y.), Oction (Wis.), Parsons (N. S. W. Smith (Mich.), Stafford (Wis.). dall (Mo.), Webber (O.), Weeks (Mich.) Having placed themselves on record in arotest on the anti-pass amendment, the Democrats and their allies voted for the nference report, which was adopted,

much discussion, is as follows: Text of the Amendment.

On and after January 1, 1807, common earliers subject to the provisions of this act shall not directly or indirectly issue any free ticket or pass for carriage to any offithe Postal Service; to any officer or person in the service of any state territory or the District of Columbia, or any officer or person in the service of any county, town ship or municipality; and except as kerein provided, no common carrier shall be pro-

died from granting any free ticket or pass

for carriage.

Any common carrier violating this provision shall be considered guilty of a mis-demander and shall for each offense pay to the United States a penalty of not less than \$100 nor more than \$2000, and any officer or person in the service of the United States or of any state, territory or the District of Columbia, or of any county, township or mu-nicipality, who uses or who solicits passes for himself or any such free transportation shall be subject to a like penalty. Jurisdic-tion of offenses under this provision shall be the same as that provided for offenses in an acr entitled "An act to further regu-

The House, having acted on the report, rendy to be considered Monday in

FORAKER BREAKS OUT AGAIN

Denounces Rate Bill and Says Elkins Act Is Sufficient.

WASHINGTON, June 23.-Long today statement of all suits brought under Sherman anti-trust law and the in terstate commerce law, together with the facts as to their disposition. Foraker moved to amend by calling for the ex-tension of the statement so us to make i over sults brought under the Elkins law In support of his amendment, Foraker said he was satisfied that the statement would show that the Eikins law covers evil of which any human being ade complaint since the rallgoad don began." He cited a number of ecisions under the law, including that handed down by the Federal Court at Kansas City yesterday.

that so far as he had been able to determine, some of the parties to the combination alleged had He could not understand how one party to a conspirary could be considered guilty and others not, but said:

of others not, but said:

If the courts will follow this verdlet putting in prison every man who has plated the law, they will have done into vindicate the law."

Yes, indeed, responded Foraker, and by Pain, and Selis for 50 cents.

that is what I have been contending for he past five or six months."

He declared that, if enforced, the Elkins act would prove a remedy for all rebates and discriminations. He called attention and discriminations. He called attention to the fact that complaints are to be filed under the law, and said the Interstate Commerce Commission was now doing the best work it has ever done in taking off the lid, and closed with the declaration that the failure of the conference on the railroad rate bill would be the most fortunate thing that could happen for the country because a "more than the country because the country because a "more than the country because the country because a "more than the country because the most fortunate thing that could hap-pen for the country, because a "more unnecessary or inore mischlef-making law was never put on the statute book."

After Bacon had presented an amend-ment asking for fletails as to the expenditure of \$599,000 especially appro-priated for the prosecution of cases against the laws mentioned, the resolu-tion was laid aside in order to permit the Senate to proceed with other busi-ness.

CULLOM PRESENTS REPORT.

Tillman Refused to Attach His Signature to Document.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—Shortly after noon today Senator Cullom signed the conference report on the railroad rate bill, adding his name to that of Senators Elkins and Representatives Hepburn, Sherman and Richardson. Senator Tillman did not sign the report, and it was turned over to Rep-resentative Hepburn to present to the House. It is expected the refusal of Senator Tillman to subscribe to the Senator Tillman to subscribe to the agreement in regard to the McLaurin commodity amendment, which would permit pipe lines to carry commodities they produce, will result in debate in the Senate when the report is presented there for adoption.

Senator Tillman in refusing to sign

the conference report, says he will give his reasons in the Senate and will ask the Senate to vote whether or not it will yield to the House conferees.

COAL REBATES COME NEXT

Interstate Commerce Commission Plans for Work in July.

CHICAGO, June 23 .- (Special.)-Investigation by the Interstate Commerce Com-mission into coal rebates is planned for the next session in July. Communications from Government officials at Washingmagne he would have to leave conserved for replied Mr. Heppurn.

Mr. Henry of Texas asked if under the anti-pass amendment passes might be issued to delegates to conventions to shippers, to railroads officials, their families, leged to have been paid by coal conformation concerning results paid or alleged to have been paid by coal consumers in Chicago be prepared for presentation before the Commission at its next session here. Former employes of coal-carrying roads have been asked by letter if they will testify before the Commis-

It was stated in a letter that all coalcarrying roads would be subjected to an examination. From the indications presented the coal men believe that the inquiry may be as searching as the inquiry in Pennsylvania into the coal mine and

GO AFTER OTHER GUILTY ONES

Prosecute Receivers of Rebates. Burlington Lawyer's Comment.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 23.—Proceedings may be brought next Fall against the shoe and drygoods merchants of St. Louis. Omaha and Kansas City on a st. Louis. Omain and kansas City on a charge of accepting rebates from rafi-ways, secured for them by George L. Thomas, the New York freight broker, who with his chief clerk L. B. Taggart, in the Federal Court here yesterday was fined and given a penitentiary sentence Judge O. M. Spencer, general solicitor for the Burlington, said today of the statement credited yesterday to Attorney-General Moody at Washington in discussing the Kansas City convictions:
"If the statement of the Attorney-General is true, it will be very embarcasains." conference report represents the efforts of conference of both houses, and that the only way to accomplish the purpose sought was to vote to disagree. The ruling of the chair was like a wet blanket to Williams. Hepburo then moved the previous question, which was planted 12 to 27. riminations practiced showed that it was a case where the sentence of imprison-ment was especially desirable, and I di-rected the District Attorney to urge on the court, in case of their conviction, the Thomas and Mr. Taggart left today

for their homes in New York Gold-Medal Auto Burns.

PARIS, June 23.-An accident occurred yesterday while the automobiles were practicing for the grand prize of the Sarthe circuit, which is to replace the James Gordon Bennett international race James Gordon Bennett International An Italian machine, winner of the Italian gold medal of 1965, collided with another Italian gar and was burned. A driver Italian gar and was burned, but the land in have two of his

GRAND DUKE GOES INSANE

WILLIAM III, RULER OF LUXEM- Oklahoma. BURG, NOW IN ASYLUM-

Event Full of Consequences for Future of Little Ducky-Powers May Interfere.

BRUSSELS, June 22 .- (Special.)-William III, Grand Duke of Luxemburg, has been put in the Asylum of St. Blaslias. He is totally paralyzed, so that his hand has to be guided to sign official documents. This event is full of consequences for the future of the duchy. The Duke has six daughters and one son. He succeeded to the throne last November.

The little sovereign State of Luxemburg, which has only 1990 square miles of territory and 240,000 inhabitants, was one of the bones of contention between France and Germany that caused the Franco-German War. It had been declared a neutral tributary of London in 1867. Its government is a constitutional monarchy, hereditary in the main line of the house of Nasaau. On the extinction of the main line of the reigning dynasty the crown should pass to the Otto branch of the Nassau Cha between France and Germany house, but the only representative of this at present is Queen Wilhelmina of Holland. It is probable that the Euro-pean powers will be obliged to hold a conference to decide between the claims of the minor pretenders as to the ultimate successor

Big Insurance Scheme Afoot.

NEW YORK, June 23 .- The World today says.

There was a report in the financial district yesterday that the men in control of the New York Life Insurance Company the New York Life Insurance Company and its \$465,000,000 of assets, propose to form a stock insurance company and take over all the risks turned in by the immense agency organization of the company in excess of \$150,000,000 a year, the maximum limit of new bissness which any company may write in one year up. maximum time of new observes. Which any company may write in one year under the new insurance law. It is also sumer as such. He wanted this brand proposed, it is said, to reinsure any of the present policyholders of the New York Life who fancy a stock rather than Sheriey, of Kentucky, in behalf of the

Tillman Brings Up Mrs. Morris Incident in Senate.

ASKS AN INVESTIGATION

Action Follows Confirmation of As sistant Secretary Barnes as Washington Postmaster. Scandal Rehashed.

WASHINGTON, June 23 -Benjamin F Barnes, assistant secretary to the President, was today confirmed by the Senat in executive session as Postmaster at Washington. The vote was \$5 to 16. By a reverse vote a resolution was defeated providing for an investigation of the Mrs. Minor Morris incident in March, when by order of Mr. Barnes the woman was ejected from the White House offices. nomination had been pending since

April 2.

The procedure in the Senate was dra matic. Senator Tiliman went over the testimony which the committee on post-offices and postroads declined to receive when it refused to enter upon an investigation of the Mrs. Morris affair. He had read the statements of eyowitnesses, when he drew from under his desk a black silk skirt wrapped in a newspaper

Skirt Torn and Muddy. This was the skirt'worn by Mrs. Mor-ris when she was carried, or "dragged," as she claimed, from the White House. It was torn and muddy, showing the im It was torn and muday, snowing the im-prints of shoes. It was charged by Mr. Tillman that the lower part of the wo-man's body had been trampled on by the police officers and the White House attendants, including a negro, who had

absisted in taking her to a carriage.

No effort was made by any Senator
to defend the action of the police. Senator Carter said that if there had been any assault upon the woman the police alone were to blame. He said that Mr. Barnes could not be held responsible, as the ill treatment, if any, had occurred outside of the offices.

Waves Rags Again Tuesday. Senator Tillman gave notice that Tuesday he would repeat his remarks in the open Senate and exhibit the torn clothing of Mrs. Morris. He will find the occasion for this in moving for a vote on his resolution asking for an investi-gation of the police force. Senator Tillman said that it was a pe-

Sends Meat Bill to Conference and

Foraker Talks on Rates.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The bare hours of today's open session of the Senate were divided between the mest impection provision of the agency today's open session by Senator Long calling upon the Attorney-General for information concerning the suits because he him under the suits because he him and can be a content to the suits because he him and can be a content to the suits because he him and can be a content to the suits because he him and can be a content to the suits because he him and can be a content to the parameter that and chairman should the sound that the president has a desident to the carnal for some time and make himself responsibly for some time and make himself with the great undertaking. He will be able to spend at reason the some and in that time he will familiar with the great undertaking. He will be able to spend at reason the some and in that time he will familiar with the great undertaking. He will be able to spend at reason to the some and in that time he will familiar with the great undertaking. He will be able to spend at reason and in that time he will familiar with the great undertaking. He will be able to spend at reason and in that time he will familiar with the great undertaking. He will be able to spend at reason and the spend at the spend at the tion provision of the symbolity al appropriation bill and a resolution by Senator Long calling upo; the Attorney-General for information concerning the suits brought by him under the suits. The meat inspection schede occurred on a motion by Proctor to send the agricultural bill to conference, which was adopted. Balley declared the House meat inspection provision unconstitutional. Warren defended the interest of the suckgrowers mad Gallinger urged the necessity for close inspection at the expense of the packers. The Long resolution was amended at the instance of Foraker and Bacon, but its consideration was not concluded. Foraker again took opportunity to express his disapproval of the railroad rate bill, saying that the failure of the measure in conference would prove a godsend to the

sent to conference and another conference report bearing on the bill leaving only one item of disagreement, was acted upon.

A number of bills to which there was have nessed late in the day, after the executive session.

Bills Go Through Conference. WASHINGTON, June 28.—The Senate today agreed to the conference on the sundry civil appropriation bill requested by the House. In the House the bill was sent to conference.

sent to conference.

The House adopted the conference reports on the District of Columbia appropriation bill, the postoffice apprepriation
bill and the bill for the division of the lands and funds of the Osage Indians, in

Confirmed by the Senate. WASHINGTON, June 23.—The Senate in executive assion today confirmed the fol-

lowing nominations: James M. Olivers, Missouri, Consul at Managus, Nicaragua; Elmer E. Brown, California, Commissioner of Education.

FOOD BILL THROUGH HOUSE

(Continued From Page 1.) ounds, nine ounces. One can, Mann

said, was of standard No. 3 size, the other, the Baltimore can, was a shortweight can. He then took up cans of fruit put up in California and Maryland and weighed them, finding the Maryland can heavier than the California can.

The amendment of Sherman was adopted. 112 to 45. The Sherman amendment is to the section of the bill describing what shall be deemed misbranded ticles. Its effect is to remove from the category of misbranded articles food in package form, unless the contents in weight or measure are misstated, if stated

Champions of Straight Whisky. The Representatives of the Southern

States treated the House to an instructive and exhaustive debate on whisky, but the friends of the "straight" article were routed by the friends of the rectified by a vote of 34 to 76 on an amendment by Richardson, of Alabama, in half of the makers of "straight" whisky. In the course of his remarks Richard old whisky chemicals, oils, flavoring, bead year-old brand, which went to the con-

Sherley, of Kentucky, in behalf of the ectifiers, explained the contention of the two whisky companies, the distiller and

Sherley's remarks brought Stanley, of re

Kentucky, into the debate. He took a bottle from the table, poured the con-

tents into a graduate and said:

Here is a quart of alcohol, one hundred proof strong. It will eat the intestines out of a coyote. It will make a howing dervish out of an anchorite. It will make a rabbit spit in a hulldog's face. It is pure alcohol, and under the skill of the rectifier, he will put in a little coloring matter and then a little bead oil; (illustrating) I drop that in it. Then I get a little essence of Bourbon whisky, and there is no connoissour in this House who can tell that heiliah business from the granine article, and that is what I denounce. I say that the coloring what I denounce. I say that the coloring matter is not harmful. I say that the cara-mels are not harmful, but I say that the body stock of the whisky I made is rank alcohol and, when it gots into a man it is pure hell. (Applause,

The vote was then taken on the amend ment of Richardson and it was defeated, An amendment offered by Lacey of Iowa, stating that the Wilson act prohibiting the transportation of liquor from one state to another, when prohibited by the state, was not repealed by the pure food act, was adopted without debate.

Few Southerners Vote No. The bill was passed by a vote of 242 to 17, the following voting in the minority: Adamson, Alken, Bartlett, Burleson, Chandler, Garrett, Gillespie, Henry of Texas, Hill of Miesissippi. Humphreys of Mississippi, Kelliher, Moore, Sheppard, Sherley, Smith of Texas, Williams of Mississippi.

HE WILL FIGHT AMENDMENTS

Heyburn Says House Changes Have Weakened Bill.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, June 23.—When the pure food bill gets back to the Senate, Senator Heyburn will oppose the House amendment, which in the main, he says, weakens the bill. He hopes to have the bill sent to conference in expectation that the terms of his original draft will be restored.

WILL SEE FOR HIMSELF

PRESIDENT WILL VISIT CANAL ZONE NEXT FALL.

Abandons Trips to Middle West and San Francisco That He May See Canal Work.

WASHINGTON, June 23.-President Roosevelt will visit the Isthmus of Panama to make a personal investigagation of the police force.

Senator Tillman said that it was a peculiar coincidence that the only eyewit nesses who defended the incident were Elmer E. Payne, a newspaper man who had received a naval academy appointment for his son, and the police, whose superintendent. Richard Sylvester, had received a like favor at the hands of the President.

BUSINESS DONE BY SENATE

BUSINESS DONE BY SENATE

The construction work on the Panama Canal. This announcement was made at the White House today by Secretary Tooth. It is expected that the President will be absent about the Market the Urip. It is likely that the President will be accompanied by Secretary Taft and Chalgman Shorts of the Panama Canal. tion of the construction work on the

onference would prove a godsend to the country.

The sundry civil appropriation bill was sent to conference and another conference semi-centennial celebration of the exoccupying probably not more than four or five days.

LOWEST BIDDER GETS LEFT

Dredges for Canal Bought From Baltimore Firm.

WASHINGTON. June 23.-The Isthmian Canal Commission today awarded the contract for the two sea-going dredges to the Maryland Steel Company, of Balti-more, the lowest American bidder, at \$362,000 each. The lowest bidder was William Simon, of Scotland, but the award t the Baitimore concern was made by son of the recent act of Congress that al purchases for the Islimian Canal should be confined to products of the United States, except where it was shown that American bids were unreasonable and ex-

ELECTIONS IN PANAMA TODAY

Marines Will Keep Order if Police Are Not Strong Enough.

PANAMA, June 23.-Municipal elewill take place tomorrow in M districts of the Republic, excluding Parama. No trouble is expected here. The political horizon is somewhat clouded, but the vernment police are sufficient to handle the situation, if they prove unable to cope with the disorders, marines will be landed from the United States crulser Marblehead, which arrived today.

No Private Cars and No Graft.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23.-John B. Thayer, fourth vice-president of the Pennsylvania Railroad, states that the railroad will do away with private cars of all kinds, and that officers and employes of the corporation will dispose of whatever holdings of coal stocks they may have. Mr. Thayer said: "It will require some time to work out plans for the taking over of private cars. As soon as formulated they will be made public. As to the officers and employes disposing of their coal stocks, it is up to the investigating committee to say what steps will be pursued to carry out this large railroad companies will find numer-

Michigan Coal Strike Ends.

SAGINAW, Mich., June 23.-The strike of bituminous miners in the Michigan district, which has been in force since April 1, came to an end this afternoon. The wage scale for 1963 has been restored and the union initiation fee reduced from \$60 to \$25. John Mitchell, who assisted in the settlement, left tonight for his home. The men will return to work next week

Corvallis Boy Wins Honors

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 24.—(Special.)

—In the list of scholarship awards announced at Harvard today is the name of Ciatborne L. Shepard, of Corvallis, a member of the entering freshman class. Ho receives a Price-Greenleaf scholarship.

Americans Presented to King Haakon and His Queen.

MR. AND MRS. BRYAN, TOO

Norwegian-American Delegates to Coronation Will Be Received by His Majesty Tomorrow_Brilliant Scenes at Trondhjem.

TRONDHJEM, June 31 .- King Haakot and Queen Maud today held their first levee and the palace again was the town's center of interest. All the special Embassics, statesmen, officials and other prominent persons attended. The American special Ambassadors, Charles H. Graves, with his staff and the ladies H. Graves, with his staff and the ladies of the American party, were present. Mr. Graves presented Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bryan, Mrs. Marshall Field, Mrs. Eddy, Mrs. Meade, Miss Eddy of Chicago, Mrs. Slater and Miss Gwynn of Washington, and Mr. and Mrs. Meyer of New York.

The sun shone warmly and Trondhjem was made brilliant by the uniformed and brightly costumed assemblage, presenting an attractive scene. Arrangements have been completed for King Hasen to receive in audience the Norwegian-Amerreceive in audience the Norwegian-Amer-ican delegates to his coronation on Monday.

Will Receive Chicago's Tribute.

Dr. Daas, of Chicago, will on that ocaddresses, and the Norwegian Consul a Chicago, F. G. Gade, will give the king a portfolio containing music, poems and drawings in behalf of the Norwegians of that city. King Haakon will probably make one response to the Norwegian-American delegation, which numbers

The great bulk of the Norwegians who came to Norway from America extensibly for the coronation, did not come to Trondhjem, but instead scattered to their former homes in various parts of the country, love of their old homesteads and kinsmen proving stronger than their desire to visit Trondhjem. In any ease the trip here is difficult and somewhat expensive, and, besides, the coronation festivities are not confined to Trondhjem, but are universal throughout Norway.

Crowd Begins to Depart.

The crowd which came to see the King and Queen crowned is already breaking up, but the special Embassies will remain here until Tuesday or Wednesday. The formal leave-taking of the Embassies will take place Tuesday. The first to depart left here by train last night and today several foreign excursion steamers hoisted their anchors and steamed down the

tjord.
The formal programme ends Wednesday with an excursion around the fjord, but King Haakon and Queen Maud will re-main at Trondhjem until Emperor William comes here July 8.

King Speaks in Public Park.

King Hakon made a brief speech this ovening at Hevolden Park, where there was a civil demonstration in honor of Their Majesties. The principal guilds and societies, carrying silk banners, formed at the end of the long square, and when the King and Queen arrived the guilds and societies advanced in a solid phalanx toward the royal stand and dipped their banners in salute, the

concourse chearing.

The King closed his speech by leading the crowd in effects for Norway. An exhibition of old Norse duncing followed and songs by enormous male choir ended the exercises.

BRYAN ADDRESSES DELEGATES

Pays Tribute to Rugged National Strength of Norway.

TRONDHJEM, June 25.—The Norweg-ian-American delegates to the coronation of King Haakon held a meeting this at-ternoon in the garden of the old aren-bishop's palace, under the shadow of the cathedral, and invited William J. Hryan to address them. When Mr. Bryan appeared he was presented with American and Norwegian flags, and the crowd

Mr. Bryan said that judging Norway by her sons who come to America, he want-ed to offer her his congratulations. He declared that Norway had achieved high civilization without losing any of her early, rugged strength, a thing nations rurely achieved. He hoped the country's resperity would be as long as her days

MUST REST ON SUNDAY

(Continued From Page 1.) been voiced by the transportation companies, whose freedom of operation will be so enormously limited during

The bill affects all street rallways operating under a charter from the Dominion government, leaving those under provincial charters subject to provincial laws. Many street railways, however, now operate on Sunday under a special act, and these are not affected. An amendment will be offered on Monday exempting from the provision of the measure street railways in cities and towns where no provincial Sunday legislation applies. As it stands at present, the only exemption in the bill for street railways is for those whose lines are interprovincial

or international. . May Bankrupt Many Roads.

It is declared that, if the bill becomes law as it now stands, many electric car companies in the Dominion will be forced to go out of business. For instance, it is stated that officials of the new Windsor, Essex & Lake Shore Radial Railway admit that they must run their cars Sunday to make the investment pay, and it is pointed out that the road would never have been built had such a restriction as that proposed by the Lord's day bill been expected. In addition to the restriction on elec-

tric lines and other street railways, the ous inconveniences attendant upon the prohibitions contained in the law.

Jews and Adventists Excepted. When the bill was first read it also pro-

oked the most emphatic protests from religious bodies and persons who do not observe Sunday as their Sabbath, such as Jews, Adventists and others. This protest resulted in an amendment to the bill whereby persons who observe Saturday as their Sabbath are allowed to perform work on Sunday under certain restrictions. This amendment has now aroused further protests, this time from orthodex Christians who disapprove of the exception in favor of Jews and others and who declare the amendment impracticable. The chief purpose of the bill is to pre-

WORDS OF PRAISE WELL MERITED

BY A WELL KNOWN ARTICLE.

So much has been written by the Of Queen's root, Prof. King says: standard medicial authorities, of all the "An alterative (blood purifier) unsurseveral schools of practice, in praise passed by few if any other of the known of the native, or American, medicinal alteratives. Most successful in skin of the native, or American, medicinal plants which enter into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, that in attempting to quote from the various works on Materia Medica one hardly knows where to commence, since they are so voluminous that only the briefest and most imperfect reference can be presented in a short article like this.

Briefly then let us say that the "Golden Medical Discovery" was named from the sturdy little plant Golden Seal, the root of which enters largely into its composition. Besides this most valuable ingredient, it contains glyceric extracts of Stone root, Queen's root, Black Cherrybark, Bloodroot and Mandrake root.

Finley Ellingwood, M. D., an eminent practitioner of Chicago and Professor of Materia Medica in the Bennett Medical College of that city, in his recently published work on Therapeutics, says of Golden Seal root: "It is the most natural of stimulants to the normal functions of digestion. Its influence upon the mucous surfaces renders it most important in catarrhal gastritis (inflammation of stomach) and plants which enter into the composi-tion of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Dis-

ders it most important in catarrhal or lingering, persistent, and obstinate gastritis (inflammation of stomach) and cases of bronchial, laryngial and lung gastric (stomach) ulceration."

Many other authorities as well as Dr. Ellingwood extol the Hydrastis (Golden Seal), as a remedy for catarrhal dis-Seal), as a remedy for catarrhal diseases of the nasal passages, stomach, bronchia, gall ducts, kidneys, intestines and bladder. Among these, we may mention Prof. John King, M. D., author of the American Dispensatory; Prof. J. M. Scudder, M. D., in his "Specific Medication"; Dr. Hale of the Hahnemann Med. College of Chicago; Grover Coe, M. D., of New York, in his "Organic Medicines." Dr. Bartholow of Jefferson Med. College and scores of other leading medical writers and teachers. leading medical writers and teachers.

All the foregoing eminent authorities extol the curative virtues of Golden

says, "It is a most important remedy in many disorders of the womb." Golden scription for weak, nervous, "rundown'

But to return to the "Golden Medical Discovery" it may be said that its curative properties are not wholly dependent upon Golden Seal, valuable as it is, as other equally potant ingredients add greatly to its value and in fact are not will be mailed free to any address on will be mailed free to any address on ess important than the Hydrastis, or

throat and lungs.

alteratives. Most successful in skin and scrofulous affections; beneficial in

saffections, attended by hoarseness and severe cough, which if neglected or badly treated would generally have run into consumption, that "Golden Med-ical Discovery" has won the highest praise from all who have observed its sold at a reasonable price and may found in all drug and medicine stores in this and many foreign countries.

Seal in cases of stomach, liver and in-testinal weakness, torpor and ulceration extracts how well "Golden Medical Disof bowels. Dr. Ellingwood recommends it most highly, "In those cases of atonic dyspepsia when the entire apparatus, including the liver, is stagnant and inoperative." He also extols it most equally good in all Catarrhal affections highly in the many weaknesses and de-rangements peculiar to women and cases of indigestion, or dyspepsia, torpid liver, or biliousness and as a tonic and invigorator in all manner of Seal root (Hydrastis), is an important weaknesses, and in nervous debility ingredient of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Pre- and prostration the above extracts amply show.

Much further information as to the properties and uses of "Golden Medical Discovery" and Dr. Pierce's Favorite request, by letter or postal card, sent to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Golden Seal.

In all bronchial, throat, lung and kindred ailments, Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Queen's root and Bloodroot, each plays as important a part in effecting the phenominal cures of "Golden Medical Discovery" as does Golden Seal. All these ingredients for the cure of all schools of medicine purposes have any such endorsement. They are non-alcoholic, non-secret, sais and reliable. and reliable.

THE DAY'S DEATH RECORD favorites.

Mother of Sir Thomas Shaughnessy. this afternoon

Duke of Almodavar.

MADRID, June 21.-The Duke of Almodovar. Minister of Foreign Affairs, who acted as president of the conference on Moroccan reforms, held at Algedras early in the present year, died at 2:50 this afternoon. He was born in 1854.

Alberto Rositi, Bandmaster. KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 28.-Alberto

Rositi, an Italian composer and bandmas-ter, well known to this country, died at University Hospital here today, following an operation for appendicitis. Rositi was 55 years old. R. E. Delacey, Boodle Alderman. NEW YORK, June 23.-The funeral of Robert E Delacty, a member of the "Boodle Board" of Aldermen of 1884, was held last night in his home in a little Harlem-street flat. Delacey died Tuesday but his death was not generally known

Delacey was a member of the Board of Aldermen in 1884, when the late Jacob Sharp obtained from the board a fran-chise for the Broadway Street Bailway. Charges of bribery were made against Sharp, who was convicted and went to prison, and against Delacey and several other Aldermen. Delacey and several other Aldermen. Delacey and several others fled to Canada, but after four years they returned, gave bail in \$40,000 each and were never tried.

Delacey was nearly 70 years old. He and his wife frequently moved to hide his identity.

Raids Illegal Gasoline Tanks. CHICAGO, June 23.-With a force of 25 non a tank wagon and several wagon-

Dyspepsia

Don't think you can cure your dyspepsia in lany other way than by strengthening and toning your stomach.

That is weak and incapable of performing its functions, probably because you have imposed upon it in one way or another over and over again. You should take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It strengthens and tones the stomach, and permanently cures dyspepsia and all stomach troubles. Accept no substitute.

Cure for Fits on Trial.

Here is the fairest offer ever made to sufferers with spliepsy, or fite. Just deposit \$1.56 with Woodard, Clarke & Co., and get a bettle of Elixir Kooine. If it does not help you and show that its continued use will effect a complete and lasting oure, get your money back.

Woodard, Clarke & Co., will take all the risk. They are well-known and reliable, and this offer they make will be faithfully carried out. Elixir Kooine will positively cure epileptic fits and all similar nervous iwitchings and spannodic affectious, no matter what the cause. If it does not Woodard, Clarke & Co. will refund the money. It is the only known care for fits, the only remedy for this disease, and it costs you nothing unless it cures. Price \$1.50, Mail crairs filled. The Kostne Co., Washington, D. C., or Woodard, Clarke & Co., Fortland, Or.

vent the doing of work on Sunday. The loads of cinders, Superintendent of Street bill defines Sunday as "the period of Doherty began the removal of lifegul-gas time which begins at 12 o'clock on Saturday aftermoon and ends at 12 o'clock on Saturday aftermoon and ends at 12 o'clock on Saturday aftermoon and ends at 12 o'clock on Saturday aftermoon in both cases means midnight.

THE DAY'S DEATH PECOPD

Two Contests Decided. Shaughnessy, aged 79 years, mother of Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company the committee on elections No. 2, that Ernest E. Wood was not elected to membership in the House of Representatives in the 19th Congress from the Twelft Congressional District of Missouri, and that Harry M. Coudrey was elected. There was applause on the Republican side when, at the request of Barthold, of Missouri, Coudrey presented himself at the bar of the House to take the

outh. The House adopted a resolution that A. J. Houston was not elected from the Second District of Texas. The sitting member, M. L. Brooks, therefore retains

Kaiser Will Enforce Square Deal. BERLIN, June 23.-A special dispatch from Cologne says: "The Imperial Government Intends to exercise influence with the German fire insurance companies to secure the legal fulfillment of their obligations as set forth in their San Fran-

Peterman's Roach Food A BOON TO HOUSEKEEPERS.







Rais and mice mase wild by this noxious food alarm others; they will leave the building and not return.

Peterman's Ant Foed, a strong food to kill and drive away ants. Large black bestles may also be destroyed by it in one night. Take no other, as time may be even more imperiant than money.

Originated in 1873. Perfected in 1800 by Wim. Peterman, Mfg. Chemist, ft, fe. 58 West 15th st. New York City.

London, Eng.; Montreal, P. Q.

Soid by all druggiess in Portland and throughout the United States; also by WOODARD, CLARKE & CO., S. G. SKIDMORE & CO., Druge.

