

QUEST STANDARD OIL FROM STATE

Ohio Has Begun Proceedings Against Monopoly and Its Many Allies.

ILLEGAL PACT ALLEGED

Accused of Reducing Production, Doubling Price, Combating to Maintain Price and Taking Rebates From Roads.

TOLEDO, Ohio, April 28.—Alleging that the Standard Oil Company and 17 affiliated companies have a secret trade agreement by which they control production and transportation of oil and gas...

Many Companies Involved.

In addition to the Standard, the following corporations are named as defendants: The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, Toledo & Ohio Central, Hoeking Valley Railroad Company, Standard Oil Companies of Ohio, Indiana, New York and New Jersey...

Crimes Alleged by State.

In the petition it is alleged that the production of oil and gas has been reduced for the purpose of increasing prices to consumers. It is set up that this reduction amounts to 50 per cent, while the price of gas to the consumer has been increased 100 per cent.

State is Real Prosecutor.

It developed today that Mr. Wachenheimer filed the suits on behalf of Attorney-General Ellis. This is especially significant, in view of the fact that the cases will be pressed with all possible dispatch.

PE-RU-NA

DR. HARTMAN'S FAMOUS PRESCRIPTION

THE TALK OF THE CONTINENT

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

Just A Few Of the Sincere Letters Written To Dr. Hartman By Honest People.

Owes Good Health to Pe-ru-na

Miss L. Wall, 359 N. Dale street, St. Paul, Minn., writes: "Last Spring I had a very severe case of catarrh of the stomach and bowels. I was very much run down in strength and lost my appetite."

The World's Greatest Medicine

The rapid growth of the Pe-ru-na Mercile Company is as phenomenal in the business world as its popular popularity of their famous remedy, Pe-ru-na. The plant covers a number of acres, and employs several hundred people.

A Doctor's Prescription.

For years Dr. Hartman used Pe-ru-na in his private practice as a regular prescription. He had no thought of manufacturing it or its ingredients as a proprietary medicine until there was a demand made upon him by his many friends, who clamored for the original prescription.

Forty Thousand Patients.

Dr. Hartman estimates that he must have prescribed Pe-ru-na for over forty thousand patients before it was advertised as a proprietary medicine.

Relieved in Four Weeks of Severe Cold on Lungs.

Miss Josie Schatzel, Gen. Del. Appleton, Wis., writes: "I contracted a severe cold which settled on my lungs in very short order and it was not long until it developed into a serious case of catarrh. Every morning I would raise a lot of phlegm, which was very disagreeable. My digestion was poor and my lungs sore."

Pe-ru-na's Popularity.

Pe-ru-na is not like so many other remedies that pass away as soon as the first few bottles are used. The longer Pe-ru-na is used in any community, the more popular it becomes.

Followed Dr. Hartman's Advice—A Grateful Letter.

Mrs. Anthony Rauch, 423 Johnston street, Bucyrus, O., writes: "I was suffering from obstinate constipation and torpid liver when I took your advice and purchased six bottles of Pe-ru-na and Manalin."

"When I had taken only one bottle I felt much better and since I have taken two more bottles I feel entirely well, but I will continue taking the medicine for a short time to make sure of my cure."

"I think Manalin is one of the finest remedies for constipation that I ever tried. I will never be without it. It made me so strong, I can do a day's work and never tire."

Pe-ru-na Actually Relieves.

The reason why Pe-ru-na has become a standard catarrh remedy the world over is simply because it eliminates catarrh.

Finds Relief in Pe-ru-na After Suffering Twenty Years

Mrs. M. S. Davis, 1545 Buena Vista street, Nashville, Tenn., writes: "After having been a constant sufferer from catarrh for more than twenty years, and after trying almost every remedy advertised, and having lost all hope, I very reluctantly began the use of Pe-ru-na about two years ago."

Pe-ru-na Removes the Cause of Catarrh.

Pe-ru-na has no bad effects upon the system and gradually eliminates catarrh by removing the cause of catarrh. There are a multitude of homes where Pe-ru-na has been used off and on for 20 years.

Revised Formula.

"For a number of years requests have come to me from a multitude of grateful friends, urging that Pe-ru-na be given a slight laxative quality. I have been experimenting with a laxative addition for quite a length of time, and now feel gratified to announce to the friends of Pe-ru-na that I have incorporated such a quality in the medicine which, in my opinion, can only enhance its well-known beneficial character."

Keeps Pe-ru-na in the House

Mrs. Jessie Smith, 408 Buttles Ave., Columbus, O., writes: "I have used your Pe-ru-na for catarrh of the head and stomach, and have been greatly relieved from it."

Danger in Local Catarrh Cures.

There are a great many catarrh cures in the world. The most of them are local applications. Few of them are to be used internally. Unfortunately, a large number of these local catarrh remedies contain narcotics of some sort. Cocaine, opium and other narcotics are used. These remedies give temporary relief. The patient thinks he is getting better right away. But in a few weeks he discovers his mistake. Not only is his catarrh no better, but it is discovered he is using narcotics.

One reason why Pe-ru-na has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotic of any kind.

Pe-ru-na is perfectly harmless. It takes according to directions on the bottle. So used, it can be taken any length of time without acquiring a drug habit.

NOW WITH JUDGES

Argument in Dr. Crapsey's Trial for Heresy Ends.

CASE UNDER ADVISEMENT

Edwin M. Shepard Denies Heretical Nature of Pastor's Utterances. Good Faith of Defense Is Called in Question.

BATAVIA, N. Y., April 28.—The fate of Rev. Dr. Algernon S. Crapsey, as a clergyman of the Protestant Episcopal Church, rests with the judges.

BRISTOL CASE IN DOUBT

COMMITTEE MAJORITY SAID TO OPPOSE CONFIRMATION.

Informal Discussion Shows Drift of Opinion, but Sub-Committee Has Not Made Report.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, April 28.—Members of the Senate Judiciary committee have been informally discussing the nomination of District Attorney Bristol, and it is believed that a majority of the committee is not favorable to his confirmation.

NEW BREMERTON DRYDOCK

Navy Bill Authorizes Beginning, but Cuts Other Items.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, April 28.—The naval appropriation bill reported to the House today authorizes the construction of a concrete drydock at the Puget Sound Navy-yard to cost \$1,500,000, and appropriates \$100,000 to begin its construction.

St. Paul Officials Arrive.

Germany's Hand Seen in Move.

Work on Cold Springs Dam.

Works for Consular Court in China.

for small change, while tortoiseshell and purple sapphire shells, the latter ranging in size from a few inches to a foot and a half in length, represented money of a higher value.

A decrease in the supply of shells and increasing prosperity called for a more handy medium of exchange, and gold coins with a square hole in the center came into existence and remains in use to this day.

Among the earlier Chinese coins was one of porcelain about three-quarters of an inch in diameter and a quarter of an inch thick, bearing the legend, "Eternal Prosperity." A very curious knife money was at one time used in the state of Teli.

It was of copper shaped like a bilbock, about seven inches long, and fitted at the end with a ring. During periods of metal scarcity in China, iron, lead, tin, baked earth, grain, silk and shells have been used as a circulating medium.

In Japan an iron coinage, begun about 1838, has existed up to the present day. A curious coin made of the mixture of silver and copper was long in use in Japan, varied in size from a small pea to a large bean.

Lead coins were also used there for five centuries. Glass was employed as a substance for coin for many centuries in Egypt, while wooden money is mentioned in many of the Buddhist writings.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, April 28.—The British agent at Cairo, the British government acceded to this, but when the negotiations opened, the Turkish Commissionnaire at Cairo claimed half of the Sinai peninsula and stubbornly adhered to his demand that half of the peninsula, which is considered to be a buffer state of Egypt, is Turkish territory and that it be given to the Sultan.

The negotiations were broken off, and the Foreign Office here will take up the case with the Porte.

Thus far no communication has been sent to Constantinople on the subject. Great Britain is said to be anxious to learn whether the Sultan authorized the Turkish Commissionnaire at Cairo to claim half of the peninsula. This has been found most difficult, as the British Ambassador has been unable to see the Sultan, who is either ill or feigning illness.

Mr. Horn, general manager of the Northern Pacific, of St. Paul, accompanied by W. E. Albee, superintendent of the Western Division, with headquarters at Tacoma, reached Portland yesterday in Mr. Horn's private car, and left on the late train last night for the Sound.

The two officials spent yesterday on the line of the Portland & Seattle above Vancouver, inspecting the construction work on the road. They expressed considerable satisfaction with the way the work is being pushed and at the first-class road that is being built.

There are many theories as to what is influencing Turkey. The British Foreign Office holds that the Turkish Commissionnaire at Cairo is largely responsible for the present situation, and that he probably has been led by German scientists and merchants at Cairo to believe that Germany will support Turkey's aggression. There appears, however, to be no ground for some of the press statements that Germany is actually so doing.

King Edward and Sir Charles Hardinge, the permanent under secretary of the Foreign Office, will return to London early next week, when a meeting of the council will be held and possibly final steps in the matter may be taken to impress the Sultan with the necessity for the withdrawal of his demands.

The British cruiser Minerva left Port

LION SHOWS TEETH

Great Britain May Use Threats Against Turkey.

CRISIS IN TABAH AFFAIR

Sultan Claims Half Sinai Peninsula and Naval Demonstration May Be Necessary—Germany Suspected of Backing Him.

LONDON, April 28.—The patience of Great Britain with Turkey over the Tabah affair is at an end, and it was understood at the Foreign Office today that, if the Sultan does not soon accede to the British demands, there will be another demonstration before a Turkish port within a short time.

Some months have elapsed since the Egyptian government discovered that Turkish troops had entered Tabah, heretofore considered to be an unimportant point.

Turkey, so Great Britain believed, occupied Tabah, because she feared Egypt would obtain control of the Gulf of Akaba. But Great Britain claims that this is not the purpose of Egypt. The Sultan contended that Tabah was within his empire. This was disputed, but Great Britain offered to submit the question of the boundary to a committee. Turkey in the meantime to withdraw her troops.

Turkish Claims Enlarged. The Sultan declined this offer, but offered to negotiate with Lord Cromer, the British agent at Cairo. The British government acceded to this, but when the negotiations opened, the Turkish Commissionnaire at Cairo claimed half of the Sinai peninsula and stubbornly adhered to his demand that half of the peninsula, which is considered to be a buffer state of Egypt, is Turkish territory and that it be given to the Sultan.

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ALL PUT ON AN EQUALITY

Society of French Artists Makes Radical Change in Rules.

WILL SUCCEED VON BUELOW

Prince Von Radolin Choice for Chancellor of Germany.

LONDON, April 28.—(Special.)—According to Reynolds' Newspaper, Prince von Radolin is almost absolutely sure to be named as the successor of Chancellor von Buelow within the next few days. The newspaper claims that its correspondent has received this information from a very high source in Berlin.

Make Murderous Autos Pay.

Monks as Chauffeurs.

Geneva Correspondence London Express.

Monks as Chauffeurs.

ORIGIN OF "TEXAS."

Data Leads to Belief That It Came From "Tecas."

Austin (Tex.) Over N. Y. Tribune.

Edward W. Heusticher, of San Antonio, has just added to his collection of old and rare books a geography which was published in 1747. The maps in this book are curiously and interestingly named. The chauffers will be chosen from the monks themselves, who will wear cowls. The cars which are being specially constructed to climb the steep gradients, will at the beginning be employed for the transport of supplies only.

Later, however, the monks intend to start a service for tourists who wish to visit their hospices in the Summer season.

The French settlement of "Natchikoches" is shown, and the countries of the Natchez and Apache Indians are indicated. "Van Diemen's Land," now called Tasmania, is shown as a part of the continent. New Zealand, too, is shown as a partly discovered new land. The Hawaiian Islands had not been discovered. The Atlantic Ocean was at that time called the "Western Ocean." What is now the Pacific Ocean was called the "Great South Sea," and the Caribbean Sea was then known as the "North Sea." Another important map in those days was that of Mexico, known as "New Spain," and what is now Texas was then the "Province of Louisiana."

Mr. Heusticher says one important factor in the text of this work is the description of certain Indian tribes "toward the North River" (Rio Grande), known as the "Tecas," who "live in villages." "Tecas" was then the name for the reformed Indians living in the missions for it speaks of them as "having embraced Christianity" and "being the more passionate lovers of the Spaniards." Texas was therefore no doubt, derived from the word "Tecas."

The major house at Salford, Lancashire, England, has what is said to be the first wallpaper used in England. The paper, which is in blotting paper in texture and has a cream-colored ground and chocolate design, is fastened to the wall with small tacks.

Pure Blood

Is certain if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

This great medicine cures those eruptions, pimples and boils that appear at all seasons; cures scrofula sores, salt rheum or eczema; adapts itself equally well, and also cures, dyspepsia and all stomach troubles; cures rheumatism and catarrh; cures nervous troubles, debility and that tired feeling.

SPECIAL.—To meet the wishes of those who prefer medicine in tablet form, we are now putting up Hood's Sarsaparilla in chocolate-coated tablets as well as in the usual liquid form. By reducing Hood's Sarsaparilla to a solid extract, we have retained in the tablets the curative properties of every medicinal ingredient. It gives strength and renewed health. Thousands of others tell of similar cures, also cure of scrofula, salt rheum, eczema, etc.

Mrs. Helen L. Thompson of Lewiston, Me., reports great benefit to her little girl from Hood's Sarsaparilla, which thoroughly purified her blood after an attack of the little girl's poisoning disease, scarlet fever. It gave her strength and renewed health. Thousands of others tell of similar cures, also cure of scrofula, salt rheum, eczema, etc.

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QUARANTINE LAW WAIVED

Krutschmitt Dodges Inspection After Eventful Cruise, on Yacht.

NEW ORLEANS, April 28.—(Special.)—The private yacht Sultana, belonging to E. H. Harriman, the railroad magnate, arrived at the Louisiana quarantine station, 70 miles below, with a party of his friends aboard, including Julius Krutschmitt, superintendent of terminals of the Harriman lines.

Powerful influences were set at work to secure a special dispensation from the State Board of Health for permission to allow Mr. Krutschmitt and his companions through without inspection. This afternoon the Board held a special session and decided to admit the entire party. They boarded the train at once for the North.

Considerable dissatisfaction is felt here over the action of the Health Board, as it is felt that this action in permitting the party to land without a grave precedent that may result in exposing the port to danger of yellow fever infection. The country around quarantine is infested with mosquitoes and these pests make life miserable for the strangers.

The Sultana had a thrilling trip across the gulf, a drift down the coast to Vera Cruz, Mexico, where Mr. Krutschmitt intended taking a special train for a quick run to California, to take charge of the Southern Pacific property. While in the middle of the gulf, the Sultana's boiler became disabled. The yacht was at the mercy of the wind for several hours. She was rapidly drifting with the tide when the fruit-skipper Apomattox came alongside and towed her to the Louisiana quarantine station. Mr. Harriman's friends feared a storm would break and wreck the Sultana, but they escaped with only delay and fright.

RAILROAD LINE INDICTED

B. & O. Accused of Unfair Distribution of Coal Cars.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va., April 28.—The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company was indicted five times by the Federal grand jury today for alleged violation of the interstate commerce law in failure to distribute cars to coal operators in a fair and equitable manner. The indictments are the first of the kind ever found in the United States. The fine in case of conviction may be \$500 in each case.

THE DAY'S DEATH RECORD

General Von Buddo, Germany.

BERLIN, April 28.—General von Buddo, the Prussian Minister of Public Works, who had been suffering from cancer for some time, died today.

Head of California Pioneers.

CHICAGO, April 28.—Thaddeus P. Sears, president of the Western Association of California Pioneers, died here today, aged 81 years.

Branch Headquarters in Chicago.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—The Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee will maintain branch headquarters at Chicago, with Congressman Lloyd of Missouri, in charge during the approaching Congressional campaign. The principal office will be in Washington.

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