COUNT COMPLETE IN MULTNOMAH

Cake for U. S. Senator Has 2055 Plurality.

GEER CARRIES THE COUNTY

Leads Withycombe for Governor by 1767 Votes.

STEVENS AND WORD WIN

Duniway, Shepherd and Hoyt Sweep County, Gantenbein and Sears Are Nominated for Circuit Judges.

Returns of the primary election for Multnomah County are now complete. The official board, consisting of County Clerk Fields, Justice of the Peace William Reid and Justice of the Peace Waldemar Seton, yesterday canvassed the returns for United States Senator and Governor. They show the vote for United States Senator as follows:

H. M. Cake	4720
Jonathan Bourne, Jr.	2665
Stephen A. Lowell	1551
E. B. Watson	1480
E. L. Smith	978

H. M. Cake has carried Multnomah by a plurality of 2055 votes.

For Governor, T. T. Geer has swept the county by a plurality of 1767. Geer polled 4685 votes; Withycombe was second with 2918; Johns third with 2067; Brown fourth with 1311, while Sehlbrede had 381 votes. Complete returns show practically no change from the result that was forecast in The Oregonian yesterday morning.

Shepherd has carried the county for Congress, Gatch, for Secretary of State, and Duniway for State Printer. Gantenbein and Sears are nominated in the Circuit Judgeships. Stevens has been nominated Republican Sheriff and Tom Word Democratic Sheriff. Word defeated Malley by 1040 votes.

Ralph W. Hoyt has carried the county for State Treasurer by 767 votes. Following him came in the order named: Steel, Carter, Ryan, Aitkin and Jennings. For Secretary of State Gatch has a plurality of 234 votes. Crawford is 165 votes ahead of Durham for Attorney-General. Duniway, for State Printer, has a lead in this county over Whitney of 5157 votes.

Gantenbein Beats George.

One of the closest contests in the primary election was that for the nomination for the Circuit Judgeship. Gantenbein has defeated Judge George by 126 votes. Sears has a plurality of 1132 votes over Morrow. In the contest for State Senator for Clackamas and Multnomah Counties Bailey has carried Multnomah County by 1628 votes. For State Senator of the Eighteenth Senatorial district, Beach is nominated over Gill by a plurality of 217.

Ten Anti-Bourne Legislators.

The fight for Representatives in Multnomah County was one of the keenest of the primary election battle. The anti-Bourne legislators who are nominated are:

For State Senator, Clackamas and Multnomah—A. A. Bailey. For Representative, Clackamas and Multnomah—James U. Campbell. For State Senator—S. C. Beach.

For Representatives—N. D. Beutgen, Joseph W. Beveridge, Willard H. Chapin, Frank F. Freeman, R. S. Farrell, Harry E. Northup, Robert W. Wilson.

The Bourne ticket was successful in nominating the following: For Representative—L. H. Adams, J. C. Bayer, D. C. Burns, J. B. Coffey, John Driscoll.

Rivalry was keen between Stevens and Bird for the Republican nomination for County Sheriff. Stevens was nominated by a plurality of 1442 votes. The other county contestants nominated are:

County Judge—L. R. Webster.
County Commissioner—F. C. Barnes.
County Treasurer—John M. Lewis.
County Auditor—Carl A. Brandes.
County Coroner—J. P. Finley.

William Reed has been nominated Justice of the Peace of the West Side District. Lou Wagner, for Constable, is nominated by a plurality of 284. For Justice of the Peace for the East Side district the nominee is Fred L. Olson. For Constable Mautz is nominated.

The complete Republican vote follows:

The total votes of the Republican candidates follows:

United States Senator (To Fill Vacancy).

Mulkey, Fred W. (Multnomah)	7830

United States Senator (For Term Beginning March 4, 1907).

Bourne, Jr., Jonathan (Multnomah)	2665
Cake, H. M. (Multnomah)	4720
Lowell, Stephen A. (Umatilla)	1551
Smith, E. L. (Wasco)	978
Watson, E. B. (Multnomah)	1480
Cake's plurality	2055

For Representative in Congress, Second Congressional District.

Ellis, W. R. (Umatilla County)	3046
Lachner, William J. (Baker)	2270
Rand, John L. (Baker)	1509
Shepherd, George S. (Multnomah)	4628
Shepherd's plurality	1580

For Governor.

Brown, Harvey K. (Baker)	1311
Geer, T. T. (Marion)	4685
Johns, Charles A. (Baker)	2907
Sehlbrede, Charles A. (Coos)	380
Withycombe, James (Benton)	2918
Geer's plurality	1767

For Secretary of State.

Benson, Frank W. (Douglas)	4,454
Gatch, Claud (Marion)	4,888
Pearce, Lot L. (Marion)	892
Wrightman, Frank T. (Marion)	1,072
Gatch's plurality	234

For State Treasurer.

Aitkin, John H. (Baker)	903
Carter, E. V. (Jackson)	1,406
Hoyt, Ralph W. (Multnomah)	4,501
Jennings, Augustus C. (Lane)	228
Ryan, Thomas F.	1,085
Steel, George A. (Clackamas)	2,734
Hoyt's plurality	767

For Supreme Judge.

Eakin, Robert (Union)	9,729

For Attorney-General.

Crawford, A. M. (Douglas)	5,467
Durham, George H. (Josephine)	5,304
Crawford's plurality	163

For Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Alderman, J. H. (Multnomah)	30,199

For State Printer.

Clarke, William J. (Marion)	1943
Duniway, Willis S. (Multnomah)	7347
Whitney, J. R. (Linn)	2190
Duniway's plurality	5157

For Commissioner of Labor Statistics and Inspector of Factories and Workshops.

Hoff, O. P. (Multnomah)	9672

For Judge of Circuit Court (Department No. 2), Fourth Judicial District.

Morrow, Robert G. (Multnomah)	6979
Sears, Jr., Alfred F. (Multnomah)	8111
Sears' plurality	1132

For Judge of Circuit Court (Department No. 4), Fourth Judicial District.

Gantenbein, C. U. (Multnomah)	5765
George, M. C. (Multnomah)	5640
Gantenbein's plurality	126

For Senator (Clackamas and Multnomah Counties).

Bailey, A. A.	4,942
Connell, Samuel (Multnomah)	3,314
Orton, G. M. (Multnomah)	2,714
Bailey's plurality	1,628

For Representative (Clackamas and Multnomah Counties), 17th Representative District.

Campbell, James U. (Clackamas)	6,454
Cross, Harvey E. (Clackamas)	3,744
Campbell's majority	2,710

For State Senator, 18th Senatorial District.

Beach, S. C.	2,782
Colwell, Elmer B.	2,508
Gill, John	2,565
MacMahon, M. J.	1,349
Beach's plurality	217

For Representative, 18th Representative District.

Adams, L. H.	4,182
Bayer, J. C.	4,918
Beutgen, N. D.	4,549

For County Treasurer.

Lewis, John M.	7171
Ryan, Joseph A.	3649
Lewis' majority	3,522

For County Auditor.

Brandes, Carl A.	5365
Kerns, Wilbur G.	3441
Pope, W. H.	2083
Brandes' plurality	1924

For County Coroner.

DeLin, Andy	325
Dunning, Van C.	2427
Finley, J. P.	4736
Slocum, Samuel C.	4174
Finley's plurality	636

PORTLAND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE DISTRICT.

For Justice of the Peace.

Bell, J. W.	1,004
King, H. C.	843
Reid, William	1,811
Wolf, A. Walter	747
Reid's plurality	567

For Constable.

Conroy, Charles	289
Day, John L.	1,163
Franklin, George	288
Libak, Joseph J.	121
Lillis, W. F.	439
Patterson, W. H.	222
St. Clair, Walter	131
Wagner, Lou	1,427
Wagner's plurality	284

EAST SIDE JUSTICE OF THE PEACE DISTRICT.

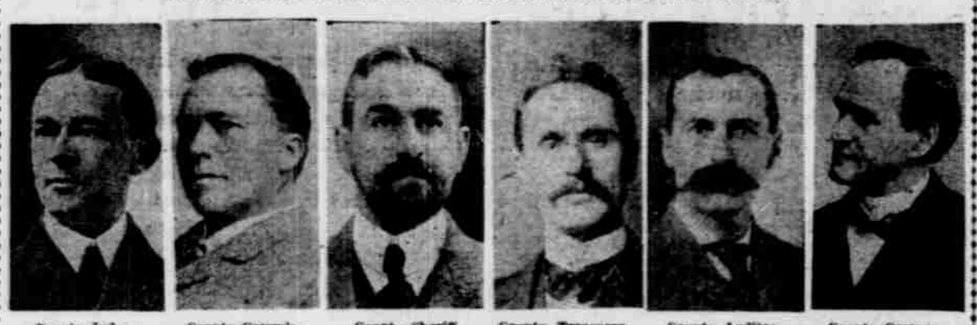
For Justice of the Peace.

Applegren, C. A.	444
Magers, F. E.	829
Olson, F. L.	1,524

A. A. Bailey. S. C. Beach. L. H. Adams. J. C. Bayer. N. D. Beutgen. Joseph W. Beveridge.

D. C. Burns. Willard H. Chapin. John B. Coffey. John Driscoll. Robert S. Farrell. Frank F. Freeman. Harry E. Northup. Robert W. Wilson.

REPUBLICAN NOMINEES FOR MULTNOMAH COUNTY OFFICES



County Judge, Lionel R. Webster. | County Commissioner, F. C. Barnes. | County Sheriff, Robert L. Stevens. | County Treasurer, John M. Lewis. | County Auditor, Carl A. Brandes. | County Coroner, J. P. Finley.

Beveridge, Joseph W.	4,655
Burns, David C.	5,193
Bush, H. M.	3,308
Chapin, Willard H.	5,071
Clausenius, H., Jr.	4,186
Cleveland, Charles	4,191
Coffey, John B.	4,875
Davis, L. M.	3,017
Driscoll, John	5,161
Emmons, H. H.	2,589
Farrell, Robert S.	4,709
Ferrera, Albert B.	2,448
Freeman, Frank F.	4,983
Gruber, Samuel H.	2,274
Keady, W. P.	2,462
Littlepage, C. J.	2,607
Mackie, Dave B.	2,453
MacPherson, P. A.	2,615
Matthieu, S. A.	2,164
McArthur, Clifton N.	2,726
Monahan, T. J.	2,406
Northup, Harry E.	4,949
Sandstrom, A. H.	2,858
Simmons, R. E. L.	2,151
Taggart, Edward T.	2,864
Thompsen, James R.	2,890
Thornton, Edgar H.	2,702
Wanner, William	2,718
Wilson, Robert W.	4,890

For County Judge.

Giltner, R. R.	3668
Lewis, A. T.	2164
Webster, Lionel R.	5094
Webster's plurality	1926

For County Commissioner.

Barnes, F. C.	5157
Fisher, David O.	1960
Sharinghousen, James	838
Paddock, H. S.	644
Seton, Waldemar	1,305
Olson's plurality	227

For Constable.

Alderson, W. S.	122
Backenstos, James S.	262
Carter, Charles H.	782
Keating, John	432
Keenan, A. D.	937
Mautz, Charles	1,072
Mautz' plurality	145

MOUNT TABOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE DISTRICT.

For Justice of the Peace.

Shreve, T. C.	565

For Constable.

Bowen, F. A.	504
Searle, H. L.	110
Bowen's plurality	394

MULTNOMAH JUSTICE OF THE PEACE DISTRICT.

For Justice of the Peace.

S. Clair, H. L.	350

Republican Precinct Committeemen.

The Republican precinct committeemen elected were:

1—O. Johnson.
2—F. W. Schroeder.
3—Joseph M. Russell.
4—James J. Brown.
5—L. Boire and A. L. Hassler.

NOMINEES IN LOCAL JUSTICE OF THE PEACE DISTRICTS

Justice of the Peace, Portland District, William Reid. | Constable, Portland District, Lou Wagner. | Justice of the Peace, East Portland District, Fred L. Olson. | Constable, East Portland District, Charles Mautz.

Steele, W. B.	3560
Tilden, George A.	1052
Willis, W. E.	785
Barnes' plurality	2507

For County Sheriff.

Bird, N. H.	2856
Kelly, Penumbra	2292
Rogers, Frank T.	606
Stevens, Robert L.	4298
Storey, W. A.	1467
Stevens' plurality	1442

For County Clerk.

Fields, F. S.	9909

22—Dudley Evans.
24—J. A. Kelley.
25—
26—C. A. Boyce.
27—C. H. Gilbert.
*29—K. Haviland and Thomas E. Hulme.
30—T. J. Geisler.
31—Willis J. Cottel.
*32—Louis Carstensen and Jack Satterlee.
33—W. B. Jolly.
34—Willis Fisher.
35—J. W. Sherwood.
36—W. A. Viggers.
37—J. F. Kergehem.
38—Thomas S. Holmes.
39—
40—Sig Berven.
41—L. M. Clark.
42—M. R. Johnson.
43—J. Kepchs.
44—H. H. Pomeroy.
45—Emery Schmeer.
46—
47—J. N. Carey and T. R. Fleming.
48—J. L. Hartman.
49—R. W. Parker.
50—E. N. Wheeler.
51—O. S. Hutchinson.
52—R. Deich.
53—W. R. Apperson.
54—J. P. Sinnott.
55—Robert Warwick.
56—O. J. Laird.
57—E. W. Rowe.
58—William Lind.
59—J. H. Kelley.
60—A. N. Gambell.
61—
62—
63—
64—D. V. Hart.
65—W. R. Tindall.
66—J. A. Renshaw.
67—F. J. Peterson.
68—
69—
70—Joseph Plineman.
71—O. J. Kendall.
72—Henry Chapman.
73—
74—
75—W. E. Marshall.
76—John Brown.
77—
78—Thomas W. Corder.
79—G. W. Kenney.
80—J. M. Hillyard.
81—James W. Ross.
82—B. F. Preston.
83—
84—W. J. Miller.
85—J. H. Schaefer.
86—Emile Lueck.
87—Thomas Streiff.
88—John Chalmers.
89—
*90—Hosea Wood and W. N. Burke.

*No report.

DEMOCRATIC VOTE.

For Sheriff.

Tom Word	1,610
M. J. Malley	570
Word's majority	1,040

For Representatives.

W. P. Adams	1,347
T. J. Concannon	1,362
John Dannells	1,363
E. N. Emery	1,368
E. A. Gessell	1,346
William Horan	1,319
George L. Hutchin	1,345
Fred C. King	1,342
H. L. Kriedt	1,272
Isaac Swett	1,306
D. M. Watson	1,333
G. M. Wells	1,111
E. H. Cahalin	1,153

Wells is the only candidate defeated, being the low man.

Democrats Who Had No Opposition.

The Democratic candidates who were nominated without opposition follow:

State Senator, Eighteenth Senatorial District—Clarno, Francis.
County Judge—Van Zante, John.
County Commissioner—No candidate.
County Treasurer—Watts, F. A.
County Auditor—White, M. D.
County Surveyor—Neville, William N.
County Coroner—Armstrong, W. S.

Portland Justice of the Peace District.

Justice of the Peace—Adams, J. C.
Constable—No candidate.

Multnomah Justice of the Peace District.

Justice of the Peace—No candidate.
Constable—No candidate.

SCENES AT THE HEADQUARTERS

Friends Call to Give Congratulations and Condolences.

Headquarters of candidates for Republican nominations were busier places yesterday than they were on the day of the primaries. On Friday all the friends of candidates were at the polls working for their favorites. Yesterday they were anxious to learn the results and either visited the headquarters or called up the managers by phone. As a rule, however, the candidate had little information to impart, for they relied chiefly upon the newspapers for their own information. At both the Steel and the Hoyt headquarters returns from the Multnomah primaries were received and anxiously studied and a few reports were obtained by telegraph from other parts of the state, but they left the recipients in nearly as much doubt as before the returns were read.

A similar state of affairs existed at the Bourne headquarters. The lack of votes in Multnomah County was a disappointment, but Mr. Bourne and his workers kept up their hopes by figuring the pluralities that should be received from other counties. The "Statement No. 1," or Bourne candidates for the Legislature, consoled themselves with the prospects of a partial victory.

The only state candidates from other parts of the state who remained in Portland on primary day were C. A. Johns and F. W. Benson. When the returns began to come in Friday night, Mr. Johns realized that he had lost and immediately prepared to return to his home in Baker City.

Mr. Benson saw a good outlook for himself in the partial returns, and was on the streets smiling as pleasantly as ever. He thinks he lost a great many labor union votes without good reason, and frequently explained to his friends during the day that there must have been some misunderstanding.

H. M. Cake was jubilant yesterday over what seems certain victory. Willis Duniway, who won the nomination for State Printer, was kept busy a large part of the day answering telegrams of congratulation.

PRIMARY ELECTION COSTLY

MOST EXPENSIVE POLITICAL CONTEST EVER HELD IN OREGON.

Aspirants for State, District and County Offices Spent No Less Than $200,000.

That the primary campaign which ended Friday night was the most expensive political contest ever held in Oregon for nominations for office, is declared by politicians who have worked in the harness for years. Those who are not of wide political experience, but who have observed the methods pursued in this campaign, are willing to credit the assertion. Carefully prepared estimates, based upon the known expenditures of a few of the candidates, shows that aspirants for state, district and county offices spent not less than an aggregate of $200,000 and men who ought to be good judges upon the matter place the amount at $250,000.

This was a contest between members of the same party. An ordinary state campaign, in which a Republican ticket is pitted against a Democratic ticket, costs about $20,000.

"The direct primary law is a rich man's law," said a political leader yesterday. "When it was before the people for adoption it was represented as being the poor man's law—a law which would permit and enable a poor man to run for office without the consent of political bosses and without the possession of wealth. This campaign shows that the man who wants a nomination in the direct primary must be able and willing to spend money as freely as any of his opponents."

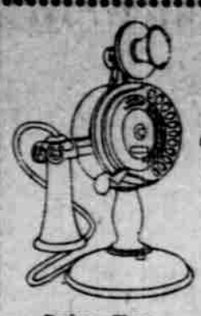
"It shows no such thing," declared a man of considerable less political experience, when this feature of the primary contest was mentioned to him. "Wait until the votes are all counted and the returns are all in before you pass judgment upon the primary law. If the men who spent the most money get the nominations, then it will be fair to say that a direct primary campaign is a money-spending contest. If, on the other hand, it develops that men who have not been noted as political schemers and who did not spend money lavishly have secured the nominations, then the proposition that the direct primary is a rich man's law falls down."

The latter view seems at first glance to be a reasonable one, yet those who know how much money has been spent in this campaign will agree that even if he practiced great economy as compared with other candidates, a man might still spend a snug sum in his effort to get a nomination. Those winners who spent least spent as much as the ordinary toiler would think proper.

What is now occupying the attention of those candidates who have won, or think they have won, is the matter of expenses for the campaign prior to the general election. The problem in its practical application will be whether a State Central Committee should levy an assessment upon candidates in order to defray the expenses of the campaign or whether each candidate shall make his own fight. Two things are certain—that there will be a strong fight on the Governorship and that the remainder of the ticket will have little opposition. The question is whether the candidates who have no opposition shall contribute to the general campaign fund or let the central committee get funds the best way it can.

REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR CIRCUIT JUDGE.

C. U. Gantenbein.



THE NEW HOME TELEPHONE COMPANY —OF— PORTLAND

Business Phone. Residence Phone.

"SECRET SERVICE"

All Automatic, Instantaneous, All Cable

Largest Underground and Aerial All Cable, Up-to-Date Telephone System in the World. A fact Portland should be proud of. Over **eleven thousand miles** of copper wire in cable; 65 per cent of the underground already placed

Interesting facts about this Great Plant, the amount of money expended and progress of work accomplished to date.

Why more than 40,000 miles of copper wire in cables will be used to complete this plant, or nearly enough to twice encircle the globe.

The Stocks and Bonds of the All Automatic Independent Telephone Companies in Southern California and the East had a **"Waiting List"** of applicants for these securities **long before** they were really on the market. The opportunity offered subscribers to the **first issues** of the Stocks and Bonds of the Independent Telephone Companies throughout the country is very attractive to a Bank, Trust Company or Individual, and by these people each first issue is invariably **over-subscribed.** Over one **million dollars** was subscribed by California capitalists for Stock and Bonds of the Portland Home Telephone Company as soon as the local company was granted its franchise. It was deemed advisable for the **home good** of this company not to permit outside capital to absorb it all, and the remaining limited amount **(for it is limited)** will be placed with local investors on the same attractive basis given California Banks, Brokers and others, when the franchise was first granted. Since that time the company has more than **made good** and complied with **every requirement** of the franchise. About $600,000 have been spent in this community and the company has a cash balance in different banks of over $400,000.

The Automatic Switch Board for this city will cost over $300,000. This single item will give you some idea of the magnitude of Portland's **modern telephone plant.**

I advise the purchase of these securities. It will give the best returns of any investment possible for you to make, considering first **absolute safety** based on **actual security,** a fixed revenue from a **public utility,** and paying a steady income.

A list of the **California** and **Portland Banks** and prominent people who have invested in these securities, together with all other information, will be furnished on application.

LOUIS J. WILDE

Rooms 3, 4 and 5, LaFayette Bldg., Cor. 6th and Washington Sts.
PORTLAND - - - - - OREGON

P. S.—The remaining **"First Issue"** of the Portland Home Telephone Bonds is now offered to our home people.

HEART AFFECTS WATCH.

Timepiece Uncertain if That Organ Is Irregular, Says a Jeweler.

Pittsburg Gazette.

Nobody would ever think that something the matter with him would cause something to be the matter with his watch, but a watchmaker is the cause of much uneasiness in an East End family, and all because he insists that he does his best with a certain watch and that the reason it does not keep good time is because the man who carries it must have an irregular heart beat.

It came about in this wise: The head of the family has a large gold watch that cost him $200 ten years ago. He has carried it ever since, but a year ago it began to act queerly. For some days it lost time, and then it began to gain time; again it would gain time mysteriously and then strangely lose a minute or two a day. It had been to the watch repairer three times in 12 months, and was still acting irregularly a week ago when the man's wife took it to the watchmaker.

"I think I know what is the matter with this watch," said the craftsman. "I don't believe that your husband's heart beats regularly. Now, don't get alarmed. It is not necessarily diseased. He may be just one of those men who can't have a watch that keeps good time, simply because of their irregular heart beats.

"You see, a watch has a regular rhythmic movement," said the watchmaker. "It is carried close to the human heart, which ought to have a regular rhythmic movement too. Now, while the watch is beating away the heart is beating also. If its pulsations occur regularly, punctuating the rhythm of the watch at specific intervals, the rhythm of the watch movement is undisturbed; but let the heart pulsations occur irregularly, now pulsating with the tick of the watch, again stopping discordantly in between the ticks, the watch is bound to be affected. Leave this watch here and let your husband carry your watch. Let him wear it a month and see if I am not right."

So the woman handed her husband her watch to note the result. She wanted him to consult a specialist immediately upon her return from the watchmaker, but he compromised by agreeing to try the test suggested by the watch man.

Persian Rugs.

New York World.

It is reported that J. Pierpont Morgan has purchased a number of choice Persian rugs, some for his own use and some presumably for presentation to the Metropolitan Museum. Rumor has it that the price of individual pieces ran as high as $20,000.

This may seem an exorbitant price for a rug, yet much larger sums have been paid for perishable playthings like racehorses. The finest Turkish, Syrian and Persian rugs have an individuality almost as marked as that of great paintings or statues. They are as impossible to reproduce as an old tapestry—age itself being an element in their production. Such great modern rugs as the sacred Mahmal sent yearly with the Mecca caravan to cover the Ka'aba shrine, or those woven to commemorate a Curzon durbar or a visit to India of the Prince of Wales, are marvels of patient toil, but they do not possess the depth of coloring of the ancient examples.

A well-made modern Oriental rug will grow in beauty and value for a hundred years, and the harder its usage the better. The trouble is to be sure that it is well made. The curse of cheapness and the fever of haste have not left even the patient East immune. The Shah of Persia has forbidden the importation of aniline dyes into his dominion, but smuggling is easy, and the cheap and fading colors are often used. A rug that has for 50 years carpeted a sheikh's tents and has become as soft and mellow as an organ note, is worth a dozen doubtful copies of today. It has been tested and proved.

The Oriental rugs of the late Mr. Yerkes, which will eventually become public property, are almost priceless. By adding to the general stock of such art treasures, Mr. Morgan will be doing a service for artists and designers for many generations to come.

What to Teach Your Son.

L. M. Montgomery in Mother's Magazine.

Teach him to be true to his word and work.

To respect religion for its own sake.

To face all difficulties with courage and cheerfulness.

To form no friendships that can bring him into degrading associations.

To respect other people's convictions.

To reverence womanhood.

To live a clean life in thought and word as well as in deed.

Teach him that true manliness always commands success.

That the best things in life are not those that can be bought with money.

That to command he must first learn to obey.

That there can be no compromise between honesty and dishonesty.

That the virtues of punctuality, and politeness are excellent things to cultivate.

That a gentleman is just what the word implies—a man who is gentle in his dealings with the opinions, feelings and weaknesses of other people.

Army Captain at Sixteen.

Chicago Chronicle.

Captain Joseph Burger of St. Paul, Minn., claims to have reached that rank at a younger age than any other man in America, having been commissioned at 16 during the Civil War. He was 13 years and 2 months old when he enlisted in 1861. He was in the battle of Mill Springs, one of the first decisive Union victories in the war. He also fought at Corinth, Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge and Tullahoma. In the second engagement at Dalton, Ga., he lost his left arm, besides receiving wounds in his right hand and leg. He was promoted to a Captaincy when stationed at Fort Douglas in 1864.

Millionaires Eat Brown Biscuit.

North American.

J. Pierpont Morgan, Lord Milner and Millionaire Alfred Beit recently dined together in London, England, and the meal consisted of brown biscuit, fish and vegetables.

Whose Say-so is Best?

With nearly all medicines put up for sale through druggists, one has to take the maker's say-so alone as to their curative value. Of course, such testimony is not that of a disinterested party and accordingly is not to be given the same credit as if written from disinterested motives. Dr. Pierce's medicines, however, form a single and therefore striking exception to this rule. Their claims to the confidence of invalids does not rest solely upon their makers' say-so or praise. Their ingredients are matters of public knowledge, being printed on each separate bottle wrapper. Thus invalid sufferers are taken into Dr. Pierce's full confidence. Scores of leading medical men have written enough to fill volumes in praise of the curative value of the several ingredients entering into these well-known medicines.

Amongst these writers we find such medical lights as Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennet Medical College, Chicago; Prof. Hale, of the same city; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati, Ohio; Prof. John King, M. D., late of Cincinnati, Ohio; Dr. Grover Coe, of New York; Dr. Bartholow, of Jefferson Medical College, of Pa., and scores of others equally eminent.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures the worst cases of female weakness, prolapsus, anteversion and retroversion and corrects irregularities, cures painful periods, dries up disagreeable and weakening drains, sometimes known as pelvic catarrh and a multitude of other diseases peculiar to women. Bear in mind, it is not a patent nor even a secret medicine, but the "Favorite Prescription" of a regularly educated physician, of large experience in the cure of woman's peculiar ailments, who frankly and confidingly takes his patients into his full confidence by telling them just what his "Prescription" is composed of. Of no other medicine put up for woman's special maladies and sold through druggists, can it be said that the maker is not afraid to deal thus frankly, openly and honorably, by letting every patient using the same know exactly what she is taking.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. All correspondence is guarded as sacredly secret and womanly confidences are protected by professional privacy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

How to preserve health and beauty is told in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. It is *free*. For a paper-covered copy send Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 21 one-cent stamps to cover mailing only; in cloth binding 31 stamps.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.