KING NAMES TERMS

Angers Hungarians at Conciliation Conference.

FIRM ON MAIN DEMANDS

Leaders of Kossuth Party Refuse to Negotiate With Austrian and Hungarian Is Named—No Concessions on Army.

VIENNA, Sept. 23.—The King-Emperor Francis Joseph received in audience at the palace the five leaders of the Hungarian coalition parties, namely, Count Julius Andrassy, Francis Kossuth, Baron Banffy, Count Zichy and Count Albert Apponyi, and suggested that they enter into negotiations with Count Goluchowski, the Minister of the Imperial and Royal House, relative to the formation of a Hungarian Cabinet. The King-Emperor showed himself ready to make what he regards as an appreciable concession in the direction desired by the Hungarian nation.

The King-Emperor remained unyielding on the question of the language of command in the Hungarian army. He invited the coalition majority to submit proposals for the formation of a Cabinet on the following conditions:

Military conditions relating to the language of command and the service, on which concessions are entirely inadmissible, are excluded from any programme which may be submitted in regard to the army.

The foreign missions must also remain intact.

As to questions affecting the economic and other relations of Austria-Hungary, as provided by the law of 1857, these shall be revised by negotiations between the governments of the two states and parliamentary committees.

The budget, ordinary contingents to the army, commercial treaties and two years' military service bills must be voted, as well as the sums required for military purposes and for the Hungarian expenditure of the dual monarchy for 1904-05.

The King-Emperor, in the course of the audience, seriously represented to the Hungarian leaders the responsibility they would incur in refusing to accept the concessions offered and in maintaining their old demands.

The audience lasted only a few minutes and the Hungarian leaders were not given a chance to explain their views or discuss the matters at issue. They expressed great disappointment at their treatment and apparently were highly irritated at the result of the audience. They declined to negotiate with Count Goluchowski, declaring that, if the King-Emperor did not want to negotiate directly with the leaders, he ought to appoint a Hungarian go-between and not an Austrian.

The Hungarian representatives visited Count Goluchowski this afternoon and informed him of this decision, declaring that none but a Hungarian was competent to conduct the negotiations. The Minister subsequently saw the King-Emperor and the latter appointed Count Czirsky to carry on the negotiations in the place of the Austrian Minister. A conference between Czirsky and the Hungarian leaders was held in the course of the afternoon.

COALITION WILL NOT YIELD

Kossuth Says Majority Will Stand on Its Platform.

VIENNA, Sept. 23.—The result of the audience of the King-Emperor today by the leaders of the Hungarian coalition parties is anxiously awaited. The interview seems not to have brought the crisis any nearer a solution, and even the King-Emperor's concession to the objection of the leader to entering negotiations with Count Goluchowski, the Minister of the Imperial and Royal House, relative to the formtion of a Hungarian Cabinet and his substitution of County Czirsky is not thought likely to make any difference in the situation.

Francis Kossuth, leader of the coalition element, who was in a pessimistic mood, declared in an interview that it was quite impossible that the parliamentary majority should take its programme from the crown. The majority, he said, was elected upon a certain platform, and to this it must hold; if it did not do so, it could not hold out for 24 hours.

Count Apponyi said: "The will of the nation will always prevail. The present struggle may continue six months, but the nation certainly will be victorious in the end."

SYMPATHIZE WITH HUNGARY

Austrian Socialists Favor Demand for Universal Suffrage.

VIENNA, Sept. 23.—A conference of the representatives of all of the Socialist organizations in Austria decided yesterday unanimously to issue a manifesto to the working classes, vigorously protesting against the attitude of the Austrian premier on the question of universal suffrage, sympathizing with the fight in Hungary for electoral reform and calling on Austrian workmen to continue the struggle for suffrage.

FOR SOCIALIST HARMONY.

Convention of German Members of Party Condemns Disputes.

JENA, Germany, Sept. 23.—(Special.)—At yesterday's session of the Socialists a new scheme of organization, which increases the power of the executive committee, was agreed to. A resolution was passed, the object of which is to prevent any public exhibitions that tend to convey the opinion that there is dissension in the party's ranks. The resolution also condemns personal disputes between the members.

Herr Bebel delivered a memorial oration on the Socialist Kasprak, who was executed in Warsaw on September 30, for the murder of four policemen, the members standing as a mark of respect to the memory of Kasprak.

The convention adjourned this afternoon, after unanimously passing a hotly-worded resolution of sympathy with the Russian revolutionists.

The committee on press affairs reported a resolution sharply condemning the personal tones with which recent controversies have been carried on in several newspapers. The report was adopted without general discussion.

AFRAID TO BE INTERVIEWED

Cause of Rosebery's Objection to Tour of United States.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—(Special.)—Officials of the New England Society of New York, who have received from Lord Rosebery a refusal of all invitations extended to him to speak in the United States, intend to ask President Roosevelt to use his personal influence to induce the Liberal leader to change his mind. They hope that Mr. Roosevelt will be able to convince the Earl that half a dozen speeches from him, delivered in centers like New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Boston and St. Louis, would give a tremendous impetus to the Anglo-American entente, of which he is an apostle.

Your correspondent learns that Lord Rosebery's chief objection to visiting the United States is his aversion to newspaper interviewers. The thought of going among them after Mr. Witte's recent experience is said to have terrified his Lordship.

Will Be Friends No Longer.

BUCHAREST, Roumania, Sept. 23.—The diplomatic rupture between Greece and Roumania has been completed by the departure of the Roumanian Minister from Athens. The interests of the Roumanians in Greece have been entrusted to Italy, while the Russian legation here will guard the interests of the Greeks in Roumania.

(The cause of the trouble between Roumania and Greece is the refusal by Roumania of the demand of Greece for compensation to those who suffered by the pillaging of Greek shops and the maltreatment of Greek subjects during the recent demonstrations at Bucharest, and for satisfaction for the burning of the Greek flag by demonstrators at Giurgervo. The Greek government complains of the general insecurity of Greeks in Roumania, several having been expelled.)

Resolutions of Peace Congress.

LUCERNE, Sept. 23.—The final session of the International Peace Congress today adopted a proposition of the British delegates for the formation of International clubs in various countries for the purpose of furthering the peace movement. Resolutions were also passed requesting The Hague Conference to discuss the question of limitation of armaments, the creation of an international assembly for the discussion of questions of general interest and the codification of international law. The Congress expressed the opinion that the neutral powers should interdict the public issue of war loans in their territories. It was decided that the conference should meet next year at Milan.

Conference on Moroccan Affair.

PARIS, Sept. 23.—Premier Rouvier, Prince von Radolin, German Ambassador, and Andre Veil, the French representative, and Dr. Rosen, the German plenipotentiary, had a lengthy conference at the Foreign Office in connection with the Moroccan question. The drawing up of the agreement between France and Germany has progressed considerably, but the agreement has not been signed.

Loubet's Bullfight Called Off.

MADRID, Sept. 23.—The bullfight which was to have been a conspicuous feature of the festivities in honor of the coming visit of President Loubet to the Spanish capital, has been suppressed.

BAR ON HAYNES TO STAND

NO VINDICATION FOR MINISTER AT HANDS OF THE RAILWAYS.

Western Passenger Association Denies Rumor That It Would Restore His Clergy Permit.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—(Special.)—A report said to emanate from the Rev. Myron T. Haynes today was to the effect that the Western Passenger Association and the president of the Rock Island road were about to vindicate the minister. Chairman MacLeod, of the Western Passenger Association, stated that there was nothing to the report.

"When the matter came up before the committee of the church to which Mr. Haynes was ministering, we were asked to send our men there to testify. Naturally, we refused to do so. The Western Passenger Association is not a Prosecuting-Attorney's office. We completed our duty when we protected our members by canceling Mr. Haynes' permit for reduced rates. What his church or any other church sees fit to do with him does not interest the railroads. As for a vindication you can say that there has been no move to restore Mr. Haynes' clergy permit."

High officials of the Rock Island Road, who did not wish to be quoted flatly denied that there would be any reversal of Haynes' case.

DR. HAYNES STILL TALKING

Preaches on His Case—Says He'll Appeal to Courts.

SEATTLE, Sept. 23.—(Special.)—Rev. Dr. Myron W. Haynes, brought from the Belden-Avenue Church, of Chicago, to take the pastorate of the First Baptist Church, of Seattle, will make his explanation of the railroad scandal to the congregation in a special sermon tomorrow morning. The explanation will include a full statement of his relations with the railroads and, he declares, will be the last he will have to say of the subject here.

In the meantime his Chicago attorney is working to secure a revocation of the order by which his clergy permit was cancelled and his name added to the blacklist. Dr. Haynes today said all but one of the officials of the Western and Transcontinental Passenger Associations had agreed to rescind their action, James Charlton, chairman of the Transcontinental Passenger Association, is the man who protests against returning Dr. Haynes' permit. Mr. Charlton is the dean of American general passenger agents and one of the most influential men in passenger traffic affairs.

Dr. Haynes insists that he will appeal, if necessary, to the general passenger agents who are members of the two associations and later to the courts to secure the return of his permit. "As a matter of fact," he said today, "I believe the railroads should do away with the practice of giving half-fare rates to the clergymen, but if this privilege is extended I want it myself. I do not want to be discriminated against. Since the controversy arose a dozen Chicago ministers have told me they made it a practice to ask half-fare privileges for members of their household who were not actually members of their family or dependent upon them."

The Gray charges will not be referred to by Dr. Haynes, he says. The anti-Haynes faction is now depending upon this scandal to continue their fight. Mr. and Mrs. Gray have threatened to come here to demand another trial, and if they come the anti-Haynes faction will insist upon a hearing. If not, they will drop the fight, many of them leaving the church. Dr. Haynes declares he is confident of disproving any charge Mrs. Gray may present here.

Dr. Haynes, before coming here, promised, if his income for the first three years in Seattle does not fall below his Chicago income, to pay 10 per cent of the cost of a new church. Fourth avenue, on which the First Baptist Church is located, is to be regraded, and the present church would be 20 feet above the street level. Widening the street would cut nine feet off the entrance, making it absolutely necessary to obtain a new building.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Aids Nature.

Medicines that aid nature are always most effectual. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy acts on this plan. It allays the cough, relieves the lungs, aids expectoration, opens the secretions, and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. It is famous for its cures over a large part of the civilized world. Thousands have testified to its superior excellence. It counteracts any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. For sale by all druggists.

TO BLOCK INQUIRY

Efforts to Stop Investigation of Western Life Indemnity.

FRATERNAL COMPLICATION

Affairs of New York Knights Templar and Masons' Life Indemnity Said to Be Involved in the Muddle.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—Tremendous pressure is being exercised now, according to Mr. Levinson, attorney for the policyholders of the Western Life Indemnity Company who are seeking to throw the company into the hands of a receiver, to halt further investigation. Other life insurance companies are frightened, says Attorney Levinson, for they say that in the present frame of mind of the public toward insurance companies in general, a scandal might be started that it would be almost impossible to check. As to its consequences in the financial world, no one could predict.

"We are receiving scores of letters daily from persons who are policy-holders in the Western Life," said Mr. Levinson, "and all of the same tenor, that is that the affairs of the suspected company were not run properly and making all sorts of accusations against its manager, E. I. Rosenfeld. The widow of the late L. R. Stratton, of New Orleans, writes:

"'I know that the company is rotten. My husband in his lifetime was frequently warned of the dishonesty of Rosenfeld. Unfortunately he never took action. Now I probably will be compelled to go to law to collect on his policy.'"

Scaling Claims on Policies.

The amount of the policy is $40,000 and the company offers to settle for $735, claiming that is all the policy is worth. The Rev. W. H. Benton seeks to collect a $1000 policy. They have offered to settle for $50. It developed today that on August 10 last Henry F. Walton, receiver of the Oddfellows Mutual Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia, filed a bill in the Common Pleas court of Philadelphia accusing five directors of that company with fraudulently transferring $80,000 from the treasury of the Mutual Life and of illegally collecting $75,000 in premiums on Oddfellows policies. It is not known positively that Rosenfeld was at that time connected with that company, but President Moulton admitted that the company was one of those taken in by the Pennsylvania Company, of which Rosenfeld was chairman.

Chairman Hicks, of the special committee of policy-holders, appointed to investigate the books, said today:

"It is well said that Rosenfeld paid Gray $125,000 for his contract, which then had only a few years to run. The directors as individuals knew the consideration and approved the assignment. Immediately after Rosenfeld took charge, it is said, the funds of the New York Knights Templar and Masons' Life Indemnity Company on deposit in a certain bank were reduced $100,000.

Morgan and Rosenfeld.

"About this time $3,000,000 of insurance contracts were taken by the Knights Templar company from the Life Insurance Company of Philadelphia. The proposal to transfer this insurance was made by Mr. Morgan, then counsel for the Life Insurance Company of Pennsylvania, and now counsel for the Western Life Indemnity Company, which is the name adopted by the Knights Templar and Masons Company at a meeting held May 24, 1905. The consideration paid to Morgan has not been stated, but it is evident that the relations between Rosenfeld and Morgan are close. When this subject was mentioned to President Moulton, he characterized the statement that the funds of the Western Life had been depleted $100,000 as absolutely false. He never carried any such sum as $100,000 at any time in any bank. We invest the cash we receive and do not carry it in banks."

Gray Denies Complicity.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—William H. Gray, ex-manager of the Western Life Indemnity Company of Chicago, learned of the charges of fraud involving his name as he was about to take the train today for Liverpool, whence he is to sail for New York on the Lucania this afternoon.

"If there is any fraud or crookedness," he said, "in connection with the Western Life Indemnity Company, it has occurred since I severed my connection with that organization last February. At that time, with the full permission of the board of directors, I sold my managerial contract for $125,000 to E. I. Rosenfeld. I left the same directors in charge, with General Moulton as president. The assets preferred to Rosenfeld were the identical ones reported to the state insurance department January 1. The company, as I left it, was the best in the world. I am willing to give $10,000 if any crooked penny is discovered during my regime. The assets were for the most part gilt-edged municipal securities, worth in every case more than they cost the company. Why the management suddenly found it necessary to recommend transferring $25,000,000 worth of policies to another company against which an injunction is now sought, is beyond my comprehension."

GO AFTER RAILROADS NEXT

Government Will Prosecute for Giving Beef Packers Rebates.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—The prosecution of the railroads for violations of the Elkins law relating to giving and receiving of rebates will follow the pleading guilty of the four representatives of the Sulzberger & Swarzschild Company yesterday to a charge of conspiring to receive illegal rebates from the railroads. Authority for this statement is District Attorney Morrison, and he was emphatic in his declaration that the Government would go after the railroads.

In view of the sudden determination of the Government to proceed against the railroads, it is believed tonight that somebody has "squealed" and the Government has secured highly important evidence. Proceedings against the railroads will require a separate campaign, new indictments, new grand jury and the calling from all parts of the country of new witnesses.

RECONCILE THE MADDENS

Friends of Turfman and His Wife Work to This End.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 23.—(Special.)—The hearing of the alimony case of Mrs. Anna Madden, wife of the turfman, John E. Madden, closed at noon today after daily sessions for two weeks. At the conclusion of the arguments Judge J. B. Swing said his mind was about made up as to the merits of the case, but would take time to give it careful attention.

W. Dickson, for Mrs. Madden, in the closing argument today fiercely arraigned Madden. He said Mrs. Madden's charges of his turf manipulations were true. After all his brutal treatment, Mr. Dickson said "it would be a crime to reconcile Mr. and Mrs. Madden."

The defendant and plaintiff, Judge and lawyers and spectators were about to leave the court, when Mrs. Durrell, aunt of Mrs. Madden, approached the turfman. She spoke to him in whispers. Then together they went out of the courtroom into the Judge's chamber. They were closeted alone three-quarters of an hour. When they came out, they refused to say what had transpired, except that reconciliation was discussed. The result of the conference they would not tell, except that hereafter Mrs. Madden may speak to her children at Hamburg Place in Lexington by long-distance telephone. This had previously been denied her.

WIRELESS IN THE NAVY

Signals Heard From Twenty-Nine Stations on Atlantic Coast.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—A report was received at the Bureau of Equipment of the Navy from the Washington Navy-yard to the effect that the wireless telegraph station had the previous night overheard signals transmitted from 29 wireless stations along the Atlantic coast. Among the stations heard were Hatteras, New York and Boston Navy-yards; New Haven, Savannah, Newport, Lynn, Mass., Highland of Navesink, Atlantic City and Philadelphia; also the battleships Maine and Alabama, now on the New England coast, and the cruiser Columbia, now to the eastward of New York in search of a wreck.

PRESIDENT'S SOUTHERN TRIP

May Visit New Orleans Last to Avoid Quarantine.

OYSTER BAY, Sept. 23.—Arrangements for the trip of President Roosevelt through the South practically have been completed, except those pertaining to his visit to New Orleans and Little Rock. On account of the prevalence of yellow fever in New Orleans, it is not unlikely that the President may defer his visit to that city until a later time, in which event he would go to Little Rock at the same time.

He is being urged not to go to New Orleans so long as the yellow fever epidemic continues there, but he has received assurances that the fever will be stamped out before the tentative date of his visit, October 26. A suggestion was made recently that on account of the quarantine placed by the authorities of Arkansas on passengers from New Orleans, the President should visit Little Rock before going to New Orleans. This idea is in the minds of the Arkansas authorities.

It was announced officially tonight that if the quarantine regulations of other states should prevent the President's entrance into Arkansas or his return to Washington by rail after having visited New Orleans, he may consider the plan of making New Orleans the final stop on his trip and returning from there to Washington by sea. However, no definite plans have been made for the New Orleans and Little Rock portion of the trip, and they will not be completed for two weeks.

MAY TRY OTHER CASES FIRST

Court-Martial Suspends Young's Trial Till Wade Recovers.

MARE ISLAND, Cal., Sept. 23.—At the opening of the Young court martial today, Commander Bartlett, a member of the board appointed by Admiral Goodrich to investigate the Bennington explosion, was recalled. Judge Gear, for the defense, objected to the introduction of evidence from the Bennington Board of Inquiry as being hearsay and not legal evidence. His objection was sustained.

An answer from Acting Secretary Darling to the telegram sent Friday to the Secretary of the Navy was read, authorizing adjournment for a reasonable time awaiting the testimony of Ensign Wade, taking up in the meantime another case legally before it. This is provided that the accused does not desire to proceed with his defense.

This now leaves the court free to proceed with the trial of Ensign Clarence Landran of the transport Lawton, who is to be tried by the court martial for absence from his ship without leave and disrespect to a superior officer. This case will come up for trial on Wednesday morning, Judge Advocate West prosecuting.

CHINESE TO URGE TREATY

Statesmen and Importers Are Coming in December.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 23.—(Special.)—A commission of 32 prominent Chinese statesmen and importers will come to America in December to urge that the new treaty between this country and China be modified so as to extend additional privileges to merchants and students. Reservations for the entire party have been made aboard the steamship Dakota, due here December 1.

The Chinese Commission will be in Washington before December 15 and will use its influence upon American representatives to secure trade concessions and better treatment of Chinese merchants and students. Already there are in this country several trade commissioners who are working on the same mission.

It is understood here that the special commission due this Winter has been organized at the suggestion of big Chinese importers who think that a presentation of their claims, made in person to the American Government will bear great weight.

Along the same line as this commission's errand is the declaration today of United States Senator Piles that he was in favor of a meeting of Pacific Coast members of Congress to go into the details of the Chinese boycott and to decide upon a policy which the entire Pacific Coast delegation can uphold.

For some reason Senator Piles is inclined to believe the effect of the boycott has been exaggerated, though he states he has not investigated the subject. Before he commits himself to any policy the trade conditions will be looked into.

OLD OFFICERS ALL OUT

Anti-Cunningham Faction of Rural Carriers Is on Top.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 23.—The concluding session of the convention of the National Rural Letter-Carriers' Association resulted in a capitulation of the Cunningham forces and a complete victory for the "antis," who elected a full ticket and brought about the resignation of all the former officers. Paul L. Lindsay, of Georgia was elected president.

The constitution was revised in such a manner as to make members dismissed from the Government service ineligible to hold office.

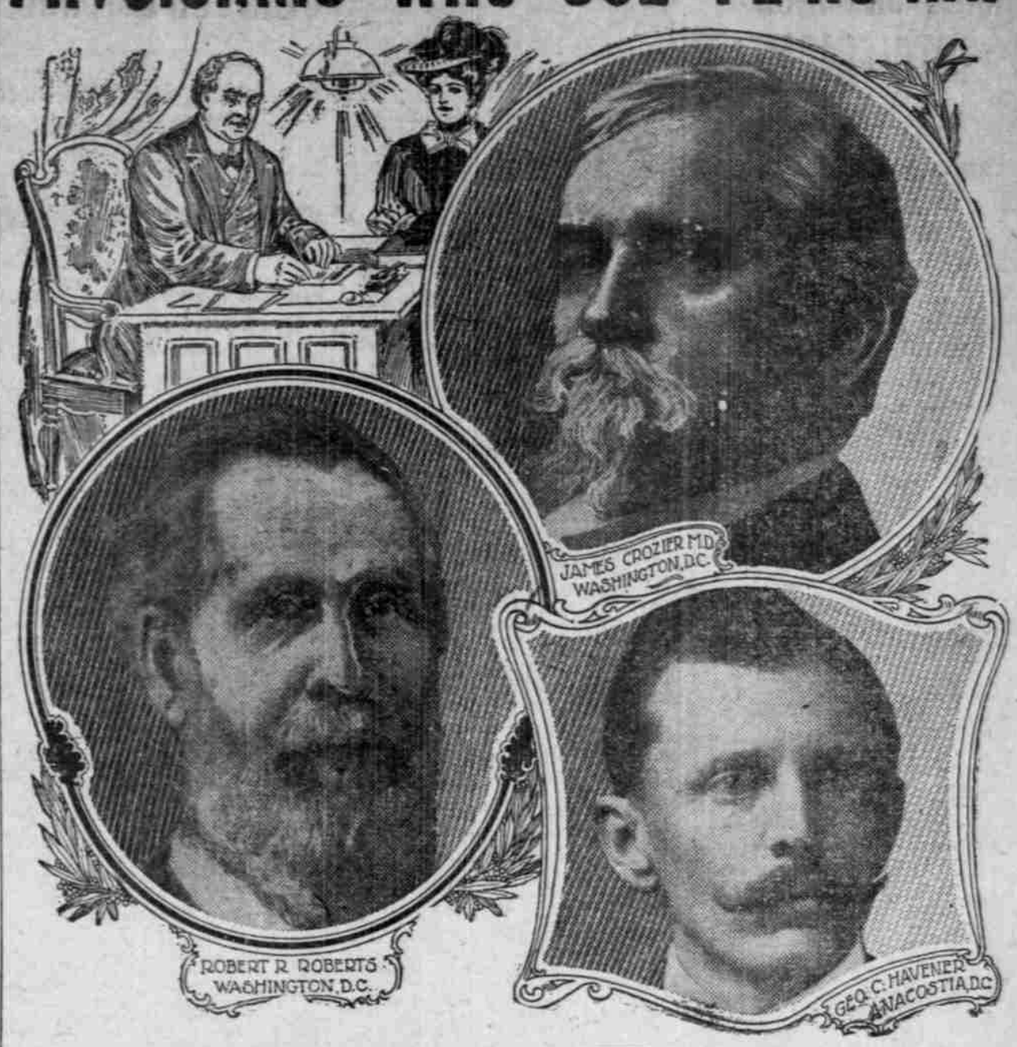
BEACH RATE REDUCED.

Three Dollars for Round Trip Announced by O. R. & N. Co.

The every-day round-trip rate from Portland to North Beach points has been reduced by the O. R. & N. Co. from $4 to $3, tickets on sale until October 15, with final return limit October 31.

Particulars and O. R. & N. Summer book by asking at Third and Washington streets, Portland.

PHYSICIANS WHO USE PE-RU-NA.



Prescribes Pe-ru-na to His Patients

Robert R. Roberts, M. D., Washington, D. C., writes:

"Through my own experience as well as that of many of my friends and acquaintances who have been cured or relieved of catarrh by the use of Hartman's Peruna, I can confidently recommend it to those suffering from such disorders, **and have no hesitation in prescribing it to my patients.**"

Best Tonic He Ever Prescribed.

James Crozier, M. D., formerly U. S. Pension Office Medical Examiner, formerly on the Medical Board of Referees, U. S. Pension Office, in a recent letter from Washington, D. C., writes:

"I have often prescribed Peruna in my practice for catarrhal trouble, and after giving it a fair test I can cheerfully recommend your valuable remedy for coughs, colds and catarrh in its worst stages.

"It is one of the best tonics I have ever prescribed."

Peruna has proven its merits thoroughly and overcome all prejudice.

Pe-ru-na Beneficial for Severe Cases of Catarrh.

George C. Havener, M. D., Anacostia, D. C., writes.

"In my practice I have had occasion to frequently prescribe your valuable medicine, and have found its use beneficial, particularly in severe cases of catarrh."

Merit Commands Attention.

Usually, physicians are not in favor of proprietary medicines.

It is only in cases where a proprietary meldcine has by its superior merit forced itself upon their attention that the physicians will pay any attention to such medicines.

A Notable Exception.

They prefer to use the medicines which they prescribe.

Now and then, however, a medicine becomes so popular that the people whom it cures are so numerous and manifest that the physicians do not hesitate to make a public indorsement of it, and use it in their practice.

Such has been the case with Peruna.

Recognized by Physicians.

For many years the physicians opposed it.

After a while, occasionally one here and there felt constrained to use it.

There are still many physicians who are opposed to Peruna, but the number of physicians who indorse Peruna, and who make daily use of it in their practice, is rapidly increasing.

Many Indorsements.

We append a few letters received from such physicians. These are fair specimens of the kind of letters we are receiving from physicians who have used Peruna.

BOUQUETS FOR J. J. HILL

New York Capitalists and Minnesota Politicians Keep His Birthday.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 23.—Should James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern Railway, live to realize the fervent hopes of the brilliant assemblage of noted Minnesota politicians and New York capitalists who gathered in the Minneapolis Club tonight to do him honor, he may never forget the compliments showered upon him, nor the beautiful gifts bestowed upon him by the citizens of this city in honor of his 65th birthday, on September 16.

Mr. Hill, in his speech, "Fifty Years of Progress," spoke of the future of the Northwest, of the country at large, and praised President Roosevelt for his great work in the conclusion of peace between Japan and Russia.

The guests of the evening were: James J. Hill, guest of honor; Archbishop Ireland; Stanford Sewell, ex-Minister to Sweden; Louis W. Hill, Samuel Hill; President Howard Elliott, of the Northern Pacific; William B. Dean, St. Paul; Frederick D. Underwood, of Erie; George F. Baker, Samuel Thorne, John Thorne, George C. Clark, Amos T. French, Alexander Cochrane, Payne Whitney, G. W. Lane and Daniel Willard, of New York; George B. Harris and Darius Miller, of Chicago; Samuel Hill, of Seattle.

Explosion Breaks Up Parade.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The Coney Island Mardigras parade was broken up tonight by an explosion in two manholes of the electric subway, resulting in the injury of about a dozen persons, five of whom were so seriously hurt as to necessitate their removal to the hospital. The explosions occurred where the crowd was densest, hurling columns of flame into the air. Horses in the parade took fright and ran through the crowds, creating a general panic.

AT THE HOTELS.

The Portland—F. A. Yeaton, Boston; C. E. Hill, New York; J. A. Allen, San Francisco; C. M. Blanchard, W. E. White, S. H. Knieley, K. Clarke, Philadelphia; A. W. Foster and wife, San Rafael; C. B. Kinkey, W. T. Grower, Chicago; C. C. Brayton, A. H. Atherton, St. Louis; W. E. Cinnbaeck, San Francisco; Mrs. L. T. Anders, Walla Walla; F. L. Packard and wife, E. M. Corbett, California; F. L. Williamson and wife, Miss M. E. Hancock, Franklin, Pa.; R. B. Rothchild, San Francisco; D. A. McKenzie, Alaska; W. R. Hume, Astoria; A. Newman, S. Uhlman, New York; J. R. Cook, San Francisco; J. S. Carmen and wife, Tacoma; T. F. Ryan, Seattle; T. Keughn, San Francisco; E. H. Gratte, Omaha; M. Sachs, Jr., Reading, Pa.; J. H. Uhlman, Jr., Lindner, Cincinnati, O.; H. F. Partridge and wife, Minneapolis; G. M. Jones and wife, Ocean Park; Mrs. O. Byrnes and daughter, San Bernardino; J. J. Oliver, St. Paul; R. B. Calley, Miss M. V. Calley, Seattle; F. C. Robertson, Spokane; G. L. Morris, Tacoma; W. H. Thornton, New York; E. L. Dobrtee and daughters, New York; W. Bradley, San Francisco; R. T. Graham and wife, East Orange; W. J. Hatfield, St. Louis; W. A. Lampe and wife, Wheeling, W. Va.; H. J. Adams and wife, Salem, Or.; R. C. Baker, Seaside; G. McKay, Condon; A. Anderson and wife, Chicago; V. C. Kerr, Boise; A. S. Brost and wife, Billings; F. E. Mutton and wife, Billings; H. B. Archy and wife, Mrs. J. E. Gaskin, Miss B. H. Mayer, Miss C. Bauer, Philadelphia; G. Mulligan and wife, Toronto, Ont.; F. H. Bole and wife, C. S. Riley, Winnipeg; G. E. Tainter and wife, New York; W. L. Reid, G. W. Brainerd, Holyoke, Mass.; S. C. Calvin, Kingston; B. Norman, Spokane; W. J. Browne and wife, San Francisco; V. M. Gunderson, H. A. Prosser, Detroit.

The Perkins—John R. Clawson and wife, Billings, Mont.; H. Thatcher, L. D. Seymour and wife, Genesee, Idaho; Mrs. James Fleming, Miss Fleming, Miss Bernardine; J. M. Chandler, La Grande; S. Fuchs, Rawlings, Mrs. J. Finks, Miss Finks, Washlem, Ill.; J. P. Bolton and family, Urcuttion, Or.; Mrs. O. Bolton, Esta Bolton, Boyd; W. E. Miller and wife, Boise; T. E. O'Neil, Ft. Jones, Cal.; J. G. Eart and wife, Alitla, Ind.; Mrs. P. Avery and son, Corvallis; L. E. Hedrick, Chicago; T. F. Lyons, Bridal Veil; Sam Fenimore, Pampa, Wash.; A. Gordon and son, Cornelius; H. Osterman and wife, Walla Walla; Ora Pier, LaCresse, Wis.; J. F. Moore, H. C. Moore, Harry Perkins, Pampa, Wash.; C. W. Townsend and wife, Salem; L. R. Hawley, Walla Walla; A. F. Miller and wife, Flint, Mich.; E. E. Kaseberg and wife, Wasco, Or.; Mrs. G. Hermann, Myrtle Point; N. Bradley and wife, Dayton, Or.; H. N. Beach and wife, Columbus, O.; C. H. Miller, Seattle; W. M. Bond and family, Newark, Cal.; G. V. Bunce, North Yakima; F. W. Holliday, Ontario, Or.; Kathryn Hopp, John Hopp, Seattle; E. J. Purcell, Eureka, Cal.; Paul W. Howard, Jeffersonville, Ind.; W. H. Staats and wife, Bend, Or.; C. T. List, Pittsburg, Pa.; F. L. Gordon, Pampa; W. E. Perry and wife, Spokane; Oliver Morell, Omaha; Glenn Yerg, Spokane; C. H. Bartlett and wife, Tacoma; C. T. Oliver, Colfax; M. Conway, Winnipeg; J. F. Scott, Wilson, Pa.; R. K. Montgomery, Glendale; George K. Bowen, Tekoa, Wash.; Sydney B. Davis, Spokane; F. Stout and wife, John Wacker and wife, Indianapolis.

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