VICTORY FOR THE OREGON BREEDERS

In Almost Every Class Come Awards to Local Exhibitors.

WORK OF JUDGES ENDED

East Maitland Tho. No necessity for doing close watching on the part of the local owners, as the work of the judges has ended, was expressed by E. L. Lytle, who was at the fair for the purpose of judging the bovine cubs.

FIRST PRIZE FOR SWITZERLAND

Switzerland was also the country for which the first prize was awarded in the dairy section of the fair.

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TREASON IS SIGNED IN SCANDINAVIA

Norway and Sweden Settle All Differences at Karlstad Conference.

Both Make Concessions

Delegation From Norway Yield Points.

In Spite of Opposition.

Delegation to Exchange Deeds for King.

KARLSBAD, Sept. 21.—After

plenary session extending over three days, the Norwegian and Swedish delegation who went to settle the 700 years of enmity among the two nations, returned last week with the announcement that the concessions made by Norway and Sweden were identical.

An agreement was made in which the following resolutions were passed:

1. The sovereignty of Norway and Sweden was acknowledged.

2. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be equal in all respects.

3. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be independent of each other.

4. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to make treaties with other states, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

5. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain an army and navy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

6. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to enter into alliances with other states, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

7. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain a foreign policy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

8. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain a domestic policy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

9. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain a fiscal policy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

10. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain a religious policy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

11. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain an educational policy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

12. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain a social policy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

13. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain a cultural policy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

14. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain a scientific policy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

15. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain a literary policy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

16. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain a musical policy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

17. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain an artistic policy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

18. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain a theatrical policy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

19. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain a dramatic policy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.

20. The Norwegian and Swedish states were to be free to maintain a literary policy, provided they were not contrary to the principles of international law.