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energetic measures. Perdicaris came here and personally solicited the Gov-ernment to take strong measures. France inally adopted plans for re-

ton Gladden vigorously answered H. H. Rogers, vice-president of the Standard

the old National Lead Company, York, has decided, according to Health h makes about 65 per cent of the Commissioner Darlington, on diagnosis of which makes about 65 per cent of the chemical fead products of the country and about 15 per cent of the mechanical prod-ucts with the Union Lead & Oil Company, "Is for physicians to take 'a lumbar of "is for physicians to take 'a lumbar culwhich practically controls 65 per cent of ture and examine under the micros the mechanical business and 15 per cent of the chemical output. microbe secured from the puncture at the base of the spine. If the microbe thus examined is found to have tiny pro-tuberances resembling horns, then the HOW TO FIGHT SPOTTED FEVER disease is unmistakably meningitis."

of the high contracting party binds itself to give and to secure to the subjects of the other all rights, advantages and privileges now or in the future held by the most favored nation."

This is the treaty of 1991, which, under its terms might have been revised in 1896, but was not revised, and runs without limitation and without any provision for its denunciation. Such a contract with Morocco by the German government cannot of right be dissolved or impaired, it is asserted, by the agreement between France and Great Britain, to which Germany is not a signatory.

Germany declines altogether to recognize France as having any more domi nant position in Morocco than Germany,

Whether France informed Germany the agreement with Great Britain has been fully discussed in the French and British press. The German Foreign Office regarded Foreign Minister Delcasse's conversation with Prince von Radolin, the German Ambassador, as be<sup>2</sup> ing no more than "tea table talk," very interesting, but as not supplying the place of an official communication which would have called for an official reply.

Prince von Radolin's passive and re-ceptive attitude towards M. Delcasse caneptive attitude towards M. Delcasse can-tot, it is said at the Foreign Office here, be accepted as the German government's assent to the Franco-Moroccan agree-ment. Germany does not trust to France to protect German trade. She prefers rather to deal with the Sultan. The German Ambassador to the United

States, Baron Speck von Sternberg, under instructions from the Foreign Office, has explained to the State Department at Sashington, that Germany stands for the open door in Morocco. Germany has not asked the United States to do anything. nor have negotiations of any sort been begun or proposed, but she desires that it should be known in Washington that it should be known in washington that the basis of her action in Morocco is the open door to trade. This phrase "open dobr" has become a part of German speech. It is used in the Reichstag with the definition Secretary Hay gave it.

Behind this legal attitude, as it may be called, are the German Government's dip-lomatic motives, which are not easy to Germany is disinclined to see France spread further in Northern Africa and would check and delay indefinitely. if possible that policy of "penceful pene-tration" which would add strength to France. Probably also Germany is willng to embarrans France and gain a diplomatic victory at the time France's ally is fully engaged elsewhere. These mo-tives are, however, obscure. One obvioue thing is that Germany does not consent to have her old relations with Morocco odified by an agreement to which she not a party, and after remaining pas-ve for a year chooses this moment monined by an agreement to which she is not a party, and after remaining pas-sive for a year chooses this moment to object by diplomatic activity at Fez. Privy Councillor Rosen, now special en-voy of Germany at the court of King Meneilk of Abyssinia, will, it is unofficially reported, he German Minister to Moreoco in succession to the deceased decenned Baton von Mentzinsen. Herr Rosen be gan as a dragoman to the German Consul-General at Smyrna, served at Teheran and was Consul at Jerusalem. When Emperor William visited that city, Herr Rosen was transferred to the Foreign He has the great gift of speaking d Oriental languages, including Office. several Arable.

AMERICA IS ON FRENCH SIDE

#### View France Takes of Our Action In Perdicaris Case.

Perdicaris Case. PARIS, April 1.-Germany's advent in the Mediterranean, as shown by Em-peror William's visit to Morocco and Chancellor von Buelow's speech, is the ab-sorbing question of the day. Heretofore France has dealt with Germany on the County Auditor's office.

France finally adopted plans for restoring order and developing the coun-try. Therefore, she naturally, counts on the sympathies of the United States. FEAR OF ANOTHER SURPRISE

world, but no privileges beyond those

heretofore accorded to the other pow

Not Recognized.

really the Government never had com-mitted itself in that matter and there has been no occasion for a declaration.

Government relinquish on behalf of its citizens rights to equal treatment in the

matter of imposition of customs duties on goods entering Morocco with those of other mations. But this concern, it will

CLAIMS AMERICAN SYMPATHY

Germany Said to Have Indorsement

of Her Moroccan Policy.

Germany's determination to preserve

Star Brewery Changes Hands.

the integrity of Morocco.

Germany and America respecting

of an American incentive.

menace.

ing More

Morocco.

as her policy is largely the outgrowth Russian Cavalry Guard Againat Sus-

pected Turning Movement. The sequel to the present complica tion arouses considerable solicitude. It is maintained that Germany's claim to HARBIN, April 1.-Business is paralyzed and a general lack of confidence is shown. A majority of the female population is have the open door indefinitely prolonged would result in giving Ger-many commercial privileges exceeding leaving Harbin.

It is believed that the Japanese are prethose of the other powers, and it would probably lead other powers to ask for a similar indefinite extension of the paring a bold turning movement, probably to the eastward, and the Russian cavalry open door, thus requiring Morocco to surrender her commerce without any return. Therefore, the policy of France seems to be to give Germany adequate askurances of the same treat-ment in Morocco as the rest of the

GATHERING FORCES AT KIRIN Oyama Reports Russians Still With-

drawing Northward. TOKIO, April 1.-The following re-

Beneath the dignified external calm ort has been received from the head-uarters of the Japanese armies in the considerable irritation prevails in gov-ernment quarters there. However, this does not show a menacing tone. The attitude of the press also is free from field: "Our force in the direction of Singking (about 80 miles east of Muk-den) reports that, according to information received from natives, a force of Russians and mounted bandits un-der Colonel Madolitoff, which has been AMERICA NOT COMMITTED. assembling at Hailung has retreated to the north. According to other na-tives, Kirin seems to be the place se-Predominance of France in Morocco WASHINGTON. April 1 .- It is declared

lected by the enemy for assembling "Our force at Weihuanpomen (at at the State Department that there has been no exchange whatever between 35 miles northeast of Tie Pass) reports that there has been no change in the enemy's positions in the vicinity of Menhuachieh. There are some Rusthe maintenance of the open door in Moroc-co. When the department was endeavor-ing to secure the release of Perdicaris It sian infantry and cavalry about 32 miles northeast of Kaiyuan (25 miles availed itself with gratitude of the good offices of the French representative, and this fact was construed by some of the from Tie Pass). French newspapers into a quasi-recog-nition by America of the predominance of French influence in Morocco, though

"Our force at Changtu (40 miles above Tie Pass) reports that the en-emy's cavalry outposts retreated 25 miles north of Changtu, after burning the railway station at Soursoirs. "Our force at Fakomen (30 miles

north of Tie Pass) reports that cav-alry outposts of the enemy have been The officials point to the precedents laid down in the case of Madagascar as likely to govern as to Morocco if the State Deobserved 30 miles northeast of that place, and that mixed forces of the enemy occupy. Fenghau (55 miles northeast of Fakomen). Pamiencheng partment should be obliged to take any part in the definition of the status of that country. Thus only in the event of actual annexation to France could the (about 15 miles west of Fenghau) and their vicinities."

### JAPAN RAISES HER TARIFF.

Increased Revenue Needed to Pay War Expenses.

NEW YORK, April 1.-Official anflounce-ment has been made by the Japanese Consul here of the new customs tariff on Imports into Japan. The change will go into effect July 1, with an increase of duties on nearly all articles that are now an advalorem increase, whether the article was previously taxed by specific or ad

whiorem duty, and is designed to afford an increased revenue for war expenses. Up to this time the customs receipts NEW YORK, April 1 .-- Pourparlers have, according to a Times dispatch from Berlin, taken place between the have been devoted to internal administra-tion entirely, but after July 1 the excess German and American governments upon the question of the opendoor in receipts from the new rates will be used for the war fund." It is intimated, the correspondent asserts, that the American Government entirely sympathizes with

At present the customs receipts of the empire are about \$5,150,000. The change is expected to produce additional funds of at least \$2,000,000. A dozen other indirect taxes will be increased at the same time. The increase in the customs duties ranges from 5 per cent in the cases of raw, materials, and certain partially manufac-

tured products to 100 per cent in the case of

tobacco, which must pay, all told, a duty of 250 per cent. Malt and spirituous

liquors are subjected to a 29 per cent ad valorem increase. Wood pulp used for

the Ten Commandments for ten days with the deacons of my church, because they would surely break some of them

and bend others. I surely would not. I hope that these commandments are in stronger power than the deacons of any church, a power in which they will not be twisted for the benefit of Mr. Rogers

or anyone else. "Mr. Rogers says that under Mr. Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation slavery was legal in certain sections. But it was just as much an abomination and a curse in those regions as in the regions where it was abolished. Mr. Lincoln did not touch it there because he had no power. The rebates of the Standard Oll Company were just as outrageous before the iaw was passed forbidding them as they were afterwards, and the method by

which under the law the Standard Oil Company is now overpowering and op-pressing its competitors are just as wrongful as were the rebates. The position that wrongdoing is to be condoned so long as it is done under cover of laws, or by evasion of the law, is one that Christian ministers or missionary soci-eties ought not to take."

Washington Gladden, although modwashington Giadaen, although mou-erator of the National council of the Congregational Church and leader in his denomination, was not apprised of the Rockefeller gift until the matter was made public. The officials had an his position in the case justified the officers taking him into their confi-Some of the big men of the dence. church are named as those who signed the statement favoring the acceptance of the gift. They are all known per-sonally by Dr. Gladden and the list in-cludes some of Dr. Gladden's most in-

timate friends. "It is the most painful feature of the fair," said Dr. Gladden, "but I am affair." sure they have given the subject only superficial consideration."

# CONTROLS LEAD OF THE LAND

Guggenheims Form Combination of Two Great Lead Trusts.

NEW YORK, April 1.-After years of negotiations a deal has just been consum-mated, according to the Tribune, by which the seven sons of Mr. Guggenbeim.

who died a few days ago, have achieved, in conjunction with their alled interests, a union of the National Lead Company, commonly known as the "White Lead Frust," capitalized at \$30,000.000, with the Trust," United Load Company, a Guggenheim con-cern, the total authorized capital stock of which is \$25,000,000. Formal statements duties on hearly all articles that are now subject to import tax. In all cases it is an advalorem increase, whether the article was previously taxed by specific or ad capital of the holding company will be

about \$40,000,000. The consolidated concern will be known as the National Lead Company. President-Cole and most of the other officers of the present National Lead Company will hold the same offices in the new company, it is said. The Guggenheims, however, will dominate the directorate. Through the organization of the Guggen-

heim Exploration Company, which was lately taken into the American Smelting & Refining Company, the Guggenheim interests secured control of the pig lead usiness, which aggregates about 250,000 ons a year, valued at \$25,000,000, of which 140,000 tons are turned into mechanical products, such as sheet lead, lead pipe, solder, bullets, shot, etc., and 110,000 tong into chemical products, including white-lead and litharge. The new deal brings into the combina-

Chicago Doctor Suggests a Simple

Remedy for the Disease.

CHICAGO, April 1.--A preventive of erebro-spinal meningitis, "spotted fe-rer," the dread plague which is ravaging ver." New York and Eastern cities, and from is so large that the government's aid in which at least one death, that of an 8-year-old girl, occurred in Chicago yesterday, has been suggested by Dr. W. J. Class, of the City Health Department.

An atomizer, g little carbolic acid and water are the safeguards. "The disease is contracted through the throut," said Dr. Class. "While the most reliable preventive consists in staying away from infected places, and in perfect cleanliness, the disinfection of the air pas sages should help to ward off the diseast

"Use an atomizer and spray the nasal passages and throat with water contain-ing 1 per cent of carbolic acid. The disease is not as contagious as scarlet opportunity to tell him all about it 10 days before the gift was made, but they did not. He is inclined to think discase will become dangerous in Chichgo.

#### How to Identify the Disease.

NEW YORK, April 1 .-- A committee apinted by the Health Department to study cerebro-spinal meningitis, which is causing many deaths in and about New



"Dr. Loomis states from clinical observations and from a large number of autopsies at Bellevue Hospital, that 90 per cent of men and women, over 40 suffer from some form of Bright's Dis-ease."-Denver Medical Times.

This profoundly serious statement, from one of the highest authorities in the United States, means that the average person's kidneys do not work right, 'and that what is commonly

called Kidney Trouble is Bright's Dis-ease, and is more common than people have any idea of. And the census bears out Loomis' dis-tressing conclusions, for it shows that the deaths from Bright's Disease are simply appalling, increasing from 22,-230 in 1890 to 58,748 in 1900.

• The admission of a kidney trouble is a common salutation. Mild at first, the patient is seldom frightened till it has thoroughly fastened. The realiza-tion that it is Bright's Disease comes slowly, as the later symptoms develop and the usual treatment being futile,

death results. Fulton's Renal Compound is the only cure known for Bright's Disease, You owe it to yourself and to your family not to let that apparently mild Kidney trouble run a day longer without at-tacking it. Woodard, Clarke & Co. are the local agents.

The suspicious symptome are-weakness or loss of weight; puffy ankles or hands; Kidney trouble that has lasted longer than three monthe; urine may show sediment; failing vision; drowsiness. One or more of these.

#### Epidemic Reaches Germany,

NEW YORK, April 1.-Cerebro-spinal meningitis has almost attained the di-mensions of an epidemic, cables the Ber-lin correspondent of the American. In many districts of Germany the mortality

combatting the disease has been called for. The malady chiefly attacks the young, and there have been few cases where the victims have been over 30 Leading physicians declare that the discase is contagious.

# BRIEF TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

William Marconi and his bride arrived in New York yesterday. Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, widow of the ex-Prosident, sailed for Italy yes-

terday. Professor J. T. Wilson, of Chicago, rays human beings have a sense of taste in the larnyx as well as the

tongue. Robert J. Wynne, recently appointed American Consul-Generat in London

sailed for his post from New York yes terday. Prayers for the welfare of the city will be offered in 125 churches of Brooklyn, both Catholic and Protes-

tant, today. Alfred G. Vanderbilt was yesterday held in \$500 ball for trial in New York on a charge of exceeding the legal speed with his automobile.

An agent for New York bankers sailed for Europe yesterday to nego-tlate for a Portuguese loan, in conjunction with a Paris bank, the loan being secured by the tobacco nopoly.

A general strike of about 100 ic and coal-wagon drivers was instituted in St. Louis yesterday, for the purpose of forcing the signing of a contract guaranteeing last year's scale of wages.

More than 200 women students in Berlin have petitioned the Prussian Minister of Education to admit them to the Academy of Art on terms similar to those now accorded them at the universities." Dr. W. O. Hasbrouck, of Passaic. N.

J., a widely-known veterinarian, after whom the famous racehorse Dr. Haabrouck was named, has been run down by a trolley car in Newark, N. J., and seriously injured.

Mabel Rigney, a telephone girl at St. Joseph, Mo., was frightened by a finsh of lightning, which ran along Mae wire and her heart was displaced. After two weeks of great agony she

died on Friday night. The engine of a passenger train on the West Shore Railroad was detailed near Fort Plain, N. Y., yesterday and plunged into a canal 40 feet below. George Wilkinson, the engineer, and F. J. Wright, the fireman, were buried under it and silled and John Hones,

the express messenger, was injured. New Route to Yosemite.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 1 .- The Wawona route to Yosemite Valley was

## THE DERMA-ROYALE CO., Cincinnati. O.

opened today, and in anticipation of a large amount of travel to the valley, the Southern Pacific has inaugurated a sleeping car service from San Francisco, leaving here every afternoon. The United States Government is making prepara-tions to take charge of Yosemite as a result of the recession of the valley to the Government by the State Legislature, The Yosemite Valley Commissioners who held office under the state are preparing to contest the validity of the recession, but the United States authorities are go ahead with arrangements for control ing ahead with of the valley.

### Dig Into Dark Sciences.

M'MINNVILLE COLLEGE, McMinnille. Or., April 1.-(Special.)-A new vielentific society has been organized by he students of the college. Professors W. F. Fargo and A. C. Davis, who have in charge the departments of science, are loading the movement. The new organ-ization will be divided into various de-partments that will include chemistry, biology, geology, astronomy, physics and political science. A leader will be chosen for each division to oversee and urge the work of his respective department. At fortnightly meetings papers that have been previously prepared will be read and discussed.

# 100 Doses For One Dollar

Economy in medicine must be measured by two things-cost and effect. It cannot be measured by either alone. It is greatest in that medicine that does the most for the money--that radically and permanently cures at the least expense. That medicine is

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

It purifies and enriches the blood, cures pimples, eczema and all eruptions, tired, languid feelings, loss of appetite and general debility.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and found it reliable and giving perfect satisfaction. It takes away that tired feeling, gives energy and puts the blood in good cond MISS EFFIE COLONNE, 1535 10th Street, N. W., Washington D. C.

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Good tea, good coffee, best baking-powder, best flavoring extracts, best spices, pure soda, at fair prices and moneyback. Schilling's Best, at your grocer's.