SLIP UP ON ARM'

Japanese Surprise Russians at Polichuang.

SEVERE LOSSES INFLICTED

Position Cannot Be Held But Is Rendered Useless.

FIGHTING LASTS SEVEN HOURS

This Weakening of Russian Line at Port Arthur May Attract Further Efforts in That Quarter-Bombardment Continues.

CHEFOO, Sept. 3 .- On the night of August 29, the Japanese surprised the worn-out Russians at Palichuang, and inflicted severe losses. The Russians retired and the Japanese occupied their position. The next morning at 3 o'clock the Japanese, moving from their new vantage ground, in heavy force, desperately assaulted Palichuang and an adjoining fort repeatedly until 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when they were compelled to retire, losing over 1000 men.

Finding those forts impregnable, the next morning at 4 o'clock, the Japanese forces hurled themselves against another fort near Palichuang. By hand-to-hand fighting, they succeeded in driving out the Russians and occupying their position at 7 o'clock in the morning. Artillery was brought up and after enduring, for seven hours, artillery fire from the other forts, the Japanese were compelled to retire. The Japanese succeeded, however, in rendering the position uscless to the Russians, and it is now unoccupied.

It is believed that this weakening of the Russian line will attract further efforts to break through in this quarter. The bombardment of the town

The foregoing information is brought from Port Arthur by an intelligent Chinese who speaks both English and Russian. He adds that the Russian warships occasionally reply to the Japanese bombardment.

SAYS JAPANESE LOST BOAT. Port Arthur Paper Declares Torpedo-

Boat Was Sunk. CHEFOO, Sept. 3 .- A copy of the Port Arthur Novikrai of August 27 has reached here. Therein is an assertion that a Jap-anese torpedo-boat was sunk off the beleaguered fortress August 25.

The paper speaks of the Russian battle-ship Retvizan having shelled Japanese ops who appeared near the village of Wudianfan, and this would indicate that some of the Russian warships at Port Arthur are not so seriously damaged as the reports from Chinese sources have

The Novikrai confirms the official Jap anese report that the Japanese cruisers forts near Golden Hill some time ago, but it does not say these forts were silenced. as the Japanese reported. These two fan, which is commanded by Fort No. 2. The Japanese mounted eight guns in front of Wudianfan on August 25, and have established one small fort to the northeast

of the village. It was a detachment of Japanese cav airy and infantry that appeared in the open in the vicinity of Wudianfan which the Retvizan sided in causing to retire. gun on one of the new Japanese forts was struck by a Russian shell and ruined The account published by the Novikral is obvious that the Japanese have been snaulting the smaller Russian forts dom-nated by Golden Hill. The paper makes reference to a trench along the hills and remarks that only the heads of the Jap-anese troops can be seen above it.

Odd Request of the Japanese.

On the night of August 25, according to the Novikrai, a piece of white paper on the end of a pole was hosted above the Japanese trenches. The Russians ceased firing and sent a detail forward to co ate with the enemy. The Japanese n removing their dead. The Novikrai consklers this request to have been strange, considering the fact that the Japanese do not allow the Russians to remove their

25 a Russian searchlight revealed the Jap anese troops opposite Fort No. 1 begin-ning operations, and thereupon the entire Russian line opened upon the enemy with rifle, occasionally using cannon. In reply the Japanese fired irregularly at Fort No. 3. Daylight developed the startling fact that the Japanese had advanced a trench to the north of Fort No. 2. This trench was manned heavily with artillery, which nterfered seriously with the Russian fire The Japanese then opened fire with six-inch guns on the hill known as the Eagle's Nest, in the meanwhile continuing to use sandbags for the further strength-ening of their newly-intrenched position. The Russians concentrated their fire on the sandbags, the Japanese replying fro another position three-quarters of a mile

The Novikral declares in conclusion that at 10 o'clock in the morning of August 28 the Japanese were unable longer to endure the bombardment and abandoned the newly-made trench to the north of Fort No. 2, and Wudlanfan, fleeing to the low ground near the railroad.

Sortie of Russian Squadron. ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 3.-Advices from Port Arthur, dated August 31, announce that Rear-Admiral Ouktomsky's squadron went out August 29 and shelled the Japanese Japanese positions. The vizan and Peresviet, the armored cruiser Bayan and the protected cruiser Pallada is the first intimation that the repairs of the Bayan had been completed The vessels put to sea early in the morn-ing under cover of the butteries and re-turned safely after accomplishing their mission. The message adds that the Japanese are bombarding the fortress dully and nightly, but are not causing serious damage, the inhabitants seeking refuge in the bombproofs. This message, which was sent from Chefoo, declares the Japanese continue to provision their ar-mies from Wei Hai Wei and Chefoo, loading steamers outside these ports.

Kuroki Heading for Railway. GENERAL KUROKI'S HEADQUAR-TERS IN THE FIELD, Sept. 2 (via Fu-san, Corea, Sept. 2.)—For the past two days the army under General Kuroki has

ed to the northwest toward the rail-

read north of Liao Yang. His right wing has taken the last line of intervening hills and holds a commanding position, from which to strike the railroad.

The fighting lately has been continuous and heavy and there has been much artillery fire. The last night the Japanese carried a strongly fortified Russian po-sition north of the Taitz River, and west of Awangtuan by a bayonet charge. In this fight the Japanese losses were small.

JAPANESE LOSE MANY MEN.

Sakharoff Says First Two Days of Fight Cost at Least 14,000 Lives. ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 2.—Lieuten-ant-General Sakharoff, in a report to the General Staff, dated September 2,

"Today our troops assaulted the heights of Sykwantun, and after a desperate fight captured the whole chain, but immedi-ately made the discovery that we had to deal with a strong Japanese force with a front extending from Yental to the River Taitz.

"A detachment under Major-General Orloff, which was guarding Yentai mines, advanced a short distance, but meeting the Japanese in superior force and in a strong position, had to retire.

"Major-General Orioff was wounded, but the danger of the enemy's movement was averted by his return to the station

"The gallant regiments of the First Siberian Riffe Corps came up to General Stakelberg and checked the attacking anese. In this fight, the brave com-nder of the Second Siberian Regiment, Colonel Ozersky, was severely wounded.
"At 3 o'clock in the evening there was a lull in the fight all along the line, and

the only firing heard was the boom of guns at Liso Yang. According to a tele-phone report the garrison at Liso Yang repulsed the second Japanese attack. "In order to ascertain the enemy's strength two regiments on the west front

was ordered to attack. After a flerce fight it was discovered that the enemy ssing the two regiments was more than two divisions strong.
"The losses to the Russian army have

not been ascertained exactly, but according to the latest account they exceed 3900 in killed or wounded. "At 2:45 o'clock P. M. the first Japanese shell fell in Liao Yang and was followed by a hail of projectiles, which swept the railway station and the suburbs of the town itself. Fortunately, the station was empty, all the rolling stock having been emoved. The first persons wounded were

seven Sisters of Charity, a physician, several Chinese and a commissariat nonmmissioned officer. "By 5 o'clock in the evening several fires had been caused by the bombard-ment and the booming of the guns fol-lowed our train as it carried off the

"The Russian casualties in the fighting of August 31 and September 1 are stated to amount to 7000. The enemy lost

louble or treble that number. "The Japanese prisoners appear to be

JAPANESE REPULSED AT FIRST Kuropatkin Reports How He Beat Off the Enemy.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 3 .- The Gentral Staff reconsidered its determination not to make public General Kuropatkin's dispatch to the Emperor of yesterday, and

the text was given out as follows: "At nightfall Thursday the Japanese attacked our Skyuantun position, but were repulsed after a hot fight. They renewed the attack at night, this time with success, driving back a regiment in the discretize of Schuantur The contraction of the succession of Schuantur The contraction of the succession of rection of Sykuantun. The retreat of this regiment led to the evacuation of the positions held by other troops. Toward

morning the troops advanced gradually in order to retake the Sykuantun position. "At dawn on Friday I assumed the offensive against the troops of General Kuroki's army. At midday, the heads of the attacking corps were in line, and preparations were being made to retake y artillery the position captured during night by the Japanese, and the infantry is also advancing to the attack.

"During the night the Japanese violently bombarded the interior of the Russian po-sition inside the town of Liso Yang, the ailroad station and the railroad itself. Our losses were insignificant.

"I have just received a dispatch from the chief of the Liao Yang garrison, tiat 10:35 A. M., to the effect that the Japanese attacked the fort situated in the center of our position, but they were re-pulsed with very great loss. We had six men killed in the fort."

fighting at Sykuantun, referred to in General Kuropatkin's telegram, corresponds with the Tokio report of the capture by the Japanese of a portion of the heights at Ziyingtai, which is situated a mile eastward of Sykuantun. place is two miles southeast of Siakhoutin, whither the Russian advance regiment was forced back by Kuroki during the night of Thursday last.

TURNING POINT OF THE WAR.

French Officials and Public So Re-

gard the Battle of Liao Yang. PARIS, Sept. 3.—The battle of Liao Yang attracts intense interest and anxlety among the French officials and pubile generally as likely to prove the turn-ing point of the war. The Figaro says it the greatest fight since the battle

The newspapers here reprint the Berlin Tageblatt's statement that King Edward's visit to the Emperor of Austria brought out a mediation movement to which the United States and France are parties. When questioned on the subject today the hen questioned on the sub oreign Office here replied:

"Owing to the frequency of such re-ports, you are authorized to state that France has had absolutely no communication with Russia up to the present time relative to mediation."

The authorities here are hoping for an

early termination of the status of the Russian cruiser Diana, now at Saigon, but reports today show that she is still there, with her crew on board; that she has not entered the repair dock, and that her commander is still awaiting orders Mme. Nelikoff, wife of the Russian Ambassador to France, is at Toulon, superintending the final equipment of the hospitalship Ora. Owing to the amount of the French subscriptions, the Ora has en fitted out sumptuously. She sail September 27 for an unknown desti-nation, and will fly the Red Cross flag, which is expected to give her immunity from seizure by the Japane

Kuropatkin Explains His Move. ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 4 .- The folowing report has been received from Jeneral Kuropatkin, dated Septem-

"The enemy last (Friday) night attacked and seized most of the positions occupied by our troops at Sykwantun, and the troops holding the posititons in question retired to a rear guard position between the villages of Shansuntun and Shitshanga.

"The same night the First Siberian Army Corps, which had sustained heavy losses during the last five days. and which was in danger of having its flank turned, owing to the enemy's superior forces, retired several kilome ters to the westward.

"In these circumstances I ordered Liao Yang evacuated and the troops to retire northward."

Population of France

PARIS, Sept. 3.—The Minister of Commerce has completed an official census of France in 1901. It shows the population to be 38,961,945, or a gain of only 444,613 in ten years.

Harriman Said To Have Sold Stock Outright.

ANSWER IN THE MERGER CASE

The Northern Securities Company Declares Magnate Opposing Dissolution Plan Turned in Union Pacific Without a String.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 2.-The North ern Securities Company today filed in the United States Circuit Court its for-mal answer in the suit instituted by Edward H. Harriman, Winslow Pierce, the Oregon Short Line Company, and the Equitable Trust Company of New York, to restrain the Northern Securities Company from carrying out its proposed plan of distribution of its assets.

This is the first formal answer filed by the Northern Securities Company, either to the original bill of complaint of Har-

short-term' men coming from the Philip-pines is almost unbelievable. Young Amer-icans, amply able to take care of themselves anywhere, under any circum-stances, while in service abroad, seem to take leave of their senses when they ar-rive on United States soil and willingly become the prey of the sharks found in every big city. Instances and figures could be given to prove that out of 200 of these men paid off and permitted to go to the city on the evening boat, with rail-road tickets purchased and money orders, payable to themselves at their homes, 56 would turn up next morning robbed of everything, many dangerously injured by blows and drugs."

blows and drugs."
A satisfactory wireless telegraph system has been maintained at Fort Mason and Alcatraz Island, being very much imroved in design by the operator in charge.

mends the staff officers for excellent serv-General MacArthur, in conclusion, com-

ASSERT DECEIT WAS PRACTICED Banks Sue Another in Connection With Promotion of Cotton Concern.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—Actions seek-ing to recover \$300,000 from the Continental Trust Company of Baltimore were begun in the Unted States Circuit Court here today. The suits were brought by the Central National Bank of New York n liquidation, and the Merchants' Trust Company of New York.

The first-named complainant seeks to recover the sum of \$200,000, which it paid as a subscriber to the underwriting syndicate of the United States Cotton Duck riman and Pierce, or to the first and dicate of the United States Cotton Duck second amendments thereto. The preliminary injunction granted by Judge Brad-pany asks judgment for \$100,000, which it

DECISIVE BATTLES OF THE WORLD

The Battle of Marathon, B. C. 490.-Fought between the Greeks and the Medes and Persians. Militades led the Greeks to victory; Datis commanded the Medes and Persians. Probable strength of Greeks, 10,000, forces of enemy estimated at 100,000. Persians' loss amounted to 6400, Athenians lost 190. Victory checked Persian Empire and saved for the

world the intellectual treasures of Athens.

Defeat of Athenians at Syracuse, B. C. 413.—Athenians sent an expe dition to conquer Sicily. The City of Syracuse was besieged, but the Athenians were eventually defeated by Sicilian Greeks. The Athenians had fleet of 134 war galleys and a multitude of storeships, as well as a powerful force of well-equipped infantry. Athens' maritime power was lost, her schemes of empire defeated, and Western Europe left for Rome and Carthage to dispute two centuries later.

Battle of Arbeia, B. C. 331.—Alexander led Macedonian troops to vic-

against Persian and apened his way into Asia. King Darius, leader ersians, had a force of 40,000 horse, 200 scythe-bearing chariots and 15 armed elephants, besides myriads of infantry. Alexander's forces consisted of 40,000 foot and 7000 horse. Ancient Persian Empire, which menaced all nations of earth with subjection, was crushed.

The Battle of the Methaurus, B. C. 207.—Nero, at the head of Roman troops, defeated the Carthaginians under Hasdrubal, insuring the ultimate defeat of Hannibal and the overthrow of the Carthaginian Republic. Victory of Arminius over the Roman legions under Varus, A. D. 9 .-

Arminius united the forces of Germany and freed that young nation from Roman invasion by one decisive victory. Battle of Chalons, A. D. 451.—The Huns, led by Attila, attempted to found a new anti-Christian dynasty upon the wreck of the temporal pow-er of Rome. Attila was repuised and Hungarian invasion of Western Roman Empire was checked.

Battle of Tours, A. D. 732.—Charles Martel led the Germans against the Saracens, his victory giving a check to Arab conquests in Western Europe. Christendam was rescued from the spread of the Mohammedan Battle of Hastings, A. D. 1066.—Between the Normans, led by William the Conqueror and Saxons led by King Harold of England. Battle re-

suited in a victory for William and the Norman conquest of England.

Battle of Orleans, A. D. 1429.—Joan of Arc led the French to victory
against the English, the battle ultimately resulting in the deliverance of France from English invasion.

Defeat of Spanish Armada, A. D. 1588.—Naval engagement between

Spanish and English fleets. The invasion of England planned by King Phillip of Spain was prevented, Spain's sea power destroyed, and England saved to Protestantism. Spanish fleet numbered 90 vessels; English only Battle of Blenheim, A. D. 1704.—Between the French army of Louis XIV and the united armies of England, Holland, Austria, Portugal, Prussia, Savoy and Denmark. The ailied troops, led by the Duke of Marlborough, were victorious. The ailies fought to prevent consolidation of Spanish and French Empires and check the plans of Louis XIV for uni-

Battle of Pultowa, A. D. 1700.—Between Sweden and Russia. Charles XII invaded Russia and was defeated, thus establishing the supremacy of Russia in Northern Europe. Russian forces numbered 50,600; Sweden's

24,000, of which they lost 10,000.

Battle of Saratoga, A. D. 1777.—Victory of Americans, led by Generals Gates and Arnold, over the British under command of General Burgoyne. Plan of English to divide colonies was defeated and negotiations in Paris for recognition of American independence were brought to a

Battle of Valmy, A. D. 1792.—France fought against the allied armies of Europe, which had been mustered to crush the revolutionists of Paris. The French were victorious. This battle marks the birth of the French Repub Battle of Waterloo, A. D. 1815.—Between allied armies of Europe and

the French under Napoleon. This battle resulted in the defeat of Napoleon, his banishment to St. Helena, and ended the 23 years' war of Battle of Gettysburg, July 2, 3, 4, 1863.-Union forces check northern invasion of Confederate Army under General Lee.

ford, restraining the Northern Securities Company from disposing of certain shares of the Northern Pacific Company, was granted on motion and argument in open court, and without the filing of any formal answer to the original bill. The filing of the answer would seem to indicate that the case is to go before Judge Bradford for a final hearing, notwithstanding the fact that an appeal has been taken in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals from Judge Bradford's pinion in granting a preliminary injune

The answer filed today is largely a formal presentation of points that were made before Judge Bradford on the argument on motion for a preliminary injune tion. The answer admits that on Novem preferred stock to the value of \$41,065,000 and common stock to the value of \$37,000, but avers that on the same date Harriman and Pierce transferred this stock to the Northern Securities pany, receiving therefor \$8,915,625 in cash and \$82,691,871 in stock of the Securities Company. It is further averred that this transfer was absolute and unconditional, and that there never has been any understanding or agreement, expressed or implied, as to how long such preferred or common stock should be retained or managed by the Northern Securities Com

It is also stated that under a resolution by the board of directors of the Northern Pacific Company, the preferred stock of that company was retired November 13. 1901, and that since January 1, 1902, such preferred stock of the Northern Pacific

company had ceased to exist. It is denied that the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States was o the effect that the stock of the Northern Pacific acquired by the Northern Se-curities Company is held by the latter as It is also averred that all stock Northern Securities Company has been acquired for a valuable consideration, in the belief that it represented proportion of the defendant's assets, an this is set up as one of the reasons for the proposed plan of distribution.

SEVERE ON SAN FRANCISCO. MacArthur Says Sharks Are Even In Walt for Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.-The feature in the annual report of Major-General Arthur MacArthur, commanding the De-partment of California, is the strong language used in reference to the treatment in San Francisco of the soldiers returning from the Philippines and mustered out there. He says the greatest matter of concern which occupies the attention of the department is to get the soldiers returning from the Philippines into pos-session of their money due on their final payments, and safely out of the city be-fore they can be swindled.

Ingenuity of the criminal classes of San Francisco to effect this purpose, he says, and the simplicity and apparent inability of the soldiers to protect themselves, are allke amazing. Everything has been done in the premises that is possible in behalf of the soldiers' interests. Quoting from Colonel Markley, the Chief Paymaster, on the subject, General MacArthur writes: "The stupidity and imbecility of these watch.

likewise paid on a subscription to the same syndicate. The complainants allege that the defendant company in promoting the United States Cotton Duck Corporation used "false, fraudulent and deceitful representations to induce them to sub-scribe to its underwriting syndicate, with an intention to "deceive and defraud

The complainants allege that they were duced to invest in the Duck Corporation on the strength of a printed state ment issued by the defendant, which ment issued by the defendant, which falsely purported to show that the new which corporation was capable of earning profits sufficient to pay all fixed charges and dividends on its \$50,000 issue of stocks.

ARMENIANS RAID TOWN.

in Hot Fight With Turkish Troops More Than a Score Are Killed.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 2.—(Delayed n transmission.)-A hot fight between Arnenian insurgents and Turkish troops occurred at Van August 31, in which more than a score were killed.

Armenians to the number of 150 raided the town, charged four houses and barricaded themselves. Troops attacked the ouses, and in the fight which followed two soldiers and 20 other persons were killed. The authorities set fire to a number of adjoining houses so that the troops might be better enabled to besiege the in-

surgents. The town was panic-stricken, and those inhabitants who had not fled to mountains took refuge in the churches It is said by the authorities that other Armenian bands are preparing to cross the Persian frontier.

Leishman Reports Incident. WASHINGTON, Sept. 3. - Minister Leishman, at Constantinople, cables that the Armenian revolutionists are rather active at Van. He says some Turkish houses have been burned, and small en-counters are not infrequent, but there is no indication of any particular danger to

foreign residents. Captain of Yale Track Team III. NEW YORK, Sept. 3.-Edward Clapp, lass 1904, captain of the Yale track team seriously ill in Switzerland from tyid fever, according to a Herald dispatch from Lucerne. Clapp was a member of joint Harvard-Yale international k team which visited England re-

Watson Will Not Design Yacht. GLASGOW, Sept. 3 .- George L. Watson, the yacht designer, has posi-tively decided not to design a new challenger for the America's cup, giv-ing Ill-health as the cause. Mr. Wat-

cently.

Watch Stolen at Fire. While at the fire last night Mrs. Ida Howell, 310½ First street, was the vic-tim of a pickpocket, who stole her

son's refusel is much regretted in rac-

St Louis Fair Train Collides With Street-Car.

SEVEN PERSONS ARE KILLED

Nineteen Are Injured, Eight Seriously -Car Starts Ahead, Stops, Then Goes On and Comes to Standstill in Middle of Track.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 3.—Seven persons were killed and 19 injured, eight seriously, today by the collision of a Wa-bash World's Fair Shuttle train with a Suburban electric car at the Sarahstreet crossing. There were 25 persons in the car and none escaped injury. The dead:

JOHN W. WILSON, Kirkwood, St. Louis County, aged 70 GEORGE W. MAJORS, aged 00, St. Louis

HARRY B. CULP, aged 60, St. Louis ANDREW M'KINLEY, aged 12, St. Louis. M. B. BRISTOL, aged 60, Webster Grow

TWO UNIDENTIFIED WOMEN. Seriously injured-Raymond Relater, aged 11 St. Louis, right leg lacerated and body bruised; Mrs. R. L. Wilson, St. Louis, body bruised and cut and face cut; Miss Mary Buddensyk, St. Louis, right leg broken; C. E. Shumacker, St. Louis, cut and bruised about body; E. J. Coleman, Old Orchard, St. Louis County, left leg broken; L. H. Wilson, severe injuries; Alfred Jennings, face cut and body bruised; John Gillespie, Kirkwood, St. Louis County, internally injured.

After temporary assistance by physicians at the scene of the wreck, those nost seriously hurt were taken in ambulances to the City Hospital, while the others received attention at their homes. All the injured will recover.

Cut In Two. The Shuttle train was returning to Union Station from the World's Fair Grounds at the rate of about 20 miles an hour, it is stated. The street-car, which was on its way to the suburbs with a load of people, stopped directly in front of the engine and was cut in two. The trucks of the car were knocked 100 feet away, while part of its roof was carried 200 feet further by the train. Bodies of the dead and injured with wreckage of the dismantled car were scattered along the track for that distance.

A. W. Burbank, engineer of the Shut-tie train, who blames the motorman of the electric car for the accident, said: "I was within 100 yards of the suburban crossing when I saw the Suburban car start across the tracks. It looked to me as if it had ample time to get across."

The watchman and the flagman at the crossing and some of the passen-gers confirm the statement that the car stopped, started across the railroad track and then stopped where it was No satisfactory explanation has been

NATIONS NEED NOT FEAR.

given why the car stopped in the mid-dle of the track after it started across.

Belgium's Forts in Congo Free State Only a Precaution Against Natives.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3 .- In connection with recent cable reports from Europe to the effect that extensive fortifications are being constructed by the Belgians on the western border of the Congo Free State, Carten de Wiart, a Belgian Com-missioner to the St. Louis International Peace Congress, now here, declares the so-called fortifications are little more than intrenchments, necessary as a pre-caution against the great native popula-

"Naturally these have been erected by the Congo Free State," said he. "The country is about as large as haif of Europe. It has a population of something like 40,000,000 negroes. Of the Europeans in the country there are about 12,000. Many of these are Norwegians and Swedes holding important offices. and Swedes, holding important offices. There are also a good many Swiss, who likewise take a prominent part in the ad-ministration of affairs. Of late a rather heavy contingent of Italians has been oming in. Of course, with this overt has been necessary in pushing into the interior to take certain precautions in the way of intrenching advanced centers. That is the beginning and the end of the ortifications.

"There is here no legitimate field fo international suspicion or fealousy. All that is being done is for the benefit of the civilized world in its entirety."

SUPREMACY IS THREATENED. Marseilles May Lose Shipping Pres-

tice as Result of Strike.

MARSEILLES, Sept. 3.—The mari-time supremacy of Marseilles as the second city in France is threatened with extinction, owing to the continuance of the strike and the tie-up of the maritime industry. Much traffic has already been diverted to Spanish and Italian ports. The strikers today sought to interrupt street traffic troops were called upon to disperse the

strikers. The steamship companies, including the French Atlantic Company refuse to yield until the sailors submit to the discipline of their commanders.

THE DEATH ROLL.

Inventor and Writer. CHICAGO, Sept. 2.-Clark Carvi Has

kins is dead from inanition at his resi-dence here. He was the son of R. W. Haskins, A. M., a well-known scientist and writer. Mr. Haskins came to Chi-cago in 1839. He was well known in the scientific world as an inventor and writer. His most noted achievement was evolving the multiple switchboard, now used for telephones all over the world. makes it possible to operate any number of lines from the same exchange.

"Yakey Yake" Is Dead

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—John Brady, who under the sobriquet of "Yakey Yake" was for some years notorious as the leader of the Cherry Hill gang, a band of toughs on the East Side constantly engaged in battling with the police, is dead in Jersey City. Active prosecution drove him to New Jersey some time ago. Brady was a cooper, and owned two prospersions here, which he continued to operate from a distance. He was only 29 years of age, but had figured in the popular of the nany encounters, he never was sentenced to prison.

President of Bradstreets Company. NEW YORK, Sept. 3.-Charles S. Fin ney Clark, president of the Bradstreet's Company, died in London today of heart failure, presumably caused by an attack of indigestion, aged 68 years. The body will be brought back on the Oceanic

Arkansas Campaign Closes. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Sept. 3 .- The state campaign closed today and the

LOSELIVES INWRECK PE-RU-NA TO THE HOME

A Letter From Congressman Wilson of Arizona



CHICAGO.

Hon. J. F. Wilson, Member of Congress from Arizona, writes to Dr. Hartman as follows: "I have used Perana in my fam ily and with satisfactory results."

-J. F. Wilson.



739.W. 20th Jr. Mrs. Katle Forbrich, 739 W. 20th St., Chicago, Ill., writes:

"My little son is entirely well now. I kept strictly to your advice, which gave him back his health after nearly two years of suffering. I can never thank you enough for what your great medicine, Peruna, and your valuable advice have done for my little bo. He is fat now and can digest his food, and is the picture of health."-Mrs. Katle The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O. Forbrich.

election for state and county officers will be held Monday. An active can-vass has been made by both Democrats and Republicans and the latter are claiming tonight that they will mate-rially reduce the usual Democratic ma-jority. Other than a nominee for Governor, Harry H. Myers, the Republicans have no state candidates. Governor Jefferson Davis is the Democratic nomnee for a third term. The other candilates for Governor are: J. E. Williams, Prohibitionist, and William Penrose, Socialist, The Democratic state ticket except for Governor, has no opposition.

MANIPULATORS ARE BESTED.

Peruna protects the family against

coughs, colds, catarrh, bronchitis, ca-tarrh of the stomach, liver and kid-neys. It is just as sure to cure a case

of catarrh of the bowels as it is a case of catarrh of the head.

If you do not derive prompt and sat-isfactory results from the use of Pe-

runa, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his

Address Dr. Hartman, President of

valuable advice gratis.

Judge Holds "Corner" Prices Cannot Be Demanded in Settlement. CHICAGO, Sept. 3.-According to a deision rendered today by Judge Chytraus.

of the Superior Court, Board of Trade operators who succeed in engineering a "corner" in wheat, corn or other commodities which are made on 'Change, have no right to compel payment of the manip-ulated price, instead of the actual value of the commodity at the time set for set-tling of the trades. The case was that of a number of firms and individuals ard of Trade operators and the Bank of Montreal, in which the latter institution was tied up nearly \$500,000. This noney represented the difference in price for July oats, 1902, which was demande the manipulators of the "squeeze, and the actual market price.

Absorbed by the Shot Trust. NEW YORK, Sept. 3.-Tatham & Bros., ne of the oldest and largest shot-manufacturing concerns in the country, has been absorbed for \$1,000,000 by the Unit-ed Lead Company. The latter was incororated in January, 1963, by interests af-iliated with the American Smelting & Refining Company. The Tatham concern began business in 1840, and had large plants in Philadelphia and New York.

MANY IMPERILED BY FIRE. New York Tenement-House Burning

-Four Already Killed. NEW YORK, Sept. 4.-At least four eople were killed in a fire which started hortly after 3 o'clock this morning in a tenement-house at 164 Attorney Street Several ambulance calls have been Five people have been removed to

At 3:30 o'clock the fire was still burn-ing, and it was feared that there were

more people in the bigging building. The fire is in a thickly-populated district. Advices From Japanese Commander. LONDON, Sept. 3 (11:29 A. M.)-A dispatch from Tokio to the Japanese Lega

hospitals seriously injured.

tion here says Field Marshal Oyama reports as follows: "September 3 (9 A. M.)—A remnant of the routed enemy still is offering some resistance outside Liao Yang. Our ceniral and left armies are attacking

An earlier message from Field Marshal Oyama: "The enemy in front of our left and center armies continued to retreat on September 2 to the right bank of the Taltze River, except the portion of rces occupying the derense works from the south to the northwest of Liao Yang and the heights northeast of Nut Chang. Our armies are continuing the attack. Our right army occupied on the morning of

Heiying Tal. Bring Hotelkeeper Back.

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 1.—J. J Schmidt, the runaway lessee and land lord of the Imperial Hotel, in this city. is being brought back from Tacoma it custody of Detective Perde, of the Victoria Detective Department, Schmid is the man who made away with furni-ture from the hotel to the value o \$4000 and finally decamped. His son-in law and alleged accomplice, Ayers, who accompanied him to the Sound will

fight extradition.

Settled Dispute With a Knife. EUGENE, Or., Sept. 3.—(Special.)— Last night about 10 o'clock Robert

The dealing in Schilling's Best

brking-powder coffee flavoring extracts noda is like the goods: good-enough.

At your grocer's; moneyback.

Steptoe and Arthur Dilts got into an altercution in one of the saloons and had a set-to. Steptoe drew a knife and commenced slashing at Dilts, cutting him badly across the face, breast and

Dilts was given immediate ald and is not dangerously wounded. Steptoe has not yet been apprehended.

Bay City Beautifully Illuminated. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3 .- Twelve spedal trainloads of visiting Knights plar arrived today to attend the arrived today to attend the trien week. The Sir Knights were met by a large escort from the local commanderles

and escorted to the headquarters assign-

ed to them. Thus far 3000 visiting Sir Knights have arrived, and 10,000 more are expected between now and next Tues-The work of decorating and illuminating the city is nearly completed and tonight Market street is lighted with a net-work of incandescent lamps from the Ferry building to the City Hall, nearly 20,000 lights being used. The Grand Court of Honor at the junction of Market, Geary and Kearney streets, is a most imposing one. A huge electrical bell, containing over 8000 lights, is auspended across the

street, making it as light as day.

Americans Surprise German. VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 3 .- Marco Graf von Ballestrom, son of the President of the Imperial German Reichstag, arrived here tonight. He is touring Canada and the United States, and in an interview this evening said he was filled with wonder and admiration for the progressiveness of the American



Hold the Secret of Life and Beath. Recent experiments conducted by most eminent scientists, prove that light is a great remedial agent; it is essentially Nature's agent. It may be either sun-light or electric light, but it has a decided effect in helping nature to banish disease and restore health. Other scientific men have proved that oxygen elec-

trifies the heart and can prolong life. The people on this earth are susceptible The people on this earth are susceptible to some laws which govern plant life. A plant cannot be successfully grown in the dark. A man is seldom healthy and strong who lives in the dark or in sunless rooms. After all, Nature's ways are found to be the best. Nature's remedies are always best for eradicating disease, and by this we mean a medicine made of roots and herbs. They are assimilated in the stomach and taken up by the blood and are, therefore, the most potent means which can be emthe most potent means which can be em ployed for the regaining of lost health. Dr. R. V. Pierce, consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y., in many years of exten-sive practice, found that he could pin his faith to an alterative extract of certain plants and roots for the cure of all blood plants and roots for the cure of all blood diseases. This he called Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Containing no alcohol nor narcotics, entirely vegetable, this "Discovery" makes rich red blood and is a powerful tissue-builder, giving the tired business man or woman renewed strength and health. Rapidly growing school-girls and boys often show impoverished blood by the pimples or boils which appear on face or neck. To eradicate the poisons from the blood, and feed the heart, lungs and stomach on pure blood, nothing is

from the blood, and feed the heart, lungs and stomach on pure blood, nothing is so good as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

Don't allow the dealer to insult your intelligence by offering his own blood remedy to you instead of this well-known preparation of Dr. Pierce's. Ten chances to one he will substitute a chean compound. to one he will substitute a cheap compound having a large percentage of alcohol in it. Dr. Pierce's Pellets are the best for the bowels. Use them with the "Discovery."

FOR NINETEEN YEARS

rimary, Secondary or Tertiary Bleed Pole Permanently Cured. You can be treated home under same guranty. Capital 850,000.
We solicit the most obstinate cases. We have cared the worst cases in 15 to 25 days. If you have taken mercury, lodide potash and still have aches and pains. Mucus Fatches in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hairor Experious falling out, write for proofs of cures. 100-page Book Free.

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