PATS THE TIGER

Parker Is Seeking to Placate Tammany.

NEEDS VOTES IT CONTROLS

New York State Will Go to the Republicans.

ONLY HOPE IS IN CITY VOTE

If the Big Democratic Organization Supports the Ticket, the Republican Lead in the Country Districts May Be Overcome.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, July 30.—Tammany, that great political organization that went to St. Louis with the sole idea of preventing Judge Parker's nomination, and which signally failed of accomplishing its purpose; Tammany, whose delegates were humiliated by Hill instructions, and forced to vote for Parker against their will; Tammany, that pranced into St. Louis showing its teeth and letting out howl after howl, and retraced its steps to New York with its tail between its legs; this Tammany has risen out of the dust of its recent humiliation, and is in a position to receive overtures from Parker leaders.

In Greater New York Tammany knows its power, and it intends to exert it. Hill, who triumphed over Tammany in the State Convention, must now seek Tammany's aid for his candidate; Parker, despised by Tammany, must make terms to command Tammany's support in November.

And all because Parker, in order to carry New York State, must roll up an unprecedented vote in Greater New York. It is admitted that the up-state vote will go Republican; that Roosevelt can carry New York State, outside of New York City, and the result in the state-at-large will depend entirely upon the majority by which the Democrats carry Greater New York.

Seek to Placate Tammany.

Nothing can exert so powerful an influence on the vote of this great city as Tammany. If Tammany enthuses, and enters the campaign heartily supporting the ticket, that ticket will win by a handsome figure, so far as New York City is concerned. If Tammany takes no interest in the campaign, the result will be far different.

For this reason Parker men are considering means of reaching Tammany, and it is probable that Tammany will be allowed to name the Democratic nominee for Governor, in exchange for its pledge of support on the National Democratic ticket. There is talk of Mayor McClellan for Governor, but McClellan has more patronage at his disposal as Mayor than he would have as Governor, and some other man will probably be selected.

One thing is certain, however, if any deal is made between Parker and Tammany, Tammany will demand assurances that Dave Hill is to be kept in the background, and is not to be too intimately connected with the Parker campaign. Hill is worse than poison to the Tammany tiger, and one dose this year is enough.

New Appropriations Chairman.

If Senator Fairbanks is elected Vice-President, and is succeeded in the Senate by Representative Hemenway, Speaker Cannon, at the opening of the 58th Congress, will be required to select a new chairman of the committee on appropriations. And he will find it a more difficult task than that which confronted him when he designated Hemenway for this place.

The ranking member of this committee, as it is now organized, is General Henry H. Bingham, of Pennsylvania. Bingham was ranking member two years ago, when Hemenway was chosen, but he was jumped over then because it was not thought he could handle this important committee. He will, in all probability, be jumped over again, if another appointment is to be made.

The third man on the committee is Representative H. C. Van Voorhis, of Ohio. During the 11 years that he has been in Congress, he has never been prominent, nor identified with general legislation in the House. It is hardly probable that a man so little known would be made chairman of this great committee.

No Member Competent.

It is possible that James T. McCleary, of Minnesota, the next member, might be chosen, though he is hardly of sufficient caliber to fill the place. As a matter of fact there is hardly a member of the present committee who is competent to become chairman. Representative Littauer, of New York, of Army glove fame, could not be chosen; Representative Brownlow, of Tennessee, does not meet requirements, and in fact no other Republican member is quite what is wanted. The most desirable, Elmer J. Burkett, of Nebraska, is slated for the Senate, and will not be a member of the next House. It seems probable that if Hemenway goes to the Senate, Speaker Cannon will appoint some outsider as chairman of the appropriations committee.

PIVOT IS NEW YORK.

Principal Battlefield of the Campaign Will Be There.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—(Special.)—It will require 239 electoral votes to win the Presidential election this year. Will Roosevelt, the Republican standard-bearer, or Parker, the leader of the Democracy, attain the coveted number? From this time forward there will be much figuring with a basis of 239 prominent in all numerical combinations.

In 1900 the Republicans carried 30 states and rolled up 314 electoral votes for William McKinley. The Democrats were hopelessly in the rear, with only 15 states and 162 electoral votes. But it is admitted everywhere that the campaign now opening is to be a much different one from those of four and eight years ago.

It is noteworthy that since Taggart was elected National chairman nearly all the political writers have been placing Indiana in the list of doubtful states, which leads to the main query: What are the states that the Democrats have to carry, and which ones do the Republicans hope to carry?

Two tables under the heading "Hope to Carry" will naturally contain the same states in a few instances. The following tables will show this:

The Republican Forecast.

California	10	Kansas	10
Colorado	5	Maine	6
Connecticut	7	Maryland	8
Delaware	3	Massachusetts	16
Idaho	3	Michigan	14
Illinois	27	Minnesota	11
Indiana	15	Montana	3
Iowa	13	Nebraska	8
Nevada	3	Utah	3
New Hampshire	4	Vermont	4
North Dakota	4	Washington	5
Ohio	23	Wisconsin	12
Oregon	4	Wyoming	3
Pennsylvania	34	Total	267
Rhode Island	4		
South Dakota	4		

Forecast of the Democrats.

Alabama	11	New Jersey	12
Arkansas	9	North Carolina	12
Connecticut	7	South Carolina	9
Florida	5	Tennessee	12
Indiana	15	Texas	18
Maryland	8	West Virginia	7
Georgia	13	Wisconsin	13
Kentucky	13	Utah	3
Louisiana	9	Virginia	12
Mississippi	10	Total	255
Missouri	18		
New York	39		

It will be noticed that the Republicans and Democrats both claim Indiana, Maryland and Wisconsin, while the Republicans by no means concede New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Utah or West Virginia to the Democrats, but call them doubtful.

To discover what are the Simon-pure doubtful states, however, one must first place in a class by themselves the really Democratic states of the South, which have 151 votes. The next move is to separate the reasonably sure Republican states, which have, all told, 209 electoral votes.

The Doubtful States.

Colorado	5	New York	39
Connecticut	7	Rhode Island	4
Delaware	3	Utah	3
Idaho	3	West Virginia	7
Indiana	15	Wisconsin	12
Maryland	8	Total	122
Nevada	3		
New Jersey	12		

Judge Parker is depended upon by the Democrats to carry the Empire State for his ticket. Thomas Taggart is expected to carry Indiana. The Democrats hope for Wisconsin on account of the split of the Republicans, the two state tickets there and the poor outlook for a compromise.

Harry New, of Indiana, is quite as good a politician as Thomas Taggart, and stands in a fair way to carry tht state. The Wisconsin Republicans are likely so far to heal their differences as to make the state safe for Roosevelt. This leaves the nub of the matter in the hands of the managers, who are laying plans to carry New York for Roosevelt.

The battlefield of this campaign is therefore to be primarily in New York State, but is something more than a side issue in Indiana, New Jersey, Maryland, Connecticut, West Virginia and possibly Wisconsin.

CONFERS WITH LEADERS.

Roosevelt Gets Opinions From All Parts of the Country.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—President Roosevelt had several conferences today with political leaders. He is obtaining from men representing all parts of the country their opinions regarding the political situation in their localities.

Senators Cullom and Hopkins, of Illinois, had a long talk with the President today. They stated later that they had gone over very thoroughly with him the political situation in Illinois. Both expressed the opinion that Illinois would give the President a majority of 100,000 in the coming election. Only incidental reference was made, they say, to the butchers' and meathandlers' strike, which, up to the present time, they asserted, had had no political bearing.

The President is watching developments of the strike carefully, but he has no present intention of interfering in any way.

Senator Foraker, of Ohio, had a brief interview regarding the approaching campaign.

Speaker Cannon and Representative Overstreet, secretary of the Republican Congressional Committee, conferred with the President. The speaker expressed confidence of a Republican victory in Illinois. Regarding the Indiana situation, he said: "Our opponents may think they are half a dozen, but we are at least six, as they will discover in due time."

TAWNEY MANAGES SPEAKERS.

Announcement Made by Chairman Cortelyou at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Chairman Cortelyou, of the Republican National Committee, spent today conferring with prominent party leaders from the Middle West, and tonight announced that Representative Tawney, of Minnesota, had been appointed to manage the speakers' bureau during the coming campaign. The announcement of the membership of the executive committee, which was expected to have been made today by Chairman Cortelyou, will not be made until some time next week.

United States Senator Dick, of Ohio; D. W. Mulvane, of Kansas; J. W. Blythe, of Iowa; Chairman Charles Crane, of the South Dakota State Committee; Charles G. Dawes and Congressman Boutelle were among the men with whom Mr. Cortelyou conferred today, and learned from them the conditions in their states. One thing which seems to be established by the interviews held with the leaders in the various states is that the National Committee will allow the state organizations to decide what ought to be done in the territory under their jurisdiction.

Chairman Cortelyou will remain at the Chicago headquarters until the latter part of next week.

CALLERS AT ESOPUS.

Two New Yorkers and Nevada Representative Visit Judge Parker.

ESOPUS, N. Y., July 30.—Many visitors were entertained today at the home of the Democratic Presidential candidate. The first arrival was George Foster Peabody, of New York. He left at 2 P. M., and the same train brought J. Edward Simmons, of New York, president of the Fourth National Bank, and John Whalen, ex-corporation counsel in New York. Mr. Simmons is prominently mentioned for the treasurership of the Democratic National Committee, but on this subject neither he nor Judge Parker could be induced to talk. Both Mr. Simmons and Mr. Whalen are friends of Judge Parker, of long standing, and so far as is known the visit was purely social.

Another visitor was Representative Clarence D. Vanduser, of Nevada. Mr. Peabody's visit was said to have been of an important political nature.

Harvester Plants Shut Down.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The three plants of the International Harvester Company will be closed down Monday for an indefinite period, and 15,000 workmen will be thrown out of employment. The company's officials declare the shutdown has been ordered that an inventory of all the stock of the company may be taken, and they say the plants will be started up again in a few weeks.

"Every dollar I have was made honestly," he assured us. Thus being assured that he didn't have enough of them for us to bother about, we contemptuously cut him off our visting list.—Cleveland Leader.

CLOSE IN ON CITY

Japanese Capture Port Arthur Fortresses.

GOLDEN HILL HOLDS OUT

Chinese Report to Chefoo Says That Both Sides Suffered Tremendous Losses in Operations Lasting Over Several Days.

CHEFOO, July 31 (2 P. M.)—A Japanese merchant has received word from a Chinese, whom he trusts, to the effect that the Japanese have captured every position surrounding the besieged fortress of Port Arthur, with the exception of Golden Hill. The Chinese stated that both sides suffered tremendous losses in the operations necessary to bring about this state of affairs.

The members of the Russian Intelligence Bureau here, while denying the report that Port Arthur has been captured, are inclined to believe the reports true, to the extent that the Japanese have made great progress in their operations about the besieged fortress. The party of Russian refugees expected here today have not as yet arrived.

BATTLE FOR THREE DAYS.

Determined Assaults Made on Forts at Port Arthur.

CHEFOO, July 30 (1 P. M.).—A junk which left Port Arthur on Thursday last at midnight reports terrific fighting on land and sea, which had then been going on for three days.

The highest Japanese authority here says that the army and naval commanders of the besieging forces had planned to begin their final assault Tuesday last, and expected to effect the capture by July 29, but that no official reports were expected from the army or from Admiral Togo until the present attack results in success or failure.

Japanese correspondents here are now sending junks to the Miao Tao Islands, ready to enter the harbor at Port Arthur immediately after the fall of the fortress.

The Associated Press correspondent learns from the same reliable source that the action of the Vladivostok squadron hastened the present action upon Port Arthur, the Japanese authorities realizing that if these vessels were allowed to proceed unhampered any longer it meant the division of Admiral Togo's fleet, with the outcoming of the Russian ships now cooped up by him at Port Arthur.

The most intense interest in the Port Arthur situation is taken not only here, but in Shanghai and Tientsin. Many commercial concerns in these places are continually wiring here for news.

In this city many wagers are being made at odds of 20 to 1, in pounds sterling, that Port Arthur will not fall within the next ten months, German residents offering and Englishmen accepting the bets.

ENEMY IS TEN MILES OFF.

Russians Feel Sure of Safety of Port Arthur.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 31 (3:46 A. M.)—In view of the rumors of the storming and fall of Port Arthur, the general staff authorizes the Associated Press to declare positively that not a single position forming a part of the land defenses of Port Arthur has yet fallen into the enemy's hands, and that the besiegers are nowhere nearer than eight or ten miles to the fortress.

The general staff also declares that the bombardments reported July 26, 27 and 28 were nothing more than preliminaries to an attempt to secure possession of one of the outer positions, probably Lunvantan, to the east. If the Japanese shall succeed in taking these positions, they will have to bring up siege guns under a flanking fire from the adjoining positions and from cruisers sent out for this purpose.

If this task proves possible, then only will the Japanese be able to bombard the fortress itself and prepare for the final assault, and it is easy to see what a long, dangerous and difficult operation lies before them.

Smiled at Port Arthur Rumor.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 30 (7:38 P. M.)—The reports of the storming of Port Arthur were received here with smiles of incredulity. The War Office contradicted the rumored fall of the fortress. There is no change of importance in the situation in Manchuria, except that the Japanese have made a slight advance toward Haicheng, and that they are developing a flank movement from Simoucheng, 15 miles from Haicheng. They continue active in Sikseyan.

Officers Lost in Attack.

TOKIO, July 30 (8 P. M.).—The General Staff announced this evening that five Japanese officers had been killed and 41 wounded in the fighting which has been going on around Port Arthur since last Tuesday. The losses in men are not given. This is the first official announcement of its kind since the beginning of the siege of the fortress, and it indicates that there has been serious fighting.

LINED UP FOR THE FRAY.

Opposing Forces Are Within Easy Reach of Each Other.

KUCHITAZU, Manchuria, (About 30 miles southeast of Liao Yang.)—July 28. (Delayed in transmission.)—As a great battle appears imminent, a survey of the positions of the two armies will be interesting. The main bodies of the Russians and Japanese are very near each other. They now form, in the north, a more powerful array than at any previous time. Virtually, however, the same conditions prevail north of Hai Cheng as previously reported. The Russians are holding Tien Shuitsan Chiutsanyan Pien and Kuanchia passes. The latter is three miles east of here.

In view of the fact that serious fighting is anticipated in the near future, the Chinese have begun to disappear from between the lines and to break up their houses, though heretofore they have not vacated their property except in the immediate firing zone between the pickets.

A mile and a half east of Kuanchia pass the Associated Press correspondent accidentally crossed the zone of the Japanese fire and was fully 20 minutes crossing the bed of the Shi River under fire, evidently from the Yuhuang Kao Temple, on the east side of the river, and in plain view of the Russian pickets. The Japanese line extends thence south and is apparently of great strength, with trenches and breastworks. It approaches within a mile of Lien Pass and continues along the Shi River to Sipen Pass and thence to Hoi Yan, facing the Tien Tahuitsan and Oangtau Pass positions.

The correspondent visited the entire eastern line. It is an ideal region for military operations. Immense columns of troops are traversing the numerous valleys to reconnoiter the passes and are finding mountain artillery on the hillside. The Japanese officers are in plain view, pacing up and down the trenches as though encouraging their men. The Russians, from equally fine positions, are making offensive demonstrations of intense interest, inviting an attack and maneuvering.

The first ascent of Russian military balloons occurred yesterday evening and against the flaming sunset the balloon was visible to the entire Japanese army around Mo Tien Pass. The balloon caused much amusement among the Chinese.

The Japanese continue to march across the upper part of the Tai Tse River, toward Mukden, by way of Penshiu, protecting their left flank from Kuanchia Pass.

The Russians are making a demonstration in large force before Pien Pass and also in front of Kuanchia Pass.

A detachment of Cossacks which attempted to reconnoiter the Yuhuang Kao Temple today was driven back from two positions, both within hailing distance.

The Japanese, as this dispatch is being filed, can plainly be seen taking up positions for the conflict. They are apparently determined to fight, and it is rumored that the Russian commander has ordered preparations to be made for four to five thousand wounded.

Tienchuitsan, Chiutsiayan, Pien and Kuanchia passes are on the Feng Wang Cheng-Liao Yang road and are within a short distance of each other, about 35 miles southeast of Liao Yang. The Shi River is a branch of the Taitse and has its origin in the vicinity of these passes.

The Taitse River is a very large stream, flowing just north of Liao Yang in a course almost due west. Penshu is on the Taitse, about 45 miles east of Liao Yang. Penxihu is on the Taitse, about 45 miles east of Liao Yang.

DIFFICULTIES WITH WIRES.

The Long Circuit Through Siberia Is Affected by Fire and Storm.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 30.—M. Durnovo, the Minister of Telegraphs, who is in temporary charge of the Department of the Interior, will place the Department of Posts and Telegraph in the normal as well as virtual control of Under Secretary Sevastianoff, under whose administration the postal and telegraph systems of the Empire have made great strides.

The greatest difficulties are due to the operation of 10,000 miles of overhead wires in the Far East. Thunder storms are of daily occurrence throughout this vast stretch of wires and the forest regions are subject in Summertime to continual fires. These facts are sufficient to explain why the dispatches from the front are sometimes delayed a couple of days.

The Telegraph Department makes a practice of holding up ordinary messages at Harbin and forwarding them by post, but in the meantime they are blocking the Siberian wires. It must also be noted that official dispatches in cipher are not abreviated and have to be repeated, and these take precedence over all other telegrams.

REMOVING THE MINES.

Japanese Search for Deathtraps at Niu Chwang.

NIU CHWANG, July 30.—The Japanese have just removed two large electric mines from the mouth of the Liao River, and they are searching for 16 other such mines known to be there. The people who left Niu Chwang before the Japanese came in are now returning, and confidence has been restored. The Japanese Specie Bank will open next week.

General Oku has written a special letter from Ta Tche Kiao, thanking United States Consul-General Miller for having maintained order and protected public property here.

The Russian officers who were captured at Ta Tche Kiao are receiving special consideration from the Japanese.

It is reported here that the Russian gunboat Sivoutch has been destroyed at a point 30 miles up the Liao River.

Major K. Yokura has been appointed military administrator of Niu Chwang. Martial law regulations are being framed.

Continuous and heavy firing is heard from the direction of Hai Cheng.

RAIDERS GOING HOME.

Vladivostok Fleet Passes Through Tsugaru Straits.

TOKIO, July 30 (3 P. M.).—The Vladivostok squadron passed Tsugaru Straits, on the way to Vladivostok, at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

Word at Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The State Department has received the following cablegram from Minister Griscom, at Tokio, dated today: "Officially reported that Russian squadron has returned to Tsugaru Straits, bound westward."

Report to the Legation.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—A dispatch received at the Japanese Legation today states that at 2:30 P. M. on July 30, the Vladivostok squadron entered Tsugaru Straits and went westward.

THE SCARE IS OVER.

Treasure-Ship Gaelic Resumes Voyage to Yokohama.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—The Occidental & Oriental Steamship Company's Pacific liner Gaelic, which reached Midway Island on July 26 and had been held there pending advices regarding the movements of the Vladivostok squadron, proceeded on her way to Yokohama today. The Gaelic carries a cargo valued at $333,627 and silver bullion worth $247,821. She has a miscellaneous assortment of merchandise for Japan, most of the flour, which constitutes part of her cargo, being consigned to neutral ports.

ATTACK ON RIGHT FLANK.

Japanese Commence Battle on Enemy at Haicheng.

HAICHENG, Friday, July 29 (Delayed in transmission).—The attack on the right flank of the Russian southern army developed at 7 o'clock this morning. The battle was opened with a heavy artillery fire, under cover of which the Japanese infantry advanced along the railway until 10 o'clock, when their forward movement was checked. The fighting was continued according to the last accounts, but the result is not known.

Troops Arriving at Harbin.

CHEFOO, July 30 (3 P. M.)—An American merchant, who has arrived here from Harbin, which place he left a week ago, says Russian troops are arriving there at the rate of 22,000 weekly. There are six mills at Harbin grinding flour and they are well supplied with wheat. Many heavy guns were mounted at Liao Yang last Monday.

Loss at Ta Tche Kiao.

TOKIO, July 30 (6 P. M.).—The Japanese casualties at the battle of Ta Tche Kiao were 12 officers and 136 men killed, and 47 officers and 848 men wounded, making a total of 1043 killed and wounded.

Grain Elevator Destroyed.

BOSTON, July 30.—An unoccupied grain elevator, owned by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, was burned today, and for several hours a number of homes and several large hotels, including the Castle Square Hotel, were in danger. The Wentworth, a family hotel, was slightly burned, and several other houses were damaged. Loss on elevator property placed at $100,000.

Postmasters Given Vacations.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Postmaster-General Payne has issued an order permitting 10 days leave of absence to all postmasters at all first-class stations who want to attend the annual convention of the National Association of Postmasters at Niagara Falls, August 22-26.

MANY PEOPLE HAVE **CATARRH OF STOMACH** AND DON'T KNOW IT

A Beautiful Michigan Belle Cured of Catarrh of the Stomach by Pe-ru-na

Miss Louise Matt, Battle Creek, Mich., writes:

"I can only say what others have said before me, that Peruna is a most wonderful medicine for catarrhal and stomach troubles.

"I suffered so long with indigestion and dyspepsia, and tried so many things to cure me, without relief, that I made up my mind my case was hopeless. One of my friends advised me to try Peruna for a month, assuring me that I could not fail to find from its use some relief and possibly a cure. So I took new courage and bought a bottle of Peruna, determined to give it a thorough trial, which I did. In just six weeks I was entirely rid of my stomach trouble, and bless the day when Peruna was brought to my notice."

MISS LOUISE MATT.

Catarrh of the Stomach Very Quickly Destroys Beauty.

Miss Dade Stegeman, superintendent of the Chicago North Side Woman's Club, of Chicago, in a recent letter to Dr. Hartman, speaks of Peruna as follows:

Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:

Gentlemen: "Peruna has often been used by the members of our club in cases of stomach trouble and general debility—also recently in cases of la grippe, and always with the most beneficial results. I think a great deal of Peruna—often recommend it to my friends, and am glad to say all who have tried it speak a good word for it."—Dade Stegeman.

Mrs. Jessie Colton, 439 East 19th St., New York City, writes:

"Through overwork and anxiety in my business I was very much run down; had loss of appetite, and, what was worse than that, loss of sleep at night. I was afraid I would have to consult a physician, when one of my customers advised me to try Peruna, as it had made her well and strong. I began to take it, and in a few days began to feel stronger, and from the first dose I slept at night, without awakening. I took only two bottles, now I am well, but I am never without Peruna in the house. If any one wishes to call on me I will gladly advise them to take it, as I have received so much benefit from it, and want all who are ill to use it, as I did."—Mrs. Jessie Colton.

No medicine in the world has cured more cases of dyspepsia than Peruna. The reason for this is that dyspepsia in a great majority of cases depends upon catarrh of the stomach. Catarrh of the stomach may have been set up by an extension of the catarrh from the throat or head. It may be induced by late suppers, indigestible diet, rapid eating, drinking ice water, the use of alcoholic stimulants and many other indiscretions.

Peruna cures all such cases of dyspepsia, simply because it cures catarrh wherever located. The reason so many cases of dyspepsia suffer on and on without any relief, trying this medicine and that medicine, is that these conditions are not recognized as catarrh of the stomach.

Pe-ru-na Cures Catarrh Wherever Located

Any one suffering from dyspepsia, having tried the ordinary remedies without relief, would be safe to assume that their case is one of catarrh of the stomach, and should at once begin a course of Peruna. Peruna is sure to cure these cases. It never fails.

Thousands of Pe-ru-na Testimonials on File.

We have on file many thousand testimonials like the ones given. We can only give our readers a slight glimpse of the vast array of unsolicited indorsements we are receiving every month. No other physician in the world has received such a volume of enthusiastic and grateful letters of thanks as Dr. Hartman for Peruna.

WHELMED BY WATER

Arizona Canyon Is Swept for Twelve Miles.

IMMENSE DAMAGE RESULTS

Santa Fe Railroad Track and Property Is Washed Away—All Heretofore Known High-Water Marks Surpassed.

KINGMAN, Ariz., July 30.—Heavy rains in the mountains east of Truxton last night sent down a wall of water 30 feet high through the canyon, washing out the Santa Fe Railroad track, embankments, bridges, telegraph poles and everything moveable for a distance of 12 miles. Great steel bridges were taken from their foundations and piled up against the walls of the canyon. Massive stone abuttments were crumbled and carried away.

At Crozier everything movable, including the station signal, telegraph poles and boxcars were piled up on the big steel bridge to the west of the station.

At Hackberry the pumphouse and machinery was destroyed and swept into the valley miles away. The big well was filled to the brim with debris. Houses high above all heretofore known high-water marks were flooded and much damage done.

Hundreds of men have been hurried to the washout by the Santa Fe, but it will be some time before the water subsides sufficiently to allow the workmen to reconstruct the roadbed and bridges.

Many miles of telegraph lines are down, and it will take some time for repairs.

A report reaches Kingman of a cloudburst at Cedar, a mining camp 80 miles south of here, which carried away part of a 20-stamp mill, gasoline pump engine, blacksmith shop and other property. The shaft of the Arnold mine was filled with debris. The damage amounts to thousands of dollars.

CLOUDBURST IN NEVADA.

Sodaville People Flee Before Advancing Flood.

RENO, Nev., July 30.—A wave of water averaging five feet in depth swept over Douglas and Silver Peak, near Sodaville, Nev., at 5 o'clock this evening. It was due to a cloudburst. On account of interrupted communication, it cannot be learned whether any lives were lost in the flood, though it is known that a schoolhouse, three or four residences and a number of barns and smaller buildings have been swept away. The people of Sodaville are now preparing to flee to higher ground, having been warned that the immense body of water is headed toward that town.

The wires at this time (midnight) are down and it is hard to determine whether the flood has struck Sodaville or to obtain additional facts regarding the flood.

It is known that the roadbed of the Carson and Colorado Company is flooded for a distance of half a mile, the same conditions prevailing at New Boston and Rhodes, situated within about seven miles of Sodaville.

Mrs. Maybrick Quite Ill.

LONDON, July 30.—The Associated Press learns that Mrs. Florence Maybrick has been forced to alter her plans for her American trip on account of nervous prostration, from which she has suffered since her release. It is not thought Mrs. Maybrick will be able to start before the end of August, if then.

MURDERED FOR MONEY SACK.

Paymaster Fatally Wounded and the Driver Slain by Robber.

PORTAGE, Pa., July 30.—Charles Hays, a driver employed by the Puritan Coal Company, was shot and killed today and Patrick Campbell, the company's paymaster, was fatally wounded by three men, who escaped after taking a satchel containing $3000 with which it was intended to pay the coal company's employes at Puritan.

The two men were passing in a buggy, when the robbers, armed with shotguns, emerged from the woods near the road and fired at them. Armed posses are seeking the robbers and threaten to lynch them.

Kimball said he thought their assailants were Italians. They began to use their shotguns before he and Hays, who were both armed, could get out their revolvers.

Kimball was also general superintendent of the Puritan mills.

It is reported that two suspects have been arrested at Beaverdale.

An Englishman, whose name is not known, was caught while running from a house in Portage this afternoon. He had been seen early in the day near where the holdup occurred, but escaped.

Late this afternoon three Italians were arrested and came from the direction of Portage. The men denied their guilt, and no money or weapons were found on them.

The Commission of Cambria County have issued a notice offering a reward of $1000 for the arrest and conviction of the guilty persons. It is estimated that 1000 armed men are scouring the country within a radius of 10 miles of Portage.

It developed there tonight that the men in jail are not the men who did the Portage hold-up, and that the men wanted are secreted somewhere in Lovett County, six miles from the scene of the tragedy, where Sheriff Lenhart and a half hundred officers and twice that many armed citizens are now searching every nook and corner.

From every quarter for over a radius of 10 miles an army of farmers, miners and business men and officers are on guard. The men cannot get through the lines. The great popularity of Mr. Campbell and the dastardly crime have set the whole mountain afire.

At 12:30 o'clock watchers on the Frankstown road saw two men, one of them with a satchel, cross and disappear in the bushes near the graveyard there. The men on guard called on the two men to stop. They refused and 50 shots were exchanged. The men were not captured and disappeared.

Sheriff Lenhart returned at midnight and is signing more men to join the pursuers. The chase will be continued all night. The orders are to shoot any person who refuses to halt. Armed men are rushing in and out of the town every minute. Revolvers and ammunition are being handed out to every available man. The feeling against the foreigners is growing bitter.

SUED BY AN ACTRESS.

Friend Did Not Keep Promise of Support.

NEW YORK, July 30.—A suit for $65,000 damages has been brought in this county against Charles H. Pierce, of Syracuse, by Mrs. Louise Daniels, an actress, who alleges breach of contract.

Mrs. Daniels, whose stage name is Louise Raymond, is the wife of Charles W. Daniels, a theatrical manager, who left her two years ago, she says, because of Mr. Pierce's friendship for her, and it is because of his failure to keep a promise to support her, which she asserts he made when Mr. and Mrs. Daniels separated, that she seeks to recover damages. Mr. Pierce's attorney said:

"It is a case of blackmail, pure and simple. The papers in the case have been served on Mr. Pierce and I have been retained to defend him. Our answer has not been filed, but it will be a denial of every allegation made."

Compelled to Kill a Mexican.

BOULDER, Colo., July 30.—Hon. Richard Morgan, a member of the last Legislature, narrowly escaped being killed today and was compelled to shoot a Mexican to save his life. Morgan, who is also a Deputy Sheriff, tried to arrest the Mexican, who had threatened to kill two men. The Mexican opened fire on Morgan, one of the shots killing the horse the latter was riding. Morgan then opened fire and killed the Mexican.

Mrs. Maybrick Pleads for Privacy.

PARIS, July 30.—Baroness de Roques and her daughter, Mrs. Maybrick, complain bitterly of the persistent efforts of the press to obtain information concerning their movements, which they are determined not to give. The Baroness has written from Rouen to the American Embassy here saying that privacy is the only thing she and her daughter desire, and imploring for protection against inquisitive reporters.

Scrofula

Makes its presence known by many signs,—glandular tumors, bunches in the neck, cutaneous eruptions, inflamed eyelids, sore ears, catarrh and wasting diseases.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Effects permanent cures.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

ONE OF THE FINEST RIGS IN TOWN; suitable for family or physician. Horse young. Harness and buggy new. XX, care Oregonian.