Eastern Armies Meet Near Ta Tche Kiao.

LOSSES PROBABLY LARGE

Engagement Plainly Seen From Roofs at Niu Chwang.

RUSSIANS REPORT A VICTORY

They Assert Kalchou Has Been Retaken, and That the Cannonading Was the Result of the Enemy Resuming the Offensive.

NIU CHWANG, July M .- A battle was Tought yesterday (Saturday) near Ta Tche Kiao, attended, it is believed, with heavy losses. The progress of the battle was watched by many people in Niu Chwang from the roofs of houses. The day was rlear and the smoke of the guns could be plainly seen.

Claim to Have Retaken Kinchou.

PARIS, July 24.-The correspondent of the Matin at Yinkow says a violent cannonade, lasting several hours, was heard to the northward of Kalchou on July 23. The roofs in the houses in Niu Chwang were crowded with Europeans and Chinese looking on. The Russians claim to have retaken Kaichou July 21, and say the fight reported was the result of the Japanese resuming the offensive.

Japanese Were Successful.

THENTSIN, July 24 .- A report from Niu at Tahsuitong, six miles distant, and that he Japanese were successful. Many Chinese refugees arriving at Niu Chwang have reported that nine gun-

boats from Port Arthur have arrived at Ta Ting Shan. ATTACK JAPANESE BY NIGHT

Russians Force Them to Retire To-

ward Kaichou. ST. PETERSHURG, July 24 .- (4 A. M.)-A badly-mutilated dispatch from Ta Tche Kino, dated July 20, which has been received here, indicates that an engagement of some importance has occurred on the seacoast road between Kaichou and Yinkow. The dispatch states that the Russians made a night attack on a fortified Japanese camp at San Goss, on the seacoast, north of Kalchou. They got within close range and opened fire on the camp before they were discovered and forced the retirement of the Japanese

Here a portion of the dispatch is missing. Apparently, the attackers were en-veloped by a counter Japanese movement, robably by troops from some neighboring position, for this whole regiment is and 46 men killed, and four officers and strongly fertified and the Russian detachent was in denger of being cut off and un themselves for lost a welcome diver sion was created in their rear by Captain Rotovski, in command of three companies of Russian troops, who threw his force into the fight. Cossack companies also come up on a gallop. Here occurs another nutilation. The message continues as fol-

"The next day we abandoned our post-The next day we abandoned our posi-tion, leaving the bodies of 15 Japanese which we were unable to bury. The gen-eral situation in this region does not indicate activity in the near future. The rains have commenced, ruining the roads. Information has reached here from the south that the railroad is flooded between finishou and Vafangow, and that the Japanese, being unable to run their en-gines through the water, are moving their cars by horse power.

south of Ta Tche Kino and have pushed out their fortifications on both sides of the railway as far as the village of Tavalga, off which they have several junks. Their apparent object is to pass along the seacoast road to Erdago, two-thirds of the way to Yinkow from Kal-chou. Our scouts here are ready to con-test the Japanese advance."

Erdago is the last possible position bar-

"The Japanese are strongly entrenched

ring the Japanese road to Yinkow. The opinion of Major-General Kondravitch is that the Japanese positions, both south and east, are weakly held but strongly fortified, and that much of the Japanese infantry has been drawn off to reinforce General Kuroki, who is operating against Lieutenant-General Count Keller. At some positions south of Simoucheng dummies are actually being used to maintain the entrenchments. The Russians are so sur-rounded by entrenchments to the south and east that it is hard for them to move without coming under fire. There is apparently more artillery than infantry in these positions. The Japanese are loath to disclose the location of their guns. A few days ago General Baron Stakeberg and his staff personally reconnoitered the position at Makuntsuidzi Hill, without drawing the Japanese fire, though the party were conspicuous in their white uni-forms. The Russians are harassing the Japanese posts almost nightly, their scouts creeping up and firing at close range. The Japanese never attempt to

JAPANESE HARASS RUSSIANS. Kuropatkin Describes the Advance

Toward, Suyatanza. ST. PETERSBURG, July 22. — General Kuropatkin, in a report to the Emperor under date of July 22, says everything is quiet, and there has been no change on the southern front of the Russian forces or on the Sluven road.

He proceeds to describe the advance made July 21, by his order, from Ikhavuen eastward along the stageroad toward Chindlapudza and southward along the Valley of the Liank River toward Suya-Valley of the Liank River toward Suya-tansa. The Russians, harassed by small bands of Japanese, continued their ad-vance July 22, the Japanese outposts re-tiring on their field fortifications east of the road leading from the Makumenas to the Lakho Pass. At 9:29 in the morning the Russian artillery opened fire on the pass, which is surmounted by a temple, and the ndvance was continued a few kilo-metres along the stageroad without enmetres along the stageroad without en-

General Kuropatkin adds that up to the afternoon of July 22, he had received no

On July Il three battallons of Japanes occupied Slassyre, and sent outposts from there along the left bank of the Taltse.

COREANS URGED TO RESIST.

Agitation Against Japanese Land-Grants is Becoming Serious. SECUL, Cores, July M (Delayed

transmission).—The Coroan agilation against granting the Japanese demands for waste lands is becoming serious, and delly meetings, attended by thousands of persons, are being held, at which the speakers urge moral resistance. Three such meetings were this week stopped by

the presence of Japanese gendarmes.

At a meeting held today a squad of soldiers marched through the crowd, and soldiers marched through the crowd, and although no violence was offered the Coreans fied in disorder, several sustaining slight injuries, in their wild efforts to clamber over walls in their flight. Farmers are coming in from the country to join in the protest to the Emperor against the Japanese demands. The leaders of the anti-Japanese propaganda are arrested frequently and held at the Japanese Consultation.

The Japanese authorities say there is no fear of rioting, but some of the foreign-ers here do not accept this view.

LARGE SHIPS TAKING NO RISKS

Japanese Holding Them Back for the Final Blow at Port Arthur.

ON BOARD THE MIKASA, Admiral Togo's flagship, off Port Arthur, July 17, via Fusan, Corea, July 23.—In reply to addresses made to him by the newspaper correspondents who are on board the steamer Manchuria, Admiral Togo said, modestly, that he felt complimented to learn that the world was interested in his victories, and it was his desire, through the press, to send his thanks to those persons who admired him. The Japanese naval policy is to hold their larger warships in reserve until the time comes to deliver a crushing blow at Port Arthur. In the meantime, tornedoboats are to make constant and harassing attacks. Every night the Japanese lay mines at the harbor entrance. The en-trance to the port is now clear. The steamer Manchuria is making a

tour of the theater of war with members of the Japanese Diet, foreign attaches and newspaper correspondents on board.

PORT ARTHUR MUST BE TAKEN It is the Key to All the Japanese Operations.

LIAO YANG, July 22, Friday.-(Delayed in transmission.)—Two Japanese divisions have tried to break through Lieutenant-General Count Keller's left, but General General Count Keller's left, but General Herschelman, with the aid of reinforce-ments, made a successful stand. Details of the engagement are not yet known. The Japanese left only two divisions at Kalchou. These are strongly intrenched and on the defensive. Other Japanese troops formerly at Kalchou were em-barked on transports for the vicinity of Port Arthur.

The capture of that stronghold has be-come a vital question for the Japanese. They have been able hitherto to adopt the offensive, but they realize that General Kuropatkin himself will soon be able to take the offensive, and foresee that they must have a strong naval base. Port Ar-thur is the key to all Japanese opera-

Informed of Kuroki's Victory.

WASHINGTON, July 21.-The Japanes Legation has received a cablegram from the Foreign Office at Tokio stating that General Kuroki reports that in the capture of Kiao Tung, July 18 and 19, his casualties were 72 killed, and included two officers, and 452 wounded, including 16 officers, the Russian casualties being esti-

RUSSIANS HAVE TO RETIRE. Superior Japanese Force Is Attacked In the Sybel Pass.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 23.-Genera Kuropatkin reports, in a dispatch to the Kuropatkin reports, in a dispatch to the Emperor, that a detachment of Russian troops, commanded by Colonel Tsybulsky, gave battle in the Sybei Pass, July 15, to a superior force of Japanese. The en-gagement resulted in the retirement of the Russians with the loss of one officer

In another fight on the Mukden road, annihilated. The message continues by July IR several companies of dismounted saying that when the Russians had given Cossacks offered a stubborn resistance to the Japanese advance guard. The Russians fell back on Siao Syr. One man was killed and 12 wounded. The Japanese suffered considerable losses.

> VLADIVOSTOK SHIPS ARE SEEN Toklo Hears From Them at a Point

Ten Miles From Yokohama. TOKIO, July 24.—(10 A. M.)—The Vladi-rostok squadron was sighted at 8 o'clock this morning (Sunday), 30 miles off the Southern Coast of the Province of Izu. It was veering to the east. The roort yesterday that cannonading was helid at Uraga proves to have been

(Izu forms the peninsula between Tsuruga and Sagami Bays. It is about 70 miles southwest of Yokohama.)

Merchantman Probably Taken. TOKIO, July 24, noon.-It is reported that a merchant vessel is accompanying the Viadivostok squadron which was sighted this morning 60 miles off Isu. It is probable that the merchantman is

RUSSIANS LOSE STRONGHOLD. Japanese Capture Position Ten Miles From Liao Yang.

CHICAGO, July 23 .- A special to the Daily News from Nagasaki, Japan, says; Dispatches from Omura state that the strong Russian position at Shimou, 18 miles east of Liao Yang, was captured by the Japanese troops July 19. The Japanese lost 280 in the attack.

Japanese Occupy Strong Pass. SINTZINTIN (70 miles east of Muk-den), Manchuria, July 23.—According to reports from Chinese sources, Sigov Pass, 10 miles north of Salmatsza, is held by more than 5000 Japanese infantry and artillery. It is believed that this column has engaged the Russian force proceeding from Salmatsza westward. The Japanese are moving up their reserves to reinforce the Si-gow Pass column, which is expected to push forward upon the arrival of re-inforcements. Heavy cannonading was

Reports to the effect that 20,000 Japanese have appeared at Husiyenship, four miles to the east, are believed to be inventions spread by the Japanese with the aid of the Chinese.

Will Shoot All Who Cross Line. ST. PETERSBURG, July 24.—A tele-gram from Liao Yang to the Buro Ga-zette says the work of repairing the rallway has been completed, and that an order has been lasued declaring that all persons, of whatever rank or nationality, found crossing the line will be shot on

Starts on Tour of Baltic Ports. ST. PETERSBURG, July 23.-Admiral Birlieff, in command of the naval forces at Cronstadt, has started on a tour of the Baltic ports. This is regarded as indicat-ing that the first division of the Baltic squadron is practically completed.

Steamers Equipped as Cruisers. HAMBURG, July 22.—It is said that the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiserin Marie Theresa and four Hamburg-American liners recently purchased by Russia have left Libau, on the Baltle, under scaled orders, fully armed and equipped as cruisers.

Some folks," said Uncle Eben, "Is so par-lar bout givin" de devil his due dat dey agits dar is a heap o' houser an well-anin' people needln' a little incourage-ent."—Washinston Bian.

Status of the Russian Fleet Cannot Be in Doubt.

NEW SEIZURES REPORTED

London Government Is Made More Determined to Secure Information as to the General Policy of the Red Sea Squadron.

LONDON, July 21.-Count Benckendorff, the Russian Ambassador, has received of-ficial notification from St. Petersburg, reporting the capture of two more British ships in the Red Sea, and instructions from his government to notify Great Britain that the same procedure will be fol-lowed as in the case of the Malacca, namely, that vessels will be taken to a neutral port for examination by the Con-sula of two nations concerned. The effect of the additional seizure

upon the British government, has been to intensify its determination to settle the status of the volunteer-fleet vessels. It is understood that the dispatch of the British cruiser Venus to the Red Sea and a number of torpedo-boats to Port Said, is an earnest of the government to pro-tect British commerce. No warlike in-structions have been given the commandera but the Venus will closely watch the procedure of the volunteer-fleet vessels. Some diplomatic circles regard this as being in the nature of a threat to Russia, but the Russian diplomats in London ex-

press no concern. Ambassador Benckendorff, in his com-nunications to Foreign Secretary Lansdowne has not dealt with the general question of the Dardanelles. It is pointed out in Russian circles here that the subject is receiving consideration at St. Petersburg, and it is asserted that Russia will not abandon the right which she claims to send volunteer-fleet vessels through the Dardanelles and to transform them subsequently into auxiliary cruisers.

although no more ships as likely to be sent out of the Black Sea at present. Although it was authoritatively stated yesterday that the Malacca had already reached Suda Bay, it now transpires that when the Malacca sailed from Port Said she was bound for Algiers. Unless orders are delivered to her on the way she will, upon arrival there, find an order to pro-ceed immediately to Suda Bay, where, under the agreement reached between Great Britain and Russia, an examination of her cargo will be made by the Russian and British Consuls

The apparent delay in the delivery of the orders to the captains of the St. Petersburg and the Smolensk explains the seizure of the Scandia and the Ardov.

Probable Action of Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 23.-While not admitting the illegality of the action of the Russians in converting vessels of the volunteer fleet into warships after they had reached the Red Sea, it is probable, in view of the fact that neutral ships did not receive previous notice, that Russia. In order to remove the shadow of a cloud upon their right to fly the war flag, will formally notify the powers of their con-version into warships, thus putting all neutrals upon their guards. In the meantime, all the ships seized will be released unless the captains refuse to show their manifests, in which event the procedure in the case of the Malacca will probably

EXPECTS DIPLOMACY TO WIN France Believes Her Efforts Along

This Line Will Prove Successful.

is proceeding toward an adjustment. Foreign Minister Delcasse's efforts have been to keep the affair within diplomatic lines, and so prevent some overt act of British reprisal which might precipitate serious international omplications. These efforts are now considered as having accomplished their object. Delays in the future will be those naturally incident to a diplo-matic settlement of the controversy. In connection with the anxiety in the

United States over a possible seizure of American merchantmen carrying sup-piles to Yokohama, the French newspapers recall the American seizure of the French merchantmen La Fayette and Olinde Rodriguez during the Spanish War. It is asserted that negotiations over these cases brought the United States and France to accord a general

recognition of the right of seizure.

It is also pointed out that the seizure of French ships did not arouse such excitement in France as that recently shown in England.

SHOWS SHE IS DEMOCRATIC.

Minister of Interior Fully Discusses Government of Russia. ST PETERSRURG July 21 - "Russia."

said the Minister of the Interior, pausing as he spoke, to pick his words, "is a democratic country." M. von Piehwe democratic country." M. von Plehwe granted an audience this week to several newspaper correspondents, and consented to place the position of affairs within the empire before them, in order to correct authoritatively certain impressions which have become popular in Europe. He repeated: "Russia is a democratic

country. Of our total population, the try governed by an autocrat for the peas-ant class is certainly to be accounted democratic. And then, monsieur, it appears not to be known in England that, in matters affecting the administrative districts—the governments—in which they live, the peasants and tradespeople are self-governing. The imperial authority appoints a Governor, as in the case of an English colony, but the local assembly, which collects and spends the local taxes,

"These taxes, now," he continued, "are also worthy to be understood. In Russia the revenue is almost entirely derived from indirect taxation. Customs dues furnish a very large part of it, and of that portion which is obtained by direct imposts, land taxes and so on, nearly all isposts, lame taxes and so on, nearly an is-allotted to local purposes—roads, schools, administration and the like. Those peo-ple benefit who pay, as also in England, and subject to the central (the imperial) authority, they guide the expenditure of

"And in regard to that money that is paid direct to the imperial government, there must be a further distinction. When the serfs were emancipated the government advanced the money necessary for the purchase of their land from their erstwhile owners, and that is being paid erstwhile owners, and that is being paid back in installments. In a few years the payments will have been completed, and the peasants will then possess freeholds. So this sum is to be deducted from the total of direct taxation, and will shortly disappear from the budget altogether."

Inquiry concerning that section of the people who are so manifestly discontented with the proposition or the people who are so manifestly discontented with the proposition or the people who are so manifestly discontented with the proposition or the people who are so manifestly discontented with the proposition or the people who are so manifestly discontented with the proposition of the people who are so manifestly discontented with the proposition of the people who are so manifestly discontented to the people who are so the people who are so manifestly discontented to the people who are so the people who are s

tented with the prevailing order brought

"Liberalism in Russia," he said, "haz many adherents and exponents, and the most of these are in no sense extremists, They disapprove of the government's methods in certain respects, but their opposition stops at criticism. Their opportunities for demonstrating their opinions are few. They express themselves to a certain limited extent in a particular section of the press, but beyond that they "Liberalism in Russia," he said, "has

an hardly go. You must understand, nonsieur, that these people are not to be egarded as revolutionists. They belong argely to the middle class, and are quite

"The Social Democrats come next-it is "The Social Democrats come next—it is more accurate in this case to call them the Socialist Democrats. These are they who discover injustice in the principle of autocracy. They enter politics on the ethical plane, as disciples of a variety of teachers, and the basis of their activity is always some abstract theory. It is imalways some abstract theory. It is important to note, however, for the purposes of this classification, that they are believers in something, for the final class, the Nihilists, are otherwise.

"These Nihilists believe in pothing. Autorities with them to be the live in pothing.

tocracy suits them no better than limited monarchy. Even a republic excites their ostility. Whatever may be the vehicle of authority, they are its enemies. Re-bellion is their sole instinct. They resist the idea of a God, reject all claim of religion, subvert ethics, and aspire only to produce chaos. They are a class quite apart, and a small one, unimportant save as criminals and subjects for police sur-

Of education, his excellency had a regret to express. "We have discontinued the system of Count Toistot, and so far have not been prepared with anything to replace it. There are still the schools of the local authority, and from them a poor youth

with practically no money may pass to the university, all fees being remitted. But what we lack is the means of technical education. I aim at a system by which sons of peasants shall acquire the sort of knowledge which will add to their producing power, and which, while it im-proves their own condition, shall tend to the economical aggrandizement of the

No More Anti-Japanese Meetings. SEOUL, July 23 .- (Delayed in transit.) ouncement that the Japanese will exercise police power in all matters affect-ing Japanese interests. No anti-Japanese meetings will be allowed. This action is the result of the rapid growth of an anti-Japanese propaganda. Foreigners are not affected by the new order.

Russian Conference Called.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 23-Great Britof the status of the St. Petersburg and the Smolensk, the Foreign Office has called a meeting of leading officials of the Admiralty to consider the subject. The difficulty may be submitted to the En

Rain Delays Both Armies. TA TCHE KIAO, Friday, July 22.-Rain has been falling in torrents here for two days, and movements on both Russian and Japanese sides have been su The real rainy season seems to have set in. On the eastward matters are quiet.

Steamer Warned to Leave. TIENTSIN, July 21.-A telegram received today from Niu Chwang says a European steamer there has been warned to leave. The reason for this step is not given.

THE POOL OF BETHESDA. How It is Being Filled Up for Practical Uses.

Boston Transcript. It was always to me a matter of won-der how Jerusalem came to be so far below the level of the ancient city, says serome A. Hart in the San Francisco I can understand the buried argonaut. I can understand the hurled cities of the Campagna in Italy; some of them were overwhelmed by lava, some by mud; some by ashes. And on top of these the natural accretion of ages made a new soil. But there is nothing volcanic about Jerusalem except the Greek and Latin monks (who also by the Latin monks (who also, by the way, carry soil by accretion). How can one account for the great depth at which some of the ancient ruins are found? For that matter, there are many houses still inhabited, the level of which is far below that of the present street; you see people going down into these ancient houses as if they were burrows. Then The property of the pool of Dethesda. Insertion, the grim staying power, the Theorems of the pool of Dethesda. The property of the propert covered in the third story, going wn, below the earth. That is, there would be a Jewish building, on top of it a Roman building, on top of that a mediaeval building, and last of all a modern church. There are some who say that below the Jewish level there are still older ruins.

It was always the proper hearth to the gorge which we were watching the workmen fill, and they will discover the pool now fast disappearing before our eyes.

Suggestive Spelling.

It was always incomprehensible to me how such a vast amount of rubbish could have accumulated there. If Jerusalem lay in a valley or in a basin like Lon-don, I could understand it, but such is not the case-the city is 2500 feet above the level of the sea, you have to climb up from the plains of Palestine to reach it, and even when you get to its immediate surroundings, you have to climb to get into the city. The human race is a lazy one, and fond of dumping rubbleh into easy places; but that they should take the trouble to haul rubblah up 2500 fost but the the all to dumping rubbleh into the all to dumping the cost into feet into the air to dump it seems pre-

One day in Jerusalem, however, this mystery was solved. (I may remark parenthetically that there are all manner of Jeep gorges and ravines in the modern city, and doubtless there were more in the ancient one.) One day we were not far from the Temple Enclosure when we saw a number of carts busily at work filling up a depression. In this particular gorge, or valley, is the famous pool of more romantic city in the "Thousand Bethesda. Now, the pool of Bethesda, Nights and a Night" because Burton in according to the antiquarians, is a gi-sisted on his Bagdad with an "h"? gantic basin which was dug out of the Which form is more alluring to strange

Fine

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PRINCE INDORSES PE-RU-NA

For Summer Colds, Coughs and All Catarrhal Ailments



Prince Jonah Kalanianaole, Delegate in Congress from Hawaii, in a recent letter to the Peruna Medicine Co., says:

"I can cheerfully recommend your Peruna as a very effective remedy for coughs, colds and caterrhal trouble." PRINCE JONAH KALANIANAOLE.

ceased to identify it.

But the lost pool was found, only to be lost again. The day we saw it several score of Oriental workmen were laboring with asses, with carts, and with baskets, carrying earth to fill on this carrying earth to fill on the carrying earth to fil

kets, carrying earth to fill up this gorge.

I do not know why they were doing it;
probably they were leveling it to erect
some building there. But the thought occurred to me that in 50 or 100 years
the building will have fallen flown; then
the building will have fallen flown; then
the bow-legs; you hear the warning

The Cause of Consumption Often a: Common Cold.

Nine cases of consumption out of occur in this way:
A person catches cold. The cold is not properly cured, and they quickly catch another one. This cold is dilly-dailled with by no treatment or some treatnent that is ineffectual and the cold con-

Then they catch another cold and begin to cough. Then they take cough syrups but they do no good. but they do no good.

By and by they get tired of taking medicine and give up in despair. Their cold continues; and their cough grows worse. Then they apply to a doctor and only to find that they are in the first stages of consumption.

Cured by Peruna.

We do not recommend Peruna as a consumption cure, but we do claim that it will prevent consumption if taken before the disease is thoroughly established. It is only the cases of inciplent consumption that we feel confident that Peruna will cure. stages of consumption.

ong, 120 feet wide and over 80 feet deep.

It got lost during the Middle Ages, some-one, for unknown reasons, having filled it about half way up. This so changed

times will furnish the funds for excavat-ing. They will dig down some 600 feet

into the gorge which we were watching the workmen fill, and they will discover

Suggestive Spelling.

Boston Herald. In the school geographies the coloring

of certain countries and even the ap-

pearance of names of foreign towns or

lands were of infinite suggestion to the

fanciful pupil. There were deserts that seemed to him inevitably fertile; aban-

doned cities that surely were tumultuous with feasts and dances and shows. The

names themselves were a spell, as the

mere sound of Mesopotamia comforted the old woman. Damascus, Bagdad, the Gil-

lipagos-no wonder that Fitz James

O'Brien put a song of a girl in those isles into the mouth of the sallor boy for

whom the wharf rat lurked; and yet the

Gallipagos, or the Encantadas, are as cinder heaps, and they are girl-less. The

familiar names still work their speli-Persepolis, Samarcand, Ispahan, Mos-cow, Esbatan, Lahor, the golden Cher-sonese-but the schoolmaster is very much abroad, and there are disturbing

changes in the spelling. Is Bagdad the more romantic city in the "Thousand Nights and a Night" because Burton in-

Thereupon some rich steel

to its final settlement in the lungs, Peruna can be relied upon to check the progress of the catarrh. Sometimes after a diagnosis of consumption has been made by competent physicians Peruna has permanently cured. We have testimonials from many people who have been given up to die of consumption, who claim to have been cured by Peruna.

At any time during the progress of the

catarrh, from the first onset of the cold

dreams, Manchuria or Manchooria, Crefu

or Chefoo? Nor do proper names escape.

Ulysses is nearer to us than Odysseus,

and the men of Plutarch are not easily recognized in the forms approved by

STEED OF GREAT ANTIQUITY

Senator Blackburn Tells of Gift to an

Itinerant Preacher.

Washington Times

shiners in Kentucky, and Senator Black-

burn tells this interesting story about a

preacher, a horse and a plain-spoken

"Preachers in many rural districts of

Southern States have trials and tribula-

tions as they go from meeting-house to

meeting-house to deliver the word of God.

They are a hard-worked and poorty-paid

"I once heard of a new horse being

presented to one of these preachers who

had many miles of mountainous territory

to cover in order to fill his appointments.

The animal was not fine-in fact, it was

"The horse was presented the preacher

what might be called a 'stack of bones.'

ot, and yet there is little grumbling.

itable courage

mountaineer:

purchasing Peruna should look out for imitations. Examine each package care-fully. It you have ever used Peruna or it you have ever tasted it, you are not in the slightest danger of being misled by these imitations, but all those beginning

know of Peruna.

the use of Peruna should beware.

Beware of imitations. Believe no one who tells you that he has a remedy that s making the same cures that Peruna is If you have any doubt as to the genuine-

The Great Test of a Medicine Is the Result Obtained.

The Source of Catarrh Must Bo

Reached If It Is Cured-Pe-ru-na Cures.

Catarrh is simply a flabby condition of the mucous membrane. This flabbless has been brought about by exposure to

cold which finally depresses the nerves supplying the mucous membrane.

Peruna operates immediately to strengthen these nerves and give tone to the mucous membrane. There is no other

internal catarrh remedy that has proven effective in all cases.

The most distinguished men of the

United States have no besitation in lend-ing their influence to assist in letting the

people know of the virtues of Peruna-Nearly one-half the people are in some degree affected by catarrh. Therefore it is almost a National curse and it is of National import that the people should

Pe-ru-na Cannot Be Imitated.

Some things may be successfully imi-tated, but Peruna cannot be. Every one

ness of the bottle of Peruna you are using, write to Dr. Hartman and the fraud, if there be any, will soon be detected A Presidential Candidate on the Populist Ticket Endorses Pe-ru-na-

Hon. John B. Weaver, of Colfax, Ia., & Hon. John B. Weaver, of Colfax, Ia., a candidate for the Presidency on the Populist ticket, writes from the National Hotel, Washington, D. C., as follows:

"I can unhesitatingly recommend your remedy, Peruna, for coughs, colds and catarrh. I am satisfied that it will do all you claim for it."—John B. Weaver.

A cold is the beginning of catarrh. It may cause catarrh of any of the internal organs—the head, throat, lungs and stomach. A remedy that will cure a cold, then,

ach. A remedy that will cure a cold, then, would cure all these different effects of cold. Peruna is such a remedy. We have letters from all over the United States, attesting to this fact. The poor and rich alike use and recommend it.

Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Peruna is not a guess nor an experiment -it is an absolute scientific certainty. We have on file many thousand testimo-nials like the ones given. We can only give our readers a slight glimpse of the vast array of unsolicited indorsements wa are receiving every month. No other physician in the world has received such a volume of enthusiastic and grateful letters of thanks as Dr. Hartman for Pe-

of I hain't of the 'pinion hit's the same "This broke up the crowd. The preacher

entered the meeting-house and delivered his sermon." Silly Proverbe. New Orleans Times-Democrat.

"A man never attains any degree of wisdom until he rejects the teachings of the proverbs," said the peculiar fellow across the table. "It was a blithering idiot who remarked that a stitch in time saved nine. My trousers tore yesterday, and I took the one attch that all the world is supposed to commend. The result was the strain was transferred to another part of the garment, and I had to wait until nightfall before I could go home. 'A penny saved is a penny earned' is very beautiful in theory, but if you have one dollar and resist the temptati only one dollar, and not ten, as the prov-

"Conscience does not make cowards of us all. It is the skulking, cowardly ras no mute, inglorious Miltons within 27.600 miles of where there are newspaper of-fices. Lives of great men do not teach us to make our lives sublime. A certain great Scotch gentleman used to throw bacon at his wife when things went wrong at the Jinner table, and other ceiebritles have set the same example in their home life. Time is put of joint, and I am disgusted. Only the other day a man asked me for a dime to get a drink. I followed the fellow, as I suspected he was deceiving me, and, 'pon my word, he bought bread and coffee. Say, please pass those warm biscuits before that plature peddler gets 'em all."

Arizona Stockmen Rejoice.

TUCSON, Ariz., July 23.-Information from all sections of Central and Southern Arizona say rain has been general during Several soaking downpo the week.

ROSENTHAL'S

\$50,000 Fine Shoes

will be sold at greatly reduced figures, every pair in the store included. Our store will be closed Monday. Sale commences : : : : :

TUESDAY, JULY 26th, at 8 A.M.

4000 pairs of Men's patent colt and vici kid Low Shoes, also some tans; were \$4.00; now, pair......\$2.50 Hanan's or Boyden's fine Oxfords, in all leathers, 25 per cent off regular prices.

Odds and Ends Men's Shoes, mostly large size and narrow widths, per pair......\$1.75 Ladies' fine patent kid and vici kid Oxfords, \$3.50 and \$4.00 values, all sizes, per pair.....\$2.65 1000 pairs Ladies' Tan Shoes, in narrow widths only; were \$5.00 and \$6.00; per pair\$1.35

300 pairs Ladies' Black and Tan Low Shoes, narrow widths only, just the thing for the mountains or coast, pair 25¢

Our bargain counters are loaded with thousands of offers too numerous to men-

learance

Sale

Fine

Shoes

one Sunday just before the service began. Quite a crowd of men were standing around discussing its qualifications. The preacher remarked: 'I am much pleased with my new steed. The horse is as good have been experienced. The rainy season is now assured. Stockmen and farmers as the animal our blessed Savier rode.' is now assured. Stockmen of the territory are rejoicing