FRANCE IN LINE

Hay's Policy as Regards China Accepted.

INDORSEMENT IS CORDIAL

Ambassador Is Instructed To Convey the Information.

RUSSIA WILL COME OVER

Count Cassini Is Expected to Inform United States of Acquiescence of His Government Tomorrow.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Secretary Hay has added another to his long list of diplomatic triumphs, and the United States is once more enabled, by his diplomacy, to head the nations in a concurrent effort to preserve the integrity of China. Mr. Hay's note of February 10 to Russia and Japan, urging them to confine hostilities within as small an area as possible and to respect the neutrality and administrative entity of China will be accepted by Russia as well as by Japan, and all the nations will join the Washington Government in inviting the combatants to agree to the proposition.

M. Jusserand, the French Ambassador, called upon Secretary Hay today at his residence to inform him officially of France's acceptance, and inferentially it is known that Russia's acquiescence will be communicated very soon. At the Russian Embassy tonight, no intimation had been received of the government's probable answer to Secretary Hay's note, but Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, will inform Secretary Hay as soon as St. Petersburg advises him.

Acceptance by the powers of the Washington Government's suggestion will be followed by a further exchange of views as to the practicability of the suggestion, to the principle of which all have given their adherence. As the note is of the most general character, it will be necessary to discuss at some length the possibilities it contains.

Field of Hostilities.

It is generally understood that hostilities will be confined, so far as China is concerned, to Manchuria, Shan Hai Kwan probably marking the western boundary of the theater of action. No official definition has yet been given to the term "administrative entity." It is not expected that a treaty will be necessary to execute Secretary Hay's proposition, but that an exchange of notes will suffice.

Russia's decision to acquiesce was reached after consultation with several European powers. It is understood that M. Delcasse brought strong pressure to bear at St. Petersburg in support of the note, and that Ambassador Porter, at Paris, was most active in obtaining France's approval.

The London government, it is expected, will not be inclined further to inquire as to the details of the proposition. It has been known for several days that England adhered to the principle.

The formal acceptance of the other powers, it is expected will follow rapidly, but the success of the proposition is assured by the decision of Russia and Japan to agree to it.

Negotiations in Paris.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—United States Ambassador Porter and M. Nelidoff, the Russian Ambassador to France, called at the Foreign Office this afternoon and held a long conference with Foreign Minister Delcasse in regard to Secretary Hay's note regarding China.

Today's conference between Ambassador Porter and Minister Delcasse was the third which has been held during the last four days. M. Delcasse in the meantime had conferred with the Cabinet. At an early hour today the French authorities were advised that Russia waived her objections to the Hay note, thus removing the obstacles in the way of its acceptance by France. The approval of Japan has not been doubted, and this is made more certain by the receipt of an official Japanese declaration favoring the neutrality of China and limiting the area of war.

Exchanges between Paris and the Chancelleries of Europe show their favorable consideration of Secretary Hay's note and the following statement in the Temps explains the attitude of the Cabinets of London, Paris and Berlin:

"The Cabinets of London, Paris and Berlin are in accord upon Secretary Hay's note. In the response which the three powers will make to the United States it will be suggested that the text of the American document be clarified and simplified. The three powers agree in giving the note a construction favorable to China's proclaiming her neutrality and also that this neutrality be recognized and respected throughout the period of hostilities, but that owing to the special conditions prevailing in Manchuria, which is the present theater of actual warfare, Manchuria will not be included under this declaration of Chinese neutrality, this exception of Manchuria not affecting China's rights or stipulations in treaties.

"It is believed that the United States will accept this limitation of the interpretation, which, it is said, is acceptable to Russia and Japan."

The outcome of the negotiation is considered another admirable stroke of American diplomacy and one which is likely to have far-reaching consequences in limiting the scope of the war and its effects.

AUSTRIA MAY HOLD OUT.

She Deems Her Concern in the Matter of No Great Moment.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The State Department today issued this statement:

"After some preliminary exchange of views between this government and the government of others powers interested in the Chinese matters, the Department on February 10 sent the following instructions to the American representatives in St. Petersburg, Tokio and Pekin:

"You will express to the Minister of Foreign Affairs the earnest desire of the Government of the United States that in the course of the military operations which have begun between Russia and Japan, the neutrality of China and in all practicable ways her administrative entity shall be respected by both parties, and that the area of hostilities shall be localized and minimized as much as possible, so that undue excitement of the Chinese people may be presented and the least possible loss to the commerce and intercourse of the world will be occasioned.

(Signed) "JOHN HAY."

At the same time this Government informed all the public signatories of the protocol at Pekin of its action and requested similar action on their part.

There is a hint that Austria will seek to avoid any participation in the proposed representation to the belligerents on the ground she has small concern in the matter, but no formal answer has been had from her.

England wants a more definite statement of the purpose and scope of the note. Secretary Hay is disinclined to yield to this wish. He thinks it would be impossible to get the powers together if any attempt were made to exactly define the purpose of concurrent action. So as to make Manchuria the issue, the question is left open purposely as to whether China administration is or is not in force in that war-swept territory. That is why the term "administrative entity" was used in Secretary Hay's note. It is a question of fact, to be determined later on, whether or not China does possess "administrative entity" in Manchuria.

This suspicion engendered by the issue of the note is inexplicable to the authorities here. It is declared that the Government has been animated by the most simple and direct purposes, and has tried to express that fact in its note. There is grave danger of the flight from Pekin of the Chinese court if it is not speedily proved that there is no danger of an invasion of China by one or the other of the belligerents.

The State Department has been warned by China itself that the result of this flight would lead to a general uprising against foreigners that might result in massacres. And the end would be, perhaps, the disruption of China. In this event it is believed here that the neutral powers would make off with the lion's share, the belligerents being too much occupied to prevent them. This conviction on the part of officials here causes them to freely express the opinion that Russia will be guilty of a grave mistake if she rejects Secretary Hay's proposals. But if she does do so, it is said that there will be no attempt made on our part to secure, through force of arms, the purposes stated in the note. In other words, the United States is not to be dragged into hostilities in the far East.

Neutrality Note Cabled to Manila.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The entire text of the President's neutrality proclamation was cabled today to the Philippines for promulgation there. This was done at great expense, for the reasons that the Philippines probably would be the most likely scene of breaches of neutrality, owing to their contiguity to the scene of war.

Italy Favorable to Note.

ROME, Feb. 13.—The Italian Government is favorable to the note of Secretary Hay concerning the territorial integrity of China, but it is still negotiating with other powers with the idea of arriving at a general understanding.

China Declares Her Neutrality.

TOKIO, Feb. 13.—The Chinese government has proclaimed the neutrality of China during the war between Russia and Japan.

Russian Diplomats Return Home.

YOKOHAMA, Feb. 13.—The Russian diplomatic and consular staffs embarked here yesterday on their return home.

HOPE FOR HANNA.

(Continued from First Page.)

improved. At 11:30 the Senator was sleeping naturally.

H. M. Hanna said to the Associated Press, after the afternoon bulletin was issued:

"That is a very satisfactory report."

"No oxygen has been given Senator Hanna since 9:40 this morning. He is conscious and perfectly rational. He recognized his daughter Ruth, and in addressing the doctor said:

" 'Well, how am I this morning?'

"The doctor replied:

" 'You are better and doing well. We want you to help us, Senator.'

" 'I will,' was the response."

As to whether the climax of the fever has been reached the doctors will make no announcement. They say the temperature may go up or down within an hour.

Just before President Roosevelt arrived Senator Hanna conversed with his nurse. He was asked if he would not like a little whisky. In a feeble voice the Senator replied:

"Yes; give me some of that whisky Mr. Carnegie sent me."

While it was being poured out the nurse said:

"Senator, we want you to take this whisky before you go to sleep."

"Sleep?" he said. "Why, I haven't had a wink today."

Secretary Hay called at the hotel this afternoon and was received by Senator Hanna's brother, who informed him of the Senator's condition.

The Senator has shown wonderful vitality. One of the nurses remarked that his rally from the sinking spell yesterday was remarkable. The Senator's brother, H. M. Hanna, continues firm in his belief of his ultimate recovery.

Mr. Dover found a large stack of telegrams on his desk when he came into his office this morning. These came from personal friends of the Senator in all parts of the United States, and from numerous organizations throughout the country. All express hope for a speedy recovery. Callers began arriving early. General Dick, who remained at the hotel until 3 A. M., was back at 8 A. M. to learn of the Senator's condition.

TALE IN LETTERS.

(Continued from First Page.)

retary Hitchcock. He has with him a written statement of Hyde's method of operation, but it is not sworn to, and will not be, unless Schneider receives assurance that he will not be prosecuted. Schneider, since he left Portland, has been in Mexico, and expects to return as soon as his testimony is taken, unless he is apprehended for his participation in the frauds.

It is believed the case against the manipulators is sufficiently strong without Schneider's testimony. Schneider, by the way, is shown by the testimony to have prepared a number of reports and recommendations in Hyde's office, which were signed and submitted to the General Land Office, by forestry officials in California. These recommendations were intended to bring about the creation of forest reserves, which would embrace lands that had been cornered by Hyde and Benson through entries made by means of their dummies.

A report was current in Washington tonight that Congressman Hermann was to be summoned to appear before the grand jury to testify as to what he knew about the operations of Hyde and Benson. When seen tonight, Mr. Hermann said he had received no summons and did not expect to be subpenaed. He says that just before he left the land office, he handed to Secretary Hitchcock the information upon which the case has since been worked up by Assistant Attorney-General Pugh and Secret Service Agent Burns.

LASHED INTO FURY

Russians Determined to Wipe Out Their Defeats.

THEY DISPLAY PATRIOTISM

Thousands Kneel for Hours in the Snows Praying for Success--Call to Arms Will Have Ill Effect on Business.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb 13.—For the first time since the beginning of hostilities in the Far East, the government tonight gave the Russian newspapers permission to publish the accounts received from abroad of the engagement off Chemulpo, in which the warships Variag and Korietz were destroyed.

The war fever, which has been aroused here and apparently all over the empire, or at least all over European Russia, in a single week is truly remarkable. Such patriotic demonstrations as have been witnessed in St. Petersburg since hostilities began have been all the more astonishing because of the public indifference during the period of negotiations and almost up to the hour when Japan struck the first blow at Port Arthur. But now, like a flash, the whole empire seems to have been lashed into fury by defeat and, like a bear when it is wounded and angry, it is prepared to fight to the bitter end. The dreamy Russian character has been stirred to depths of resentment, which it will be difficult to understand abroad.

Demonstrations Are Spontaneous.

The demonstrations here have been almost continuous for three days, and they have been also entirely spontaneous. Some of them were extraordinary in character. Today the school boys and students of the city, numbering thousands, marched bareheaded for hours up and down the Nevsky Prospect, bearing flags, shouting and singing patriotic airs. They were followed by an enormous crowd. Like previous processions, this one went first to the Anichkoff Palace, where the Dowager Empress, who is very popular with the people, showed herself.

Later, the boys and students completely surrounded the Winter Palace, and in response to their enthusiastic cheers the Czar and the Czarina made their appearance. When the Czarina blew kisses to the boys, a vast shout went up which waked the echoes across the Neva.

At the French Embassy, which was next visited by the procession, Madame Pompard was compelled, in the absence of the Ambassador, to appear at a balcony and acknowledge the cheers for Russia's ally.

In front of the barracks, the various regimental bands played the National hymn to hurrahing crowds. There were demonstrations tonight outside the theaters and the performances going on inside were stopped while the orchestra came out on the street to play folk songs which the soldiers sang while marching.

The fact that the poor house-porters pay their last cent for the extra editions of the papers, and that the cabdrivers do not charge military men for carrying them around, shows how deeply the feelings of the public have been penetrated.

Kneel in Snow to Pray.

Telegrams from almost every town in European Russia tell the same story of popular demonstrations. At Moscow there were great manifestations in front of the Palace of Grand Duke Serge and before the Iberian Chapel, where stands the sacred image of Our Lady of Iberia, before which the Czar invokes blessings when he goes to Moscow. Thousands of persons knelt for hours in the snow in front of the chapel, praying for victories.

The mobilization of the reserves in Siberia and the Kazan district calls to the colors 300,000 men. All men who have served five years in the army and are under 43 years of age, must report. This will result in the disorganization of daily life in this part of the empire, and it will have an ill-effect upon every profession and calling.

SHOW GOOD WILL TO POWERS.

Guests at Japanese Banquet Drink to Toast Proposed by Mikado.

TOKIO, Feb. 13.—On the occasion yesterday of the 2564th anniversary of the accession of the Emperor Jimmu, founder of the dynasty, a banquet was given by the present Emperor, at the imperial palace, and His Majesty addressed the guests as follows:

"Upon the occasion of this memorable anniversary, it gives me great pleasure to entertain the foreign representatives, ministers, officers and other distinguished persons.

"It is, indeed, with deep regret that circumstances beyond our control compelled us to sever peaceful negotiations with a neighboring power. We, however, are pleased to say that our relations of friendship are daily increasing with the powers so worthily represented here, and that we desire most earnestly to draw the relations still closer.

"We propose the health and happiness of the sovereigns of these powers."

The Belgian Minister, Baron D'Anethana, as dean of the diplomatic corps, responded to the Emperor's speech, as follows:

"Sir: In the name of the diplomatic corps, I have the honor to tender your Majesty our sincere and respectful wishes of your Majesty's happiness, for her Empress, and for their imperial highnesses, the Princes of your Majesty's house. We have heard with much emotion the words of your Majesty that he felt compelled to break off peace relations with a neighboring nation. We are faithful interpreters of your beliefs of state when we express the hope that two powerful empires, with which we hold relations of constant friendship, are not to be deprived long of the blessings of peace. We respectfully thank your Majesty for your Majesty's kindness to ourselves, and transmit to you wishes for your health and happiness, and the expression of your Majesty's desire to see drawn, closer still, the relations of friendship which so happily unite our countries."

Catarrh

Invites Consumption

It weakens the delicate lung tissues, deranges the digestive organs, and breaks down the general health.

It often causes headache and dizziness, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, and affects the voice.

Being a constitutional disease it requires a constitutional remedy.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Radically and permanently cures catarrh of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, and more delicate organs.

Read the testimonials.

No substitute for Hood's acts like Hood's. Be sure to get Hood's.

"I was troubled with catarrh 20 years. Seeing statements of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla resolved to try it. Four bottles entirely cured me." WILLIAM SHERMAN, 1030 6th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

FOREIGNERS SAFE FOR A TIME

China's Order Enjoins the Strictest of Neutrality.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Sir Cheng Tung Liang Cheng, the Chinese Minister here, called at the State Department today and formally notified Secretary Hay that the Emperor of China had issued a proclamation of neutrality. The Minister's cablegram contained the further information that in issuing this proclamation the Emperor had, in the strongest terms, enjoined the Viceroys and the Governors of the provinces to adopt every precaution for the protection of foreign life and property in their respective territories.

The Minister feels that there is no danger to be apprehended of attacks upon foreigners on Chinese soil in view of the strong language of the proclamation and its speedy distribution.

Mr. Takahira, the Japanese Minister, also called. He brought with him a telegram received from the Japanese Minister of Foreign Affairs, dated today, and reading as follows:

"His Majesty, the Emperor, having been greatly affected to learn of the great conflagration which recently occurred in Baltimore, commands me to convey to the President his expression of deep condolence and sympathy with the people of that city."

The Minister had no news touching upon the progress of the situation in the Far East, and rather looked for a lull for the next few days.

WAY TO AVERT GREAT WAR.

Prominent Japanese Commends the Policy Urged by America.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—"It is extremely probable that the United States and each of the great powers will do actual fighting before this war is over. The United States has taken a strong and courageous position."

Dr. Toyokichi Yenaga, formerly a secretary in the foreign department of the Japanese Government, made the above prediction today. Dr. Yenaga has just completed a series of lectures in Chicago under the auspices of the University of Chicago. Dr. Yenaga said:

"All along I have been saying that the United States and England should join with Japan in settling this Far Eastern question in the interests of modern, progressive civilization. The United States has done just what Japan wanted. President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay, by proposing to limit the question, have taken a very strong stand. The only way to prevent a general war in which all the nations would be fighting would be to carry out the proposal which has been made by the United States."

GERMANY'S POLICY A FACTOR.

Russia Thinks It Wants to Win Back Her Friendship.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Possible action of Germany is regarded here as a factor in the Far Eastern situation and is causing some apprehension, cables the London correspondent of the Herald. The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, already quoted as having cabled that he had information on "unimpeachable authority for stating that if the fortunes of war proved adverse to Russia, a diversion which may lead to far-reaching results is confidently expected from Germany," further says:

"Already proposals are affirmed to have been made by the chief of that state, which if accepted, will considerably complicate matters. The German government will support Russia diplomatically if any action be taken to bring the alleged evacuation of Wei Hai Wei before The Hague tribunal.

"Germany's fixed resolution is to win back Russia's friendship," the dispatch concludes, "but the proposals which have emanated from Berlin are definite and concrete and if accepted are likely to interest Europe more keenly in the Far Eastern War."

BRITAIN SHOWS FEAR OF WAR.

Troops Will Be Stationed in Canada So as to Be Nearer Orient.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 13.—The British government is making inquiries concerning facilities for quartering in Canada seven regiments of troops in addition to those already there during the war in the East. It is proposed to send two regiments to this city, two to Esquimalt, B. C., and one each to Quebec, Montreal and Toronto.

It is understood that the government wishes to station troops at these points in order to have them nearer the scene of hostilities between Japan and Russia in case complications involving British interests should develop.

While the government has forces in India, it is said that it would not move them because of the danger that soldiers of Arghanistan or Thibet would quietly cross the Indian frontier and become a serious menace.

CZAR MAKES TOUCHING ADDRESS

Assures Council of Empire He Relies Implicitly on His Subjects.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 13.—A loyal address from the Council of the Empire was presented to Emperor Nicholas yesterday. His majesty, replying to the deputation presenting the document, said:

"I thank you for the expression of your sentiments, and hope with you that God's help will be with us in these times so serious to us. I count now, as always, upon your devotion to myself and to the fatherland, and hope Russia will, as heretofore in her history, emerge from her grievous trial with honor, and strengthened both home and abroad, and again devote herself to the arts of peace so dear to my heart and so necessary to the fatherland."

The Emperor has accepted the offer of the knightly orders of Courland, Livonia and Esthonia to equip a medical corps for service at the front.

GERMANY DECLARES ITS POLICY

Officers in Colonies Directed to See That Neutrality Prevails.

BERLIN, Feb. 13.—The Imperial Chancellor, Count von Buelow, in the Reichsanzieger, the government's official organ, today issued the following proclamation:

"In consequence of the official declaration of war between the Imperial Government of Russia and the Imperial Government of Japan, it becomes the duty of every one in the German Empire and in the empire's colonies, and also of Germans residing abroad, to observe in all their relations, the strictest neutrality."

Details of prohibitions contained in the British and some other declarations of neutrality are omitted. The officers of the crown are charged to see that neutrality is enforced.

More Russians Pray for Success.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Following the example of the St. Petersburg Municipal Council, similar bodies in Odessa, Kieff and elsewhere have voted telegraphic addresses of loyalty to the Czar, and have taken part in specially appointed religious services, at which prayers were offered for Russia's success, says a dispatch to the Times from Odessa. On receipt of the Emperor's manifesto at Keiff, there was great enthusiasm, groups of inhabitants parading the streets until after midnight singing patriotic songs.

GERMANY FOR THE WHITE.

Russian Predominance Is Given the Most Sympathy.

BERLIN, Feb. 13.—The position of the German Government respecting the Russo-Japanese War is well defined. It is exact neutrality in act, but in sentiment it is sympathetic toward Russian predominance in China, rather than Japanese predominance there.

The common talk in Ministerial quarters is that this is not a simple contest for territory in Corea or Manchuria, but rather a combat of civilization and of race ideals, and if one must choose between the white and the yellow, Germany stands by the white.

The government here is conscious that Russia has not acted wisely, and that Japan has sufficient reasons for making war, and especially that after the Chino-Japanese War in 1894 Japan was advised to give up Port Arthur and that Russia took possession of this place.

Germany recognizes also that other powers have cause for complaint in that Russia did not keep her promise to evacuate Manchuria, and among these powers is Germany, which holds opinions identical with those of the United States concerning the "open door."

The Foreign Office has this week expressed this view to the State Department at Washington, but beyond these considerations there are, according to a very high German official, greater considerations of statesmanship which prompt Germany to withhold its sympathy from Japan, and to hope that Russia will not be vanquished.

Japanese victory is believed by this official to mean that Japanese influence would be supreme in China, and the cry would go up, "Asia for the Asiatics." He believes also that territorially and economically Great Britain, Germany and the United States would in the event of the Japanese winning be expelled from the East.

WILL DEFEND HERSELF.

British Inquiry Calls Forth a Significant Reply From Denmark.

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 13.—The British government has inquired if the Danish government is prepared to defend Denmark's neutrality, especially the important sea routes. Denmark replied in effect: "We will defend ourselves."

The construction placed on this inquiry here is that Great Britain apprehends the danger of Russia occupying Danish possessions in the event of complications between Great Britain and Russia over the Far Eastern question.

In consequence of probability of such an outcome the Danish War Department has ordered the army reserves to be ready for mobilization, throughout Denmark, within 12 hours.

RUSSIANS WOULD ESCAPE WAR

Applications for Citizenship Papers Pour In Rapidly.

HAYS CITY, Kan., Feb. 13.—As a result of the war in the Orient, the District Court is besieged with aplications for citizenship. There are hundreds of Russians in this county who now seek naturalization papers, to avoid taking any chances of being compelled to return to their native land to be drafted into the army.

Russia Detains British Vessels.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The owners of the British steamer Foxton Hall, from Barry, December 11, via Port Said, for Port Arthur, coal laden, have been advised that the vessel has been detained by the Russian authorities at Port Arthur. Russian soldiers have been placed on board the vessel, and her British captain and crew have been sent to Cheefoo, whence it is reported that several other neutral vessels are detained at Port Arthur.

Kaiser Sends Letter to the Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 13.—Colonel Van Scheck, commanding the Emperor Alexander regiment of the German Guards, of which the Czar is honorary Colonel-in-Chief, arrived here today from Berlin. He will present to the Czar an autograph letter from Emperor William. Rear-Admiral Rojesvenski, chief of the general staff of the navy, leaves here for the Far East February 16.

Cable to Valdivostok Closes.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 13.—The Pacific Commercial Cable Company has issued the following notice: "We are advised that messages for Niu Chwang and other places in Manchuria may be accepted and forwarded, at sender's risk. The rate is unchanged. The Vladivostok route is temporarily closed."

Neither Belligerent Opposes It.

BERLIN, Feb. 13.—The German Government has been informed that neither Russia nor Japan opposes in principle Secretary Hay's proposal in regard to China.

Russian Legation Deserts Seoul.

LONDON, Feb. 13.—The official advices from Tokio today to the Japanese Legation, say that in addition to M. Pavloff, the Russian Minister, the staff of the Legation, and the Russian legation guard, all the other Russians at Seoul left the Corean capital on the same train yesterday, bound for China, via Chemulpo, guarded by Japanese troops.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE

In Store for Those Who Doubt.

When you read that a sufferer of many years' standing has been completely restored to health by using Smith's Cure-all, you are inclined to doubt the statement and, in fact, have no belief in it whatever. The reason for this is that so much is claimed for the Cure-all it is impossible for any one to believe it; if the advertiser confined his claims to the curing of one disease, as do the proprietors of Pyramid Pile Cure, readers would have more faith in published testimonials. Those familiar with this great remedy know that testimonials as to its merit may be relied upon implicitly, also that the cures brought about by its use are little short of marvelous. The genuineness of the testimonial here given is vouched for and is but one of thousands received:

"I wish to write you and tell you what your Pyramid Pile Cure has done for me. I have been troubled with piles for the past five years, and used every remedy that was recommended to me. While some would give me relief for a while they never have cured. I was so bad this Summer I could not get up or down without pain; could not attend to my household duties. Finally I got a 50-cent box of your Pyramid Pile Cure at the druggist's, and it is now two months since I used the last of the box, and have had no trouble since. I can say it is really and truly a good remedy.

"I am so thankful I tried it as I know it has cured me, and if at any time I should have any such trouble again I would use it at once. Since I am cured I have recommended it to my friends, whom I know to be afflicted as I was, and I know they will use it too. I am so thankful I ever learned of your cure." Mrs. F. Hutt, 460 2d street, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Pyramid Pile Cure is sold by druggists for fifty cents a package, or will be mailed to any address upon receipt of price by Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich. Write this firm for their book describing the cause and cure of piles.

Steamer Not Molested.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 13.—The Merchants' Exchange reports the arrival at Yokohama on February 11 of the Japanese liner America Maru from this port. The America Maru is one of the merchant vessels which have been impressed into the naval service of Japan, and it was feared that she might be intercepted by some Russian warship before reaching her destination.

French-Siamese Conflict Averted.

PARIS, Feb. 13.—The danger of a conflict between France and Siam has been dissipated by the signing tonight by Foreign Minister Delcasse and the Siamese Minister to France of a treaty marking the frontier between Siam and Cambodia, a foreign protector in Indo-China.

This treaty secured substantial territorial and economic advantages to France, and an increase of her political influence in the country. One article of the convention assures freedom in Siam to the trade of all nations.

Japanese Show Russians Favor.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—A cablegram received at the Japanese Legation from Tokio states that a request was made through the British Consul at Chemulpo that 34 of the Russians wounded in the recent naval engagement be placed in charge of some Japanese charitable institutions. Consent was readily given and they were put in the Japanese nurses' hospital at Chemulpo and are being treated by the Japanese doctors.

Rusisa Will Punish Newspaper.

ST. PTERSBURG, Feb. 13.—It was officially announced tonight that Viceroy Alexieff today telegraphed the Czar that there had been no change in the Far Eastern situation within the last few days.

The Rus, which today published a story of the destruction of four Japanese cruisers and six transports by the Russian Vladivostok squadron, will be penalized by the authorities for the publication of false news.

Bombay Natives With Japan.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—The native population are taking extraordinary interest in the war between Japan and Russia, says a World dispatch from Bombay. They express much gratification over the victories of the Asiatic power.

Will Sail for Shanghai Monday.

MANILA, Feb. 13.—Rear-Admiral Cooper, in command of a squadron composed of the New Orleans, Raleigh, Frolic and Annapolis, is under orders to sail for Shanghai. The ships will probably sail on Monday.

Red Cross Fixes Its Policy.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—It was decided by the Executive Committee of the American National Red Cross today to authorize those who applied to engage in Red Cross work in the Russo-Japanese War to effect such organization for the purpose as may be practical, with the sanction of the committee, and such support as might be available. Among those who have made application are two prominent medical men.

Allows Russian Cruiser to Dock.

SUEZ, Feb. 13.—On recommendation, the government has permitted the disabled Russian torpedobont-destroyer at Suez to go into dock for repairs. She will be towed to Port Said from here.

Grain Exportations Not Stopped.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 13.—The Finance Ministry, in denying today the report that Russia has prohibited the exportation of grain, added that no such step was ever contemplated.

THOUSANDS HAVE KIDNEY TROUBLE AND DON'T KNOW IT

To Prove what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney Remedy, Will Do for YOU, Every Reader of "The Oregonian" May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, therefore, when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, fatal results are sure to follow.

Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys most, because they do most and need attention first.

If you are sick or "feel badly" begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys begin to get better they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root will set your whole system right, and the best proof of this is a trial.

14 EAST 120th ST., NEW YORK CITY.
DEAR SIR: Oct. 15th, 1903.

"I had been suffering severely from kidney trouble. All symptoms were on hand; my former strength and power had left me; I could hardly drag myself along. Even my mental capacity was giving out, and often I wished to die. It was then I saw an advertisement of yours in a New York paper, but would not have paid any attention to it, had it not promised a sworn guarantee with every bottle of your medicine, asserting that your Swamp-Root is purely vegetable, and does not contain any harmful drugs. I am 70 years and 4 months old, and with a good conscience I can recommend Swamp-Root to all sufferers from kidney troubles. Four members of my family have been using Swamp-Root for four different kidney diseases, with the same good results."

With many thanks to you, I remain,
Very truly yours,
ROBERT BERNER.

You may have a sample bottle of this famous kidney remedy, Swamp-Root, sent free by mail, postpaid, by which you may test its virtues for such disorders as kidney, bladder and uric acid diseases, poor digestion, being obliged to pass your water frequently night and day, smarting or irritation in passing, brick-dust or sediment in the urine, headache, backache, lame back, dizziness, sleeplessness, nervousness, heart disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin eruption from bad blood, neuralgia, rheumatism, diabetes, bloating, irritability, worn-out feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion, or Bright's disease.

If your water, when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling or has a cloudy appearance, it is evidence that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention.

Swamp-Root is the great discovery of Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist. Hospitals use it with wonderful success in both slight and severe cases. Doctors recommend it to their patients and use it in their own families, because they recognize in Swamp-Root the greatest and most successful remedy.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is for sale at drug stores the world over in bottles of two sizes and two prices—fifty cents and one dollar. Remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTICE.—If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root and a book containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. In writing, be sure to say that you read this generous offer in the Portland Sunday Oregonian.

Backed up by over a third of a century of remarkable and uniform cures, a record such as no other remedy for the diseases and weaknesses peculiar to women ever attained, the proprietors of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription now feel fully warranted in offering to pay $500 in legal money of the United States, for any case of Leucorrhea, Female Weakness, Prolapsus, or Falling of Womb which they cannot cure. All they ask is a fair and reasonable trial of their means of cure.

"I used four bottles of your 'Favorite Prescription' and one of 'Golden Medical Discovery,'" writes Mrs. Elmer D. Shearer, of Mountjoy, Lancaster Co., Pa., "and can say that I am cured of that dreaded disease, uterine trouble. Am in better health than ever before. Everyone who knows me is surprised to see me look so well. In June I was so poor in health that at times I could not walk. To-day I am *cured*. I tell everybody that Dr. Pierce's medicines cured me."

FREE. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y.