To Represent Oregon at St. Louis Exposition.

OPINION OF MRS. MONTGOMER

Bendquarters Needed for Oregon, and Building Would Be Means of Winning Missouri's Friendship in Securing National Aid.

"The foundation of the success of the Lewis and Clark Fair is at the St Louis Exposition," said Mrs. Mary Phelps Montgomery, a member of the Board of Lady anagers of the St. Louis Exposition, in discussing the wisdom of having an Oregon State building at St. Louis, Mrs. ntgomery has decided opinions on the subject, and they are directly opposed to those expressed by President Jefferson Myers, of the State Lewis and Clark Fair

"Did you ever know of a man who ran successful political campaign without headquarters? Nearly every other state will have its own building, for they realize the need of headquarters where they can talk to people of the advantages of theif states, can advertise and hold social functions which go far in the work of making a good impression. We do not need a building to display Oregon exhibits, for they must go in the general exhibits in or-der to compete for premiums, but it is not by winning premiums that Oregon will atact people. You must get them into our own headquarters." Mrs. Montgomery has very decided opin-

ions on the subject of women's part in the St. Louis Exposition, one of which is that they should go into competition with men on equal terms, so that, when they win, on equal terms, so that, when they win, they may win not because they are women, but because their work is best. For this reason she opposes a separate display of women's work. Her opinion on women's part in the St. Louis Fair was fully expressed in an address to the Federated Women's Clubs of Oregon of Astoria recently in which she said: at Astoria recently, in which she said:

Oregon Display at St. Louis. It is with pleasure that I stand before you this evening and have the opportunity presented of teiling you a little about the Louisiana Purchase Exposition and ask-ing through you that every clubwoman in the State of Oregon will exert her influence to the success of the great Exposi-

tion in St. Louis in 1994.

I carneally believe that a creditable representation of the State of Oregon at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition will be the foundation of the Lewis and Clark Fair of 1905. I also feel that every dollar spent and every effort made will be re-turned to you ten times over and con-tribute materially to the success of the Lewis and Clark Fair in 1905.

I feel it is not out of piace to define the position and duties of the Board of Lady Managers for the Louisiana Purchase Exeition. Many objections have been made to this name lady managers, but that name was given to us by act of Congress and can only be changed by act of Con-

The territory purchased by Jefferson we now have made into 14 states—Colorado, Montana, South Dakota, Indian Territory, Atkanasa, Minnesota, North Dakota, Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa, Wyoming, Oktahoma and Lonisiana. This purchase was consummated by President Thomas Jefferson in 1862. Without this purchase we never could have used the country west of the Rocky Mountains. There never could have been an exploring party headed by Lewis and Clark, for it would have been impossible to pass through a foreign territory of many hundreds of miles to reach the shores of the Pacific and to possess ourselves of that beautiful Gregon and Washington discovered by Captain Gray some years previous. ne years previous

Punctions of Lady Managers. The act of Congress giving to the Louisi-ana Purchase Exposition Company over six millions of dollars to celebrate the six millions of dollars to celebrate the Loubiana purchase created a National commission of nine men "who shall be appointed within 30 days from the passage of this act, by the Precident of the United States, who shall also be subject to removal by him." In section 6 of this same act it is provided that "said commission is hereby authorized to appoint a board of lady managers of such number and to perform such duties as may be preactibed by said commission, subject however to the approval of said company. Said Board of Lady Managers may in the discretion of said committees authorized to award prizes for such exhibits as may have been produced in whole or in part by female labor."

The creation of a board of lady man-

The creation of a board of lady managers was not provided for in a mandatory
way. It was left optional with the commission whether to bring into being a
board of lady managers. The number and
membership of the board was left to the
commission, subject to the approval of
the Exposition company. The members
were named by the commission with a
view to securing broad geographical representation as well as special fitness for
the discharge of the duties imposed upon
them. Governors and other state officials
were consulted in many cases and every
effort was made to bring together a board
of earnest representative women.

Country Lunch is
On account of rain, t
arranged by the Portlan

President Carter, of the National Commission, says: "When the board wa finally agreed upon and its membership determined, we felt that the work o women in connection with the Exposition determined, we felt that the work of women in connection with the Exposition had been under an appropriate rule amply provided for and the authority transferred to the Board of Lady Managers. Had the commission felt cutirely confident to determine the plan and scope of waman's work in connection with the Exposition, the expense of a Board of Lady Managers would, as a matter of ordinary economic administration, have been dispensed with." It would seem to me if 100 of the most prominent citizens of St. Louis and the National Commission of nine men chosen by the President of the United States feel themselves unable to insure success of an exposition without the aid of women, surely our own Lewis and Clark Board and Oregon State Commission will be obliged to call in the help of all the earnest, thinking women of this great state to house the success of the Lewis and Clark Exposition.

No Special Building Wanted.

No Special Building Wanted.

No Special Building Wanted.

At the first meeting of the Board of Lady Managers the ladies decided they did not want a special building for the exhibits of woman's work. A woman's department beiongs to the kindergurten stage of woman's development as industrial producers. There was one at Chicago, of course, but women have progressed since then. When women's exhibits are confined to a special woman's department, it is really an acknowledgment of women's industrial inferiority. The best compliment that can be paid women is to have their work displayed side by side with man's and judged on its merits without any allowances on account of sex. And that will be done at St. Louis.

Mrs. Montgomery gave a graphic description of the dedication ceremonies at St. Louis.

But in my description of this great dedication I must not forget the rules adopted by the National Commission of February 7, 1821, and approved by the Exposition Company, defining the duties of the Board of Lady Managers.

"First—To appoint one member of all committees authorized to award prizes for such exhibits as may have been produced in whole or in part by female labor.

"Second—To exercise general supervisory countrol over such features of the Exposition as may be specially devoted to woman's work.

"Third—To take part in the ceremonies connected with the dedication of the brindings of the Exposition, and in all official functions, upon the request of the company and the commission.

"Fourth—To elect such officers, appoint such committees and to make and pro-

mulgate such rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary for the efficient discharge of the duties aforesaid; pro-vided that said board shall not make any expenditures nor incur any financial ob-ligation except under authority previously obtained from the company and the com-relation."

Objects to One Rule,

The Board of Lady Managers objects to this lest rule, and has appointed a committee to wait upon Congress at the next session with a petition that \$160.000 of the \$5,000.000 elready appropriated by Congress to the Exposition shall be set aside for the use of the Board of Lady Managers in legitimate exposition work—not for a building, as the St. Louis executive committee has already placed at the disposal of the Board of Lady Managers a beautiful permanent freproof building for all social functions, which, at the close of the Exposition, will become the physics building for Washington University. The \$100,000 asked for will be spent in erecting and equipping a day nursery where any mother may leave her heipless little ones while she enjoys the Exposition, and to entertain distinguished women and women's societies, and such other social and philanthropic work as may be presented to the Board of Lady Managers.

Takes Issue With Mr. Myers. Objects to One Rule,

sented to the Board of Lady Managers.

Takes Issue With Mr. Myers.

But my object in being here tonight is not so much to tell you of the glories of the St. Louis Exposition as to interest you in seeing that Oregon is suitably represented at this exposition. I have seen in the paper that Mr. Myers, of Salem, who is the chairman of the Oregon State Commission, has declined to expend any of the \$50.000 in a State building, but that all of the money appropriated by the last Legislature must be expended in gathering together exhibits. I certainly think this a great mistake, for we all of us know how much the social part has to do with the success of every undertaking. In the prospecture of the Lewis and Chark Exposition it is laid down that it will be also an Oriental Exposition, and in this connection I would like to say the reported action of the Japanese Diet in appropriating \$60,000 yers (\$400,000) for the Japanese exhibit at St. Louis has been confirmed to Commissioner Barrett in cables he has just received from the high Japanese officials. This means that the Japanese representation will not only be the largest she has ever made abroad, but insures the construction of a magnificent building which will be a copy of the famous Nagoya Castie, which is the most beautiful building in the Mikado's kingdom.

I think that 43 out of the 45 states have accepted the sites for their state buildings, and it would seem to me that, after having participated in other expositions, if 43 states feel that it is necessary to the success of their exhibit to have a state building. Oregon makes a great mistake in not having a building of her own. Next Winter Congress will be asked for aid for the Lewis and Clark Exposition. Oregon has only four Congressional delegates. Missouri has II. No we not need the friendship and help of these 17 men? This is a world of give and take, but if Oregon does not make a fair representation in St. Louis how can she ask Missouri's aid in Congress? Takes Issue With Mr. Myers.

## WOMEN AT CHAUTAUQUA Lecture and Parliament by Mrs. Burdette Fentures of Assembly,

The Women's Clubs of the state are tak-The Women's Clubs of the state are taking an unusual interest in the coming session of the Chautauqua which will begin
at Giadstone Park on Tuesday, July 14,
and close July 26. The assembly from
start to finish will be crowded full of good
things from the opening lecture by Senator Dolliver to the closing one by the
Hon. Champ Clark.
But the absorbing topic of discussion
among clubwomen is the appearance upon

among clubwomen is the appearance upon the Chautauqua platform of Mrs. Robert J. Burdette, the first vice-president of the National Federation of Women's Clubs. This talented lady, outside of her reputation and standing in the National or-ganization of Federated Clubs, is an ex-ceedingly bright and entertaining speaker. The Chautauqua management has set apart Tuesday, July 21, as Woman's day, and in the afternoon, besides an elaborate literary and musical programme, Mrs. Burdette will deliver a lecture on "The Care of the Junior Citizen." This lecture will no doubt be long remembered by the thousands of clubwomen who will crowd the beautiful park at that time. As a fitting close to a memorable day, Mrs. Walter Reed, of Portland, the mu-

sical conductor at this assembly, will give a grand concert and will be assisted by the best musical talent of the state. The name of Mrs. Reed as the manager and conductor is sufficient guarantee to the people of Oregon that the concert will be just what it is intended to be—the best ever presented on a Chautauqua platform in Oregon.

In addition to the lecture Mrs. Burdette will conduct a women's parliament on the following days of the assembly, and will open up a discussion of subjects named. Thursday, July 16—"What Has the Club Done for the Individual Woman, the Home and the Community? What Has the Indi-vidual Done for Her Club?" Friday, July 17-"Why Study (a) House-

hold Economics, (b) Child-Labor Problems, (c) Forestry, (d) Civics, (e) Civil Saturday, July 18-"Federations, Their

Uses and Functions. Monday, July 39-"Club Reciprocity and Club Etlagette.

Tuesday, July 21-"Possibilities of the Twentieth-Century Woman." Wednesday, July 22-Question box.

On a day hereafter to be selected the City Federation of Women's Clubs of Port-land will give a reception on the Chantun-qua grounds to Mrs. Burdette. A large, airy tent will be provided by the association for the women's parliament, and com-fortable seats will be provided. All wom-en are requested to inform themselves on the subjects of the daily programme, so as

Country Lunch Postponed.

On account of rain, the country lunch arranged by the Portland Hunt Club was postponed from yesterday afternoon until Saturday afternoon, July 4. At 3 o'clock P. M. on that dute members will assemble two blocks from the Thompson School, East Side, and from this point trails will lead to where refreshments will be served several miles out into the country. Horsemen and horsemomen will follow trails of white paper, and people in car-

J. G. Mack.

LOW RATES DO NOT STIMULATE EASTBOUND TRAFFIC,

Passenger Men Who Expected a Big Rush Are Rewarded With Only Slight Increase.

The eastbound travel attracted by the low rates granted by transcontinental lines in favor of the big National conventions is not averaging as well as it-did early in June, when similar rates were put into effect. There has been a slight increase in the eastbound travel, but if passenger men expected a big rush, they will be disappointed.

The maje of tickets on June 4 and 5.

in the past. The Omaha and Kansas City lines granted the two roads a reduced fare to use as a basing rate, and would be compelled to make this reduction permanent if the St. Paul-Chicago lines do.

All of this would have a marked tendency toward the establishment of a straight 2-cents-per-mile passenger rate in the middle states. It is something that is certain to come in time, and passen. LITTLE TRAVEL in the middle states. It is something that is certain to come in time, and, passenger men stationed in Portland insist the present rate war is a long step in that direction. It may even mean the early regrading of rates.

Admits Rebates Were Given.

CHICAGO, June 71.—Harry Gower, as-sistant freight traffic manager of the Rock Island Railroad, before the Interstate Commerce Commission today, declared the Union Pacific arrangement with Peavey & put into effect. There has been a slight increase in the eastbound travel, but if passenger men expected a big rush, they will be disappointed.

The sale of tickets on June 4 and 5, the first time the low rates were offered, was unusually heavy. Every car pulling out of Portland was filled with excursionists or people who were compelled to make an

MRS. MARY PHELPS MONTGOMERY



MEMBER OF BOARD OF LADY MANAGERS OF ST. LOUIS EXPOSI-TION, WHO URGES THAT OREGON BE WELL REPRESENTED. 

rates. The traffic at that time was almost unprecedented in its proportions, the records for years having been broken.

Passenger traffic agents expected a re-

reasonger traine agents expected a re-petition of this rush when the low fares were put into effect on June 24, but they counted upon a traffic that did not exist. The business, it is reliably reported, of June 4 and 5 was as heavy as that of four days under the more recent sale, and there is every likelihood that the same apathy toward the reduced fares will con-

tinue during the rest of the month.

The low rates are to go into effect again
July 12 to 15 inclusive. August 18 and 19
and August 26 to 26. It may be that those
who desired to make an early Summer
trip to the East took advantage of the low rates given early this month, and the late Summer traffic will be delayed until July and August. The theory of the reduced fares, however, was that it would induce a heavy traffic incidental to the National gatherings and prove a profitable offering on all of the dates specified. While the reduction in fares is considerable many travelers are going National

erable, many travelers are going East at the regular rates who might take ad-vantage of the excursion offering, and it is a question traffic men are considering where there is any special advantage in offering the low rates. It would be practically impossible to refuse them, so the speculation is not of any significance hatever conclusion may be drawn.

Inquiries have been directed toward the low rates of the coming two months, and it is likely that many Coast residents will go East at that time. However, it is be-

RATES MAY BE PERMANENT. One Result of War Started by St.

Paul-Chicago Lines. Developments in the rate war of St. Paul-Chicago lines have not indicated that a change is likely to occur soon. The that a change is likely to occur soon. The advices received by representatives of these systems all tend to show that the statement that the rates will continue in effect for at least six months, and pos-sibly permanently, was well founded. None of the railroads are prepared to withdraw the low fares, and some of the weak lines have asserted anew their in-tention to make the low fares a per-manent offering. manent offering.

In the event this proves to be true, there will, in all probability, be a whole-sale scaling of rates east of the Missouri River. The Burlington and Union Pacific must meet the rates given by the North-ern transcontinental lines, and they can-not be expected to absorb any more of the Omaha-Chicago rate than they have

AL KADER NOBLES GO TO IMPERIAL COUNCIL AT SARATOGA, N. Y.

G. M. Hyland. Al Kader Temple sends this year three representatives to the Imperial Council of the Shriners at Saratoga, N. Y., July S. They are G. M. Hyland and J. G. Mack, of Portland, and J. H. Albert, of Salem. Mr. Mack started last Wednesday and will make a four of the East before the great meeting, and Messrs. Hyland and Albert left yesterday. They will all be gone about three weeks. At these councils all the Shriners in the United States, Camada and Mexico are represented, and the assemblage is truly notable.

Burlington; G. H. Crosby, assistant freight traffic manager of the same sys-tem, and Chairman Tucker, of the Central Freight Association.

Britain Contradicts the Disaster.

LONDON, June 27.—The War Office has received a telegram from Somalliand enabling it to contradict the French report of a British disaster. The War Office dispatch received today was sent by General Manning from Bohotle June 26, and announced his arrival there unopposed. He nounced his arrival there unopposed. He captured a number of the Mullah's camels and sheep on his way to Bohotle. The General said the Mullah with his righting men had crossed the British line of communications half way between Damol and Bohotle. The Muliah's move was due to the British hold of the Mundug district and the pressure of the Abysinians who are advancing from the south. General Man-

ning added: "This flight of the Mullah would have been turned into a rout if it should be possible to send a column of sufficient strength from Bohotle. Many prisone imve been captured and the tribesmen are disorganized."

Busiest Corner of the City.

Northern Pacific passenger men, located at the general offices of the company, at Third and Morrison streets, and the street-car officials have been speculating upon the number of cars that pass this point every 24 hours. Yesterday it was announced that the number had been found to be 1200. This figure was verified lieved the business will not come up to by both the passenger men and the street-the expectations of the Transcontinental car officials car officials.

This clearly demonstrates the fact that

the corner at Third and Morrison streets is the busiest street-car center of the city. The cars that pass the point on all lines reach practically all of the East Side district, and some of them cover the other side of the river.

Pennsylvania Stock Subscribed. PHILADELPHIA, June 27.—The time limit for subscribing to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's issue of \$75,000,000 of new stock expired today at noon. It was not possible to obtain exact figures, but it is known that virtually all of the stock has been subscribed.

SPEND FOURTH ON COLUMBIA. Make the Trip Down the River on the Popular T. J. Potter,

At 130 Saturday afternoon the T. J. Potter leaves for North Beach. You cannot spend your Fourth in so enjoyable a manner as to make this trip. Allows you Sunday at North Heach. For particulars ask at City Ticket Office, Third and Washington streets.

TO FIGHT NEW TAX LAW

SUIT WILL BE BROUGHT TO TEST CONSTITUTIONALITY.

Legislative Act Licensing Foreign and Domestic Corporations Declared to Be Double Taxation.

A suit will soon be filed to test the con-stitutionality of the act passed at the sen-sion of the Legislature of 1963 licensing domestic and foreign corporations, requiring them to file reports in the office of the Secretary of State between June I and July I each year of the amount of stock subscribed, business transacted and other information.

Attorney Charles J. Schnahel says he has been authorized by about is corpora-tions, local and foreign, to bring such a proceeding. The defendants to the suite will be the Secretary of State and State

The annual Beenses range from \$10 to \$200, and the Secretary of State has sent blank forms to officers of domestic corpo-rations and of foreign corporations doing business in Oregon, and to persons hold-ing power of attorney for corporations. These forms show the kind of information

wanted and includes the names of the of-ficers, managing agent, attorney in fact and postoffice address.

Mr. Schnabel, speaking about the new law and its effects, said:

"It is unconstitutional. It is double tax-ation, and not uniform. It is called a li-cense, but is revenue-graduating.

"The Secretary of State has demanded a report from all corporations doing business in Oregon. That goes so far as to mean that if I write to Montgomer, Ward & Co. in Chicago to send me a bill of goods they are liable for taxes in this state. Any outside corporation filling mail orders would be liable. If a corporation in another state sends a traveling salesman here to take orders, the corporation would have to pay the license. I believe the Secretary of State holds that all corpora-tions doing any business whatever in this state are included, but I understand he has asked Attorney-General Blackburn for an opinion as to how far-reaching the

for an opinion as to how far-reaching the law is, and if a corporation that has no branch here is liable.

"Salesmen here representing foreign corporations cannot be taxed: that would be a violation of the interstate commerce law. A citizen of another state is entitled to the same immunities and privileges as a local man. The law cannot discriminate."

INSPECTION LAWS CONFLICT. United States and Oregon Statutes

Cover Same Subject.

The stock-inspection law of the United States conflicts with the law of Oregon on the same subject. So says United States District Attorney John H. Hall, but he has not examined the law so as to judge what not examined the law so as to judge what the effect may be. In fact, his attention has just been called to the matter through a communication received by him from Southern Oregon. A receipt is inclosed with the communication showing that J. H. Messner, Stock Inspector of Jackson County, appointed by the County Court under the state law, charged a stockman to for certificing that certain stock wise under the state law, charged a stockman \$29 for certifying that certain stock was examined and found to be sound and free from infectious and contagious disease. The state law covers numerous pages in the code, and provides that stock cannot be brought into the state until it has been examined and found to be not diseased, or moved from one county to another with-out such inspection, and many other things to prevent the spread of contagious and infectious disease among sheep and and infectious disease among sheep and cattle. Stock can be quarantined when necessary, and fees are collected by the nspectors in certain cases, and mileage The inspectors also receive salaries as authorized by the County Courts.
The United States statute on the same subject provides:
"Whenever any inspector or assistant

inspector of the Bureau of Animal Indus-try shall issue a certificate showing that such officer has inspected any cattle or other livestock and found them free from Texas or spienetic fever, infection, pleuro eumonia, foot-and-mouth disease or other infectious, contagious or communicable disease, such animals so inspected and cer-tified may be shipped, transported or driven from such place through any state

or territory."
The officers of the Bureau of Animal In inspecting stock, and a certificate from the inspector permits the removal of the stock through a state or territory. If this certificate is good and costs nothing, a stock through a state or territory. If this certificate is good and costs nothing, a stock or sheep raiser who desires to transport his animals from one state to another or through a state does not desire a sec-oral inspection by a state officer, especial-ly when he has to pay for it. It is, however, possible to have a National as well as a state law covering the same subject, both of which people must obey, and this may be a case of the kind. An example is found in the liquor-license statutes. The Federal Government exacts payment of a United States internal revenue license, and

ALL EXCEPT THE KEYHOLE Everything About a Bankrupt Saloon Covered by Attachments.

Who is the real owner of the stock and fixtures of the Cycle Saloon at Sixth and Stark streets must be decided by a sheriff's jury this week. There are more claims against the property than its value can satisfy, and nothing but the keybole in the door is unattached. Adolph and Fred Grether were the proprietors of the saloon. Their affairs became tangled and their creditors began to attach everything about the place.

The first claim came from A. Kopp, of

Actoria, who wanted \$99 for beer. Then A. Walter Woite, as attorney for L. War-ner, filed a claim in the Circuit Court to recover on the stock and a part of the fixtures. E. Chambers asked for \$250, and Sig. Sichel for \$60. When the first but was filed in the Justice's Court, Constable Jackson closed the place. A Friedrer wanted to collect on a beerpump, and Fred T. Merrill claimed the bar. The bartender followed with a lien upon the con-

cern for his wages.

The Grethers claim that the closing of their saloon is simply an attempt to shut them out and place another man on the stand, which is a valuable corner.

SLUMP IN MINING OUTPUT Montana Produced 22 Per Cent Less Metal Last Year Than Usual.

HELENA, Mont., June 27.-The metal HELENA. Mont. June 27.—The metal output of Montana for 1992, as shown by the annual report to the director of the mint by B. H. Tatem, assayer in charge of the United States Assay Office in Helena, was \$46,951.167, a decrease of about 22 per cent from last year. The decrease was due to lower prices for copper and lead. During 1991 the average market price of electronic contents and the second contents. iend. During 1961 the average market price of electrolytic copper was 15a,117 per cwt, and only \$11.626 for 1992. The production for 1902 was as follows: Gold, \$4,400,665; silver, \$17.622,285; copper, \$24,605,028; lead, \$332,747. Mr. Tatem's report shows that copper ores of Butte carry more gold than formerly. On the whole the mining industry in Montana, Mr. Tatem says, is flourishing, and the production for the present year promises to be greater than that for 1902.

To Bring Settlers to Oregon

An enterprise which promises good results in exploiting Oregon's resources in the East is the Western Oregon Immigration Association, which has been incorporated with L. A. McNary, C. H. Moore and W. P. Kendy, all of this city, as directors. The purpose of the corporation as expressed in its articles are: "To organize, manage, control and promote immigration to Oregon; to locate colonies." migration to Oregon; to locate col



Suit and extra trousers of same or striped material, made to your order for . . . . . . .

Closing out ends of bolts and odd trousers lengths, getting ready for stocktaking. Sale won't last long. Come early and secure first choice.

The saving is just as great if you order dress suit or overcoat. \$5 to \$15 saved, and money saved is money made.

Our high standard of artistic tailoring fully maintained during this sale.

> Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases Garments to order in a day if required Samples mailed, garments expressed Cloth sold by the yard Remnants for small boys' pants from 25c up

108 THIRD STREET

and settlers in Oregon; to furnish in-formation and to advertise the resources of Oregon; to buy, sell, acquire, dispose of, mortgage, pledge, lease, handle and deal in real and personal property of all 70s, enjoys excellent health. formation and to advertise the resources of Oregon; to buy, sell, acquire, dispose of, mortgage, pledge, lease, handle and deal in real and personal property of all kinds and to act as brokers in the transaction of such business for others." The headquarters of tile company will be in Portland, but it is proposed to establish some 300 Eastern agencies. E. L. Frazier, of Eugene, has been selected as general managed and will devote himself to the organization of the business in this and other states.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. T. B. Howes has gone to San Fran-

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Levy, of San Francisco, Cal., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Holzman, 307 North Nineteenth

Rev. L. Verhang, of Verboot, was the guest of Rev. J. H. Black, rector of St. Francis' Church, the past week. He was formerly paster of St. Francis' Church, and is, well known in Portland.

Mrs. A. F. Cox, a well-known pioneer and is well known in Portland.

Mrs. L. H. Levy (nee Rae Pechner) will be at home at the residence of Mrs. H. Holzman, 307 North Nineteenth street, Thursday, July 2

Dr. Hamilton Meade, of this city, has just returned, after an absence of two weeks in Indianapolis, where he has been attending the head camp meeting of the Modern Woodmen, of which society he is the head physician.

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Worrell and daughter, of Illinois, are in Portland, and will make this city their home. Mrs. Worrell is act-ive in club and philanthropic work, and is better known as Ida Ayers Worrell, found-er and editor of Club Life, official organ the Illinois Federation of Women's Clubs

STEAMER LURLINE.

## CANCEROUS ULCERS ROOTED IN THE BLOOD.

After the age of 45 or 50, when the vital powers are naturally weaker, it is noticed that a hurt of any kind heals slowly and often a very insignificant scratch or bruise

cant scratch or bruise becomes a bad ulcer or sore. At this time of life warty growths, moles and pimples that began to eat and spread, until it was as large as a lamost from birth begin to eat and spread, until it was, as large as a lamost from birth begin to eat and spread, until it was, as large as a lamost from birth begin to eat and spread, until it was, as large as a lamost from birth begin to eat and spread, until it was, as large as a lamost from birth begin to eat and apread of S. S. S. and determined to give it a fuir trial, and it is remarkable what a wonderful effect it had from the beginning; the sore to inflame and fester, began to heal and after taking a few bottles disappeared entirely. This was two years ago; there are large eating ulcers. Whenever a sore or ulcer is slow in healing then you may be sure something is radically wrong with your blood. Some old taint or poison

that has been slumbering there for years, is beginning to assert itself, and breaks out and becomes a bad ulcer and perhaps the beginning of Cancer. These old sores are rooted in the blood, and while washes, soaps, salves, etc., keep the surface clean, they are not healing. A blood medicine to purify and strengthen the polluted blood and a tonic to build up the general system is what is needed, and S. S. S. is just such a remedy. No poison is so powerful and no germ so deadly that this great vegetable blood.

that this great vegetable blood remedy cannot reach it, and ulcers of every kind quickly yield to its wonderful curative properties. If you have an old sore or ulcer, write us all about it, and medical advice or any information you may desire will be given by our physicians without charge. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



## TWENTY YEARS OF SUCCESS

In the treatment of chronic diseases, such as liver, kid-ney and stomach disorders, constipation, diarrhoea dropsical swellings, Bright's disease, etc.

KIDNEY AND URINARY

Complaints, painful, difficult, too frequent, milky or bloody urine, unnatural discharges speedily cured. DISEASES OF THE RECTUM Buch as piles, fistula, fissure, ulceration, mucous and bloody discharges, cured without the knife, pain or con-finement.

DISEASES OF MEN

Blood poison gleet, stricture, unnatural losses, impotency, theroughly cured. No failure. Cures guaranteed.

YOUNG MEN troubled with night emissions, dreams, exhausting drains, bashfulness, aversion to society, which deprive you of your handhood, UNFITS YOU FOR EUSINESS OR MARKIAGE.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN, who from excesses and strains have lost their MANLY POWER.

BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, Syptilis, Gonnorrhoea, painful, bloody urine, Gleet, Stricture, Enlarged Prostate, Sexual Deblity, Varicoccie, Hydrocele, Richney and Laver Troubles, cured without MERCURY AND OTHER POISONOUS DRUGG. Catarrh and Rheumatism CURED.

Dr. Walker's methods are regular and scientific, He uses no patent nostrums or ready-made preparations, but cures the disease by thorough medical treatment. His New Pamphlet on Private Diseases sent free to all men who describe their trouble. PATIENTS cured at home, Terms reasonable. All letters answered in pinin envelope. Consultation free and succedity confidential. Call on or address.

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