

TO WATER LAND

New Oregon Sites for Reservoirs.

ENTRY IS ESTOPPED

Malheur-Harney Tract Withdrawn.

ACRES NUMBER MILLIONS

Their Ultimate Reclamation Is Assured.

COST OF WORK NOW TAKEN UP

Geological Surveys Satisfy Themselves That the Government Can Well Afford to Utilize the Malheur and Stiver Rivers.

Oregon's prospects of securing Government irrigation reservoirs continue to improve. In addition to several withdrawals already made with this end in view, 1,860,000 acres in Malheur and Harney Counties were set aside yesterday.

Oregonian News Bureau, Washington, June 20.—On the recommendation of irrigation engineers of the Geological Survey, who have been examining proposed irrigation sites in Southern Eastern Oregon, the Secretary of the Interior today ordered the temporary withdrawal of 1,860,000 acres of land lying in Harney Valley, along the Stiver River, and along the Malheur River in Malheur County.

The engineers, who have been in the field since early Spring, are convinced that in both of these localities the Government can well afford to undertake the construction of storage reservoirs, with a view to reclaiming large areas of fertile but dry land.

The Harney Valley project, lying southeast of Burns and north and east of Lake Malheur, embraces 622,999 acres, as follows: Townships 21 to 25, ranges 31, 32 and 33; township 26, ranges 31, 32, 33 and 34; ranges 35 and 36, all south and east.

The Malheur River project proper embraces about 415,000 acres, lying on either side of the Malheur River and around the town of Vale, extending from the Snake River westerly half way across. In addition there has been withdrawn over 51,000 acres lying just west of this main tract, and directly on the river, which is to be utilized as a reservoir site.

The main Malheur withdrawal includes township 15, range 46; township 17, ranges 44 and 45; township 18, ranges 43, 44, 45 and 46; township 19, range 43; fractional townships 14, 17, 18, 19 and 20, range 47; lying west of the Snake River; township 15, range 8, all south and east.

In the main withdrawals the lands are withdrawn from all save homestead entry; in the case of the reservoir sites the lands are withdrawn from all entry, as the Government hopes to head off any settlement on lands which will ultimately be included within the reservoir limits. Where settlers are encountered, some arrangement will have to be made to exchange their lands for others within the proposed irrigated district.

In addition to the two new withdrawals, the Secretary has withdrawn from all entry nearly 30,000 acres lying in township 2, range 35 and 36, and township 2, range 35 north. These lands were recently withdrawn from all entry save homestead, along with other lands in the proposed Umatilla project in Morrow County, but later investigation has shown that the bested tracts are needed for reservoir sites, and all further entry has been accordingly cut off.

Malheur Valley, utilizing the water of Malheur River. Moreover, these engineers are convinced that Government irrigation systems can be built on these localities at a reasonable cost, and from their preliminary investigations they know of no obstacle that would prevent the Government undertaking the work.

Engineers Will Continue Work. In the case of the Umatilla project, the field engineers will continue their investigations to ascertain the actual cost of getting water on the land, and will determine approximately how much land can be reclaimed at a fair cost. They will also make a careful study to determine the best sites for reservoirs and for retaining dams. If, in the detailed examination, the engineers find that the cost of the work will be excessive, or the expenditure disproportionate to the benefits, or if it is found impracticable to erect the necessary dams, the projects will have to be abandoned, but there have been no developments to indicate that unsatisfactory conditions will be encountered.

Hydrographer Newell and his representatives in the field recognize the fact that Oregon is one of the largest contributors to the reclamation fund, and he therefore entitled to early and liberal consideration in the way of Government irrigation works. Moreover, Mr. Newell, having been over a large part of Eastern Oregon, and having been deeply interested in its welfare by ex-Representative Moody, is anxious to assist in reclaiming much of the fertile lands east of the Cascades. It is not possible that all of the projects that may be found satisfactory will be constructed at one time, but the one offering the most promising results will undoubtedly be taken up first, and the others in the order of their importance.

Upon the examinations made this Summer, it is expected that by next Spring Secretary Hitchcock will set aside a stipulated sum for use in constructing irrigation works in Oregon, as the examinations made this Summer will demonstrate the practicability of the several works that have been suggested, and the department will be able to satisfy itself of the general merits or deficiencies of each.

Before the examinations are concluded other withdrawals may be made in Oregon, but it is considered here that the most important sites for Government irrigation works have now been taken from speculative entry of all sorts.

Branch of Russo-Chinese Bank. ST. PETERSBURG, June 20.—According to the Novoye Vremya the Russian-Chinese Bank has been authorized to open a branch at San Francisco.

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SERVIA IS IRATE

British Snub Held to Be Undue.

MINISTER WILL WITHDRAW

Cabinet Disclaims Responsibility for Murder.

ACCEPTED OFFICE AS PATRIOTS

Political Foes for Years, They Bury Their Differences for Sake of Country and Think This Should Satisfy England.

BRITAIN SEVERES RELATIONS.

BELGRADE, June 20.—Great Britain has practically cut off diplomatic relations with Serbia. The British Minister, Sir G. P. Bosham, will leave here Monday for England. The Consul of Great Britain, W. G. Theiler, will take charge of British interests.

BELGRADE, June 20.—The Foreign Minister, M. Kallievic, in an interview today, expressed intense indignation at the announcement from London that the British Minister had been instructed to withdraw from Belgrade on the arrival here of King Peter. The Minister said it was inexplicable why the British government intended to make the provisional Serbian Ministry responsible for the deplorable events of the night of June 19. The members of the present Cabinet, he added, had really displayed great patriotism in coming to the aid of their country in the sad crisis.

Minister Kallievic's statement was made carefully for publication, and may be regarded as an official expression of the views of the government. The Minister said:

"It is with deep indignation that we find in a recent telegram from London an indication that it is intended to make the present government responsible for the deplorable events which occurred on the night of June 19. It is known that the events of that night were carried out by Serbian officers, who had resolved to prevent the probable proclamation of the brother of Queen Draga as the successor to the throne."

Regret for Killing of Queen. "The fact that a woman was among those who perished in the struggle provoked by the attack of an aid de camp upon officers is regrettable, more so as her death was by no means necessary, even though she had been deserted by the whole Serbian people from the moment she presumed to place the crown upon her unworthy head. The upheaval of June 19 was the work of a large number of officers. The consequences of the revolution, however, were sanctioned by the whole army and the whole people."

With regard to the members of the provisional government who were called upon to take the reins of government in the absence of all other authority, they only proved their patriotism and personal courage by accepting so delicate a mission as that which the people unanimously and with gratitude solemnly confided to them.

Political Foes Work Together. "It is forgotten that the men composing the present government were drawn

from all parties, and were hitherto engaged in bitter political strife. Only devotion to their country could unite them at this critical moment. Proof of the fact that they rendered good service to their country is found in the peace and order prevailing throughout the land. We have, therefore, good reason to regret the fact that an attempt is now being made by England, as the result of erroneous information, to cast suspicion on a state of affairs which has for its object the maintenance of order and the eventual regeneration of a young nation, which has passed through a time of trial, and which is attached to the cause of liberty and civilization."

The new Serbian constitution was gazetted today together with a decree abolishing the constitution of April 6, 1901, and all ordinances contravening the new constitution.

Unless King Peter is prepared to ignore altogether the foreign demands for the punishment of the assassins his only means of satisfying any requirements appear to be to persuade the criminals to abscond themselves until quiet is restored, when they will be permitted to resume their places in the army. The provisional government holds office solely at the will of the army, and should King Peter promise to punish the officers implicated it is as likely as not that the army will withdraw the invitation to occupy the throne. It is suggested in official circles that Russia may possibly advise the officers concerned to so absent themselves.

FRANCE NEUTRAL FOR THE TIME.

Question of the King's Recognition Has Not Been Passed Upon.

PARIS, June 20.—Foreign Minister Delcasse's colleagues express the belief that he is likely to deprecate the Serbian tragedy by an explanation similar to those of Russia and Austria, but it is pointed out that King Peter took the initiative in the case of Russia and Austria by telegraphing to the Czar and Emperor Francis Joseph, thus affording them the opportunity for Russian and Austrian responses, whereas the Serbian King has not addressed the other powers, and, consequently, has not given them an opportunity to make rejoinders. The opportunity however, will come when the question of recognition of King Peter arises.

In the meanwhile, the French Minister at Belgrade has been instructed to restrict his action to current routine affairs, and to remain in a neutral attitude toward the new regime until the question of the King's recognition is formally decided.

AMERICA IS WITH BRITAIN.

Minister Will Not Present Himself Until King Shows His Hand.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The United States Government has adopted an attitude similar to that of England toward the new Serbian dynasty. It will be in no haste to recognize the new government in the absence of some exhibition of a disposition to punish the guilty. Therefore Mr. Jackson, who has just been Minister to Greece, is also Minister to Serbia, still presenting his credentials to the government of King Peter at present. In fact, these credentials have not been prepared.

Holland Also in Line. "THE HAGUE, June 20.—The Dutch representative at Belgrade has been instructed to assume the same attitude as Great Britain to the provisional government of Serbia."

Serbia Is Playing Foxy Game. BELGRADE, June 20.—The alarmist reports regarding alleged events at Constantinople are deliberately concocted and circulated with the connivance of the Serbian officials, with the object of diverting the attention of the people from the hostile criticism of events in Serbia, in now arriving foreign newspapers.

Serbian Delegation at Geneva. GENEVA, June 20.—The Serbian Parliamentary committee arrived at 7:30 tonight. They were received by the chief of King Peter's military household and His Majesty's secretary, and proceeded at once to their hotel.

King to Reach Capital Wednesday. VIENNA, June 20.—King Peter will arrive here Tuesday evening. At the railroad station he will receive the homage of the Serbian colony, and will continue his journey by way of Budapest, arriving at Belgrade Wednesday.

FIND NINE MORE

Latest Addition to Heppner Graveyard.

BIG DRIFTS ARE CLEARED

Sickness Among Workmen Averted by Prompt Work.

RELIEF FUND GROWING FAST

Nearly \$8000 Received at Heppner Yesterday—Generosity of Pendleton, Baker and Smaller Towns—To Prevent Disease.

NINE MORE BODIES FOUND.

HEPPNER, Or., June 20.—(Staff correspondence.)—Dead recovered today: Mrs. Susan Leffer. Mrs. Dan Stalter. Mrs. J. Hodgins. Clara Andrews. Helen Boyd. Eunice Briggs. Little girl, not identified. John Jenkins. Blanche Redfield. Total dead recovered to date, 170.

HEPPNER, June 20.—(Staff correspondence.)—Search of all the big drifts of debris between Heppner and Ione was completed today. Stringent measures of sanitation have lessened the danger of typhoid epidemic. Heppner will be cleared thoroughly by next Wednesday.

Heppner now has all the food and clothing required. Money donations are still welcome. The total sum received to date is about \$8000. About \$4000 more is promised.

The O. R. & N. construction train arrived at Heppner at 10:30 A. M. today and the regular train arrived this evening.

An army of 30 to 50 men, working with a will during the past two days, has about completed the seemingly herculean task of overhauling the huge piles of debris between Heppner and Ione.

Today's work has added nine to the list of gruesome finds. Tomorrow all the smaller remaining drifts, brush and the creek bed will be gone over. This work, together with the completion of the labor of cleaning out the cellars and filled-in holes in Heppner, will doubtless result in finding a few more bodies. The remaining missing will have to be given up as past recovery, as being covered with mud, no clue can be secured leading to their discovery. It is remarkable that, though nearly a week of warm weather has elapsed since the disaster, the bodies today showed only the preliminary stages of decomposition. Of course the heaps of halibut bones heretofore mentioned for this, coated with mud, the halibut bones have not yet melted.

All New Bodies Identified. All the dead brought to the morgue today were easily recognizable, with the exception of Eunice Briggs. She was the eldest daughter of L. W. Briggs, bookkeeper for Gilliam & Bisbee. She chanced to be away visiting her aunt, Mrs. Gardane, and both were lost, though her own home was uninjured. When brought in

today, the girl's face was found to have been crushed, but strips of clothing and a necklace served to identify her.

As usual, all the bodies showed signs of terrible usage. Mrs. Susan Leffer's head was cut open. The body of the wife of John Jenkins, who was brought in today, has not yet been recovered, though the daughter, Zella, was found some days ago. Four orphans are left of this family, two boys and two girls. Clara Andrews was the daughter of Clarence Andrews, ex-County Clerk of Morrow County, and niece of George Swiggart. Andrews' entire family, wife and four children, were lost. He is in Skagway, Alaska. Blanche Redfield was the 13-year-old daughter of C. E. Redfield. His wife and daughter were alone in the house at the time of the flood. Dan Stalter had almost saved his wife, but a rush of wreckage tore her from him forever. Mrs. J. Hodgins, the last recovered today, was a widow of 26, who lived alone. All were taken out of big drifts from four to eight miles below town.

Sickness Due to Bad Water.

An alarming number of workmen yesterday complained of diarrhea. It is estimated that 40 per cent of them and many other people about the town have been affected. Dr. C. J. Smith, the State Board of Health officer, promptly directed that all drinking water served to the men should be treated with sulphuric acid, making a sour and quite agreeable drink, which counteracts the alkaline fermentation in the intestines. It is much used in cholera-infected regions, and its effect was very marked today, there being a decided falling off of the complaints.

Dr. Smith deputized a man today to go to Lexington to look after sanitation there, and Dr. Reed, of Ione, has agreed to take similar care at the latter place. Dr. Smith's Chinese pump has been working most effectively all day clearing water and mud from cellars. Tomorrow a force of wheelbarrow men will complete the work of clearing the debris.

"If the work goes on as it has been going," said Dr. Smith tonight, "the town will be thoroughly cleaned by Wednesday. All depends upon keeping an efficient force at work. The Portland workers, by the way, are wonders. This outfit, without degrading any of the others, is the most efficient that has come to Heppner. It is because they work so systematically. They are practical men. At least a third of them are suitable foremen for gangs of laborers anywhere."

More Willing Workers.

The Sumpter and Baker contingents, which have been doing much hard work, left for home tonight, their places being taken by 75 sturdy men from Pendleton. Fourteen strong, capable women also arrived from Pendleton. They will take the places of women workers here, who are now on the verge of collapse from physical and emotional overstraining. Ten men of the Baker City relief committee announced tonight that they would stay as long as need for their services lasted. At the suggestion of Dr. Smith a portion of the Pendleton force will be set at work converting the piles of broken lumber into stovedwood for the impoverished families here.

The generosity of outside towns and individuals is deeply appreciated by the citizens of Heppner. The little hamlet of Pilot Knob sent in ten men with five teams today, and will contribute \$500 in money. The contributions of Pendleton in money alone amount to \$1 per capita. Individuals here show like same spirit. Tonight Miss Pearl Shelton, of Ione, who has been working hard all week at one of the eating places, contributed her entire pay to the fund.

Orphans Provided For.

George K. Rogers and Hermann Schade, representatives of the Portland Woodmen of the World, arrived here today to investigate the needs of members of their order and also to learn if the full fund at the disposal of their relief committee will be required here. They will look after the two orphaned children of J. H. Long. These little ones are all that survived of a family of seven, father, mother and the three other children having gone down in the catastrophe. Most fortunate for them and interesting to record the fact that two nights before his death, the father joined the Woodmen, thus securing to the children the sum of \$3000.

RELIEF FUNDS RECEIVED.

Nearly \$8000 Added to Donations Sent to Heppner.

HEPPNER, June 20.—(Staff correspondence.)—List of relief money received today: Arlington \$ 30.00 Eugene 700.00 Salem O. E. S. Lodge 20.00 Hood River (additional) 37.50 Portland 2,500.00 Skagway Elks 25.00 Childs 100.00 Bridal Veil Lumber Co. 100.00 Medford 125.25 Maxton (additional) 100.00 Hillsboro 180.00 Astoria K. of P. 25.00 A. J. Jordan Cutlery Co. 50.00 Astoria Forsters 50.00 Astoria Eagles 50.00 Astoria 50.00 Studebaker Bros. (additional) 100.00 Henry Heppner 250.00 Tomny Heppner 100.00 Portland Masonic Lodge 100.00 Eugene Masonic Grand Lodge 100.00 Portland Knights Templar 100.00 Ontario 300.00 Astoria Elks 100.00 Bank of Woodport 25.00 Bank of Ashland 25.00 Masonic Lodge, Ashland 25.00 First National Bank, San Francisco 100.00 E. L. Naylor, Forest Grove 20.00 Inland 25.00 Weston 250.00 Pearl Shelton, Ione 15.00 Miscellaneous 34.50 Total \$ 7,350.30 Promised, exclusive of Portland: Rosalia, Wash. \$ 121.00 Wallace, Idaho 100.00 Woodmen's Relief Com. 175.00 Pomeroy, Wash. 100.00 Everett Elks 100.00 Total \$ 629.00

BURIED ALIVE FIVE DAYS.

Dog Found by Brother-Dog Crawls From Under Drift.

HEPPNER, June 20.—Staff correspondence.—Five days after the flood, a gang of workmen were clearing debris from the rear of the Matlock building, which had been hurled across Main street against the front of the Fair store, a dog came along, stopped, and sniffed under the corner of the wrecked building. He looked up at the workmen, wagged his tail, sniffed again and began to dig

THE PICKET WINS

New Horse Lands the Derby Easily.

RECORD IS BROKEN

Claude Is Second, Bernays Third.

SAVABLE COMES IN NEXT

Favorite Is Beaten on His Own Kind of Track.

NINETEEN HORSES IN THE RACE

Crowd Is the Largest in the History of the Contest, and the Stake the Richest, With One Exception.

RESULT OF THE DERBY.

The Picket, 115, Helgerson, 10 to 1 and 8 to 1, won; time, 2:23. Claude, 127, J. Daley, 5 to 1 and 5 to 2, second. Bernays, 122, T. Knight, 8 to 1 and 3 to 1, third. Sinner, Simon, Bad News, Bonnie Burr, Au Revolv, Flocarine, Rags, McGowan, Maxey Blumenthal, Moster, Besantre, Linguist, Savable, High Chancellor, Fore and Aft, Gillfain, Jodge Himes and Gold Bell also ran. Gross value of the race, \$22,375. Value to the winner, \$27,025.

CHICAGO, June 20.—The Picket, a horse that never before flashed first past the post, won the American Derby today. He set the pace every step of the distance, was never challenged, and won in a gallop by six lengths. He ran the Derby distance, one and a half miles, faster than it was ever run before in the race. His time was 2:23. Claude, the winner of three Derbies, was second, Bernays, the Cincinnati candidate was third.

It was a race without the thrill of an exciting finish. The weather was excellent and the track fine. The crowd of 70,000 people, which witnessed the 18th running of the event, saw a contest that had been decided when the field turned into the stretch. In front of a struggling field, The Picket ran so easily and truly as to leave no doubt where he would finish. The roar of the cheers which greeted the successful horse began when The Picket was more than an eighth of a mile from the wire.

A Record-Breaker of the Turf.

The Derby was a record-breaker of the turf. Nineteen horses went to the post, the last previous field having 15. The largest crowd that ever gathered on a Western race track covered the Washington Park grounds. The race was worth \$22,375, gross value, the richest in the history of the race with one exception. Betting on the race began in March and continued until the horses went to the post. More money, it is asserted, was wagered on the Derby than on any other race ever run in America.

The victory of The Picket was no surprise, because a surprise was expected. But there was some big disappointments. Savable, the favorite son of Salvator, thought by John A. Drake to be invincible, failed to live up to his reputation. He received a ride from Jockey Lester Reiff that seemingly a novice could have duplicated. Savable was never dangerous, and the fortune bet on him by his owner went to enrich the bookmakers.

Picket Leads From the First.

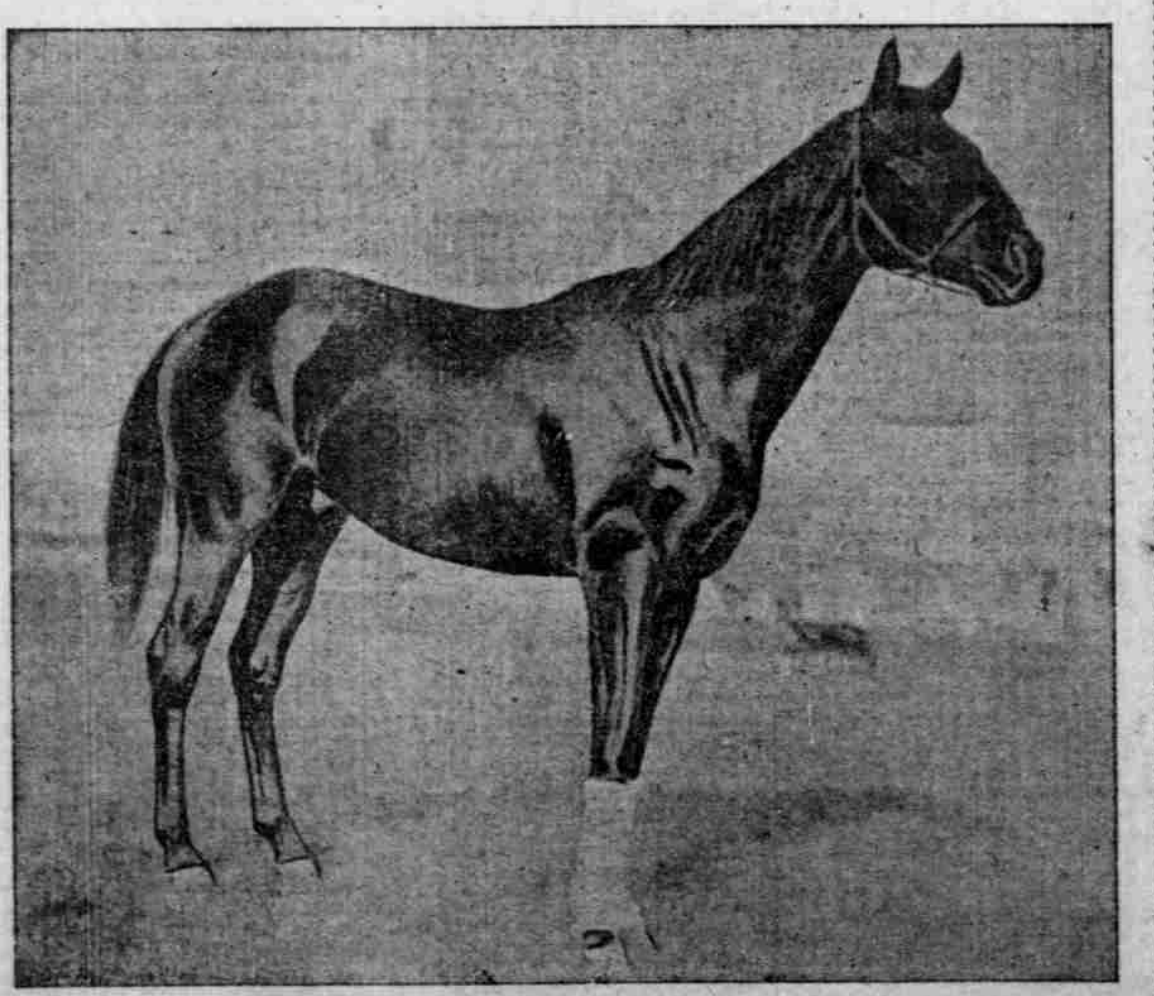
Starter Dwyer delayed the start nine minutes before he dropped the flag. Sinner Simon, a "dark horse," was the first to get in motion, but The Picket did not stay an instant. In the first rush for position he was successful, and he had the lead in comparatively a few strides. Past the stand, Au Revolv, the hope of Memphis, was running second with Gillfain, with Maxey Blumenthal and other conspicuous candidates in the next position.

There was no hustling until the field struck the back stretch. Savable was in seventh place, and in front of him was The Picket. Au Revolv, Linguist, Bonnie Burr, Gold Bell and Bad News. Behind Savable was Claude. There was not an important move by a jockey until the field had passed the half mile pole and struck the big bend. The Picket, then running at his own clip, never faltered; Au Revolv began to weaken; Linguist was all through and began to drop back; Claude made his move and quickly advanced to fourth place. Savable, at this critical place, only held his own. The gradually lengthening field of horses was at the head of the stretch.

The Picket Runs as He Pleases.

The remainder of the journey was through a lane of people, who were clinging to the rails 100 deep on each side of the course. There was no electrifying struggle. The Picket had his field beaten and beaten badly. He was simply running as he pleased. Jockey Helgerson eased him up a bit as he neared the wire. (Continued on Second Page.)

WINNER OF THE AMERICAN DERBY.



THE PICKET.

(Continued on Second Page.)

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