LAW AN EQUALIZER

Eddy's Measure Relieves Tax on Real Estate.

FIGHT BY WILD-CAT CONCERNS

Legitimate Corporations Willing to Pay the Required Fee-Secretary Dunbar Has Returned Money Alrendy Paid In.

SALEM, Or., May 8.—(Special.)—The Oregon corporation tax law, which the wild-cat mining companies are spending mey to defeat, does not impose upon rporations as heavy a tax as is im-sed in many other states. The framers of the Eddy bill not only took care that the rate of inxation should not be so burdensome as to be prohibitive, but they went further and make particular concessions to the mining interests. Notwith standing this, the mining companies pro-pose to defeat the will of the prople and evold the payment of a reasonable charge for the special privilege which they an Joy by virtue of grants of corporate power from the state. The Eddy corporation tax bill had the

express indorsement of the Taxpayers League, of Portland. That organization took an actife interest in legislation on this subject, as is indicated by the following expression in one of its reports prior to the session of 1901.

Taxpayers' League Indorses.

"A committee on assessment and taxa-tion was appointed last year to revise the assessment laws of the state, to suggest amendments, and to recommend ways of raising revenue more in harmony with modern business methods than those now in force. This committee is now at work considering not only the laws in a general way, but also the question of taxing fran-chises, the policy of an inheritance tax and the collection of licenses or taxes from corporations on filenses of taxes from corporations on filing their articles of incorporation and being granted au-thority to do business within the state. Many of these methods are in operation in other states and have been found to be very effective in raising revenue, be sides, to some extent, relieving property which now bears the heaviest burden of taxation from some of that burden. The committee has been instructed to co-operate with Secretary of State Dunhar, who has given this matter much tareful attention. There is no state in the union that has such simple and trees. ful attention. There is no state in the union that has such simple and inexpensive methods for creating corporations and which in return derives so little benefit from them and receives so little in return for the protection that it affords and for the privileges that it grants, as does the State of Oregon."

The last report of the Taxpayers' League, issued since the passage of the Eddy bill, says that "this act is a step toward a more equitable plan of taxation and of relieving real estate of a part of the burden of state taxes."

In this statement is shown the purpose

In this statement is shown the purpose of the Eddy corporation tax law. Real property has borne nearly the whole burden of taxation. Other states have adopted other methods of taxation, and in some of the states nearly the whole revenue maintaining the state government is derived from these indirect sources. There was a demand that these modern math. was a demand that these modern meth-ods of taxation be adopted in Oregon, and the law was passed in response to that de-mand. Notwithstanding the commendable purposes with which the law was enacted a small band of "knockers" propose to keep Oregon in the list of states which throw the great burden of taxation upon real property.

Oregon Tax Is Low.

A comparison of rates charged for H-censes to corporations will shed some light on this subject. The popular amount of capital stock for mining corporations is \$1,000,000. In order to form a corpora-tion with this amount of capital stock a fee of \$75 is charged in Oregon. In Illinois the fee would be \$1045, or more than a dozen times as great as in Oregon. In Kanyas and Kentucky the fee would be \$1000. In Massachusetts and New York it would be \$500. In comparison with these large Boense fees the amount proposed to be charged in Oregon is too small to be worthy of mention. After several years of trial these license fees have been retained in the states above mentioned, and shy attempt to go back to the old method would prove fruitless.

No Burden to Small Concerns.

The average corporation engaged in orstock of not to exceed \$6,000. Under the Eddy bill such a corporation would be charged a fee of \$25, which any corpora-tion with \$50,000 capital can pay without missing the money. In Kansus and Ken tucky the fee would be \$50 and in Massa chusetts and New York it would be \$25, or the same as in Oregon. It will there-fore be seen that the Eddy bill charges the \$1,000,000 corporation a lower rate per cent tax than it does the smaller corpor-mitions. It was the original intention to make the rate the same throughout, but as a concession to the mining interests the rate of per cent was made smaller as the capital increased. Although favored in this regard, the mining companies are determined to "knock" the Eddy bill and defeat legislation along modern business

Legitimate Concerns Do Not Object As everybody knows, the opposition to the Eddy bill does not come from cor-porations organized upon a legitimate business basis. Already three companies business basis. Already three companies have sent in their corporation fees under the new law, upon a proposed capital stock of \$1.00,000. They are ready and willing to pay the fee required by the Eddy law, but Secretary of State Dunbar is compelled to return them their money and advise them that it is yet uncertain whether the Eddy law will ever go into effect. About 50 companies have applied for blanks for the purposes of applied for blanks for the purpose of making their annual reports and paying their annual license fees, but Secretary of State Dunbar has been able to do nothing but reply that nothing can be done until it is determined whether the referendum will be ordered on the Eddy law. Comparatively few are those who object to bearing their share of the burdens of government, but those few are sufficient to render it doubtful whether the new corporation tax law will go into effect May 21. Already the May 21. Already the people can see the evil results that will follow and the loss that will be sustained if the Eddy law should be held up a year by the filing of a referendum petition. Such a proceeding would cost the state not less than \$106,-000, for it would lose revenue to that

That corporations organized upon a sound business basis are not fighting the Eddy bill is shown by the fact that State Senator R. A. Booth was one of the most ardent supporters of the corporation tax ides. He contended for a still larger rate idea. He contended for a still larger rate of taxastion for the corporations with a large capital stock, yet the companies in which he is interested would be among the heaviest taxpayers under such a license tax law. It was only after a persistent fight that he and nearly all the other members of the joint committee on assessment and taxastion yielded to the mining comments and taxastion yielded to mining companies and gave them a lower

Wildest Companies Most Interested. The concerns which are most destrous of seeing the Eddy bill defeated are those "wild-cat" corporations which have a large capital stock and but little valu-able property. Under the laws of this state three men can incorporate with a three men can incorporate with a

worth of property. Such a concern is organized for the purpose of making money out of other people and has every reason for fighting a law which proposes to require them to pay a reasonable tax for the privilege of doing business as a corporation. In these days a mining company that has a property of real value has no trouble in getting money with which to pay so small a license tax as that imposed by the State of Oregon under the terms of the Eddy law.

If the "knockers" succeed in holding up the Eddy law the loss will fall upon all the property-owners in the state. They

the property-owners in the state. They are the ones who are to be relieved by the collection of corporation taxes. It is therefore manifestly to the interest of all

BUYING FROM PALOUSE

PORTLAND IS BECOMING A GOOD MARKET FOR PRODUCTS.

Hay in That Section Is High-Pots

toes Left in the Ground All Winter Turn Out Well.

the collection of corporation taxes. It is therefore malfestly to the interest of all property-owners to oppose the referendum on the Eddy bill and to insist that the corporation license tax be collected. It is therefore not probable that any one who pays a property-tax will sign a petition for the referendum upon the Eddy bill.

Why Baker City Objects.

That there should be a strong opposition to the Eddy bill in Baker City is not surprising. In the last two years there have been organized in Baker County or have been organized in Baker County corporation with an aggregate capital stock. have been organized in Baker County corporation with an aggregate capital stock of \$100,000,000. Yet the total faxable property in that county is only \$1,700,000. It is thus clear that there must be some \$16. Holbrook & Bishop, of Garfield, will 200,000 of "water" in the stock of these

PREFERS MEETING PRESIDENT TO SEEING CRUISER LAUNCHED.



MAYOR CAMPBELL, OF TACOMA.

TACOMA, Wash., May 9.-Mayor Campbell will not attend the launching of the cruiser Tacoma at San Francisco on May II, as to do so would necessitate his being out of the city when President Roosevelt is here.

LOOKING FOR CAMPING SITE. Major Evans Examines Yakima Reservation Tract.

NORTH YAKIMA, Wash., May 9,-(Spe cial.)—Major Robert K. Evans, of the De-partment of the Columbia, arrived here today from Vancouver to look up a camping site for the militia of the States of Washington, Idaho and Oregon, in conjunction with the regular Army. He said he wanted at least 20,000 acres, and is now conferring with Superintendent Jay Lynch, of the Yakima Indian reservation,

relative to a site on Satas Creek.

This is near the river and along the railway, and is an immense body of undeveloped prairie land. He will inspect the site on Monday and then go to Spokane to in-spect a site there. He said the American Lake site, near Tacoma, is too small for

Washington School Funds,

OLYMPIA, Wash., May 9.-(Special.)-The May apportionment of current school funds will exceed any other quarterly apportionment over made in this state by over \$200,000. The State Auditor certified the amount available for distribution ng the school districts, placing it at 206.685. The largest previous apportion-ment was in May last year and aggregated \$600,478.

The large apportionment this quarter is caused by the payment of interest on the general fund bonds held by the perman-ent school fund, and slso by increased receipts in the State Land Office and heavy payment of taxes.

Arrested for Montana Murder

ANACONDA, Mont., May 3.-Georg Ities are looking for his alleged accom-plice, who is in Utah. The motive for the murder was robbery. Parrett was a storekeeper, and always had money.

Pacific Coast Notes.

Whistplayers of the Northwest Coast cities are playing for trophies at Seattle Grant's Pass City Council has been pe-titioned for a gas plant franchise by Judge J. O. Booth.

The wife of Jockey William Coburn has disappeared with her 5-months-old child from her Oakland home.

Los Angeles will not get 3-cent fares. The Huntington and Harriman interests have reached an agreement. McClure & Dore, of Minneapolis, have bought a tract of 12,000 acres of timber Eureka, Cal., for \$400,000.

Chaplain G. W. Priolian, Ninth Cavalry, lored, is ranking Captain at Fort Walls Walia, Washington. He was commis sloned April 25, 1855, and has seen service in the Philippines.

in the Philippines.

Judge Snell, in the Supreme Court at Tacoma, has taken under advisement a general demurrer in the damage suit for \$5,00 brought by Lewis Levy against the Gwin Hicks and others.

D. Cavin brought into Baker City \$1500 in gold dust yesterday from placer diggings on Cow Creek. One rugget weighed \$1500. The ciehn-up was the result of six weeks' work of two men with one giant.

University of Puget Sound is the name of the educational institution launched by the Washington conference of the Methodist Episcopal church to succeed the work of the Puget Sound University.

Not how cheep, but how good. Merit wins. Opia so cigars are winners.

concerns. Even this estimate of the amount of "watered stock" is based upon the assumption that the corporations own all the property in Baker County. The capital stock referred to is only that of companies organized in the last two years and does not include that of those organized in all the years that have gone before.

Leading 125 have been to the Portland market. Hogs are now selling for from \$5.8 to \$7.15 per 100 pounds, and cattle from \$4. unds, and cattle from 3 to 14.50. At these prices farmers are making big profits and hundreds of miles of hog-tight fence is being built on the farms so that hogs may be raised more

cheaply than by feeding grain the entire Hay is higher in the Palouse country than it has been in many years. Grain hay sells for from \$12 to \$15 per ton, hay sells for from \$12 to \$15 per ton, while timothy hay readily brings \$15. There is a large amount of timothy raised in this country and the amount is increasing each year. This is true of all the leading tame grasses, including aifaifa, brome grass and clovers. Parmers are devoting more time and attention to stocknaising and find it necessary to raise feed for the stock. As a result they are rapidly getting into diversified farming and livestock, fruit and dairy products are becoming greater each year, the importance of the three industries being in the order named. Of course, wheat and other grains, still rank as the most

and other grains, still rank as the most important product of the country. Potatoes have been a profitable crop for a number of years and a large acreage was grown list year, but early Fall rains prevented many acres of potatoes being dug last Fall and many farmers thought their work was wasted. But examination disclosed the fact that a large per cent of the notatoes passed them. amination disclosed the fact that a large per cent of the potatoes passed through the Winter without injury and these have recently been dug and are being shipped out of the country. One firm in Colfax has shipped 30 carloads, or 700,000 pounds, during the past two weeks, and it is thought 30 carloads will be shipped from Whitman County this Spring. The farmers are paid but 25 cents per 100 pounds, the lowest price on record.

CROP PROSPECTS GOOD

Eastern Gregon Graingrowers and Fruitraisers Are Jubilant.

BAKER CITY, Or., May 2.—(Special.)—So far the fruit and grafn prospects for this season's crop are exceedingly good in this part of the state. The backward season has kept fruit back, so that the late frosts have not done any serious damage. Grain, especially wheat, is looking fine, save for the need of rain, which would be greatly appreciated by the dry-land farmers just now.

Fruitgrowers have late frosts to fear always, in the immediate vicinity of

always, in the immediate vicinity of Baker City, but in Pine and Engle Val-leys the season is from two to four weeks shead of this neighborhood, and late frosts, owing to the lower attitude, are not so much to be feared. Furmers and fruitgrowers, who are pre-pared to irrigate, are in clover this season, because there never was such an abundance of snow in the mountains as

there is this year. DISCOVERER OF CRATER LAKE. R. J. Clark Goes to Salem After t

Long Absence. BALEM, May S.—(Special.)—R. J. Ciark, president of the First National Bank of Lawson, Mo., is in Salem today for the first time in & years. Mr. Ciark was a resident of Southern Oregon in the early 67's and was a member of the party which discovered Cruter Lake. The party was led by Captain F. B. Sprague and consisted of about 5 men. The purpose of the expedition was to discover a pass for a wagon road through the Castades.

discover a pass for a wagon rose through the Castades.

Captain Sprague and Lieutenant O. E. Steams were one day waiking a little apart from the rest of the company, when they suddenly came into full view of a lake which spread out 2000 feet be-

low them with a glistening surface two miles by five in area. The lake was named Lake Majesty, as an expression of the feelings which were hispired in the discoverers by the unsurpassed grandeur of the scene. Mr. Clark thinks that although the new name may be more descriptive of the geological origin of the lake, the former name was more fitting as an indication of the scenic beauty which a visitor to that region enjoys. Mr. Clark was well acquainted with the Applegates and other ploneer residents of Southern Oregon, and if possible he will visit that portion of the state before he returns East. He left Southern Oregon in the days when the stage was the only means of transportation. He is in Oregon for the purpose of settling up the estate of the late R. H. Finch, who was a wealthy resident of Missouri, and died, leaving considerable property in Marion County.

HERMANN GETS UNLUCKY NUMBER. According to Alphabetical Order He

Gets Hoodoo 13. SALEM, May 5.—(Special.)—Secretary of State F. J. Dunbar today sent out to the County Clerks the certified copies of the County Clerks the certified copies of the information for their guidance in preparing the official ballots to be used in the Congressional election on June 1. The County Clerks are required to prepare the form of ballots and have the ballots printed not more than 15 nor less than 12 days before the election. The form of ballot will be as follows:

For Congress-First Congressional District-Vote for one.

12. W. P. Elmore, of Linn County, Probibi-13. Binger Hermann, of Douglas County,

Republican.
14. J. W. Ingle, of Benton County, Socialist.
15. A. E. Beames, of Jackson County, Dem-

The law requires that the name of the first candidate shall be numbered 12. The alphabetical arrangement gives the Republican candidate the alleged unlucky number 12. This need not discourage the Republicans, however, for the candidate whose name had this number has sometimes won in the past. In the last elecwhose name had this number has some-times won in the past. In the last elec-tion the names on the ticket in the most of the counties were arranged in the following order: Chamberlain, Furnish, Hunsaker, Ryan, so that Mr. Furnish had

DREDGES FOR OREGON RIVERS. Contract for Building of Two Plants Let to Chicago Firm.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washipgton, May 3.—The War Department to-day awarded to the Featherstone Foundry & Machine Company, of Chicago, a contract for building two dredges for use in Oregon rivers. They will build one dredge for the Upper Willamette and Yambili Rivers for \$35,600, and another for the Upper Columbia and Snake to cost \$22,250. Both dredges are to be ready for use within six months.

Salem Gets Pure Milk. SALEM, Or. May 3.—(Special.)—Food and Dairy Commissioner J. W. Balley was in Salem today to investigate the reports made, recently that dairy barns in this made recently that dairy barns in this vicinity are not kept clean and healthful and do not have the air space required by law. He says that the reports of conditions have been very greatly exaggerated, and that with the exception of one barn all dairymen Réép their buildings clean. He says that in all the barns the cows have plenty of air and that conditions do not warrant the inference that Salem poor not warrant the inference that Salem people are being sold impure milk.

Reames Quoted Congressman Tongue Reames Quoted Congressman Tongue CORVALLIS, Or., May 2.—(Special.)—Candidate Reames addressed a political meeting here this afternoon. There was a good attendance, and the address was well received. The only National topic he discussed at any length was the tariff, for which he argued for a reduction, especially on trust goods, quoting from the late Congressman Tongue in defense of his position from a Republican standpoint. Mr. Reames delivered a nonpartipoint. Mr. Reames delivered a nonpartisan address before the faculty and students of Philomath College last night.

Harriman to Meet the President, SAN FRANCISCO, May 9.—The Bulletin says that President Harriman, of the Southern Pacific, will leave for the East on Tuesday evening, having delayed his departure in order to meet President Roosevelt at Burlingame. The paper adds that, while peace has been declared being the electric railway war in Southern California, concessions have been made on both sides, and neither party is a distinct

McBride Rules on Gladstone Case

OREGON CITY, Or., May 9.—(Special.)— Judge McBride today ruled that the plain-tiff in an action to quiet title to property sold for delinquent taxes does not have to tender in court the amount of the taxes paid thereon before he can litigate further as to the title. The case involved was that of the Giadetone Real Estate Association against T. F. Ryan, being a suit to quiet title to the Grandstone Chautauqua Association property near thi

SALEM, Or., May 2.—(Special.)—The Salem Woman's Club held its annual eleclem Woman's Club held its annual elec-tion of officers today with the following result: President, Mrs. W. A. Cusick; vice-president, Mrs. Russell Catlin; secre-tary, Mrs. A. W. Prescott; assistant sec-retary, Mrs. Carrie M. Ogle; treasurer, Mrs. Bianche M. Jones; directors, Mrs. L. Bristol Kelliher, Mrs. R. J. Hendricks and Mrs. C. S. Hamilton.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., May 3.—The boflermakers employed at the Southern Pacific shops this afternoon served notice upon Master Mechanic French and Superintendent Burkhalter that the strike will

go into effect Sunday night at midnight. Parsonage at Oregon City. OREGON CITY, Or., May 9.—(Special.)-The officers of the First Presbyteria: hurch, of this city, today awarded to helter & Frost, of this city, the contract for building a parsonage on the property adjoining the church. The contract price

Sullivan's Indictment Stands. SEATTLE, May 2.—Judge Bell today de-nied the motion of counsel to quash the indictment against Chief of Police Sul-livan. This is the first indictment of the late grand jury which has held water.

OREGON CITY, Or., May 9.—(Special)term of the Circuit Court until June 1.
A decree of divorce was today rendered in the case of Lyda Miller against William

Smallpox the Second Time. EUGENE, Or., May 9.—(Special.)—John Simpson is having a mild case of small-pex for the second time. His physicians call it smallpox and he declares he had the same affliction a year ago.

Creamery in Operation, MYRTLE POINT, Or., May 5.—Special.)

The Myrtle Point Creamery has begun
operations for the season and is turning
out a good product of butter and cheese.

Inflammatory Rheumatiam Cured.

"William Shaffer, a brakeman, of Dennison, O., was confined to his bed for saveral weeks with inflammatory rheumatism." I used many remedles, he says.

"Finally I sent to McCaw's drug store for a bottle of Chamberiain's Pain Baim, at which time I was unable to use hand or foot and in one week's time was able to go to work as happy as a clam." If troubled with rheumatism give Pain Baim a trial. One application relieves the pain.

For sale by all druggists.



SAM'L ROSENBLATT & CO.,

Cor. Third and Morrison Sts.

Another of Our \$4.45 Suit Offers for Six Days

Six lines of beautiful Norfolk Suits, ages 3 to 16 years; cut with and

without yoke; come in light and dark patterns. Suits bought to sell at \$5.45 and \$6.00. Special sale price

\$4.45

Nine lines of Blouse Suits in serges, tweeds, homespuns and flannels;

all trimmed in the very latest style. Some with emblems on both sleeve and shield, worth \$5.45 and \$6, special sale

\$4.45

Balls and **Bats with Every Suit**

Balls and Bats with **Every Suit**

Four lines of three-piece Suits, ages 9 to 16 years. This lot contains the new Scotch mixtures and neat gray checks cut in the very latest up-to-date styles. These are all \$6.00 and \$6.85 values

to be sold in our special sale at



Six lines of the very newest things in double-breasted Suits, from 9 to 16 years. Beautiful dark and light patterns, in homespuns, mixtures, tweeds and fancy cheviots; come in

new 2-button coat, regular \$5.45 and \$6.00 values, special sale price



IS NOT AVAILABLE NOW

U'REN'S CONTENTION REGARDING THE REFERENDUM LAW.

Operative Ninety Days After Legislative Adjournment, Too Late for Use on Past Session's Acts.

OREGON CITY, Or., May 3.—(Special.)— W. S. U'Ren, of this city, who has taken W. S. U'Ren, of this city, who has taken such interest in the initiative and referendum plan of legislation, remains firm in the belief that the referendum cannot be invoked at this time on any act of the last State Legislature. He insists that the provisions of the referendum act do not become operative until the expiration of the statutory 30 days following adjournment of legislation on May 31. The referendum amendment provides that petitions for the reference of any Legislative act

ment of legislation on May II. The referendum amendment provides that petitions for the reference of any Legislative act must be filed within 30 days after the adjournment of the Legislature, and for these reasons Mr. U'Ren contends that the referendum is not available for any act of the last Legislature.

Even if the referendum was available at this time, it is the belief of the author of the law that it cannot be invoked on the face of the petitions with reference to the 1905 Fair that are being circulated, for the reason that the petitions are alternative in their construction. The substance of the petition is that the question of the Fair appropriation shall be submitted to the electors of the state at the general election in 1904 or at a special election to be convened prior to that time. The law enacting the referendum amendment expressly provides that all petitions for the reference of any legislative act must state definitely the election at which the subject shall be submitted.

Mr. U'Ren is satisfied as to the validity of the referencum law, and thinks it will stand the tests of the courts but he con-

of the referendum law, and thinks it will stand the tests of the courts, but he con-siders that an attempt is being made to employ the measure before it is legally available.

BUYING VALLEY BUTTER.

Armour Packing Company Wants Half a Million Pounds.

Half a Million Pounds.

SALEM, Or., May 1.—(Special.)—A. C. Hummer, representative of the Armour Packing Company, has been through the Willamette Valley in the last few days making arrangements to buy as much as possible of the butter products of the Valley during the next two months. Creamery men report that he is trying to get 500,000 pounds during the months of May and June, and that he is at present offering 1%c per pound more than Port. offering 11/2c per pound more than Port-land dealers will pay.

As he is also in the market to buy

country butter, as well as creamery but-ier, his company will do much to prevent any glut in the local market. The Armour Company bought in the Valley last year, but is apparently doing much more ac-tive business this year.

PROGRAMME AT SALEM.

Presidential Party Will Be Given a Ride and Entertainment.

SALEM, Or., May 2. — (Special.)—The rogramme committee of the Roosevelt eception today formulated a complete plan for the proceedings when the Presi-dent visits Salem on May II. The Presi-dential party will be met at the train by dential party will be met at the train by
the reception committees, the local company of the National Guard serving as an
escort. The party will be taken in it
carriages through the principal streets to
Marion Square, where the school children
will be massed in a solid square, all othare being excluded; and the President will
address the children. The party will then
proceed by another route to the east steps
of the Capitol, where the President will
address the people.

of the Capitol, where the President will address the people.

Judge George H. Burnett, chairman of the committee on programme, will pre-side. The exercises will be as follows: Song, by Salem Choral Union; address on behalf of city, by Mayor Bishop; address

on behalf of state, by Governor Cham-beriain; address on behalf of Legislative Assembly, by George C. Brownell, presi-dent of the Senate and chairman of the terms were used. legislative reception committee; vocal solo, Hailie Parrish Hinges; address by President Roosevelt; song, by Salem

Choral Union. At Marion Square the Philippine war veterane will serve as a guard of honor while the G. A. R. will act in a similar capacity at the Capitol.

PASTERN OREGON LUMBER COMBINE Meets, Banquets and Invites Idaho

Millmen to Enter. ern Oregon White Pine Shippers Asso-ciation, an organization composed of all the big mill and lumber firms of this part of the state, met here this afternoon. There was a large attendance of prominent lumbermen. The several committees appointed at the meeting held three weeks ago reported this afternoon.

A constitution and by-laws were adopted

and a grading scale agreed upon. Prices will hereafter be regulated by this scale. It is the purpose, if possible, to secure the services of an Eastern expert who will devote his entire time to grading and prices. It was decided to invite the Southern Idaho lumber firms to enter the com-

Wisconsin Ready for Sea.

SEATTLE, May 2.—The battleship Wisconsin, which has been at the Puget Sound navy-yard for several months undergoing repairs, leaves for her station in the far East Wednesday. The Wisconsin, after leaving Seattle with Admiral Stiriling, ex-commandant of the navy-yard, commanding, will preced direct to Honolulu, and from that port to Yekohama. iulu, and from that port to Yekohama where she will become the flagship at th northern station of the far Eastern squad

No Sports on Decoration Day, EUGENE, Or., May 9.-(Special.)-A sugrestion has been made by the Grand Army men that it is improper to desecrate Memorial day with games and the field meet to have been held between the Eugene and Seattle High Schools on that date will probably be held at some other time in deference to this sentiment.

McCalloch Will Be President's Vacht SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—The United States revenue cotter McCulloch sailed to-day for Puget Sound, where she will be



Munyon's Witch-Hazel Soap

And 20,000 mothers were made happy thereby. Remember, Munyon's Witch-Hazel Soap quickly eases baby of hives, chafing, and all forms of baby rash; it cures skin disorders in old as well as young; it is so excellent for the complexion that many women prefer it even to the French toilet soap that costs as high as \$1. Sold everywhere; 150 per cake.



TWENTY YEARS OF SUCCESS In the treatment of chronic diseases, such as liver, kidney and stomach disorders, constipation, diarrhosa, dropsical swellings, Bright's disease, stc.

KIDNEY AND URINARY nts, painful, difficult, too frequent, milky or arine, unnatural discharges speedily cured DISEASES OF THE RECTUM

Such as plies, fistula, fissure, ulceration, faccous bloody discharges, cured without the knife, par confinement.

DISEASES OF MEN Blood poison giset, stricture, unnatural losses, potency, thoroughly cured. No failures, Cures guanteed.

WER:

BLOOD AND SRIN DISEASES, Syphilis, Generabees, painful, bloody princet, Stricture, Enlarged Prostate, Sexual Debility, Varicoccie, Hydrocele, Ridor Liver Troubles, cured without MERCURY AND OTHER POISONO, UGS, Catarrh and Rheumatism CURED.

Dr. Walker's methods are regular and scientific. He uses us patent nontru predy-made preparations, but cures the disease by thorough medical treatment and Proposition of Private Diseases sent free to all men who describe the uble. PATIENTS cured at home. Terms reasonable. All letters enzawred in savelope. Consultation free and sacredly considerital. Call on or address.

DR. WALKER, 181 First Street, Corger Yambill, Portland,