

BROWNELL WINS OUT

Clackamas County Primaries
Are All His Way.

OVER A TWO TO ONE MAJORITY

Oregon City Statesman Will Undoubtedly Receive the County Delegation's Support for Congressman From First District.

OREGON CITY, Or., March 28.—(Special.)—Republican primaries held throughout Clackamas County today resulted in a victory for State Senator George C. Brownell by a majority of over 2 to 1, and out of 158 delegates in the county convention he will probably have 110 of them.

He has won out in the three wards in Oregon City and in Milwaukie, Abernethy, West Oregon City, Canby, Barlow, Boring, Eagle Creek, Tualatin, Multnomah and New Era. Three precincts he has absolutely. In Damascus he has two out of four delegates, and in Clackamas all but one delegate. This delegate is Charles F. Clark, who ran on the Fusion ticket for Representative last June. It is not likely he will be allowed a seat in the Republican convention on account of his opposition to the regular Republican ticket at the last election.

In Ward 1 and 2, in Oregon City, there was no fight against Brownell, but in Ward 3 Surveyor-General Henry Meldrum, ex-Sheriff Eli Maddock and L. M. Patterson placed what was supposed to be an anti-Brownell ticket in the field. It was defeated by 4 to 1. This is Brownell's ward, and a large per cent of its voters are union labor men, who work in the mills. It is apparent, notwithstanding Brownell's statement that he is not a candidate for Congress, that the county convention from Clackamas County will support him solidly. It is said the action of Meldrum is due to his disavowal from office and that of Maddock to his failure to secure the appointment of Registrar of the Oregon City Land Office.

While Senator Brownell took no active part in the primaries, his friends in the county worked hard for him, with the result that the regular organization is triumphant. The county convention will be held April 4.

JEFFREY WAS NOMINATED.
Marion Democrats Instruct for Him for Congressman.

SALEM, Or., March 28.—(Special.)—The Marion County Democratic Central Committee met here today and elected 13 delegates to the Congressional convention and instructed them for John A. Jeffrey, of this city. The name of W. M. Kaiser, who has been frequently mentioned as a probable recipient of the endorsement of Marion County Democrats, was not brought before the committee. The committee decided not to hold primaries, but to select the delegates direct.

The endorsement of Jeffrey came as a complete surprise, as his name had not been mentioned in that connection. Jeffrey is an attorney in this city.

The delegates elected were as follows: Grant Corby, Woodburn; W. W. Elder, Stayton; George Cusler, Silverton; T. F. Hayes, Monitor; C. F. Hein, Astoria; Simon Conner, St. Paul; P. L. Frazer, Salem; Webster Holmes, Salem; E. H. D'Arcy, Salem; Francis Feller, Butteville; Clarence Van Patton, Salem; T. C. Davidson, Salem; W. H. Downing, Sublimity.

MOSTLY FOR HERMANN.

Polk County Republicans Send Split Delegation to Eugene.

DALLAS, Or., March 28.—(Special.)—Republican delegates from the Polk County precincts met in convention at the Court-house in this city this afternoon and elected nine delegates to the First District convention to be held at Eugene. Very few proxies were present and the meeting was very harmonious throughout. The following delegates were elected:

J. B. Trullinger, D. L. Key, G. H. Hawkins, W. F. Hoffman, Joseph Hubbard, O. A. Wolverson, George M. Tice, H. B. Cooper and A. F. Stoner. T. J. Graves, of McCoy, presided as chairman.

It is the general belief that the delegation is divided between Blinger Hermann and Claude Gatch, with the majority in favor of Hermann.

KELLY IS LINN'S CHOICE.

Solid Delegation to the County Convention.

ALBANY, Or., March 28.—(Special.)—The Republican primaries were held in this city today. A light vote was cast except in Albany precinct, where an opposition ticket was put in the field. The regular Kelly ticket was elected by a large majority.

Reports from the country precincts show solid Kelly delegations. Many precincts have instructed their delegates to vote only for men who will support Kelly in the Congressional convention. The county convention, which meets in this city on April 2, will be unanimous

for Kelly, and the delegates will be instructed for Kelly first, last and all the time.

Tacoma's Mayor Has Power.

TACOMA, March 28.—Five old members of the City Council were turned down at today's Republican city convention. It is believed every one of the new men nominated are administration men. All administration men whose terms expired are returned. The result will be that Mayor Campbell will have the Council fully in sympathy with all his policies. He has had things pretty much his own way in the Council during the last year, but now it will be all his way hands down.

Nominees from eight wards. In order, are as follows: T. H. Bellingham, E. I. Selmon, J. J. Conrad, A. W. Moulton, G. C. Britton, A. L. Hawley, Peter Johnson, Thomas Gourley, Salmon, Britton and Hawley are the only members returned.

Cottage Grove Against Hermann.

COTTAGE GROVE, March 28.—(Special.)—Seventeen delegates were elected at the primaries at the two precincts here today as delegates to the county convention to be held in Eugene April 4. A strong sentiment prevails in this end of the county in getting the nomination for Congressman.

Out of the 17 delegates it is not believed that Hermann will have over three or four supporters. Mr. Hermann has in some way secured the aid of the G. A. R. men, but how this strong move in his behalf was obtained is not clear to those not identified with that order.

Few Votes Cast at Eugene.

EUGENE, Or., March 28.—(Special.)—Republican primaries were held in all the precincts in this county this afternoon. In this city scarcely any interest was manifested in the election, and very few votes were cast. The delegates elected were selected without regard to their affiliations as regards particular candidates for Congress. It is believed, however, that a Hermann delegation is more likely to be elected by the county convention than any other.

Democratic Delegates From Polk.

DALLAS, Or., March 28.—(Special.)—The Polk County Democratic central committee met in this city today and elected the following delegates to the Democratic Congressional convention to be held at Albany on April 11: Seth Riggs, Oscar Hayler, J. W. Kirkland, H. J. Fenton, A. S. Locke and John Ireland.

Douglas Delegates for Hermann.

ROSEBURG, Or., March 28.—(Special.)—Republican primaries were held in Douglas County today. The principal precincts now reported assure sending solid delegations to the Congressional convention favorable to Blinger Hermann. There was no opposition.

YOUNG OFFICER IN TROUBLE.

Gave Worthless Checks and Used Meas Founds.

SEATTLE, March 28.—A special to the Post-Intelligencer from Skagway, Alaska, says:

Lieutenant Charles Faulkner has been placed in close confinement, by order of Major Pitcher, commanding the Eighth Infantry. Faulkner is First Lieutenant of Company M, and has been giving checks on banks in the States for money. One check came back protested, and the merchant on whom it was passed complained to Major Pitcher, who summoned Faulkner before him. The latter confessed not only to having passed worthless checks but to having taken money entrusted to him by the company mess, and also to misappropriating money belonging to several men as their pay.

Faulkner is a son of ex-Senator Faulkner, of West Virginia, and has a brilliant military record. He was the first officer to enter the gates of Peking with his command when that city was attacked.

A court-martial was undoubtedly held, as witnesses can be obtained easily. Several officers will have to be sent from Fort Vancouver and other places on the Sound to try him. Much sympathy is expressed for Faulkner, but he has no one to blame but himself, as his brother officers warned him against his extravagances. The amount of his misappropriations is said to be over \$100.

Pacific Coast Brevities.

Burglars robbed William Jordan of \$125 at The Dallas Friday night.

A rich deposit of anthracite coal has been discovered ten miles south of Havre, Mont.

The Supreme Court of Washington has just laid down the law for men who marry after being divorced. The court holds that when a decree of divorce is entered and a judgment for alimony rendered against a man, he must pay such alimony, no matter what his future responsibilities may be.

Captain B. W. Bell, who is the United States Secret Service agent at the head of the department of Washington, Idaho, Oregon and Montana, was in Spokane, Wash., during the week trying to locate those who have been flooding the city with "sweetened" gold coin.

J. G. Murray has arrived at San Francisco from Clipperton Island, where he has been making a survey of the guano deposits for the Pacific Islands Company, of London. He estimates the quantity of guano on the islands at 75,000 tons, but says it must be worked on a large scale to be profitable.

Bad Politics.

Providence Journal.

The alliance between the Republican National Committee and Addicks may win votes in Delaware, but it will lose them in other states. Many bad things have been said about Messrs. Hanna and Dick, who seem to be responsible for the interference of the party organization in behalf of the notorious gasman, but nothing reflects more upon their political morality than the report that they are ready to add Addicks to his attempt to buy a seat in "the rich man's club." He is not fit for membership in a club of gentlemen.

MILES OF COPPER LEDGE

GREENWOOD, B. C. IS THE CENTER OF ENORMOUS DEPOSITS.

Thirty Years of Work Will Hardly Make Impression—Immense Coal Measures Await Development.

GREENWOOD, B. C., March 28.—(Special correspondence.)—British Columbia mining interests have had many vicissitudes during the last decade. Idiotic legislation, stupid management, foolish strikes and wilful operators have all combined to mar its development. But in spite of all it has gone ahead, and at no distant day it will rank among the world's great mining regions.

British Columbia coal and iron deposits are of immense value. The coal deposits at the Crow's Nest Pass are as valuable perhaps as any on the continent. They are located at the base of the Coast Range, the Rocky Mountains, and no better facilities for mining and transportation can be had than these coal fields afford.

The Canadian Pacific Railroad and the Great Northern Railroad have both entrance to these coal fields. Both railroads furnish unlimited markets for the coal and coke of the Crow's Nest. But the management of the Crow's Nest Coal Company has utterly failed to meet the requirements of the Northwestern markets. Hitherto it has lagged and lagged behind with development until the entire Northwest is heaping new demands upon the fossil who mangle the great coal fields of the Northwest. This is the echo of the gossip I hear on all sides. But the management claims that labor troubles are entirely responsible for the backward development of the coal fields, and of course there are two sides to all conditions of affairs.

Great Lack of Coke.

Montana's smelters need the Crow's Nest coke, but they have not been able to get a pound of it for almost a year. And the Northport, Trail, Greenwood and Boundary smelters have had to close down for lack of coke. The company is putting in \$500,000 additional to develop that will remedy affairs for awhile. It is safe to predict that the coal company will always lag behind as long as the present management holds sway.

Little has yet been done to develop the iron deposits of this country, but in due time they will prove of vast commercial value.

The lead deposits of this province are chiefly in the territory drained by the Kootenai River. The enormous duty levied on Canadian lead by the United States has checked the development of the silver-lead mines of the Kootenais, but there need be no doubt that these silver-lead mines are of fabulous value.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company has equipped a lead smelter at Trail, and it has established a new system of refining lead which makes the old system look antiquated. The refining plants of the lead trust are at a disadvantage in comparison with this new method established at Trail, and Canada can now supply its own markets with all the lead they need. This will undoubtedly conduce to the imposition of a duty on lead in the country equivalent to that levied on Canadian lead in the United States.

Copper in Great Abundance.

Copper is found everywhere in British Columbia. It occurs almost entirely as a sulphide of copper mixed with iron sulphide and some silver. As Rossland these copper ore deposits are most refractory, and until cheaper methods of treatment are discovered than now exist, Rossland will not be a very large factor in the copper markets of the world.

On the other hand the country tributary to Greenwood will some day take the place of Butte as the banner copper region of the world.

The copper ore of this country is in a lime gangue, and it is the easiest reduced ore in the world. With a little coke it is self-fluxing. It can be melted for \$1.50 a ton and it can be cast and refined at the rate of a cent a pound. With such ore 20 pounds of copper to the ton is valuable at present prices. But in all the copper ores of this country there is nothing so good.

Mines Are in Poor Hands.

The ore deposits here are simply immense. The smelter here is owned by the British Columbia Copper Company. The mines of the company are four miles away, and of these mines the Mother Lode is the chief. The Mother Lode is an immense deposit like the Rio Tinto. The ore is not mined, but quarried, and there are 5,000,000 tons of this copper ore above the level of the sea. The Mother Lode means that this 5,000,000 tons can be mined and run into the smelters at a cost of \$50 a ton. That means that with right treatment the British Columbia Copper Company can make copper for less than 10 cents a pound. But the management of this company has been in the hands of men who do not understand anything about mining of smelting, and it has muddled along for years, doing little good, while if in right hands it would be smelting 1000 tons of ore a day and paying dividends for a couple of million dollars a year.

The Granby Company, which owns a group of mines at Phoenix, is indeed a contrast to the British Columbia Copper Company. The Granby is managed by thorough business men, and it has no superior in his line and the manager of the smelter is thoroughly competent. The result is highly satisfactory. The Granby smelter is complete, and it will soon be in position to treat 4000 tons of ore a day.

Its chief mines are Knob Hill and Ironsides. In order to make it more clear, I should say that the Granby Company owns a copper ore quarry a mile long and 400 feet wide. The quarry runs north and south, and on the east it has a dyke of

porphyry and on the west a footwall of time and conglomerate. This vast copper ore deposit has been tunnelled and cross-cut to a depth of 300 feet and a length of 300 feet, and it is known to be one vast body of low-grade copper ore, containing enough gold and silver to make every foot of it of commercial value.

Miles of Copper Ledge.

In other words, here at Phoenix, a few miles above Greenwood, is the most extensive deposit of copper ore known to exist in the world. Just think of it—six miles long, 600 feet wide and 300 feet deep, and perhaps 500 feet for all we know. And I saw hundreds of men quarrying this ore along 600 feet of the surface and hauling carrying over 1000 tons of the rock daily to the smelters. I asked Superintendent Williams how much ore could be furnished the smelters daily. "Ten thousand tons a day," was his laconic reply. It is not a question of ore, but smelting capacity that faces those people, and the smelter capacity is always at the mercy of the Crow's Nest Coal Company. But the right men are handling the Granby Company, and within two years it will be producing 50,000,000 pounds yearly. Its present capacity is about 10,000,000 a year, but it should easily produce 50,000,000, and it could produce 100,000,000 pounds of copper yearly were conditions ripe for smelting. The ore is low grade, averaging a little over thirty pounds of copper to the ton of crude ore. In addition there is \$150 to \$200 in gold and silver.

This ore can be mined and matted for \$2 a ton. This sounds incredible, but it is true. The same is true of the Mother Lode owned by the British Columbia Copper Company, and when these facts are taken into consideration, the importance of British Columbia as a copper producer can be easily seen.

Surpass Anything Known.

The deposits of copper ore in this country surpass anything ever seen or known to exist before, and the cheapness of mining and the small cost of reduction make them most desirable.

The Canadian Pacific Railroad taps this wonderful country, and J. J. Hill is ramifying it with branches of his Great Northern system. But there is business here for still other railroads. The railroad facilities are all right, however, but the coke supply is stagnating and paralyzing the whole country. There is a mountain of coking coal at the Crow's Nest Pass, but the coal company is three years behind in its improvements and development.

I am confident in predicting that this section of British Columbia, of which Greenwood is the center, will in a generation be the chief source of copper supply of the world. The vast copper deposits of Butte will in a generation more have grown sadly less, and the Michigan field will by that time be thinning out. And their copper mining will be in its infancy here, for 30 years' work will only scratch the surface of the marvellous copper deposits of the Greenwood camp.

F. A. O'FARRELL.

SAILOR ABUSES FLAG.

Captain of Revenue Cutter Administers Public Rebuke.

BOSTON, March 28.—An unusual scene has been enacted on the United States revenue cutter Seminole, lying in this harbor. One day this week one of the seamen, a veteran tar, broke out in the fore-castle in a violent abuse of pretty nearly everything. He proceeded in his vituperation without being molested until he called the United States flag a dirty rag and indulged in other unpatriotic sentiments. A Quartermaster standing near reported this language to Captain Rogers, commanding the Seminole, and the latter took prompt action.

All hands were called to general muster, and the Captain addressed them on the enormity of the offense committed by one of their number. Then he compelled the culprit to kiss the flag six times and to repeat after him an obligation never to speak disrespectfully of it, or to allow any one else to do so in his presence. The name of the offender is not made known.

The Tariff and the West.

New York Journal of Commerce.

The way in which Governor Cummins, of Iowa, persists in expressing himself on the subject of tariff revision indicates very clearly that the attitude of the subject among the Republicans of the West is not to be suppressed. In fact, it is pretty sure to increase, for utterance is growing bolder and bolder evidence that it is popular in that part of the country. Governor Cummins announced in county convention the other day his determination to do all in his power "to introduce into the National platform of next year the thought to which the Republicans of Iowa have already given utterance." He then proceeded to elaborate that thought and declared that some of the tariff schedules should be taken up "for the purpose of determining whether the duties were so high that they were being used, not for the purpose of protection alone, but for the purpose of unduly enhancing the prices of the various commodities manufactured from iron." He also reiterated his belief that we shall be "compelled to enter foreign countries to get the raw materials of our industry, and that we shall be forced to accept of the reciprocity treaties which would be the law of the land now were it not for the insane fear that opposes any change in the tariff schedules." These bold words plainly indicate that no National campaign can be opened next year without finding an irrepressible issue in the revision of the tariff, having a very definite regard to the foreign trade which we shall soon need to cultivate. The Western sentiment on the subject will take a new impulse the moment political agitation begins.

The Hetherington & Berner structural iron works, Indianapolis, Ind., was damaged between \$50,000 and \$75,000 by fire yesterday.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW WHAT SMARTLY DRESSED BOYS WILL WEAR THIS SEASON, ASK BEN SELLING ABOUT IT



Our Spring
Showing of Boys'
Clothing
is now ready for
your inspection

Confirmation Suits

In all the latest fabrics, including serges, chevrons and unfinished worsteds—tailored with the same care—as our men's clothing.

2-pc. Suits, \$3.95, \$5, \$7.50, \$8.50
3-pc. Suits, . . \$5, \$6 up to \$10

Russian Blouse Suits

In serges, chevrons and the new HOMESPUNS, unlike those of other stores—\$6, \$7.50 up to \$10.

Sailor Suits

In unrivaled varieties and styles—at our usual modest prices—\$2.50, \$3.45, \$5 up to \$10.

BEN SELLING
LEADING CLOTHING

NEW WARDEN AT SALEM

ED McPHERSON PROMOTED TO SUCCESSOR WARDEN JAMES.

G. F. Johnson, of Baker City, becomes Second Warden—Many Candidates for Places.

HANDY WITH HER FISTS.

Idaho Woman Is Tried for Throwing a Man.

WEISER, Idaho, March 28.—(Special.)—Mrs. Era Ladda, of Salubria, was tried Thursday afternoon on complaint of John Swan, who charged her with assault and battery. She was tried and acquitted, and the costs were assessed to the complaining witness.

The case is probably the first of its kind in the state. The Justice of the Peace before whom the case was tried is Mrs. E. L. Cole, of Salubria, this county, the only one in the state. She presided with dignity and firmness. This was her first case. Swan is an old man. Mrs. Ladda is a buxom lady of about 35 years. She sailed into Swan with her fists in true Jeffries style, and he was down and out in one round. The trouble arose over a line fence.

Wingshots Will Meet in Force.

KANSAS CITY, March 28.—American wing shots are showing much interest in the Grand American handicap at flying targets, to be held here April 14-17, under the auspices of the Interstate Association. Expert marksmen from nearly every state are arranging to attend, and it is expected here there will be from 600 to 800 entries to contest events, to which the

service, and in this respect the Democratic administration will have an advantage over its predecessor. Guards will receive \$10 per month more than formerly. Wall guards have been receiving \$40 per month and board, but will now receive \$50. At the asylum the salaries of attendants have ranged from \$25 to \$45 a month and board, but the management found that these salaries would not hold the most competent attendants, and recently readjustment has been made for the purpose of raising some of the salaries about 12 per cent.

SAN MIGUEL WAS KILLED

Leader of Defeated Ladrone Is Positively Identified.

MANILA, March 28.—The report that San Miguel, the Filipino leader, was killed in Friday's fight near Marikina is confirmed. His body has been identified and delivered to his relatives for burial.

San Miguel, with his bodyguard, consisting of 30 men, abandoned the fort at Marikina and attempted to escape, but the Macabebe scouts surrounded the party, mortally wounded San Miguel and killed six of his bodyguard. After he fell, San Miguel emptied his revolver among the Macabebes, and died fighting. San Miguel was the last unconquered Filipino insurgent. He failed to attain prominence during the insurrection.

The bodies of the insurgents killed in the fighting at Marikina, to the number of about 50, were taken to Calocan today, and were surrendered to the relatives of the dead. Lieutenant Reese and the other wounded scouts will recover.

Attorney-General of Porto Rico.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—James N. Harlan, Attorney-General of Porto Rico, today called on the President and tendered his resignation, to take effect April 30.

Record on Relay Race Broken.

CLEVELAND, March 28.—At the Sportsman's Show the American record for 100 yards relay race was smashed by Ruddy, Handley, Wenck and Goodwin, of New York, who clipped the record one-fifth of a second. The time was 1:25, beating W. J. Tuttle's record by one-fifth of a second.

\$45,000.00

Is now being expended in grading the streets, laying water pipe in front of each lot and building sidewalks, fifteen miles of which will be built at once. This will be one of the most perfectly improved residence tracts in the city.

Franchise already obtained and work will be commenced immediately upon an extension of the Union avenue car line, which will run directly through the center of VERNON, with good permanent service guaranteed to First and Washington, without transfer, every 20 minutes. No lot in VERNON more than three blocks from car line.

In order to start off with large sales, we propose to let the first buyers of lots in on the

GROUND FLOOR

We will be ready to make contracts Tuesday, March 31, and the first comers can obtain lots in this magnificent tract at from \$90 to \$400, on easy terms. Examine the property and you will quickly realize what this means.

Title insurance with each deed. Complete abstract if preferred. Call at office for map and full particulars.

Grindstaff, Blain, Potter & Chapin

T. R. POTTER, Pres. 246 STARK ST. Phone Main 345

SALES BEGIN
MARCH 31, 1903

SALES BEGIN
MARCH 31, 1903

VERNON

VERNON

The Most Beautiful Spot in Portland on Which to BUILD A HOME

Situated One-Half Mile East of Union Ave., on the Heights Above Irvington