FLOOD IS ABATING

Decided Fall in Mississippi River at Memphis.

RELIEF IS SENT TO SUFFERERS

Vessels Are Sent Through Crevasse to Rescue Them—The Government Answers Call for Tents—River Banks Are Caving In.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 21.—Tonight there are many hopeful features in the flood situation in the immediate territory about this city. The gauge shows 39.7 feet, which is a fall of .9 since last night. It is now believed that the fall is due to natural conditions. It is believed that the fall will continue without check, and that the crisis is past.

President Killough, of the St. Francis levee board, today succeeded in sending a large barge through the crevasse at Trice's Landing for the rescue of stock and property at Marion, Ark. The steamer Hugo was dispatched to the crevasse later with a commission to enter the flooded territory and render assistance.

Three other breaks in the levee north of Memphis will send a large volume of water through the St. Francis Basin in Arkansas. This water will flow into the Mississippi again at Helena, and the levees south of there will feel its full force.

The situation south of Memphis shows a weak place at Leland, Ark., opposite Greenville, Miss. The caving of the river bank along the front of the levee there has continued rapidly, and is now within 200 feet of the levee proper. A boat has left Greenville with a heavy barge loaded with rock. It is the intention to sink the barge directly in front of the threatened portion of the levee, with a hope that it will stop the encroachment of the waters.

The railroads west of Memphis are still under water. The railroads are working hard to open the lines, and the general superintendent of the Iron Mountain announces that his line will probably be opened for traffic Monday. In this event the other lines will begin traffic operations over the Iron Mountain tracks.

TENTS FOR THE SUFFERERS.

War Department Promptly Complies With Requests for Aid.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Secretary Root today received telegrams from the Governors of Tennessee and Arkansas in response to his telegraphic inquiry for information as to the needs of the people of those states in the matter of tents, etc., in consequence of the river floods. Governor Frazer, of Tennessee, telegraphed:

"Please send at once 500 tents to Memphis, consigned to Mayor Williams. City of Memphis will pay for them and see that they are returned after use."

Governor Davis, of Arkansas, telegraphed from Little Rock as follows:

"The flood conditions along the Mississippi River in our state are bad. We have no tents in armory for distribution. Please forward first express 100 tents to Judge Derrick, Marianna, Ark., for use of the flood sufferers. I pledge honor of state that same will be carefully cared for, and when no longer needed will be sent free of charge to Jeffersonville, Ind. Please rush tents, as demand is pressing."

No time was lost in complying with these requests for assistance. Colonel Patten, acting for the Quartermaster-General, immediately sent instructions to the Quartermaster in charge of the depots at St. Louis and Jeffersonville, Ind., to send with the utmost dispatch 480 common tents and 20 hospital tents to Memphis, and 90 common tents and 10 hospital tents to Marianna, Ark.

RELIEF AT NEW ORLEANS.

Only Fear Is for Sugar Plantations Along Bayou Lafourche.

NEW ORLEANS, March 21.—The river tonight was within a fraction of 19.9. All indications now point to the fact that the crest of the flood has passed Memphis, and there is a better feeling here, as it is possible to calculate the quantity of water that must be contended with—probably 21 feet.

All advices received during the day were favorable, as far as the Louisiana levees are concerned, with the exception of those along Bayou Lafourche, where the water is in many places flush with the top of the levees. More water is going into the Lafourche from the Mississippi than the bayou is able to take without damage, and there is therefore much apprehension that breaks will occur. Many of the finest sugar plantations in the state lie along the banks of the stream.

A cave reported during the day at Gretna was promptly arrested. No further damage is feared from it. The sacking of the city front was continued today, and a force will be kept constantly employed tomorrow.

Rain Delays Levee Work.

NATCHEZ, Miss., March 21.—Heavy rains during the early morning proved a serious obstacle in the way of work on the Sycamore levee, but with the labor of 125 men for the past ten days and the work done today it is believed the levee will be kept above the flood. The river gauge at 4 P. M. read 44.1 feet, a rise of .25 in 24 hours.

NEW FRATERNITY STARTED

Students of Medical College Form an Organization.

The students of the medical department of the University of Oregon have organized a fraternity, and start off with a membership of 15. As this is the first fraternity of the kind organized in the state the members of the faculty took an interest in the work and were present to lend their assistance in forming the organization. The event was celebrated by a banquet and interesting addresses were listened to by members of the faculty and of the fraternity.

Dr. Homer I. Kenney, of Jefferson College, was appointed by Dr. Concord, of New Hampshire, who is grand president of the Alpha Kappa Kappa Fraternity, to act as installing officer. Dr. Kenney, assisted by Dr. Skeene and Dr. Nelson installed the officers.

The officers were: E. C. Dalton, of St. Helens, Or., president; J. E. Hilderbrant, of Portland, vice-president; Fred J. Zeigler, of Portland, treasurer; C. L. Templeton, of Halsey, marshal; O. A. Thornton, of Ashland, corresponding secretary; Glenn Wheeler, of Baker City, recording secretary, and W. R. Scott, of Portland, warden. Ray Willoughby, F. M. Whiting and F. G. Ulman were appointed on the board of directors.

The fraternity will be known as the Epsilon chapter of the Alpha Kappa Kappa Fraternity. About 25 members of the faculty and invited guests were present at the banquet last night.

The first order was the installation of the chapter, after which the officers were installed. Fourteen charter members were signed, and F. M. Whiting was initiated.

The banquet was a success in every way. After a spread was enjoyed, members of the faculty and members of the society were called upon for addresses. "Among the members of the medical fraternity" was the substance of the addresses by faculty members, "there is a general interest in the future of the fraternity. It is evidence of the growth of the medical college in Portland and shows that the students are thoroughly interested in the work. The students can be assured that they will have the loyal support of the faculty in carrying on their work."

"Not only are we grateful for the good will of the faculty," said the speakers of the fraternity, "but we can assure them that we have the best interests of the school at heart and will work with them in anything that will tend to advance the institution."

The work of organization has been started with spirit. Already the members have secured comfortable quarters and will be prepared to lead a fraternal life by the commencement of the next school year. A house on Twentieth street, between Northrup and Marshall, has been secured as the fraternity headquarters and has been handsomely furnished. Those of the fraternity who do not live in Portland will have rooms in this house during the next school year.

THEY WANTED CONTROL.

Watson Declares Purpose of Railroad Merger.

ST. LOUIS, March 21.—The final arguments in the Northern Securities case were concluded at 12:34 this afternoon and the case was left with the Federal Court of Appeals. Because of the enormous mass of evidence and the voluminous arguments which the judges are called upon to consider, it is doubtful if a decision will be possible within two months, and the probabilities are the time will be longer than that.

Assistant Attorney-General Beck asked at the opening of the hearing how much time would be allowed to the attorneys for the Government to file their briefs. After a short conference with his colleagues, Judge Caldwell announced that the Government could have three days to prepare and submit its briefs.

The matter of the briefs being settled, D. T. Watson resumed his argument, which was in progress at last night's adjournment. He insisted that the position taken by the defendants, that they had the right under state laws to form a combination, was not well taken for the reason that behind the sovereign power of the state was a power still more sovereign, and this latter power said that such a combination was unlawful and tended to stifle competition.

"They combined in New Jersey," said Mr. Watson. "Why? What purpose had they in New Jersey? To manufacture? To make silk? Even to run a railroad? Certainly not. They wanted to run railroads in Minnesota, and for these gentlemen to come here and say they had any other object is ludicrous."

Mr. Watson declared all railroad business in the territory of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific Railways was absolutely in control of the Northern Securities Company, and it was the State of New Jersey, 1000 miles from where the railroads start, that gives them the power to establish rates and dictate policies in Minnesota, Dakota, Montana and other states. Such a condition, he declared, was out of all equity and justice.

If the course of the Northern Securities Company was upheld, Mr. Watson declared, there is nothing to prevent an absorption of all other transcontinental lines, or, indeed, of all other lines. It would enable them to stifle all competition and regulate all freight rates. This last, he said, was not a matter of such great importance, but it was the power that would accrue to the corporation and the loss of liberty to the individual citizen that formed the great objection to the merger.

The contention of the defendants, that the anti-trust act did not apply to the present case, but it did apply directly to the control of commerce for the reason that the roads were operated through agents, was vigorously combatted by Mr. Watson, who claimed that it was in point, and that the position of the defendants was so excessively technical that it amounted to nothing.

"It is the question of control that determines this case," he said, "and it is utter nonsense for these gentlemen who own the stock to say that the act does not apply to them. It is control, control, nothing but control that counts, and these men have it."

The argument of Mr. Bunn, declaring that the states and not the National Government have the power to regulate the consolidation of railway companies, was discussed briefly by Mr. Watson, who declared such a theory to be absurd. He claimed that the Northern Securities Company had no right to secure under the laws of New Jersey a charter, that would enable it to violate the laws of Minnesota and Wisconsin. He declared further that the laws of New Jersey conferred upon them no such power as they claimed under it.

At 12:34 Mr. Watson's argument was concluded and the case was taken under advisement by the court.

LEILICH A DISTURBER.

Preachers Prefer Charges Against Senator Smoot's Accuser.

SALT LAKE CITY, March 21.—The Telegram today states that 20 of the 25 pastors whose churches are within the jurisdiction of Rev. J. L. Leilich, superintendent of the Utah Missions of the Methodist Episcopal Church, have united in a protest to Bishop Warner, of Denver, against Mr. Leilich, asking for his removal to some other field. This protest will be sent to the Central Pennsylvania conference, of which Mr. Leilich is a member.

Mr. Leilich is the divine who preferred the charges of polygamy against Senator Reed Smoot. These charges, which did not receive the sanction of the Ministerial Alliance, apparently have no part in the protest, which sets forth that his methods have caused continual friction, and that his removal would be for the best interests of the Methodist Church.

STILL REFUSE TO SELL.

Suspected Missouri Boodlers Sent to Jail by Legislature.

JEFFERSON, Mo., March 21.—The House today declared I. L. Page, the newspaper correspondent, in contempt of the House for refusing to tell the boodle investigating committee where he got a $1000 bill which he had changed at a bank here. Speaker Whitecotton issued a writ of commitment to the county jail for both Page and Senator Hickox, who was ordered immediately imprisoned yesterday, and the Sergeant-at-Arms took them to jail.

Chief Justice Robinson issued a writ of habeas corpus this afternoon in the case of Page and Hickox, and set the hearing for Monday morning.

Francis at Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 21. — Ex-Governor Francis, president of the St. Louis Exposition, called at the State Department today, accompanied by P. V. de Graw, the local representative of the exposition, and had a short chat with Secretary Hay and Assistant Secretary Loomis, in the course of which the Governor briefly ran over the principal features of his tour of the European capitals in the interest of the coming event. Mr. Francis lunched with the President.

St. Louis Resents the Charge.

Pittsburg Dispatch.

St. Louis indignantly repudiates the charge of being given over to shameless corruption and pertinently remarks that it was the first city to send a gang of boodlers to the penitentiary. The point would seem well taken. The cities which fail to send corruptionists to jail are the really shameless spots.

Crops Looking Well.

PROSSER, Wash., March 21.—(Special.)—Crops, so farmers say, have not been injured by the frost. The weather is warm and Springlike. There is no snow on the Rattlesnake Hills, and it is believed that Spring has come to stay. Seeding is general.

STOCKS ON HIGHER BASIS

NEW YORK MARKET MAKES BETTER SHOWING THAN WEEK AGO.

Money Is Appreciably Easier—Chilling Influence on Speculation of Keene-Harriman Contest.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Prior to the publication of the weekly bank figures the stock market was very dull, but later showed some degree of animation. Opening prices reflected steadiness of tone, and Metropolitan, Rock Island and Mexican Central were among the stocks that moved upward. The activity in Metropolitan suggested a continuance of the attack upon the short interest. Rumors of a Rock Island-Mexican Central combination were not very generally credited, and the last-named stock was checked in its advance by offerings aggregating 10,000 shares. The professional element indulged in some profit taking in certain of the Vanderbilt issues, these including St. Paul, Union Pacific and Atchison. Yesterday's special selling of sugar was renewed. The demand for Pennsylvania was reported to have disclosed a considerable short interest in that stock.

Southern Pacific, which was lower in London, showed little change here, and was comparatively neglected. Figures published today show a decrease in Southern Pacific net earnings for January of over $307,000. Louisville & Nashville was firm, and Canadian Pacific responded only in a slight measure to the keen demand for that stock in London. The report of the Coal Strike Commission seemed to have been discounted, the hard coalers exhibiting marked firmness from the outset. There was no trading of any consequence in the soft coal stock, in spite of the announcement of an advance of 10 per cent per ton in tidewater prices on April 1. The close was dull and steady. The bank statement was well received, although the loss of cash was somewhat in excess of estimates.

Comparison with last week finds the stock market generally higher. Evidently the forced liquidation due to the calling of loans has exhausted itself. The demand has not extended far beyond the ranks of professional bears, who were short of stocks and who saw no immediate prospect of much further decline in prices. The beginning of the week saw the pressure upon the money market still in force, but this was apparently due to the special exigency of the Standard Oil dividend payment. With the disbursement of this sum the money market became appreciably easier.

It was considered encouraging that the absorption of funds by the sub-treasury was on a much smaller scale than for some time. This is really the result of the lessened pressure for interior points upon New York for money. The Government's fiscal operations, as a whole, have shown a running deficit from day to day for the whole current month. The fact that practically all customs duties are payable in New York always has the effect of congesting the Government's requirements upon the New York money market. But for some time past it has also been the practice of interior banks to arrange internal revenue payments due at interior points by drafts on their New York correspondents, payable to the New York sub-treasury. The result has been to replenish the interior circulation at the expense of New York in precisely the same way as though shipments of currency were being made from day to day from New York. The money pinch here has checked this form of encroachment upon bank reserves, along with others. It is noticeable, however, that, with an easing of the money rate, there is a prompt check to the movement of funds to New York. This is especially perceptible in the foreign exchange market, in which the offerings of bankers' loan bills have entirely ceased. Last week the market was flooded with this class of exchange. Compared with the low point for demand sterling on Monday of last week, there has been a recovery this week of more than a cent in the pound.

The ratification of the Panama Canal treaty by the Senate, although action remains to be taken by the Colombian Legislature, is believed to give sufficient basis for the taking of active steps to provide for the $50,000,000 payable by the terms of the treaty. The large tie-up of capital in unmarketable securities causes a tendency to liquidate in stocks with an active market in order to protect holdings thus readily marketable. Another chilling influence on speculation is the contest between the Keene and Harriman interests. From the purely stock market standpoint, operators are convinced that nothing but harm can come to the market as a whole, however the contest is decided. Certainly the financial world would not view with equanimity the overthrow of the Union Pacific control of Southern Pacific. On the other hand, there is some apprehension over the position of a pool which is commonly supposed to hold 400,000 shares of Southern Pacific at an average cost price of 71. No interest attached to the report of the Coal Strike Commission.

The bond market during the week fluctuated in sympathy with the course of the stock market, but displayed a better undercurrent of steadiness. United States 4s and the 5s advanced ¼ per cent as compared with the closing call of last week.

Bank Clearings.

Bank clearings of the leading cities of the Northwest for the week ending March 21 were as follows:

	Portland.	Seattle.	Tacoma.
Monday	$ 845,889	$ 788,703	$ 339,309
Tuesday	847,007	731,112	376,168
Wednesday	460,895	852,120	329,816
Thursday	430,197	604,940	380,911
Friday	484,846	609,661	293,642
Saturday	418,818	501,752	284,534
Totals	$3,306,952	$4,099,288	$2,064,315

Clearings for corresponding weeks in former years were as follows:

	Portland.	Seattle.	Tacoma.
1898	$1,577,123	$1,727,178	$ 862,965
1899	1,334,763	1,597,597	641,648
1900	1,827,324	1,994,011	888,200
1901	1,692,762	2,146,772	1,126,213
1902	2,748,108	2,797,355	1,358,110

Clearings and balances Saturday were as follows:

	Clearings.	Balances.
Portland	$418,818	$ 56,738
Seattle	501,752	141,898
Tacoma	284,534	44,231
Spokane	251,732	27,786

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Most Important Feature Is the Further Loan Contraction.

NEW YORK, March 21.—The Financier says this week:

The striking feature of the official statement of the New York Associated Banks last week was a further important loan contraction, following that which has been in progress since the maximum record was reached on February 21, and as the result of such contraction a decided decrease in deposits, through which the reserve requirements were lessened, thereby enabling the banks, notwithstanding the loss of cash during the week to augment the surplus reserve. The loans were decreased last week $12,963,000, making $38,662,300 since February 21. There was a reduction in cash of $1,713,500, or more than was estimated from the traceable movements of money during the week. The deposits were decreased $15,479,600, making $62,536,900 since February 21. The required reserve was reduced $3,869,900, and deducting this sum the $1,713,500 loss of cash, left $2,156,400 as the increase in surplus reserve, carrying this item to $3,180,400.

It is noteworthy that the loans of the banks were $10,865,000 in excess of deposits, against $8,378,400 in the previous week and 22 individual banks, among which number are those having the largest capital and surplus, are lending amounts exceeding their deposits. This simply shows conditions peculiar to the situation, and it does not indicate impairment in any way. This the clearing-house does not recognize in its statement, except incidentally, the permissible elimination of reserve requirements against Government deposits, and it seems clear that some of the individual banks are taking advantage of the permission given by the Secretary of the Treasury and taking account of reserve against public deposits. The indications last week pointed to a speedy beginning of the return flow of the money to this center from the interior. Unless subtreasury operations shall again largely absorb cash from the banks, these institutions may be expected in the near future to show gains in cash and a gradual improvement in reserve conditions.

The statement of averages of the clearing-house banks of this city for the week was:

		Decrease.
Loans	$911,547,400	$12,963,000
Deposits	900,882,600	15,479,600
Circulation	42,862,500	74,200
Legal tenders	64,578,500	558,200
Specie	162,592,500	1,155,300
Reserve	228,351,000	1,713,500
Reserve required	225,170,600	3,869,900
Surplus	3,180,400	*2,156,400
Ex.-U. S. deposits	131,327,500	*2,167,150

*Increase.

CHAMPION OF CREMATION.

Answers Judge's Strictures Delivered in Sentencing Murderer.

LONDON, March 21.—Justice Grantham, in summing up in the Old Bailey previous to sentencing Klosowski, alias Chapman, the Southwark saloonkeeper, to death for the murder of three women by poisoning, declared that, if the women had been cremated, Klosowski would never have been convicted and said the case served as a warning to those who thought the churchyard should be shut up.

These and other judicial criticisms of cremation have called out a spirited reply from Professor Sir Henry Thompson, the surgeon, who says that, if Judge Grantham had the slightest acquaintance with the precautions adopted in cremation, he would have known that any prisoner endeavoring to get rid of a victim by cremation is almost certain to be detected. Sir Henry adds that both here and in France in "every case where a body is offered for cremation, the keenest inquiry is made with reference to the possibility of death being caused by poison," as was fully admitted in the Parliamentary inquiry into the subject in 1893.

Date of Lane Republican Primaries.

EUGENE, Or., March 21.—(Special.)—A meeting of the Lane County Republican Central Committee was held this afternoon in the office of the chairman, Judge E. O. Potter. The principal business of the committee was that of fixing the date for the convention and primaries. It was determined to hold the primaries on Saturday, March 28, and the county convention April 4.

Busy Taking Filings.

PROSSER, Wash., March 21.—(Special.)—There will be an increased acreage of wheat in both Horse Heaven and Rattlesnake this year, most of which will go to Prosser. Many people are coming to Prosser to file on Government land in Horse Heaven and Rattlesnake. The United States Commissioner at this place is kept busy taking filings.

AT THE HOTELS.

THE PORTLAND.

O T Reichenbach, S F
J P Coughlin, Denver
G I Violen, Cincinnati
J M Buffner, do
E G Dewald, S F
S Myers, Boston
C D Garfield, Juneau
F W Vallie, city
A E Mueller, Milwauk
J G Hoeflich, Cinti
Y W Gaskill, S F
S Uhlman, N Y
J Marsh, do
C W Scott, Chicago
R I Hughes, Tampa
W Merrill, Milwaukee
Miss G Merrill, do
Miss G Lennox, do
G A Wilcox, Mich
Mrs I I Glidden & dau, Spokane
F R Culbertson, wf & dau, S F
H M Glidden, Spokane
Dr S C Glidden, Daville
F L Atkinson, Sacto
R E Taylor, Iowa
M Hoff, N Y
T Balfour, Lyle
E C Macdonald, Spok
J T Bradley, St Louis
W S Burdick, Denver
J C Brown, Chicago
H L Lawson, U S A
L W Kinyon, Omaha
T H Herbert, Chicago
W H Scott, N Y
G W Spicer, Salt Lake
Mrs A J Spicer, do
Miss Kate Claxton, NY
Mrs Robinson, N Y
Miss E Palmer, N Y
J E Hazzard, N Y
W H Byron, Boston
J T Carlisle, Boston
R S Parker, Cinti
C Harmon & wf, Cinti
A Barthelet, N Y
A J Heinman, S F
H E Gray, St Paul
W B Gray, do
L R Flint, St F
M S Marks, city
B J Mitchell, U S A
Frederick Funston, do
Mrs W H Fritch & chd, Seattle
H C Barnes, Boston
F B Smith, N Y
J W Moore & wf, Lincoln
F W Graves, city
M Stifel, Chicago
W E Hall, N Y
J Breen, Spokane
Mrs M Stevens, S F
S Walrath & wf, St Johnsville
C O Johnson, Denver
Sol Siebenhauer, S F
F I Burnham, K C
F H Buller & wf, Pueblo
H Plomondon
A E Rice & wf, Centralia
R B Dyer, Astoria
W T Chutter, do
C J Smith, Boston
F H Irwin, city
O C Sholleston, do

THE PERKINS.

Fred T Merritt, Tem
Louis J Brant, Salem
Geo M Trowbridge, Cty
Mrs E Taylor, Dallas
G W Houseman, Chgo
J B Timberlake, Jackson, Mich
W A Doherty, Seattle
P O Connor, do
A L Sherer, Rosebrg
O P Emerson, Valley City, N D
C A Pague, San F
D W Cade, St Jo, Mo
Miss Mearle Scott, Arlington, Or
W Case, St Louis
Mrs Case, do
S T Thurston, Dallas
T F Bayils, Omaha
W W Parr, Spokane
G H Smith, do
F S Whitehouse, Tillamook
C S West, Camas
J B Perrott, Canby
A McKellop, Lincoln, Neb
Frank Truman, Segel, Pa
D H Grover, do
R F Lytle, Hoquaim
Mrs P Miller, Hong K
S M Robertson, Cincin
H C French, So. Bend
Mrs French, do
Master French, do
J N Hart, Dallas
Mrs W W Randall, Kate Claxton Co
Robt Craig, do
F M Tellish, do
Robt A Foster, Catl R
G L Baker, Whatcom
W C Tucker, Kate Claxton Co
Geo Barton, do
M J Buckley, La Grnd
Geo Palmer, Aurora
J Palmer, do
E Palmer, do
F C Kryshur, Chicago
D L Sleeper, Lawton, O T
F J Devine, Albany
W H Crecelius, Davenport, Ia
Robt Nichols, S F
E Harrington, S F
C A Middlemas, Worcester, Mass
Mrs Middlemas, do
B T Peets, Kent, Or
Ed H Marton, Homestead, Pa
W P Lockwood, Tacma
J C Cooper, McMinnv
F H Easley, San Jose
H O Field, S F
A S Marlow and fam, Portland
Minot Davis, Vancvr
J H Knoden, Seattle
Master Knoden, do
W B Scott, do

THE IMPERIAL.

H C Armstrong, Cathl
C E Ireland, Indepdnc
F Piller, St Paul
S F Bristo, S F
S F Johnson, S F
H D Stunhal, city
Mrs E Jackson, The D
W H Coffee, Seattle
I E Dewrese, Chcga
C E Bigtow, Duluth
Mrs E Seley, Salem
W W Baker, Walla W
D C Milliett, Chehalis
Mrs Milliett, do
F D Kuetner, Ast
Mrs Kuetner, do
A J Singer, city
Wm Keller, Chgo
G E Johnson, Dallas
C W James, Baker C
E A Turner, Albany
Willis H White, Seattle
J B Markley, S F
J V Warner, Topeka
S V Hall, Berry
W H Harrell, Chgo
Cecil Grant, Mapleval
Walter Lynch, Manitb
I Hugean, N W Terr
Mrs Hugean, do
J P Galbraith, Albany
S B Huston, Hillsboro
J C Wunder, S F
Mrs Wunder, do
E Giltner, Salem
W T Perkins, Salem
Mrs Perkins, do
A F McClain, Tacoma
G E Mock, Woodburn
F Stevenson, do
Claude Gatch, Salem
H J Miller, Aurora
J K Starr, Arlington
A B Cordley, Corvallis
E Z Ferguson, Ast
Mrs Ferguson, do

THE ST. CHARLES.

J J Duffy, Hood R
C C McDougall, Palmer
M E Cooley, Brkvl, Pa
P T Holtel, do
W B Forsyth, do
G R Sykes, do
Fred Ostkerman, Riley
W H Carly, city
C J Adams, city
G G Lahr, Nahcotta
M S James
J Casatt
S H Jarrett
Wm Boyce, Pueblo
G H Cooley, do
B E Hall
Mrs B E Hall
J S Dearing, Colo Spgs
Emil Peterson, Quincy
L Laveson
Anna Gorham, Or City
W F Burkiola, Grshm
J R Sutherland and family, Monte Vista
B W Emery, Grshm
C D Hurd, Sumpter
D Slater
S H Maxwell
W R Smith, Silverton
Mrs A L Miller, do
Mrs E H Colestock, do
Miss Miller, do
C C Hayes, S D
Mrs C C Hayes, do
Henry Thompson
A L Roberds, Eagle C
L J Hudson, Colo
Chas Matson, do
Mrs E Walker, Westpt
N Merrill, Clatskanie
O E Elliott, Marshfld
B O Hughson, do
C Rawlance, Cas Cock
C Abelance, Astoria
J White, Scappoose
M Briner, Kalama
John D Moss, do
John R Sanger, do
F Miller, city
A C Cummins, do
T J Davoren, do
Y G Williams, Kelso
Chas Davis, Vancouver
Kit Yates, Forest Grv
C Jones, Salem
A Barr, Clatskanie
H Glenn, The Dalles
I D Driver, do
R B Driver, do
E A Casseus, do
John Olsen, do
W E Rowe, do
Phil Dressler, Menlo
W V Brice, Ridgefield
A S Dygert, city
Mrs A S Dygert, do
S F McIntyre, Svensen
W H Holmes, Ashland
W H French, Stella
G E Barth, Astoria
Mrs G E Barth, do
D D McMillan, do
H Rosen, do
Wm H Miller, do
Chas Berg, Attilla
Phil Stanton, St Louis
L J Swarts, Grangevill
J E Codq, Duluth
S G Morgan, Hillsboro
T A Hannckc, Dalles
F C Adams, Seattle
Mrs F C Adams, do
E S Ward, city
J Stewart, Oregon City
Mrs J Stewart, do
L L Paulsen, do

Hotel Brunswick, Seattle.
European plan, popular rates. Modern improvements. Business center. Near depot.

Tacoma Hotel, Tacoma.
American plan. Rates, $3 and up.

Hotel Donnelly, Tacoma.
First-class restaurant in connection.

Rainier Grand Hotel, Seattle.
European plan. Finest cafe on Coast. Hdqrs naval, military and traveling men. Rooms en suite and single. Free shower baths. Rates, $1 up. H. P. Dunbar, prop.

St. Helens Hotel, Chehalis.
American plan, $2; first class.

Policeman Rasmussen Suspended.

Policeman Rasmussen was suspended yesterday charged with neglect of duty, and will not go on his beat again until the charge against him is investigated. This decision was arrived at yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the police committee of the Executive Board. Chief Hunt declined to give further particulars, and Policeman Rasmussen did not know why he had been suspended. His friends say that his offense consisted in recently taking a prisoner to the police station when he was not on duty and did not have on his uniform.

Death of James B. Finley.

County Coroner J. P. Finley yesterday received a telegram announcing the death of his youngest brother, James B. Finley, 52 years old, who died at Wadsworth, Nev., where he had been in the employ of the Central Pacific Railroad for many years. He will be buried at Gilroy, Cal., where his daughter was buried about eight years ago. A wife and three children survive him. The dead man was the youngest of a family of seven children. Two brothers and one sister were older, and two brothers and one sister were younger than J. P. Finley. The mother died in 1852 and the father in 1865.

Small Fire Easily Extinguished.

An alarm of fire from box 13 was sent out shortly after 10 o'clock last night for a small fire which blazed in Charles Coopey's tailoring establishment, 88½ Third street, and which is supposed by the firemen to have started in a defective flue located in the barber shop below. The loss is about $450, covered by insurance. The Fire Department did not find it necessary to throw any water on the fire and quickly extinguished it from two streams from chemicals Nos. 1 and 2. Not one of the rooms was flooded with water.

Nearly 1000 people watched the firemen at work.

Arrested for Carrying a Revolver.

With a loaded revolver in his possession S. J. Edelston was arrested last night at First and Burnside streets by Policemen Bailey and Gibson. The trouble developed when the policemen arrested A. L. Danson, charged with disorderly conduct and drunkenness, and it is charged that Edelston talked loudly to the crowd against the police and the arrest generally. When he was taken to the police station the loaded revolver was found in one of his pockets.

FOOLED THE HOSPITAL.

Was Pronounced Incurable, but Got Well on Pure Food.

Sometimes in a case of disease resulting from the use of improper food the symptoms are so complex that medical science cannot find the seat of trouble, and even the most careful hospital treatment fails to benefit. A gentleman of Lee, Mass., says: "On April 1, 1900, I was sent home by one of our Massachusetts hospitals, saying nothing more could be done for me. I have been a great sufferer from nervous diseases and rheumatism and nervous prostration and had previously been treated at Sharon Springs by a number of doctors without getting much assistance.

"One day I was feeling worse than usual when I read an article about your Grape-Nuts that impressed me so that I sent out for a package. I commenced using it at breakfast the next day.

"For fifteen months I never missed one day. If you ever saw anyone grow strong and improve it was I. I gained from 125 pounds to my old weight, 165. I will always be a cripple from rheumatism, but otherwise I am so much improved that I now feel as well as any man in this country." Name furnished by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There is a receipe book in each package of Grape-Nuts that will interest the housekeeper.

IRVINGTON

RESIDENCE NOW BEING BUILT BY MR. F. S. DOERNBECHER, TILLAMOOK AND TWENTY-FOURTH.

Many beautiful homes are being constructed in Irvington.
Parties intending to build this season should visit this delightful location before selecting a site.
The City & Suburban Railway Company cars run every 15 minutes till 12 o'clock midnight.
The Portland Railway Company will build its Irvington line as soon as possible, the franchise having already been granted by the City Council. C. H. Prescott, Trustee, 212 and 213 Chamber of Commerce.

IRVINGTON

SHE MADE A CHANGE.

A Charlestown Mother Did So With Advantage to Herself and Children.

A mother living in Charlestown, Mass., the happy possessor of four children, writes: "Every Fall and Winter I have laid in a stock of cough remedies, croup mixtures and throat medicines for my children, for somehow or other they never seem to be free from colds, coughs or sore throat.

"This Fall I made a change in the usual programme. I had myself been cured of an obstinate catarrh, from which I had suffered for years, by Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, and as they were pleasant to take I determined to try them with my children. Our family physician told me he knew them to be perfectly safe, and nothing better could be used for catarrh, coughs and colds.

"So I gave them to the children, and have continued to do so ever since, whenever there is the least sign of croup or sore throat, and I no longer dread the approach of cold weather as I once did.

"Stuart's Catarrh Tablets not only cured me of chronic nasal and throat catarrh but they have saved me many an anxious night with my little ones. The children like the taste of them, and it is really wonderful how quickly they will break up a croupy cold or an obstinate, deep-seated cough."

People who have used sprays, inhalers, salves or washes for catarrh and have found how useless they are, will be agreeably surprised at the results following the use of a pleasant, convenient, internal remedy in tablet form. Druggists everywhere admit that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, which sell for 50 cents full-sized package, is the safest, most effective and popular of catarrh medicines.

TEETH EXTRACTED AND FILLED ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT PAIN by our late scientific method applied to the gums. No sleep-producing agents or cocaine.

These are the only dental parlors in Portland having PATENTED APPLIANCES and ingredients to extract, fill and apply gold crowns and porcelain crowns undetectable from natural teeth, and warranted for ten years, WITHOUT THE LEAST PAIN. All work done by GRADUATED DENTISTS of from 13 to 20 years' experience, and each department in charge of a specialist. Give us a call, and you will find us to do exactly as we advertise. We will tell you in advance exactly what your work will cost by a FREE EXAMINATION.

Set of Teeth $5.00
Gold Filling $1.00
Gold Crown $5.00
Silver Filling ..... $ .50

In our GOLD CROWNS and BRIDGE WORK, of which we are making a SPECIALTY, the most BEAUTIFUL, PAINLESS AND DURABLE of all dental work known to the profession, you will find an example of the HIGHEST ARTISTIC ATTAINMENT, the adaptability of which to the HYGIENIC conditions of the mouth is unquestioned.

New York Dental Parlors

MAIN OFFICE—FOURTH AND MORRISON STS., PORTLAND.
Branch, 614 First Avenue, Seattle.
HOURS:
8:30 A. M. to 8 P. M.; Sundays, 8:30 A. M. to 2 P. M.

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Upon the payment of $1.00 we will deliver this handsome Dresser to your home. The balance you can pay $1.00 per week. .. ..

DON'T send Mrs. Brown or Mrs. Jones to price it for you, nor take our word alone for it.

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Are so easy that you can furnish a home and never miss the money. It will pay you to investigate our

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