

AFTER MASCAIGNI

Managers of Famous Composer Cause His Arrest.

RELEASED ON \$10,000 BAIL

Italian Finds His Trail of America Accompanied by a Peck of Trouble—Breaking of Contract Basis of Suit.

BOSTON, Nov. 8.—The financial troubles existing for some time between the Mascagni Opera Company and its managers reached a climax tonight when Mascagni, the composer, was arrested upon a civil suit for alleged failure to perform his contract, brought by Mittenhall Bros., who, with Samuel Kronberg, were his original managers. Mr. Kronberg washed his hands of the whole affair, as he asserted, several days ago and left for New York. As soon as the writ was served upon Mascagni at his hotel, his counsel petitioned Judge Sheldon, of the Superior Court, for an immediate hearing of the case, to which he claimed his client was entitled under the statutes.

The justice refused to proceed with the hearing, saying that it should be held in open court, and made the writ returnable in the first equity session of the Superior Court on Monday next. Bail in the case, which had at first been fixed at \$12,000, was reduced to \$10,000, and this was furnished late tonight by Richard Hurd, Samuel Kronberg and Louis Kronberg.

BEYOND REACH OF JUSTICE

Soldiers Who Gave Water Cure to Priest Cannot Be Punished.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—An investigation that has been made by the War Department into the alleged by the anti-imperialistic committee, delivered at the Lake George conference, to the effect that Father Augustine, a Catholic priest, was killed by the water cure in the Philippines, has apparently come to the main fact, that the man died as the result of the administration of the cure, but it also has been found that the persons who administered the cure to secure insurance funds, of which he was the custodian, were volunteers from Vermont, and are now beyond the reach of military justice, having been mustered out of service.

LADRONES RUN DOWN.

Murderers of Teacher in Philippines Are Captured.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—A cablegram has been received at the War Department from Governor Taft, dated Manila today, saying that the ladrones who murdered Dr. C. Montgomery, a substitute superintendent of schools, have been captured. The murder was committed several days ago while Montgomery was passing through country provinces.

Not Seeking War With Americans.

MANILA, Nov. 8.—The Sultan of Bacolod has sent a letter to Captain Pershing, commanding the American troops at Camp Vicars, island of Mindanao, disavowing any desire to make war on the Americans. He denies molesting Americans and says he is not in possession of stolen American property. Brigadier-General Sumner has been preparing to send a column to Bacolod, but the expedition will probably be abandoned, although the military will watch the Sultan and determine if his friendly assurances are genuine.

High Tribute to American Troops.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—General Ware, who commands the United States troops in the Southern Philippines, in his annual report pays a high tribute to the conduct of the troops there, and attributes the fact that their supply of fresh meat has been very scant, he says there has been practically no complaints from the civil authorities or individuals of the conduct of the soldiers. The general says:

MORGAN BUYS TRUST.

New Move in Connection With Shipbuilding Syndicate.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Announcement has been made, according to the Herald, that certain loan obligations guaranteed by the Trust Company of the Republic in connection with the launching of the United States Shipbuilding Company, have been purchased by the North American Company, which is controlled by J. P. Morgan & Co. The Herald tomorrow will say:

"Arrangements were completed last week by which the Trust Company of the Republic to the Shipbuilding Company will be taken up and paid. The North American Company could do so only as a member of the syndicate formed to take up the loans, and the manager of this syndicate is George R. Sheldon, vice-president of the North American Company. The following official statement was issued by officials of the Trust Company of the Republic today:

"There has been no change in the management of the underwriting syndicate of the United States Shipbuilding Company. The Trust Company of the Republic is its manager, and will continue to act in that position until the expiration of the syndicate's life on July 25, 1903."

A NEW TYPHOID CURE.

Marked Advantage Noted From Treatment by Inoculation.

London Times.

In the Lancet is published an article by Professor A. E. Netley, setting forth in a synoptical table all the data collected up to the present, which bear on the results obtained by the typhoid inoculation, which was inaugurated, and has been carried out, by him during the last five years.

With regard to the results, it is demonstrated that all the statistics, if we except two small series which are shown to be vitiated by important fallacies, show that a marked advantage was achieved by inoculation. From the point of view of the lessened incidence of typhoid fever among the inoculated and from the point of view of the lessened case mortality among the inoculated who subsequently contracted the disease. This diminution of mortality among those attacked is shown by observations in many different hospitals (covering, along with many thousands of cases of un inoculated, several hundreds of cases of inoculated) to amount to a diminution by half in the

mortality of typhoid fever. The lessened incidence of the disease is shown to amount to a twofold reduction of the number of cases inoculated. As the result of the diminished mortality, superadded to the diminution of incidence, it is shown that the reduction of mortality of typhoid has on the whole body of statistics amounted to a fourfold reduction. These are important results, evidenced as they are by 24 separate statistics collected by observers all over the world and critically sifted as they have been in the manner just indicated. But more important than the actual results is the prospect that in future it will be possible to improve upon these results as soon as the problem connected with the dosage of the vaccine shall have been worked out and as soon as the only blot upon the inoculations—i. e., the apparently more susceptible condition in which the patients are immediately after inoculation—shall have been removed by the elaboration of a fully adequate method of standardization.

FIRE IN NEWSPAPER PLANT

Two Men Lose Their Lives and Two Boys Are Overcome.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Two men lost their lives and two boys had narrow escapes during a fire which communicated from the subway to the mailing and press rooms in the editorial office of the New York Times building today. The dead: John Daly, William McCormick.

The boys, who were partially suffocated, are now in the hospital, are: John Powers and Myer Fishbone. Men and boys were overcome by smoke in a small room used for mailing purposes. In the front cellar, where the fire started, the fire originated in the explosion of a gasoline lamp. It was extinguished in 15 minutes. The damage is estimated at \$500.

Big New Jersey Fire.

Camden, N. J., Nov. 8.—The plants of the Nonpareil Cork Company, the Camden Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of chemicals, and McAndrews & Forbes, licorice dealers, comprising about a dozen grand buildings, located at Kalma's Point, in the southern section of this city, were destroyed by fire today.

The combined loss is estimated at \$250,000. The burned district covers an area of about three city blocks along the Delaware River. The British steamer Conway, from India, loaded with licorice root, was moored to McAndrews & Forbes' wharf, and was saved from destruction by the timely arrival of the Philadelphia fireboat Ashbridge, which towed her to a place of safety. John Dougherty, fireman on the tug Ashbridge, was badly burned. The origin of the fire is unknown.

POINT OUT GRAVES ROBBED

Indianapolis Ghoul Indicates Between 30 and 40 Mounds.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 8.—Rufus Cantrell and John McEndree, leaders of the gangs of confessed ghoul, pointed out between 30 and 40 graves, which they said were robbed by them to detectives today. The men were taken to the Indiana State Penitentiary for this purpose. The detectives wanted the names of other bodies stolen in order that other warrants might be sworn out. At the Anderson cemetery, the men told the detectives that about 40 graves were empty.

MRS. POTTER'S KINDNESS.

Wife of Well-Known Bishop Tells of Her Home for Men.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 8.—Mrs. Alfred Cornish Potter, wife of Bishop Henry C. Potter, of New York, who is in this city with her husband, said today that the report from New York that she intended to erect on the lower East Side of New York a philanthropic institute similar to the Hull House, in England, was greatly exaggerated. Mrs. Potter explained that she was about to have erected, at a very small cost, a building intended for men, whom they would be provided with refreshments at a very moderate cost.

EXPRESS COMPANY LOSES

Printed Statement of Liability for Losses Not Good in Court.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The Supreme Court handed down a decision today that an express company may not limit its liability for property lost through its negligence, because of the statement on its printed receipts that it will not be liable for any sum exceeding \$10. The decision was rendered in an appeal from the district court's decision in the case of Simon against Dunlap's Express Company. Simon sued for \$250, the value of a pair of lace curtains, and secured judgment.

"Lady" Rediviva.

Chicago Post.

The Queen has spoken, and the word "lady" is to be revived. Hereafter it will not apply exclusively to the lady at the next door, or the lady in the next room, or the lady in the next block, or the lady in the next city. Precisely what the difference will be we cannot say, but that subtle distinction between "lady" and "lady" will assert itself, and we are emboldened to add that the young person who fits with her mouth in the mastication of gum will be rigidly excluded from the new category. This will exclude about four-fifths of feminine Chicago.

Once a Well-Known Actor.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 8.—Harry Malin, once a well-known actor, is dead at St. Agnes Hospital. Malin had been in Los Angeles six months ago from Arizona, suffering from consumption. He had been associated in former years with Booth, Barrett, Wallack and other famous actors. He was married to Jeffrie Lewis, who is now on the stage somewhere in the East.

Yates' Condition the Same.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 8.—Governor Yates' condition remains the same today, and the attending physician says he expects no change for several days. The Governor slept well last night and today his temperature was 101.2 and pulse 84. During the past 26 hours he has retained all food.

Prominent Life Insurance Man.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 8.—Archibald N. Whitehouse, aged 52, a member of the firm of Lambert & Waterhouse, general agents of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, died suddenly at his home here of congestion of the brain.

Consul-General Bowen Much Better.

PARIS, Nov. 8.—The health of United States Deputy Consul-General J. Allison Bowen, who has been in a serious condition, as a result of an operation, has improved.

Mrs. Mollie Allen, of South Fork, Ky., says she has prevented attacks of cholera morbus by taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets when she felt an attack coming on. Back attacks are usually caused by indigestion, and these tablets are just what is needed to cleanse the stomach and wipe out the approach of a back attack. Attacks of bilious colic may be prevented in the same way. For sale by all druggists.

TRAINMEN ASK MORE PAY

CHICAGO UNION THREATENS TO GO ON STRIKE.

Two Unions Do Not Agree, However—Railroads Grant Advances and May Do Better.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen has voted in favor of a strike in case the railroads in the Chicago district shall refuse an increase of more than 25 cents per hour in wages. Although the brotherhood has voted for a strike, its members are not likely to quit the rails before the vote is taken. Some of the railroad managers had announced that a greater increase in wages would be allowed the men than that first offered. It is probable that as soon as the result of the vote shall be announced another conference will be held. At this conference it is expected that an increase of 3 cents an hour will be offered and that this offer will be accepted.

In a statement issued tonight Frank T. Hawley, grand master of the Switchmen's Union of North America, which is not affiliated with the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, states that the members of his organization have voted to accept the increase of 35 cents an hour for foremen and 25 cents for helpers. He states further that the members of his union will not be drawn into any strike which the brotherhood may inaugurate. The Switchmen's Union of North America claims a membership of 135 men in Chicago and this membership alone would give the railroads a fair working force in the event of a strike of the Brotherhood men. Grand master Hawley, in his statement, charges that the Brotherhood is encroaching on the field of his union in assuming to include the switchmen in the demands of a further increase of wages.

W. G. Lee, first grand master of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, tonight issued a statement to the effect that the probability was that the strike would be settled, possibly on Monday. Regarding the attitude of the switchmen on the Rock Island Railroad, he said: "The switchmen of the Rock Island have accepted the advance of 25 and 35 cents offered them. The Brotherhood had no contract with this line and filed no request for increased pay for it."

Teachers to Go in Labor Federation.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—The Chicago Teachers' Federation, at special meeting today, voted to affiliate with the Federation of Labor. One of the reasons assigned for the taking of this step was that the support of the voters reached by the Federation of Labor would be of great benefit to the teachers in their fight for better wages, and an improvement in the condition surrounding the schoolroom.

More Union Men Walk Out.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—The stationary firemen and the teamsters employed by the Morgan & Wright Company today decided to go out on strike in sympathy with the 700 rubberworkers of that plant, who went out yesterday. The plant is now entirely closed up, and the officials of the union declare that it is to be a fight to a finish.

Trust's Move to Defeat Strikers.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—The Morgan & Wright factory in this city will be closed down for an indefinite period. The rubber trust, it is announced today, will transfer operations to other cities rather than submit to the demands of the striking employees.

Will Strike in Sympathy.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—An extension of the strike in the silverware factories of this city has been decided upon by the smiths, who to the number of 100,000, quit. They demand a work day of nine hours. Nearly 100,000 workmen are now out.

CLAIM OF OREGON.

Amount It Is Entitled To in National Irrigation Fund.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Nov. 8.—Out of an aggregate reclamation fund in the Treasury of \$9,000,000, the State of Oregon is entitled to credit for about one-tenth, or something in the neighborhood of \$900,000. The General Land Office and the Treasury are together working to compute the net return from the irrigation act of the last session of Congress. This law, it will be recalled, provides that the net funds derived from the sale and disposal of public lands shall constitute a fund for the use of the Government in the several states and from the United States for the past two fiscal years, in order to ascertain the exact size of the reclamation fund created by the irrigation act of the last session of Congress. This law, it will be recalled, provides that the net funds derived from the sale and disposal of public lands shall constitute a fund for the use of the Government in the several states and from the United States for the past two fiscal years, in order to ascertain the exact size of the reclamation fund created by the irrigation act of the last session of Congress.

Arizona's Funds Short.

Arizona is crying for irrigation aid, and is urging the construction within its limits of one of the most extensive as well as costly projects ever devised. There is much doubt as to the success of this project, and the state is in a financial straits. It is true in each of these states there is a comparative shortage of water supply in the arid regions, but what is there ultimately by fully utilized either by Government works, or by private enterprise? Whether these states will be fortunate enough to be recognized by the Secretary of the Interior, when he assigns the work to be undertaken next year, is a matter of conjecture. There is no danger of a shortage of water, or of a project of medium proportions, and which can be constructed for moderate amounts. Neither in Oregon nor Washington have any but medium sites been found, and nowhere in the West is more promise of success. The natural advantages are all that could be desired. In Idaho, the case is different. Irrigation is very costly there, for the most part, but owing to the great demand for water, some projects are being undertaken. The great St. Mary's canal project in Northern Montana cannot hope for early recognition, both because of the enormous cost, and the doubt in the minds of department officials as to the ultimate success of that plan. The first works are to be those whose success is assured. Moreover, they will be those which will reclaim a maximum area at a minimum cost.

To Be Guided by Geological Surveys.

In making his selections, the Secretary will be guided by reports of the Geological Survey, to be submitted this winter, based on examination made in the field during the summer. The work of examination will continue from year to year, and will serve as the continual guide, in the selection of sites for Government work. The Pacific Northwest would be recognized among the first, not only because it has contributed more than its share to the general fund, but because there is a great demand for Government aid, and because there are numbers of recognized feasible sites for what promise to be successful projects. The action of the delegations from these states will have much to do in determining whether or not they are recognized. They certainly have the advantage of natural requirements. It is up to the delegations to see to it that these inducements are given just consideration.

Oregon's Returns Third Largest.

It is a matter of note that Oregon has the third largest returns of any state in the Union, and that it has made more than those two years it turned into the treasury \$1,003,024, derived from sales, fees and commissions. During the past year the several local land offices received \$48,194 in salaries and expenses, and the sum in the same neighborhood was utilized the preceding year, which amounts must be taken from the gross returns, together with the \$1,003,024, to give the net return. However, as additional money was raised from the disposal of Indian lands, in the way of fines for infringement of the land laws, and for clerical work done in the land offices, the net returns to the credit of the state stand at about \$900,000 for the two years.

The only states which precede Oregon are North Dakota, whose gross returns amount to \$1,231,531, and Oklahoma, with \$1,064,452 for the two years. Washington is the fourth state, with \$881,500, and Idaho seventh, with \$575,590. The approximate net returns for the two years. The gross receipts are the only present basis of computing the relative interest of the several states in the irrigation fund. It is therefore of interest to note that aside from the states named, Montana has a gross fund for two years of \$865,022, Colorado \$725,085, California, \$574,280, Wyoming \$443,728, South Dakota \$377,718, Nebraska \$302,680, Utah, \$163,300, Arizona, \$27,187, Kansas \$2,000.

HA A SAMPLE BOTTLE OF SWAMP-ROOT DID

To prove what the Great Kidney Remedy, Swamp-Root, will do for YOU, Every Reader of The Oregonian May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.



W. F. Lohnes, a prominent business man of Springfield, Ohio, writes the following strong endorsement of the great kidney remedy, Swamp-Root, to the editor of the Springfield, Ohio, Republic:

"Having heard that you could procure a sample bottle of Swamp-Root free by mail, I wrote to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle, and it was promptly sent. I was so pleased after trying the sample bottle that I sent to the drug store and procured a supply. I have used Swamp-Root regularly for some time, and consider it unsurpassed as a remedy for torpid liver, loss of appetite, and general derangement of the digestive functions. I think my trouble was due to too close confinement in my business. I can recommend it highly for all liver and kidney complaints. I am not in the habit of endorsing any medicine, but in this case I cannot speak too much in praise of what Swamp-Root has done for me."

(W. F. LOHNES.)
434 WEST HIGH ST.
SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, Feb. 21, 1901.

The mild and extraordinary effect of the world-famous kidney and bladder remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

EDITORIAL NOTE—If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the wonderful discovery, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince any one.

It is noted that states like Nevada and Kansas, which are vitally interested in irrigation, have but little with which to start. It may be that works exceeding these amounts will be expended in those states, on the presumption that the deficit will be made up in the future. In fact, all expenditures are made from the general fund, and any state may have expended within its bounds an amount far exceeding its present returns. At the end of 10 years, however, there will be an even-thing up, and each state will at that time have benefits in accordance with its net contributions.

IN GREAT PUBLIC FAVOR

(Continued from First Page.)

He will take a trip to Europe before returning, early next year, and will spread more intelligence in the Old World. Mr. Fleischner made the acquaintance of the editor of the Outlook, a weekly periodical in New York City. The editor wrote:

Mr. L. N. Fleischner, of Portland, Ore., admits that New York has many admirable features, and that its harbor is a fine sheet of water in a miniature way, but he does not expand his chest and assume an oratorical pose until he is prepared to dwell upon the prospects of Portland and the gigantic future of the country that boasts of Puget Sound for a waterway. He has facts and figures at his finger's end, too, for Portland is to have a Lewis and Clark Centennial in 1905, and 400 acres of land have been secured for the purpose. An American who knows the history of their country are aware, Lewis and Clark tramped through the Oregon country on a surveying tour for the Federal Government in 1805. Captain Clark found some Indians encamped where now stands the City of Portland. It has a population now of 115,000. Swift as the growth of Oregon, Washington and the other states, the growth of the Oregon country has been, only 16 per cent of Oregon territory is devoted to farming, and much the same may be said of Washington. The amount of acre room to be found in the Puget Sound country was illustrated by Mr. Tracy, of outlaw notoriety, not long ago. Had he reached the virgin forests of which Oregon boasts, with good reason, the proposed Centennial might have been postponed. Everybody has heard of Oregon pine, therefore nobody will be surprised to hear that the Oregon country produces 2,500,000,000 feet of lumber per year.

The States of Oregon, Washington and California contain a third of the country's standing timber. The proposed Exposition will be representative of American, European and Oriental life and industry. The Oregon country has a foreign commerce of \$40,000,000 annually, and in the years between 1902 and 1902 shipped breadstuffs valued at \$120,000,000. In singing the praises of Oregon and the surrounding country, Mr. Fleischner is assisted by Mr. Tracy, the proprietor of the Portland Hotel. I walked into it one Sunday morning and ate breakfast at which an eclectic might grumble. Then I played poker for cigars by turning the crank of a small machine, such as is to be found in all well-appointed hotels on the South, and beat the game because the man who had turned the crank ahead of me had lost nine consecutive times. I remember the Portland Hotel as being without a superior in the country, and because the "barber" charged me 50 cents for a pint bottle of beer. He said the apple crop had been small and that he needed the money. At 250 cents a bushel Puget Sound and the country thereabouts will desire to do so again. The climate is magnificent, and the scenery gets a grip upon one that is hard to shake off and that is never forgotten.

Health is a magnet which irresistibly draws the man to the woman in life's mating time. Health does more than tint the skin with beauty; it puts music into the voice and buoyancy into the step, as well as happiness into the heart. A great many women covet beauty and are constantly seeking aids to beautify them. Let a woman first seek perfect health and all other charms shall be added to her.

There can be no general health for women while there is disease of the delicate womanly organism. The first step to perfect health is to cure womanly diseases by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

Free. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send at once one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

For the convenience of suburban residents letter boxes are to be attached to certain of the Sheffield, England, municipal tramway cars at night.

The Copeland. now And Believe Them

The Splendid Record of Drs. Copeland and Montgomery for Years in this Community Gives Confidence and Faith to the People as They Read the Wonderful Results of Their Treatment.

For 10 years Drs. Copeland and Montgomery have conducted in this city the largest practice ever known in the history of the Northwest. The people know them. Their fame has grown in the strong light of intimacy and permanency. Medical pretenders and bogus healers of every variety have come and gone, passed in the night, unable to endure the daytime acquaintance. But with time and intimacy the fame of Drs. Copeland and Montgomery has grown stronger.

The testimony supporting their practice has come from reputable citizens, neighbors, dwellers in the city and residents in this vicinity, and whose reputation and movements are well known or may be known to all who care to inquire.

Such testimony is enduring proof that Drs. Copeland and Montgomery are really curing, not merely helping, or relieving, not merely improving and benefiting alone, but curing the disease.

HEALTH AND HEARING RESTORED BY THE COPELAND TREATMENT.

Mrs. Mary C. Staley, 488 Northwick Street, Portland.

Suffered Since Childhood.

My entire system was affected and my health completely broken down.

I was never free from a dull headache, with a swimming and dizziness, which got worse when I laid down. At times it would be so bad that I felt dazed and unsteady.

Years there was a profuse discharge from the nasal passages, but gradually the membranes became dry and harsh, and I lost all sense of taste and smell.

My throat was dry, and the tonsils and glands about the neck badly swollen.

My ears were badly affected. I was driven almost wild by a constant ringing and buzzing.

In the ears, and the hearing was so much impaired that I was under a constant nervous strain to understand what was said.

My limbs were numb, with a tingling and prickling sensation and I was very nervous.

I became interested in the Copeland treatment through reading the papers. I had doctored so much that I had very little hope of getting well, but I finally decided to give the treatment a trial. It seemed to be just what I needed, for now I am having better health than in years. When I began treatment I was hardly able to drag myself round, now I work as hard as I like and think nothing of walking to the Doctor's office. I eat and sleep well and have no trouble of any kind. My hearing has been fully restored.

Words cannot express the gratitude I feel to be restored to health and I make this statement in the hope that it may help some sufferer to find relief as I did.

HOME TREATMENT

Doctor Copeland requests all who are ailing, all who feel a gradual weakening, or all who perceive that their health is being undermined by some unknown complaint, to cut out this slip, mark the questions that apply to your case, and he will diagnose your case for you.

Is your nose stopped up? Is there pain in front of head? Is there a bad taste in mouth? Have you a bad taste morning? Is your cough worse at night? Do you have a bad taste morning? Is your tongue coated? Is your appetite failing? Is there pain in the chest? If you get up suddenly are you dizzy? Do you have hot flashes? Do you have liver marks? Do your kidneys trouble you? Pain in back or under shoulder blades? Do you wake up tired? Are you losing your energy? Is your strength failing?

DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES

If catarrh has extended to the ears, mark the questions below with an X and send in for the diagnosis.

Is your hearing failing? Do your ears discharge? Are you losing your ears? Are the ears dry and scaly? Is there a throbbing in ears? Sound in ears? Is there a buzzing sound heard? Are you gradually getting deaf? Do you have a ringing in ears? Roaring like a waterfall in head? Do you have earache occasionally? Are there crackling sounds heard? Hear better some days than others? Noises in your ears keep you awake?

OUR SPECIALTIES

Deafness, Catarrh of the Head, Nose, Throat, Bronchial Tubes, Lungs and Stomach, Disease of the Liver and Kidneys, Blood and Skin Diseases.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Dr. Copeland's Book Free to All.

The Copeland Medical Institute

The Deum, Third and Washington

W. H. COPELAND, M. D.

J. H. MONTGOMERY, M. D.

OFFICE HOURS—9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

EVENINGS—Tuesdays and Fridays.

SUNDAY—From 10 A. M. to 12 M.

attended by many of the leading figures in the world of art and literature. One of the most important prizes of the Academy, that of \$200 for the most meritorious architectural conception, in a period of five years, was awarded to the French Architect, Berthelot, for designs for the University of California.

To Investigate Coal Combine.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 8.—Judge Alvord, of the Criminal Court, today instructed the grand jury to investigate the dealings of the retail coal dealers combine.

ABSORBING PROBLEM

Of the Present Day.

The absorbing problem of today is, how to expend one's income so as to attain the best results; that is, get full value for one's money.

It may truthfully be said that this has been, is, and always will be an absorbing problem to those with limited means; but the fact remains that, with the price of living necessities constantly rising, one must husband one's resources more carefully than ever before. If he would live within his income, in saying that prices are rising, we except one article which has come to occupy a prominent place in the family medicine chest, and that is the specific for piles or hemorrhoids known as Pyramid Pile Cure; this remedy is still as good as the old price of 50 cents and \$1.00; and these prices will remain unchanged. Those to whom this preparation has brought relief and a cure are ever years of suffering do not need to be told of its merits; others are advised that it is the greatest boon ever discovered to all those afflicted with any form of piles; it is in suppository form, is easily applied, reaches the seat of complaint, and gives immediate relief and a lasting cure.

The reader may have tried salves, ointments and lotions without benefit, and feeling that his money has been wasted, resolve to suffer on rather than experiment further. The reason for the failure of these treatments is that they do not reach the seat of the trouble, and hence do not remove the cause, as does Pyramid Pile Cure. A little book describing piles, their cause and cure, is published by the Pyramid Drug Company, Marshall, Mich., and any one may procure a copy by sending name and address to above firm. As showing the estimation in which this remedy is held by the public it may interest the reader to know that its sales now exceed those of all other pile remedies combined.

Western Architecture Wins Prize.

PARIS, Nov. 8.—The annual meeting of the Academie des Beaux Arts was

Daughters of Revolution Will Commemorate Treaty With Indians.

Daughters of the American Revolution in the State of Nebraska will erect a monument to Lewis and Clark. It will commemorate the treaty of the explorers with the Indians. By this treaty the lands of the Indians were ceded to the United States. The memorial will be located on the spot where the conference was held, near old Fort Calhoun. The unveiling will be in 1904, the 100th anniversary of the event. Only members of the Sons and Daughters of the American Revolution will contribute to the fund. The monument committee is composed of Mrs. John R. Webster and Mrs. A. Allen, of Omaha; Mrs. A. J. Sawyer and Mrs. E. B. Pound, of Lincoln; Mrs. S. C. Langworthy, of Seward; and Mrs. B. F. Steele, of Fairbury.

Bishop Thompson Is Moved.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 8.—Bishop Hugh H. Thompson, of the Episcopal Diocese of Mississippi, has arrived in this city in a hospital car from New York. He stood the trip fairly well.