HOW THE CARNIVAL MACHINE GROUND OUT THE SHEKELS

VOL. XXI.-NO. 37.

Flames Destroy Valuable Property.

ESTIMATE IS \$1,000,000

Sawmills Burned and Farms Ravaged.

MANY PEOPLE LEFT HOMELESS

Two Lives Lost in Bridal Vell Fire-People of Springwater Call for Aid-Farmers Make Heroic Fight.

Over \$1,000,000 damage has been done by the forest fires within the last two days. From nearly every part of the state reports come in of loss in property, timber and life. Vast tracts once populous and wealthy now stretch out, smoking deserts of ruin. In several districts the loss to the inhabitants has been total, and help must speedily be sent. Owing to a most fortunate cessation of the heavy wind that has prevailed, the farmers and lumbermen have a respite from labors that have imperiled life and limb. The fires, though abated, still are burning, and unless a much-wished-for rain comes within the next 24 hours there is great danger that the efforts put forth may prove, after all,

In the fire that destroyed the town of Palmer, near Bridal Vell, two boys named Hamilton were caught while trying to escape from the encircling flames, and yesterday morning the charred body of one was found where he had been overtaken. In the same fire an unknown man saved his life by wading out into the millpond and staying there all night. In Pleasant Valley Mrs. Exley, a lone woman, was compelled to fight the fire that threatened her all for two days, until her eyes were almost destroyed and strength falled her and her two little children, At Fairview Ethel Pullen, who was watching the fire from a distance of half a mile, was set on fire by a flying ember, and before her

drers could be torn off was badly injured. The timber losses in Clackames have been immense and the whole length of the Clackamas River presents nothing but vistas of ruined settlements. In Eastern Multnomah the fires are under control and no further damage is feared unless weather conditions change. In Southern Oregon excellent work has been done by confined to a comparatively limited area. Eugene and surrounding country is now practically out of danger, though the fires are still menacing. Tillamook also has been saved by a change in the direction of the wind, and the inhabitants have good hopes of saving the town, which has twice been almost abandoned before the raging flames.

The most distressing losses have been those suffered in the vicinity of Springwater and Lents. The Springwater region has been utterly swept by the fires. and those who have reached points in communication with the outside world say that immediate and generous help must be sent in order to save the lives rescued from the devouring flames. Around Portland the fires are dying down and the people in the suburbs are drawing their first easy breath since Thursday. In all parts of the Willamette and Columbia River Valleys the smoke continues very dense, and it is feared that the full extent of the losses will not be known until the districts now cut off are heard from.

TWO LIVES LOST AT BRIDAL VEIL. Hamilton Boys Perish in the Fierce Forest Fire.

J. S. Bradley, manager of the Bridal Vell Lumbering Company, whose saw-mill at Palmer was burned last Friday, arrived in Portland yesterday. From the account he gives of the fire it is apparent that the published stories have but meagerly represented the terrible experienof those who were surrounded by fire while defending the mill from the flames. It is now certain that the two Hamilton boys were burned to death, but no other lives were lost at that place. The body of one of the boys has been found.

The fire caught in the refuse logs and brush last Thosday morning from a spark from an O. R. & N. locomotive. The fought by a gang of men as usual. Such fires have caught several times before but were always put under control with-out great difficulty. On Thursday all the men in the employ of the company were called from other employment to fight the fire, and they responded most loyally. Late Thursday night the fire was clo mill, and though a stream of water was kept playing upon it from the com-pany's four-inch main, it seemed that the water had no effect whatever. Shortly after midnight a heavy gale was blowing and it soon became apparent that the nill and the town of Palmer were doomed. The men and their families then prepared to leave the place, for their own sufety, but found they were entirely surrounded Consternation ensued, and all fied without stopping to take any of their belongings except the clothes they were, Many escaped toward Troutdale, while others ran the gauntlet of firmes down the road to Bridal Vell. The heat was intense, and in the dry state of the atmosphere the flames leaped across the road, where it seemed there was scarcely

anything to burn. Mr. Hamilton, accompanied by several women and his two boys, started through the flames carrying his babe under his coat to protect it from the fire. He called to the women to bring the boys and follow him closely. Once in the fire, there was no stopping or turning, but he rushed safety. Then it was discovered that the boys had turned back at the place where the father entered the fire. It was imble to return through the wide ex-

The town of Palmer is two miles above

from Bridal Vell for Palmer. While they were yet nearly a mile from town they found that the flety wall before them made further advance impossible. When they finally turned back they found that the fire had closed in behind them, and it was only by rushing through the fire that they saved their lives.

The fire seemed to spring up all around them, and almost as soon as a spark dell a blaze would lean unward, soon sending

Mr. Bradley did not learn, saved his life only by staying in the mill pond all night. A woman, Mrs. Wood, also spent the

edge.

Jeff Eberhart, the engineer, showed great heroism in saving the company's logging engines. The engines were used in bringing out logs from the camps, and when all had been done that could be done at the mill, Eberhart ran his en-gine across a burning trestle to get it to a place of safety. He then ran back across the trestle and took out the other engine, leaving both upon firm land. His face and hands were bilstered with the heat, but the engines were saved from rulu.

The Bridal Vell Mill gave employment to about 180 men, and had a capacity of 100,000 feet of lumber per day. The planing mill is uninjured, and Mr. Bradley feels confident that the timber owned by the company back in the hills has not been burned. While he cannot say what his company will do, there is every reason to believe under the circumstances that they will rebuild. It is possible, however, that they will build nearer their timber supply than the town of Palmer was.

ESCAPED FROM BRIDAL VEIL. Charles Simmons and Henry Wyland

Arrived at Elliott's Yesterday. Charles Simmons and Henry Wyland came through yesterday to A. B. Billiott's store in Fowell Valley from Bridal Vell, with their wives. Mr. Wyland said that he escaped from his house with his coat he escaped from his house with his coar-only, while his wife got away with only her wrapper. They were at the Palmer sawmill that went up in smoke. There was no time to get hold of anything, and they fied for their lives, leaving every-thing behind. Mr. Simmons was one of the men reported missing. Mr. and Mrs Wyland, who were thought to have per-ished, also arrived. They reported that the devastation of property was swift and

They said that it was the tightest place another such experience.

Homes, Food, Clothing or Money. OREGON CITY, Sept. - 13.—(Special.)— Destitute, utterly without food, clothing and money, and with no place to lay their heads, the people of Springwater and vi-cinity who have lost everything they had n the world have sent forth an appeal for

ald in their dire distress. J. F. Lovelace, a merchant of Soringvater, reached this city this aftern brought the first reliable news from the ourned district. Contrary to the reports of yesterday, his store was saved, but nearly every farmer living in the territory covered by the postoffices of Springwater and Dodge has been entirely burned out, and the loss is appalling. In the village of Springwater the store of W. J. Lewellen is saved, as are the Maccabee and Grange Halls and the schoolhouse. These buildngs were saved only because of the fact that they were considerably distant from the dead timber, and that men constantly

fought for their safety.

must have it.

All of Thursday night and yesterday morning the fire raged fiercely, following down the Clackamas River and Clear Creek, crossing the Springwater ridge and stopping at the upper edge of Viola, which e and Logan were saved from a sim llar fate by the wind dying down. Mr. Lovelace says that the fires are now checked and there is no danger unless the east wind rises again. The residents the devastated locality are taking heart and doing all in their power to help themselves, but their condition is such that

immediate aid is necessary.

Mrs. E. Bertilsen, who, with her husband, occupied the farm of Frank Busch, is reported burned to death, and has no been seen since the fire swept the Busch ranch. Frank Millard is missing, and it

In the Bagie Creek country the damage was also great, and the bunkhouse, cook-house, tents and toolhouses of the Oregon Water Power & Rallway Company were consumed, but the new power station was saved. Every fence and building which could be reached by the fire fell before

the blastleg flames.

Great difficulty was experienced by the settlers in flecing from the fires. George

(Concluded on Second Page.)

had gone with some other party of refu-gees. Mr. Hamilton went on with his child. Just as Mr. Bradley was leaving Bridal Vell yesterday he learned that the body of one of the boys had been found, and there is no doubt that the other also

re Sundan

The town of Falmer is two miles above Bridal Veil, and consists of the mill, a schoolhouse, a boarding-house and about 15 dwellings. The residence of L C. Palmer, president of the company, is the principal house in the town, all the others being small buildings. The planing mills and yards of the company are located at Bridal Veil and were not destroyed. The

logging camps are at various places back in the hills, and about 10 miles distant. About 1 o'clock Friday morning Mr. Bradley and about a dozen others started from Bridal Vell for Palmer. While they

a blaze would leap upward, soon sending out sparks to other fires. One resident of Portland, whose name

A woman, Airs. Wood, also spent the last half of Friday night in the pond. The men was a painter, who was employed at Bridal Veil. He was not in the employ of the company, but volunteered to help fight the fire. He was the last to leave, and when he endeavored to find his way out was unable to do so. He swam out into the middle of the pond and got between two logs, where he supported himself until the heat subsided enough so that he could find a way out. The woman wards out into the water until it was un waded out into the water until it was up to her neck, and then suffered intensely from the heat from the shore. The brush and refuse wood burned to the water's

SPRINGWATER APPEALS FOR AID.

Inhabitants Are Utterly Withou

"The people of Springwater must have assistance, and that soon," said Mr. Love-"They have absolutely nothing. As long as the contents of my store and Mr. Lewellen's store last the stricken inhabitants may come and help themselves, but out stocks are not large and will soon be exhausted. They have no money, to clothing, no place for their stock, no feed, and the Winter is fast approaching. Our peo-ple make an appeal for early help, and

Mr. Lovelace complains bitterly of the carelessness of the berry-pickers, who started fires in the mountains and then left them to spread and deal destruction and death. It was only a month ago that Springwater was threatened by timber fires, and the flames of the last few days have come from the former fires, which were only smoldering and were brought to life by a wind from the east so herce that it blew a tubful of water from Mr. Lovelace's roof and blew coals of fire and bark

for half a mile.

The wind was terrific. First the flames struck Dodge, and while the people of Springwater were lending their aid in fight-ing the fire at that place they heard that the fire was approaching Springwater. In mad haste they started for home, four miles distant, but the fire was shead of

s feared that he has lost his life in the



ROOSEVELT MEN WIN

New York Republicans Will Indorse Him for 1904.

LEADER'S HOLD A CONFERENCE

Senator Platt Says There Was Some Opposition to the Resolution, but the Final Decision Was Practically Unanimous.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.-There was conference of prominent New York State Republicans today and at its close Senator Platt give out as the chief result of

the meeting this statement: "It was decided to indorse Mr. Roosevelt and his Administration, and, as far as it is in our power, to indorse him for

1904." Senator Platt said no other subject was discussed at the meeting. He admitted there had been some objection to the resolution proposing the indorsement, but the opposition was in the minority, and the final decision was practically unani-

"The indersement of President Roose velt," said George W. Dunn, chairman of the Republican state committee, "was gone over extensively. It was the unanimous opinion that it was not only wise to indorse the Administration of Roosevelt,

but to indorse him for 1904." Colonel Dunn said the composition of the state ticket did not come before the conference. Nobody would tell what, if anything, had been decided about the platform. Mr. Platt and Colonel Dunn said the question of an anti-trust plank was not discussed in any way, and they could not say that the platform would be discussed at a meeting to be held prior to the convention, but that the pintform it-

self would be framed in convention. There were present at the meeting 25 or 30 men of prominence in the party, including Senator T. C. Platt, Colonel Dunn. Lou Payne, Lemuel E. Quieg, Edward Lauterbach, State Senator Timothy E. Elisworth, Lieutenant-Governor Woodruff, William Barnes, Jr., chairman of the executive committee of the state committee; S. Fred Nixon, Speaker of the House; J. Stont Fauset, Joseph W. Dalight, ex-United States Senator Frank Hickok, Sereno E. Payne, member of Congress; J. M. Wadsworth, James S. Clarkson and Robert S. Morris, chairman of the county

BRYAN SPEAKS FOR TOM JOHNSON. Attacks the Trusts and Tariff in General and Hanna in Particular.

TOLEDO. C., Sept 13,-William J. Bryan this afternoon addressed an audience of 4000 people in the tent in which Tom Johnson is making his campaign meeches, Mr. Bryan will make but one dditional speech in Ohio during the campaign. Rev. Herbert S. Bigelow, candi-date for Secretary of State, and Mayor Johnson preceded Mr. Bryan. Mr. Johnson spoke of Mr. Bryan as "the distinquished orator and peerless Democratic Mr. Bryan was received with ender." comultuous applause. Speaking of Tom Johnson, he said: "How fortunate it is for this state to Mitchell said he did not know.

have a man like Mr. Johnson-who is so strong, so courage an and who has the ability to carry on this battle against the organized wealth, and who can challenge them on every platform, as he has to-night? If we had such men as he in every state, within five years plutocracy would be driven into the Atlantic Ocean. No one will dispute what he says. He gives you the figures. There is no reason why everybody should not understand." He believed, he said, that the cities was sorry Mr. Hanna had advocated per petual franchises, for he thought Mr. Han-na had sins enough to account for. "Yet it is possible," said Mr. Bryan, "that the people, unable to see his former sins, will be able to see this one. If they could even Roosevelt's oratory could not save nim. Hanna once said you cannot mix business and politics, and if you look after your own interests as he does his, he will

zoon be out of politics."

In discussing National politics, Mr. Mr. Bryan said that if he had been elected he would have put stripes on the million-aires who rob the people by unlawful combinations, and that the trusts could not have dictated the appointment of an Attorney-General and they could not have run the Attorney-General. "The President should be prosecuting the trusts," he said, 'instead of taking his speaking tours, There was a time when Mr. Hanna said there were no trusts, but now all admit that there are trusts. We have injunc-

tions pending against one of them." "The Republican party," he said, "was not in a position to destroy the trusts, notwithstan-ling the fact that Senator Lodge had declared that there were 25 bad trusts to five good ones. Talk about your 16 to 1-that is a 19-to-1 issue."

Discussing the tariff question, Mr. Bryan said the full dinner pail had been a very effective argument in the campaign, but it was not working out very well with the

Mayor Jones, of Toledo, also spoke.

DE YOUNG AMONG SPEAKERS. California Editor Will Attend Nev

York Republican Club Meeting. NEW YORK, Sept. II.-The subco tee of the executive committee of the State League of Republican Clubs an-nounces that at the convention to be held in Chicago in October, ex-Governor Black, General Joseph Clarkson and Cornellu Vanderbilt will be among the six dele gates-at-large, to which the State League will be entitled. The speakers will be will be entitled. The speakers will be Secretary of War Root, Schator Dolliver Senstor Beverlage and M. H. De Young of San Francisco. President Laure M Hamilton will probably be a candidate for re-election.

Nevada Republican Nominations. RENO, Nev., Sept. 13.-The Republican state convention made the following nomi-

United States Senator, Thomas P. Haw ley, of Ormsby; member of Congress, E. S. Farrington, of Elko; Governor, A. C. Cleveland, of White Pine; Licutenant-Governor, F. J. Burton, of Humboldt; Judge of the Supreme Court, P. M. Bow-ler, of Esmeraldo; Attorncy-General, Sum Piatt, of Ormsby: Surveyor-General, W. C. Gayheart, of Lander; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Orves Ring, of Washne; State Printer, W. W. Booth, of Nye; Secretary of State, W. G. Douglass, of Storey; State Treasurer, Simon Bray, of Lander; Controller, M. C. McMillan, of Storey; long-term Regent, E. R. Dodge; short-term Regent, H. H. Springmeyer, of

No Proposition to End Strike. WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 13.-Tire and worn out after his flying trip to Philadelphia and Harrisburg, President Mitchell returned to Wilkesbarre today. He said the interview with Governor Stone was a pleasant one. The strike situation was discussed in all its phases, but the Governor had no proposition to make for a settlement of the strike. Asked whether he believed the Governor would call an extra session of the Legislature, Mr.

SNUBFORJ.W.GATES

London Hotel Bars American Millionaire Out.

GUESTS OBJECT TO PROFANITY

And It Is Also Said That He Expectorated Recklessly-Manager of Claridge's Is Plain-Spoken Concerning His Action.

LONDON, Sept. 12 .- (Special.)-John W. Gates, the American millionaire, has been barred out of the ultra-fashionable Claridge's Hotel, in Brook street. Upon his arrival in London the other week, he was informed by the manager of the hotel that he could not have a suite of rooms, and he was compelled to go elsewhere. He took apartments at the Carlton, in

The manager of Claridge's is very plataspoken in his explanation as to why the door of the hotel was shut in the face of the American millionaire. From his state ment of the matter, it appears that Mr. Gates' habits were strongly objected to by the guests at Claridge's, two years

"We were compelled to tell him," said the manager, "that profane language and reckless expectoration were intolerable in a hotel patronized by well-bred people, even if a man can afford to lose a fortune every day in stocks or at cards."

The manager further explained that Mr. Gates' conduct was objected to by Americans. He added that "All of Gates' fortune could not secure him a night's lodg-

ing at the hotel." Claridge's is one of the most exclusive hotels in Europe. Its register is frequently adorned with royal names, and its prices are prohibitive. Charles Yerkes, of Chicago, is one of its regular, guests.

TRAINS COME TOGETHER. Runnway Freight Crashes Into Pas senger-Three Fatalities.

DENVER, Sept. 13.-Santa Fe passenger rain No. 608, known as the newspaper rain, which left Denver this morning at 2:56, bound for Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Chicago and St. Louis, collided with a freight train at Struby, a small town sey eral miles south of Littleton, and three members of the passenger train crew were killed and another perhaps fatally infured. Some of the passengers were badly shaken up and bruised, but none was killed or seriously injured.

The freight, when ascending a steep grade at Struby to let the passenger train pass, parted in the middle and 15 or 15 cavily loaded cars started back toward the approaching passenger train, which was drawn by two engines. The engineer tried to back out of the way of the run-away cars, but did not succeed. The crash when the two trains met was heard for miles. Both passenger engines were thrown into the ditch and freight cars were plied up on them.

Fireman Killed in Collision. SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Sept. 13 .- A 'Frisco passenger train bound for St. Louis and an extra freight train coilided at 3 o'clock this morning near Republic. Fireman

Rose, of the freight, was killed. The in Rose, of the freight, was killed. The injured: Engineer Stevenson, of the passenger, badly scalded; J. A. Taylor, passenger, cut about head; Mrs. J. E. Broder, hijured about the head and face; Mrs. Speed, head injured.

The conductor of the passenger train is said to have misrcad his orders.

VOLCANO AGAIN ACTIVE. Souffriere's New Crater Is Throwing Out Black Smoke.

KINGSTOWN, St. Vincent, Sept. 11.— An official at Chateau Belaire reports that Souffriere's new crater, which has been quiet hitherto, is today throwing out black smoke. The old crater, which in the correspondent's opinion did all the work since May 7, and which erupted September 3, is still issuing white steam in deuse clouds, which can be seen from Kingstown over the protection. Kingstown over the northern mountains. The craters and the Wallibon and Richmond districts could be seen yesterday. The volcanic matter which fell at Richmond and Wallibon was finer than that which fell at Chateau Belaire, although the places are very year each other. the places are very near each other.

There has been a further subsidence in Wallibon in four different places, and the local opinion is that these substances on the coast line may account for the sand-like substances ejected September 3.

ISLAND SHOULD BE EVACUATED.

So Say French Scientists After Examination of Mount Pelee Region.
PARIS, Sept. 12.—The French scientific expedition which was sent to Martinique has drawn up a second report, in which speaking of the eruption of August 30, the Commissioners say that the disquieting eruption of that day renders continuous

study of the phenomenon necessary.

"There is no longer any doubt," the Commissioners say, "that the evacuation of the entire Mont Pelee region, which we did not consider indispensable a month ago, should now be carried out. Theil the volcarie disturbances have Until the volcanic disturbances have ceased, the southern limits of the mountain ought to be most actively watched, especially if it is demonstrated that the last eruption was due to a new crater in the lateral fissure." The report concludes by dwelling on the

BLOCKADE NOT EFFECTIVE

langer of tidal waves inundating Fort de

Commander Rodgers Reports Conditions in Venezuela. WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.-The Navy Department today made public a mail report from Commander Rodgers, of the gunboat Marietta, dated La Guayra, August 24, who says that the blockade of the coast of Venezuela by the Venezuelan Government is not as a whole

effective. He adds:
"It is rumored that the so-called blockading vessels cruise about and pick up small Venezuelan vessels, many of them probably engaged in smuggling. So far as I know, no objection has been made to these irregular proceedings, but if the so-called blockaders should extend their operations to foreign vessels outside of the three-mile limit the case will be very different, as I do not understand that the declaration of the blockade gives the Venezuelan Government any war rights."

Charles Legislation May Be Discussed. CLEVELAND, Sept. 13.—Senator Hanna has gone to New York, where he will be-come the guest of President Griscom, of come the guest of Freedent Griscon, by the International Navigation Company, on the latter's private yacht. On Tuesday Senator Hanna, upon the invitation of President Roosevelt, will go to Oyster Bay to attend a conference at which Senators Allison and Platt will also be present. It legislation in with Cuba and the interoceanic canal will among the subjects discussed.

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PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Roosevelt Will Meet Several Senators.

INVITED TO OYSTER BAY

Conference Tuesday Will Take Up Rate Revision.

SESSION A SUBJECT

President and His Advisers Will Dee cide What Reference He Shall Make on His Western Tour, Soon to Be Begun.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash-Ington, Sept. 13.-Several United States Senators were today invited to a conference with the President at Oyster Bay Tuesday, and it is asserted by several persons who assume to speak for the Administration that the object of the conference is to discuss tariff revision, with a view to advising the President as to what reference he shall make to the tariff on his Western tour, soon to be begun. The men who have been invited are Senators Allison, Aldrich, Hanna, Platt (Conn.), Lodge and Speoner. Speaking for the Administration, it is said that these men represent all shades of views on the tariff question, from the ultra-protection idea to the desire for a considerable modification. Still, there is not a man in the list who favors any general tariff revision. Allison, bowing to the dictates of the lowa convention, may favor a revision, but he opposed the adoption of the plank at the state convention. All the others are opposed to

changes in the tariff. While there is no doubt that the Tuesday conference will discuss Republican policies, and it is possible there may bea discussion as to the advisability of an extra session after the 4th of March, to consider tariff questions, the President will not get any advice from the mea named to call such an extra session. When the President called a number of leading Republicans in conference at the White House before Congress adjourned to consider tariff revision, he selected about the same class of men. The only man among the number who had talked any tariff changes was Babcock, and he

has now gone over to the other side. Among the strongest men of the country favoring tariff changes are Nelson and Tawney, of Minnesota, but the tariff revisionists will be in a hopeless minority in the short session, and probably in the 58th Congress. Most of the Republican leaders accept Senator Hanna's advice to let well enough alone. Even Tawney, who is now a pronounced advocate of tariff revision, opposed Cuban reciprocity on the ground that the tariff schedules ought not to be disturbed, although he voted for taking up the Bab-

cock bill in committee.

Those favoring tariff revision fear that as long as the President takes advice from Senators and members who are known to be in close touch with what is called the "business interests" of the country, he is not likely to advocate tariff. changes. These business interests are everywhere making an effort to prevent any agitation that would cause a disturbance of the present tariff, and they are bringing all kinds of pressure to bear upon Congressional leaders to prevent anything being done. This view is voiced in most of the interviews published by such Senators and Representatives.

TRUSTS LOSE GOOD ALLY IN RAY. His Successor on House Committee Will Be Somewhat of an Anti.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 15.-In taking Representative Ray out of the House of Representatives, President Roosevelt has done a good thing for the judiciary committee of the House. Ray became chairman of that committee on the seniority plan, which is not always the best plan. Jenkins, of Wisconsin, will probably succeed Ray, and he will be a great improvement. He is not only a better lawyer, but he does not regard the sacredness of corporations with the same veneration as do New York lawyers, and with which Ray was afflicted. It is believed that with Jenkins at the head of the committee there is a better opportunity for practical anti-trust legislation than if Ray had continued in the position.

FIRES INTEREST GOVERNMENT. If They Reach Reserves, a Good Pa-

trol Force Will Be Authorized. OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 13.—The Interior Department today made several attempts to reach its representatives in Oregon and Washington, to ascertain whether the forest fires now raging are on public land. As yet no replies have been received. If it turns out that any of the fires are upon Government land, special agents will be authorized at once to employ men to stamp out those fires, but in no event can the Government extend aid beyond the lim-

its of the public domain. Postmasters Appointed.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 13.-New postmasters have been appointed as follows: Oregon-Chemawa, Robert G. Hender-

son, vice Lora M. Henderson, resigned. Washington-Mayview, James Cooksey, vice Hiram Dickson, resigned; Prescott, Howard J. Fender, vice Mrs. Hattie M. Brian, resigned.

A postoffice has been established at Takilma, Josephine County, Or., with George F. Morgan as postmaster.