



TRUSTS IN CHECK

Publicity a Discourager of Evil.

NEED OF SOME SUPERVISION

Additional Laws Should Be Enacted.

PRESIDENT'S PROVIDENCE TALK

The Administration, He Says, Can Be Relied Upon to Enforce the Laws Without Regard to Persons.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 23.—President Roosevelt closed his second day's journey through New England tonight at Newport, where he is the guest of Winthrop Chanler. Upon the conclusion of his speech at the City Hall, Providence, he was driven to the dock, where he boarded a private yacht for the residence of Senator Aldrich, at Warwick, Newport was reached at 4 1/2. He was at once taken to the Chanler residence. While here he will attend the christening of the Chanler baby.

The christening will occur tomorrow afternoon at the Chanler villa, the only persons invited to be present being the President, Secretary Cortelyou, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, aunt of the baby's father, and Senator and Mrs. Lodge. The boy will be named Theodore Ward Chanler, the President acting as godfather and Mrs. Lodge as godmother. Another foster-father will be Lewis Chanler, a brother of Winthrop Chanler, who is now abroad, and who will be represented by a proxy.

Since starting from New Haven, his progress through Connecticut and Rhode Island has been marked by greetings the warmth of which could hardly be exceeded. The weather has been all that could be desired, and the President has frequently expressed his appreciation of the successful carrying out of the elaborate preparations for his reception and the outpouring of the multitudes, all anxious to share in extending him a hearty welcome.

He rose early this morning in Hartford and started at the station some minutes before a o'clock, the hour of departure. The handsome special on which he is traveling is maintaining its schedule, and so far there has been no hitch on this account. The President's democratic ways are consequently referred to, and in his speeches he seems to reach the people at once.

Remarks at Willimantic. At Willimantic, where he spoke from his carriage in the public square, his remarks were referred to by several as a heart-to-heart talk. His remarks were as follows: "Mr. Mayor, and you, my fellow-citizens—I welcome the opportunity of meeting you and your representatives. I think it an advantage to all of us who are trying to put our purposes and wishes into effect in the National Legislature and Administration when we come into touch with you personally. I have taken the chance to try, now that Congress is not in session, now that there is a holiday at the National capital, of going through the country to see you, my fellow-citizens. I am obliged to you for coming out here.

"Last night in Hartford I spoke of two or three of the questions which we have now before our people. I shall not try to make any address to you today. This Nation has great problems to face, problems in its external policy, problems even more important in the administration of its internal affairs. We can solve them only if, with serious purpose, we set ourselves to the task alike in the National and state governments, and in the local municipality and county organizations. We have great problems ahead of us as a Nation. They will task our intelligence, but they will task still more what ranks ahead of intelligence—character. (Applause.) It is a good thing for a nation to demand in its representatives intellect, but it is a better thing to demand in them that sum of qualities which we talk of as character. (Prolonged applause.)

"All of you know that in private life, if you are dealing with a man in a business way, whether as employer or employed, or in connection with a storekeeper, or any one, you want him to be a smart man, but it is a mighty bad thing if he is only smart. (Laughter.) 'Isn't that so?' (Cries of 'Yes, yes, that's right!')

"Exactly. Now, what you want in a

private man with whom you deal is what you want in your public representatives. If you are going to get good results with your association with a man in the business world, in the working world, it will be because that man has got the right stuff in him, because he has got common sense, honesty, decency and courage, and you have got to have the same qualities shown in public life if we are to make this country what we will make it—an example to all the nations of mankind." (Loud applause.)

Perhaps the most enthusiastic reception accorded to him by the smaller places where stops were made was at River Point, R. I., in the Pawtucket Valley. Pastime Park, which adjoins the railroad track, was thronged with people, among them hundreds of Grand Army men, who formed a semi-circle in front of the platform. The President quickly captured his audience, who applauded his tribute to the veterans of the Civil War for their unwavering valor and devotion to duty, and his reference to the people of Rhode Island, concerning the utilization of their resources, met much distinct favor.

Speech at Providence. The demonstration at Providence was the climax to an eventful day. The multitude which gathered around the platform in front of the City Hall gave vent

BOLT ON FALKNER

Twenty-five Delegates Walk Out at Olympia.

TALK OF INDEPENDENT ACTION

Railway Commission Resolution Is Tabled by an Overwhelming Majority—Cuban Reciprocity Is Emphatically Indorsed.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Aug. 23.—(Special.)—The indorsement of A. J. Falkner for Congress without a dissenting vote, a walk-out by 25 delegates and the tabling by

credentials' report was had, all of the anti-Falkner men from the Sixth Ward, excepting Allen Weir, arose and, headed by J. R. Chaplin, left the convention. They were followed by County Commissioner Thomas Linnay, at the head of 13 delegates from Bucoda precinct, and four from Tenino, amid cheers and cat-calls. The names of 15 delegates to the state convention were reported by a committee, and the report recommended that they be pledged to the candidacy of A. J. Falkner for Congress. The report was adopted with great enthusiasm, and Mr. Falkner responded to many calls for a speech. A notable feature of his remarks was the request that if the delegation was hampered by any "entangling instructions," he desired to be considered as having withdrawn from the fight.

Resolutions. The committee on resolutions reported as follows: "We remember the Administration of the lamented McKinley as the greatest in the history of the Republican party save

DONE BY THURSTON COUNTY REPUBLICANS.

A. J. Falkner, of Olympia, is indorsed for Congress. Cuban reciprocity is held to be as certain as fate. Action of Roosevelt in dealing with trusts is indorsed. Railway Commission resolution is tabled. State board to assess corporate property lying in more than one county is demanded.

one, and turning to the immediate present, we declare: "That the flag is in the Philippines to stay; that reciprocity with Cuba is as sure as fate; that in meeting the trust

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FASTEST IN NAVY

Trial Trip of the New Battleship Maine.

SPEEDIEST OF HER CLASS

In Her Run Around Cape Cod She Makes 18.9 Knots—Beats the Illinois' Record—Figures Are Not Official.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—The new first-class battleship Maine raced around the Cape on her trial course to prove her right to fly the United States ensign. Her contract calls for a speed of 18 knots an hour

COMES OUT VICTOR IN HIS FIGHT WITH GOVERNOR LA FOLLETTE.



SENATOR JOHN C. SPOONER, OF WISCONSIN.

for four continuous hours of steaming, and though on one six-mile leg she dropped to 17.2 on her fastest she reached 18.9, and this was followed by other speeds equally agreeable. Thus at the end, her mean speed developed, without the ideal allowances, was given out as 18.2. This is not official, as the Navy has not completed its figuring and will not for some time, but this is the statement made by one of the crews. "There was a feeling that she was expected to go over this mark, but, as it is, she stands today as the fastest battleship in the American Navy, for the Illinois, which up to this time has held the record, did only 17.84 on her fastest leg. When the Maine was coming over at one time she is understood to have been pushed to 18.95, but it is explained that this is the first time a trial trip of this sort has been given under service conditions with unpecked coal and with an ordinary crew of stokers.

MANEUVERS DENOUNCED.

Universal Peace Union Wants All Military Drills Abolished. MYSTIC, Conn., Aug. 23.—At the business meeting of the Universal Peace Union today, a resolution was adopted denouncing the Army and Navy maneuvers as "increasing the military spirit and fostering dependence on carnal weapons." The resolutions favor the abolition of military drills and boys' brigades in the schools and the adoption of such substitutes as fire drills, life-saving practice and the formation of relief companies. Another resolution denounced the increasing number of lynchings and favored the prevention of strikes by the removal of the discord, "by the adoption of a just system for the production and distribu-

tion of wealth, under which every man shall be guaranteed the full product of his toil." Woman suffrage was advocated.

In the afternoon Thomas C. Whipple, of Center Groton, Conn., offered an explanation of his remarks of Thursday in regard to the United States Army being "a disgrace to humanity." Mr. Whipple said he wished to be understood as meaning that an army, as an institution, was a disgrace to any nation. All the officers of the union were re-elected.

FOUNDRY MERGER.

Steel Trust Trying to Effect Another Combination.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 23.—The Sentinel tomorrow will say: "The United States Steel Corporation is trying to effect a combination of all the malleable iron foundries of the country. It has made overtures and has begun negotiating with the Northwestern Malleable Iron Company, of Milwaukee, the largest institution of its kind in the United States. Whether or not this concern will enter the merger is not known. President Frederick W. Sliver, of the Wyoming Company, said tonight: "Our concern has been approached by Eastern capitalists, who have for more

SPOONER WINS

La Follette Gives Up His Fight on Senator.

NOW SURE OF RE-ELECTION

Republican Victory in Wisconsin Is Assured.

TERMS OF THE COMPROMISE

Agreement Will Be Ratified by the State Committee, and the Bitter Factional Fight Declared at an End.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Aug. 23.—As the result of an agreement between Governor La Follette and the friends of Senator Spooner, the factional fight in Wisconsin is to end, assuring Senator Spooner's return to the Senate. La Follette has been forced to surrender, in face of Spooner's overwhelming following. Under the agreement La Follette will not oppose Spooner, and the latter's friends will support the state platform and Governor. When this agreement is ratified by the state committee two weeks hence, the controversy, which for a time promised the election of a Democratic Senator, will cease. The compromise was brought about by influential Republicans, who made La Follette see that his course was leading to a Republican defeat, responsibility for which would fall on his shoulders.

What the President Meant.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 23.—The friends of Cecil A. Lyon, chairman of the Republican state committee of Texas, are considerably exercised over the recent announcement by the President that he wished to warn the Republicans of the South that if they wanted anything from him they would have to get out and secure votes instead of getting delegates to Republican National conventions and looking for Federal offices. Judging from a dispatch received aboard the train today, the friends of Mr. Lyon seem to think that he was made the special object of the President's ultimatum, and was held responsible for the political quarrel in Texas, but this was found to be incorrect, the President saying that his remarks applied to all.

MINERS NOT SATISFIED.

Coroner's Verdict on the Killing of Sharp at Tamqua.

TAMAQUA, Pa., Aug. 23.—The Coroner's jury selected for the purpose of placing the responsibility for the killing of Patrick Sharp, Monday night, today returned the following verdict: "That Patrick Sharp came to his death by the malicious act of either Harry McElmoy or William Romyens, and in view of the evidence adduced we advise that both be held for trial." The verdict is unsatisfactory to the miners, who declare that McElmoy did the shooting.

Mitchell Says There Is No Change.

WILKESBARRE, Aug. 23.—President Mitchell arrived here from Chicago this afternoon. He said he was not going to New York to hold a conference with any of the presidents of the coal-carrying railroads. So far as he knew the situation was unchanged. "The miners," he said, "are just as firm now as the first day they went on strike."

Plumbers' Convention Adjourns.

OMAHA, Aug. 23.—The convention of the United Association of Plumbers and Gasfitters adjourned today, to meet at Birmingham, Ala., in 1903. William Merrick, of Beverly, Mass., was elected president, and among the vice-presidents are Robert M. Simpson, of Seattle Wash., and J. J. McTigue, of Los Angeles.

Still Fighting at Agua Dulce.

PANAMA, Aug. 23.—Information has been obtained here from revolutionary sources that up to August 17 the government General Morales Berti, who has been fighting the insurgents at Agua Dulce, had not surrendered. Fighting in the Agua Dulce district continues daily, but there have been no big engagements since the battle of July 20.

LEADING EVENTS OF THE WEEK AS THEY IMPRESSED THE OREGONIAN CARTOONIST.

