BUTTE IS TOO FAST

Portland Shut Out by Mary MacLanes 2 to 0.

FOUR HITS ONLY OFF ROACH

Werner, the New Local Pitcher, Makes Good-But the Visitors Hit Harder and Field Better-50 They Win.

NORTHWEST LEAGUE. Yesterday's Games. Butte, 2; Portland, 0. ttle, 6; Spokane, 5. Tacoma, 3; Helena, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

Changing the batting order will not always win baseball games. It did for Butte on Thursday, but when Manager Vigneux tried it yesterday for the locals result was far from satisfactory. Inability to hit lost the game for Portland, and caused the team to be shut out by a score of 2 to 0.

The contest was a battle between two well-supported pitchers. Roach in the box for Butte pitched championship ball, holding the visitors down to four hits, and received errorless support. During the entire game, not a Webfoot got his toes on the third bag, and very few of them were able to land at second,

Charles Werner, the new Portland pitcher, handled matters from the slab for the home team. This was the new man's first appearance with the team and he made a decided hit. From the time he began his preliminary practice before the game was called, he showed himself to he a favorite and when he stepped into the box he was loudly applauded. Again when he came to the bat for the first time in the second inning he was cheered and applauded until the grandstand While he did not win his game, he tried hard, and showed himself to be a strong pitcher. His delivery was speedy and his curves mysterious at Being his first game he naturally appeared a little nervous and inclined to be wild for the first two innings. He was effective, and kept the hits well scattered except in the third, when a single and three-bagger brought in an earned run. His support was not as good as his opponent's, and an error by Harris was responsible for the other

Kane, s. s.... McIntyre, 3b

The Miners won, and they deserved to do so. The exhibition put up by the teams opened the eyes of the 2500 spectators, and kept them keyed up to the highest tension of expectancy. Nothing was done by either team in the first two innings. Butte scored one in This had little effect on the crowd, which felt satisfied that Portland would soon overcome the lead,

Two more innings passed along, and still Portland was not heard from. Then in the sixth Butte brought in another run. Even that falled entirely to damp-en the arder of the fans and hope for Portland was far from gone. Muller opened at the top of the list in the sixth, but no runs followed him. Vigneux are in addition to a list published two years ago, when the first awards were anstarted the seventh, but still no runs, although in each of these innings Port-land got a hit. Pitcher Werner was slated to begin the eighth and he and the two men after him failed to reach With Weed up first in the ninth and Anderson and Vigneux following it looked as if the locals might get those "two to tle and three to win," but those three men could do nothing. Then McCloskey and his Mary MacLanes trotted off the field well satisfied with their three victories, which gave them the

Pitcher Werner showed in the first inning that he had a baseball head on his shoulders. It all happened after he had given Ward, the first man up, a base on balls. Marshall made a short bunt to Werner, who got onto it nicely and wanted to make a double or at least get Ward at second. He turned to throw to the bag, but there was no one to receive the ball. Before he could recover from the surprise at not finding anyone to throw to, both men were safe. Under the circumstances, almost any pitcher would have thrown the ball on the mere supposition that it would be taken care of instead of being allowed to go out center field. Not so with Werner, He looked before he leaped and threw the blame on someone else. Deisel was over by third base for some reason, and Anderson falled to cover the bag. Just why these players were missing is hard to understand. The mistake came near counting for a run; but Harris gathered in a liner from McIntyre and caught

Ward at the plate. In the same inning Muller lead off for Portland with a clean hit to center. Van Buren hit to Roach and Muller was caught at second. Then Weed did the same for Van Buren. Four balls put Anderson on the bags with Weed; but Vigneux put a fly in Ward's hands.

Butte got a man on third in the second inning, when McHale hit to center field for three bases. A pass put Roach on the bases, but neither scored. Butte's n came in the next inning after two n had been put out. McIntyre sent the hall to Harris too hot to be fielded, and Houtz followed by putting the ball against the right-field fence out of Zeigler's It bounced back nearly nd before it could be fielded and by that time Houtz was on third

and McIntyre had scored.

In the sixth McHale rapped the ball to Harris, who ought to have fielded it, although it was rather speedy, and then a two-sacker by Ward brought him in. The score:

George Engle will be in the box for Portland today, while Gay will probably do the work for Butte.

PORTLAND. AB. R. H. PO. A. E.

THE LATE JOHN W. H. MILLAR



POPULAR PASTOR OF LA GRANDE M. E. CHURCH,

John W. H. Millar, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, of La Granda Or., was born in Canada, in 1868. He was the only son of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Millar, of East Portland, Or. Mr. Millar had made the most of the educational advantages which presented themselves to him, baving graduated from the Academy of the Pacific University in 1800, from the Portland University in 1894, and from the Boston School of Theology in 1899, after which, in company with a class

of students, he traveled in Europe.

As a genial friend, a faithful pastor, an able minister of the Gospel, he was much esteemed by all who knew him. His sudden taking away from the field of activity will be mourned by his large number of friends, both in church and social

..38 2 8 27 11 0

SCORE BY INNINGS.

SUMMARY.

Earned runs-Butte, 1. Bases on balls-Off Werner, 1; off Reach, 2

ROLL OF HONOR.

General Miles Announces List of

Army Men Who Get Medals.

WASHINGTON, July 26 .- A general or-

der has been issued by General Miles,

commanding the Army, announcing the

award of medals of honor and certificates of merit to officers and enlisted men for

specially meritorious service. The awards

cover a period beginning with the Civil War and extending to last Winter, and

names of General Horace Porter and Col-

onel Albert L. Mills, Superintendent of the

Military Academy, both of whom are given medals for acts of bravery, the for-

The medal of honor list, in part, is as

William E. Berkbeimer, Major, Artillery Corps, U. S. A. William C. Bryan, Hospital Steward, U.

Bernard A. Byrne, Major, Thirteenth

Robert G. Carter, First Lieutenant, U.

Robert Temple Emmett, First Lieuten-

ent, Ninth Cavalry, Frederick Funston, Brigadier-General,

James Keipphart, private, Company C, First Battalion, Thirteenth Infantry. John A. Logan, Major, Thirty-third Infantry, U. S. V. (deceased). William H. Sage, Captain, Twenty-third Infantry, U. S. A.

George E. Stewart, First Lieutenant, Fifteenth Infantry, U. S. A.

Miles' New Chief of Staff.

WASHINGTON, July 26.-Lieutenant

General Miles-has selected Colonel John

B. Babcock, senior Colonel of the Adjutant-General's Department, as his Chief

of Staff, to succeed General Thomas Ward, retired. Colonel Babcock has been

detached from his present station as Ad-

jutant-General of the Department of Cal-ifornia at San Francisco, and directed to

report for duty at Army headquarters in

Wireless Telegraphy in Navy, NEW YORK, July 26.-Preliminary work

for the introduction of wireless telegraphy

as soon as the instruments are put in place. The first trial will be from the sta-tion now being set up at Atlantic High-

lands, which will be one of the connec

Government's Powder Burned.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—During a se-vere electrical storm which swept down

the Potomac River Thursday, lightning struck one of the small powder-houses at the Indian Head proving grounds, and

burned up \$3,000 pounds of smokeless pow-

der. Rear-Admiral O'Neill, chief of the Naval Ordnance Bureau, states that, he

has not received an official report on the

but private advices are

effect that no persons were injured by the

accident, the damage being confined to a few broken and burnt windows in a near-

Whistler's Convalescence

THE HAGUE, July 26-James McNeill Whistler, the American painter, has re-

covered sufficiently to be removed from his hotel to a private house for convales-

tions which go to make up the system of wireless telegraphy slong the coast.

at the New York Navy-Yard has bee completed and messages will be received

George W. Wallace, First Lieutenant,

S. A.

Infantry.

U. S. A.

In the present list are the

RETREAT OF CASTRO

DOWNFALL OF VENEZUELAN GOV-ERNMENT IMMINENT.

Turns Back From the Insurgent Stronghold Without Firing a Shot -May Attack Valencia.

WILLEMSTAD, Island of Curaeno, July 26.-President Castro, of Venezuela, has Reach, 2
Struck out—By Werner, 1: by Roach, 2
Two-base hits—Zearfons, Ward.
Three-base hits—McHale, Houtz.
Left on bases—Butte, 9; Portland, 4
Sacrifice hits—Marshall, Kane, McIntyre,
Stolen base—McIntyre,
Time of game—I hour and 30 minutes,
Umpire—Cunningham,
Attendages returned to Caracas from Barcelona, owing to the impossibility for him, with his army of 3000 men, to attack the revolutionists waiting for him entrenched at Aragua, capital of the State of Guzman Bianco. He left without firing a single shot, notwithstanding his statement that he would fight one against ten. The employes of the Chicago City Railway the capital is developing into a farce. The noral effect of his retreat is disastrous to the government, and gives an idea of the strangest of revolutions which latterly has spread toward the center of Venezuels. The revolutionists are at an hour. They were receiving 21 cents Chaguramas, on their way to Orliuco, 60 and had asked for 28 cents. The men are miles from Caracas.

> President Castro's new plan is to attack the revolutionists near Valencia, where they are assembling from all di-rections, General Rivera, with 1800 men, being on the way there from Coro; General Solagnie, with 7000 men, is marching to San Felipe: General Mendoza, with 1900 men, is bound there from Barquisianeto, and General Matos, leader of the revolution, accompanied by General Mon-

agas and a large force of revolutionists, is also headed for that vicinity. The government of President Castro cannot hold out much longer. Funds are needed and forced loans are being resorted to. Trains on the Caracas Rail-road are being held up daily by the revo-

WASHINGTON, July 26 .- The Navy Department has received the following ca-blegram from Commander McLean, of the Cincinnati, the senior American naval officer in Venezuelan waters, dated La Guay-

"The President of Venezuela arrived today with flag on Restourador. It was en-luted by all the foreign men-of-war, and by battery ashore. He has proceeded to Caracas, Venezuela, with troops by rall. He intends to march on revolutionary force from Aragua. Trains have been in-terrupted this morning by revolutionists. They were driven away by Venezuelan soldiers. The Venezuelan Government holds Valencia."

WAR IN HAYTI. Acting President Prociaims Killick

a Pirate. WASHINGTON, July 26.—Tumultuous conditions continue in Hayti, according to advices received today at the State Department from Minister Powell, who is in Port au Prince. He cables that war has been declared throughout the country, and that General Firmin, an aspirant for the Presidency, is marching on Port au Prince. The present government has dis-solved. The acting President has sent a communication to the diplomatic corps declaring that Admiral Killick is a pirate and asking that the naval vessels of foreign countries capture him wherever found. The precedents show that the na-val powers have decided to pay no atten-tion to any such proclamation, but to regard men in Killick's position as simply

PORT AU PRINCE, July M.-The provisional government has declared Firmin to be an outlaw. The Firminist army is reported to be one day's march from Port au Prince, the capital of the repub-lic. Several prominent army officers who are in sympathy with Firmin have re-signed. The Haytian gunboat Crete-a-Pierrot has arrived at this port. Great excitement prevails here.

Jamaicans Talk of Annexation, KINGSTON, Jamaica, July M.-All the planters of the larger West Indies are talking of annexation to the United States, owing to their dissatisfaction over the small amount of money coutributed by the imperial government to help the sugar industry. The newspapers rejected the idea, but the annexation feeling is growing among the planters.

Potter Palmer's Will.

CHICAGO, July 26.-Mrs. Bertha Honore Palmer and Adrian C. Honore, execulate Potter Palmer, have filed a petition before Judge Cutting asking for a partial distribution of the personal property of the estate from the executors to the trus

the estate from the executors to the trus-tees. The property in question includes personal property in and about the Pal-mer House valued at \$22,000. The peti-tion was granted.

Preceding the filing of the petition, the executors filed an inventory of all the personal and real property left by Mr. Palmer, which places the former at \$1,500. 1853 and the real estate at \$8,000. 205 and the real estate at \$8,400,000. The personal property includes \$1,163,000 worth of stocks and bonds. The contents of the home on the Lake Shore Drive are valued at \$100,008, included in which are 129 paint-ings. The furnishings of the Palmer House are placed at \$49,554.

Street-Car Men Win. Company, which were submitted to an ar-bitration board, have been granted in the award by the board of arbitrators. The men secured increased wages to 24 cents

also awarded several modifications of working rules. Leeds Formally Elected. FORT WORTH, Tex., July 26.-At a meeting of the directors of the Chicago, meeting of the directors of the Chicago, Rock Island & Texas Railway Company

EASTERN MINISTER TO PREACH IN PORTLAND



REV. W. B. RILEY TO FILL FIRST BAPTIST PULPIT FOR FOUR

During the absence of Rev. Alexander Blackburn, D. D., pastor of the First Baptist Church of this city, his pulpit will be filled by Rev. W. B. Riley, D. D., of the First Baptist Church of Minneapolis, Minn. Dr. Riley will be here during month of August, and the church members feel that they have an able man to fill the place left vacant by their paster. He is an author of recognized ability, chief among his works being "The Greater Doctrines of the Scriptures," "The Second Coming," and "The Pads of Paith," while as a church worker the history of his church in Minneapolis during his stay of five years there speaks for itself. In the church 765 additions have been made to the membership, and in the Sunday schools the increase in attendance has been from 561 to 1592, while the number of schools has grown from two to four. The large building, with a seating capacity of 1500, is generally filled, and the church gives about \$20,000 annually for expenses and benevolences.

CLERICALS IN

PROTESTS AGAINST CLOSING OF FRENCH CATHOLIC SCHOOLS.

Situation in the Country Around Brest Becomes Serious-Execution

the Sisters led to a riot, in which two persons were arrested. A Police Commissary and 16 rioters were injured. nos to the official d

government allows certain Sisters to remain because an orphanage and a home for the aged are attached to their schools. On the other hand, the Sisters in other streets who were ordered to leave by their Mother Superior, were prevented from complying by a band of 50 enthustasts who surrounded the schoolhouses. The police are holding off from expelling them by force.

The situation in the provinces is more Telegrams containing petitions grave. for elemency and delay are pouring in on President Loubet from all quarters and a telegram from Brest says the outlook in several of the neighboring towns is serious. Opposition to the authorities is of-

RIOTS fered, but no casualties have been reported. At Lyons there was no disturb-ance. The schools there have been closed and the doors sealed.

A meeting convened for the purpose of protesting against the official decree order-ing the closing of the schools was held in Parls tonight, presided over by Jules Le Maltre, the litterateur. Addresses were made by Francois Coppee, the author, and other members of the Chamber of Depu-ties and Municipal Counselors. The break-Breat Becomes Serious—Execution of Order is Resisted.

PARIS, July 28.—The serving of official notices closing the unauthorized religious schools began this morning, and was carried out so far as Paris was concerned without any disturbance. At Mauvaux, Department of Dunord, the expulsion of the Sisters led to a riot, in which two

PEASANTRY IN ARMS.

Situation in the Country Aroun Brest Becomes Serious

An incident at Sainte-Meen, 18 miles from Brest, shows the spirit of the peas-antry. Two newspaper men of Brest rode there in an automobile to investigate the situation at the Sisters' school. Imme-diately after they had entered the community a boy sounded a bugle and crowds of peasants swarmed from the fields, armed with pitchforks and fron-bound sticks, shouting, "Long live the Staters, long live liberty." One of the reporters was dragged from the automobile and the fanatics beat him with their pitchforks and sticks. The newspaper man explained in the Breton dialect that he had only come in search of information, but the crowd refused to listen to him, and the reporter had to keep them at bay with a revolver. He succeeded in regaining the automobile, and rode off at full speed,

followed by a shower of stones. A school at Ploudaniei, in the same fortress, barricades having been erected and the inhabitants have formed a corden about the surrounding area. The lady superior said:

"You see our barricades. They must shoot us before we yield. There will be bloodshed if any one attempts to enter."

Placards have been posted in the townships urging resistance to the police. The population of Landereau, 12 miles from Brest, has formed relays to guard the school, and peasant women sit on benches opposite the gate knitting while awaiting the coming of the gendarmes. They are greatly excited and declare they prefer to be shot rather than abandon the The lady superior of the Landereau Con-

"Like true Bretons, we will yield only to force. The women and other people who are guarding the school night and day have given us a courageous example."

The population of Roscoff is guarding the schools day and night. Sentinels are watching the roads and men are sleeping on the ground in the neighborhood in order to be ready at the first alarm. Count

Albert de Mun, the Cierical lender in the Chamber of Deputies, is stumping the country, denouncing the action of the government and urging resistance.

A strange scene reminiscent of stormier and sadder days in France occurred at the Elysee Palace. A large delegation of women, including the wives of several

members of the Chamber of Deputies assembled at the palace to endeavor per-sonally to implore Mme. Loubet to appeal to her husband to stop the school prosecutions. Mme. Loubet sent out word to them by General Dubois, head of the President's military household, that it was impossible for her to receive a depu-tation upon a subject which was selely within the scope of the executive. The wife of Deputy Reille made a vio-ent protest. "Tell Mme. Loubet," she

lent protest. "Tell Mme. Loubet," she if measures are not taken to stop the treatment of the Sisters. We will address a letter to the President in which we will declare war on the oppression. The women of France have decided not to suffer in

Negroes Resent It.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26.—A mass meetwas held last night for the purpose of opposing the enforcement of the law pro-viding separate street-cars for whites and throughout the city for the exclusive accommodation of the colored people,

COUNCIL ON YACHT

King Signs Proclamation Fixing Coronation Date.

HIS CONDITION IS FAVORABLE

Closing Days of Parliament Marked by Warm Discussion of the Irish Question-Reid Sails for Home.

LONDON, July 28.-The Duke of Devonshire, president of the Council, and other members of the Privy Council, left here on a special train for Southampton this morning to attend a meeting of the Council on the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, off Cowes, Isle of Wight. This was the first meeting of the Council ever held in a similar place or under such cir-cumstances. The meeting was brief. King Edward signed proclamations fixing the coronation for August 9, and making a bank holiday of the same date. The Privy Councilors, who had luncheon with the King, spent two hours on board the

royal yacht.

The weather at Cowes today was favorable. King Edward passed an excel-lent night and experienced no ill effects from yesterday's cruise around the island. The closing days of the session of Par-liament are witnessing heated dis-cussion of the ever-recutring irish questions. This week was especially notable for the fierceness of the secusations and recriminations bandled across the narrow forum of the House of Commons. The resentment of the Irish members was stirred to an unusual degree by the discovery of alleged secret documents of the land trust, organized by the landlords for the avowed purpose of resisting threatening combinations of tenants and suppressing the boycotting and intimidation instigated by the United Irish League or otherwise.

The Irish leaders point out that Lord Clonbrook and Lord Barrymore, of Barry-more (better known as Arthur Hugh Smith-Barry), chairman of the National Union and Conservative Association, are among the prime moyers of the trust, strend the same work as Prive Counsigned the same week, as Privy Counciliors, a prociamation from Bublin Castle enforcing the coercion act over half of, Ireland. All the trustees of the trust, the Duke of Abercorn, Lord Waterford, Lord Ashtown, Lord Chubrook, Lord Burrymore, and two others, are privy councillors. The trust has a long list of subscribers, and ample funds for tighting the tenants and the league which is behind them.

them.
"We shall not be surprised, sale John Redmond, chairman of the United Irish League, to a representative of the Associated Press, "If O'Brien, Dillon, Davitt, myself and other leaders are arrested at Mr. Wyndhom's instance within a fortinisht. In fact, we are raisher expecting to be arrested on charges of unlawful assembling and intimidation. They have already brought injunctions and damage already brought injunctions and damage suits against us individually."

Asked whether any remedy had been

evolved for the conditions complained of, Mr. Redmond replied:

"Agitation, Constant and increased agitation, until we secure sufficient strength to defeat the purposes of the government concerning Ireland."

Irish Nationalists intended to PARIS: July 16.—A serious situation is prevailing in the Catholic country around Brest on account of the closing of unauthorized schools. The countryside has the Irish members often elded with the Irish members often elded with the taken up arms, and is determined to resist any attempt to the forcible execution of the orders of the Premier.

opposition, but on the final action they will not abandon Catholic principles and consequently will not vote for the separaconsequently will not vote for the separa-tion of religious to secure instruction. The vote against the education bill will be small in proportion to the tremendous agitation of the Nonconformists against the measure. Many prominent Noncon-formists declare they will carry out their avowed purpose of refusing to pay school taxes under a law which does not allow proportionate representation payers on the school board.

The latest of the numerous sins charged to Americans by Londoners is responsibility for the high prices of food. The increases in the cost of meats and other necessaries of subsistence reached figures this week nover paralleled in London. The representatives of the Chicago meat packers deny that the abnormal prices of meats are chargeable to the American shippers. Both they and the retailers are complaining that there is no money in the business. All concerned say they would be glad enough to suspend business until more normal conditons are restored.

The representative of one of the big Chicago concerns, when questioned by a representative of the Associated Press and asked as to why prices of ment were at this time a year ago, said:

"It is due to various causes, but not in the least degree to combinations or other schemes of Americans. Australia's freezing plants have been shut down on account of the drouth; her cattle have suffered and Australian shipments have failen off three-quarters. The embargo placed by the government on Argentine cattle on account of diseases has increased the scarcity of meat. The prican meat was the shortness of the 1901 corn supply, which prevented sufficient feeding to furnish fattening cattle, when the American farmer was selling corn at high prices instead of feeding it to cattle, thereby decreasing the supply of corn-fed animals.

"As for Americans controlling prices at Smithfield Market, uobody controls them. We have to sell in daily competition, not knowing the qualities our competitors are offering, and we are obliged to take largely what the buyers give. Eight hundred and fifty thousand head of American cat-tle were shipped to England in 150, while England herself supplied 2,500,000 head, so it is impossible for America to be in a position to control prices."

The whole session of the Colonial con-ference was devoted to the discussion of imperial defense. An interesting pro-posal was submitted by Richard J. Sed-don, Premier of New Zealand, looking to the establishment in each colony of military reserve selected from the local forces of the colony. The matter was thoroughly canvassed, but no action was taken. The War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick, it is understood, submitted certain plans of his own, which will be separately con-sidered by the various delegates, who will thereafter acquaint imperial authorities with the military resources and require-ments of the respective colonies.

The members of the War Office are said be disappointed at the lack of enthuslasm shown for the scheme of imperial defense

John Lockle, who was a Conservative viding separate street-cars for whites and blacks. The meeting determined to organize a stock company to run vehicles the idea of the South Africa trade commission, is endeavoring to org llar commission to visit the United States

Railroads Make Unprecedented Concessions for the Entire Northwest District.

CHEAP RATES TO THE ELKS' FAIR

PORTLAND, Or., July 25, 1902.-Mr. W. J. Riley, Chairman Transportation Committee B. P. O. E., City. Dear Sir: Referring to your favor of even date regarding rates, etc., for the Portland Carnival, September 1 to 13, inclusive:

The rate will be one and one-third fare plus your admission rate, admission coupon to be included in the railroad tickets. Tickets will be sold on three days each week; selling dates to be designated by your committee. We think, however, that one date should be fixed to bring excursionists into Portland Monday morning, September 1, as many will desire to view the opening parade. Tickets will bear limit of seven days. The Southern Pacific Company will sell from Ashland and north; Northern Pacific from Yakima, Sumas and west, including branches; O. R. & N. from Walla Walla and west, but not south of Pendleton.

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS

Each line will run one cheap excursion upon a day to be agreed upon with the carnival committee; or, if unable to handle the entire territory on one day, the territory may be divided up, but not more than one cheap excursion will be run from the same point.

The Southern Pacific Company will make a one-fare rate for these excursions, with a maximum The Northern Pacific will make rate of \$3.50 from Tacoma and \$4.00 from Seattle as maximum from

these points; from intermediates, rates will be one fare for the round trip, but not to exceed rates from the further points mentioned; from Pasco, Spokane and Moscow, rate will be \$9.00; from Lewiston and the Clearwater country and Coeur d'Alene, \$10.00. The Washington & Columbia River Railroad will not participate.

The O. R. & N. from all points, Spokane, Moscow, Huntington and intermediates, one fare rate for the round trip, with a maximum of \$9, except that from points east of Tekoa and Riparia, rate will be \$10.

Limitation on all special cheap excursion tickets to be seven days.

We should be advised at an early date of your admission rate and the dates considered most desirable as selling dates.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPAN OREGON RAILROAD & MAVIGATION COMPANY,